

EUROBAROMETER

## Report

# Poverty and Social Exclusion 

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## Poverty and Social Exclusion

Conducted by TNS Opinion \& Social at the request of Directorate General Employment

## Survey co-ordinated by Directorate General Communication

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## I NTRODUCTI ON

Solidarity is one of the guiding principles of the European Union, meaning that all citizens should be able to share in the benefits of prosperous times, while also sharing the burden in times of difficulty. Yet nearly 80 million Europeans live below the poverty line, and many face serious obstacles in accessing employment, education, housing, social and financial services.

Ten years after Heads of State and Governments committed to a major drive against poverty in the EU, 2010 will mark the European Year for Combating Poverty and Social Exclusion. Its goals cover four broad objectives and guiding principles:

- a recognition of the right of those living in poverty and suffering social exclusion to live in dignity, and play an active part in society;
- a shared responsibility for and participation in the fight against poverty, with an emphasis on both collective and individual action;
- the promotion of cohesion, highlighting the advantages of the eradication of poverty, and greater social inclusion, for all members of society;
- political commitment at all levels of governance and concrete action to eradicate poverty and social exclusion, as well as a commitment to these goals within societies.

A previous Eurobarometer survey in $2007^{1}$ highlighted that the majority of Europeans believed poverty was a widespread problem that affects the majority of people in the continent to some degree.

Since then, Europe has experienced a period of economic upheaval as a result of the global financial crisis. The impact of this on the European economy is still being felt right across Europe, and has put additional pressure on Europeans and their governments as they work to restore national economies.

With this backdrop a new survey was commissioned to see where opinion about poverty and social exclusion stood in Europe in autumn 2009.

[^0]The survey was commissioned by the European Commission's Directorate General (DG) for Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities, and was coordinated by the Directorate-General for Communication. It was carried out by TNS Opinion \& Social network between 28 August and 17 September 2009. The methodology used is that of Eurobarometer surveys as carried out by the Directorate General for Communication ("Research and Political Analysis" Unit)". A technical note on the manner in which interviews were conducted by the Institutes within the TNS Opinion \& Social network is appended as an annex to this report. This note indicates the interview methods and the confidence intervals ${ }^{3}$.

The report is structured as follows:

- The perceived extent of poverty and social exclusion in Europe;
- The perceived risk of poverty and social exclusion;
- The implications of poverty and social exclusion;
- Reasons for poverty and social exclusion;
- The economic situation of Europeans.
- Attitudes and opinions regarding poverty and social exclusion;
- Combating poverty and social exclusion;
- Access to social services.

The findings of this survey have been analysed firstly at EU level and then country by country. Where the data exists, results have also been compared to the previous survey conducted in 2007. A variety of socio-demographic variables - such as respondents' gender, age, education and occupation - have been used to provide additional analysis. The following key variables have also been used in the analysis for deeper insight into perceptions of and attitudes towards poverty and social exclusion:

- Respondents' placement on the "poor to rich" scale
- Respondent households' ability to make ends meet
- Respondent households' ability to keep up with bills and credit commitments
- Respondents' perception of the extent of poverty
- Respondents' views about government spending on poverty

[^1]
## Corrigendum to report published on J anuary 21, 2010

On page 12, the statement in the last paragraph that "less than a fourth"in Denmark (31\%), Cyprus (34\%) and Sweden (37\%) think that povery is widespread is incorrect. This should be "less than half".

On page 17, the last part of the sentence in the first paragraph has been amended from " $14 \%$ believe that one person out of twenty is poor" to " $22 \%$ believe that one person out of twenty or less is poor"

The Euro barometer web site can be consulted at the following address:
http://ec.europa.eu/public_opinion/index_en.htm

We would like to take the opportunity to thank all the respondents across the continent who have given their time to take part in this survey. Without their active participation, this study would not have been possible.

In this report, the countries are represented by their official abbreviations. The abbreviations used in this report correspond to:

| ABBREVIATI ONS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| EU27 | European Union - 27 Member States |
| EU15 | BE, IT, FR, DE, LU, NL, DK, UK, IE, PT, ES, EL, AT, SE, FI |
| NMS12 | BG, CZ, EE, CY, LT, LV, MT, HU, PL, RO, SL, SK |
| DK/NA | Don't know / No answer |
| BE | Belgium |
| BG | Bulgaria |
| CZ | Czech Republic |
| DK | Denmark |
| DE | Germany |
| EE | Estonia |
| EL | Greece |
| ES | Spain |
| FR | France |
| IE | Ireland |
| IT | Italy |
| CY | Republic of Cyprus* |
| CY (tcc) | Area not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus |
| LT | Lithuania |
| LV | Latvia |
| LU | Luxembourg |
| HU | Hungary |
| MT | Malta |
| NL | The Netherlands |
| AT | Austria |
| PL | Poland |
| PT | Portugal |
| RO | Romania |
| SI | Slovenia |
| SK | Slovakia |
| FI | Finland |
| SE | Sweden |
| UK | The United Kingdom |

*Cyprus as a whole is one of the 27 European Union Member States. However, the "acquis communautaire" is suspended in the part of the country that is not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus. For practical reasons, only the interviews conducted in the part of the country controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus are recorded in the category "CY" and included in the EU27 average. The interviews conducted in the part of the country not controlled by the government of the Republic of Cyprus are recorded in the category " $\mathrm{CY}(\mathrm{tcc})$ " [tcc: Turkish Cypriot Community].

## 1. PERCEI VED EXTENT OF POVERTY AND SOCI AL EXCLUSION

### 1.1 Europeans' preferred definition of poverty

Nearly 80 million people in the EU (16\% of the total population) live below the poverty line. According to the survey, its citizens have different ways of understanding poverty. For around a quarter ( $24 \%$ ), people are poor when their resources are so limited that they cannot participate fully in the society they live in. A further $22 \%$ see poverty as not being able to afford the basic goods one needs to live, while $21 \%$ view it as having to depend on charity or public subsidies. A sizeable minority (18\%) believes that people are poor when they have less than the poverty threshold per month to live on ${ }^{4}$.

QA3 There are different ways of defining when people are poor in (OUR COUNTRY). Which of the following statements would best corresponds to your definition of being poor? People are poor when...- \% EU


[^2]More of the Swedes (43\%), Fins (42\%) and Dutch (41\%), believe that people are poor when their resources are so limited that they cannot participate fully in the society they live in than those in any other country.


The countries where the fewest number respondents define poverty in this way are Austria and Portugal (each 13\%).

Looking at Europe-wide socio-demographic groups, those who stayed in full-time education until age 20 or older most often felt the same ( $30 \%$ ), but the survey mostly shows that one's economic situation does not influence the extent to which people identify with this definition of poverty.

Europeans' understanding of poverty differs greatly; around four in ten respondents from the UK ( $40 \%$ ), Belgium and Ireland (each $38 \%$ ) spontaneously defined poverty as not being able to afford the basic goods people need to live, whereas those in Slovakia and the Czech Republic didn't mention this at all. In various other countries (France and Finland, to name two) very few responded in the same way.


Those in the Czech Republic (35\%), followed by respondents in Sweden, Germany (each 33\%) and Austria (31\%) were most likely to think that people are poor when they depend on charity or public subsidies.


Conversely, less than one respondent in ten in Cyprus (5\%), Romania (7\%) and Ireland (9\%) chose "having to depend on public charities" as the best definition of poverty.

Finally, the survey shows that the weaker respondents' financial position (i.e. they have difficulties making ends meet and keeping up with bills and credit commitments; they classify their household as 'poor'), the more likely they are to think this is what poverty is. This is not the case for the unemployed ( $20 \% \mathrm{vs}$. EU average of $21 \%$ ).

### 1.2 The perceived extent of poverty in the EU

Nearly three quarters of Europeans (73\%) feel that poverty in their country is widespread, while a quarter think the opposite and two percent don't know ${ }^{5}$.

QA4. And would you say that poverty in (OUR COUNTRY) is ...?


Widespread


DK

EU27

Again the extent to which poverty is seen as widespread differs greatly from country to country. In Hungary, Bulgaria and Romania, at least $90 \%$ of citizens perceive it to be widespread, whereas in Denmark (31\%), Cyprus (34\%) and Sweden (37\%) less than a half thinks so.

[^3]
$\square$ Widespread $\square$ Not widespread

Gender, education and respondents' employment situation all make a difference with regards to how widespread poverty is thought to be. Women more often than men believe poverty is widespread; in terms of age the largest difference is noted between young respondents and those aged 40 to 54 , while those who stayed in full-time education the longest less often consider it so than those who left school earlier. The most striking differences, however, are recorded between people with different working situations: $82 \%$ of unemployed respondents believe poverty is widespread in their country (compared to $69 \%$ of managers and $64 \%$ of students).

QA4 And would you say that poverty in (OUR COUNTRY) is
...?


This strong split is even more apparent when looking at respondents' actual financial situation:

- Ability to pay bills on time: nine out of ten respondents who experience difficulties paying their bills on time believe poverty is widespread in their country, compared to $68 \%$ of those without such difficulties
- Ability to make ends meet: $88 \%$ of those who have difficulty making ends meet believed it was widespread, compared to the $62 \%$ who find it easy
- "Poor to rich scale": 84\% of respondents living in a 'poor' household say there is a lot of poverty in their country compared to $63 \%$ of those living in a 'rich' household


### 1.3 Developments over the last three years

More than four fifths of Europeans (84\%) think that poverty has increased in their country in the last three years and $82 \%$ believe it has increased worldwide, while $72 \%$ believe it has increased in the European Union as a whole and 53\% said that poverty has increased in the area where they live ${ }^{6}$.


### 1.3.1: Perceived developments of poverty in respondents' country

A majority of respondents in every single EU Member State is of the view that poverty has increased in their country. Nearly all Hungarians and Latvians thought so (97\%) with just under two thirds of them expressing the view that poverty has 'strongly increased' in the last three years ( $64 \%$ and $62 \%$, respectively). The only other country where over half of respondents take this most outspoken position is Greece (54\% 'strongly increased') but there are several other countries where over nine out of ten feel that poverty has strongly or somewhat increased, including France (93\%) and Slovakia and Spain (each 91\%).

[^4]QA7.2. Generally speaking, would you say that poverty levels have greatly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or greatly decreased in the last three years in ..
(OUR COUNTRY)


Public opinion about developments at national level shows little variation by gender, age, education and occupation. The young and in particular students stand out somewhat in that they least often believe poverty has increased (76\%) in their country. Differences in financial situations also don't seem to impact opinion strongly even if financially vulnerable respondents are even more convinced that poverty increased than those who are better off.

### 1.4 The proportion of Europeans thought to be poor

The way Europeans estimate the proportion of poor people in their country is fairly evenly distributed ${ }^{7}$ : $21 \%$ believe that one person in three is poor; $27 \%$ believe that one person in five is poor; $23 \%$ believe that one person in ten is poor; and $22 \%$ believe that one person out of twenty or less is poor.

QA5. In your opinion, in (OUR COUNTRY), what proportion of the total population is poor?


1 person out of 3 or more (around $30 \%$ or more)
1 person out of 5 (around $20 \%$ )
1 person out of 10 (around 10\%)
1 person out of 20 (around $5 \%$ )
Less than 5\%
DK

[^5]Nationally, estimates are less evenly distributed. Over half of respondents in Hungary, Bulgaria (each 54\%) and Romania (52\%), countries where - as noted earlier - poverty is most believed to be widespread, said that they thought one person in three was poor in their country. These are also the countries - as noted earlier - where poverty is most perceived to be widespread. Meanwhile those in Latvia (44\%), Greece (39\%), Portugal (36\%), Lithuania (33\%) and Poland (31\%) are most likely to feel the same way.

In Slovenia, an equal proportion of people feel that one person in three and one person in five is poor (each 29\%) and there are eight Member States where the latter estimate is the most popular: France (34\%), Slovakia (32\%), Germany, Belgium (each $31 \%$ ), Estonia (30\%), Italy (29\%), the UK (26\%) and Ireland (25\%).

There are five countries where the most frequently given estimate is that one person in ten is poor: Finland (34\%), Luxembourg (33\%), the Netherlands (32\%) and Spain ( $24 \%$ ). In Cyprus, respondents are as likely to feel this way as they are to state that they think that less than five percent of the population is poor (each $22 \%$ ).

Finally, those in Denmark, Sweden and Cyprus were most likely to think that one person out of twenty is poor ( $31 \%, 29 \%$ and $24 \%$, respectively). It should be noted that Denmark is the only country where more than half of respondents believe that one person out of twenty or less is poor in their country (59\%). In Sweden, the corresponding figure is $49 \%$ and in Cyprus it is $41 \%$.

QA5. In your opinion, in (OUR COUNTRY), what proportion of the total population is poor?


Estimations of what proportion of the population in their country is poor are more evenly distributed through socio-demographic groups, even if the unemployed far more often estimate that at least one person out of five is poor ( $61 \%$ vs. EU average of $48 \%$ ). Those who are financially vulnerable agree: $67 \%$ of respondents who have difficulty keeping up with bills and credit commitment or have difficulty paying bills on time and $65 \%$ of respondents who live in a 'poor' household thought the same.

Around a third of Europeans believe that some people in their area live in poverty $(34 \%)$ and a small proportion ( $12 \%$ ) estimate that a lot of people in their area do,
while a roughly equal proportion (49\% broadly positive versus $46 \%$ broadly negative) say that in their area few people (33\%) or no people at all (16\%) live in poverty ${ }^{8}$.


EU27

The country by country breakdown makes for interesting if familiar reading. In Hungary (50\%), Bulgaria and Latvia (both 42\%) respondents were most likely to believe that many people live in poverty in their area. In Portugal (48\%), Lithuania (46\%), Italy (41\%), Romania, Greece, Poland (each 40\%) and France (37\%) people mostly thought that some people lived in poverty. In three countries public opinion is divided more or less equally between thinking that some people or a few people live in poverty: Slovakia (41\% vs. 39\%), Spain (both 37\%) and Austria (37\% vs. 39\%). In the remaining 13 Member States, the majority view is that there are a few people in their area who live in poverty, with at least half of those from the Czech Republic (53\%) and the Netherlands (50\%) holding that opinion. While it is not a majority opinion anywhere, a significant proportion of respondents from Denmark (36\%),

[^6]Luxembourg (35\%), the Netherlands (31\%), Sweden (30\%), Malta (28\%) and Cyprus ( $25 \%$ ) believe nobody in their area lives in poverty.


There are only a few notable socio-demographic variations: older people responded more than average that they believed there were no poor people in their area (21\%) while conversely unemployed respondents more frequently believed the opposite ( $23 \%$ ). Close to a third of respondents who have difficulty paying bills on time (32\%) or who have difficulty keeping up with bills and credit commitment (31\%) and a quarter of respondents who live in a 'poor' household say that a lot of people live in poverty in their area.

### 1.5 Perceptions of homelessness in the EU

### 1.5.1: Availability of decent housing at reasonable prices

In many countries, poverty is believed to be linked to the high cost of housing: 67\% of Europeans consider decent housing in their area to be too expensive ${ }^{9}$, while just over a quarter believe it is easy to find decent housing at a reasonable price in their area (27\%) .

QA28. Would you say that finding decent housing at reasonable price in the area where you live is ...?


The opinion that it is difficult to find decent housing at a reasonable price is particularly common in the Czech Republic and Cyprus (each 89\%), as well as in Luxembourg, Malta (each 86\%) and Slovakia (84\%).

[^7]

Public opinion about the cost of housing is fairly consistent for all socio-demographic groups, although young people and particularly students less often believe that it is difficult to find affordable housing in their area.

## QA28 Would you say that finding decent housing at reasonable price in the area where you live is ...?

|  |  | Easy | Difficult | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 27\% | 67\% | 6\% |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
|  | Male | 28\% | 67\% | 5\% |
|  | Female | 26\% | 67\% | 7\% |
| Age |  |  |  |  |
| coty | 15-24 | 30\% | 62\% | 8\% |
| 1 | 25-39 | 28\% | 69\% | 3\% |
| 1 | 40-54 | 25\% | 71\% | 4\% |
|  | $55+$ | 28\% | 65\% | 7\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15- | 27\% | 67\% | 6\% |
|  | 16-19 | 27\% | 68\% | 5\% |
|  | 20+ | 29\% | 67\% | 4\% |
| - | Still studying | 31\% | 60\% | 9\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |
| 县 | Self- employed | 27\% | 70\% | 3\% |
|  | Managers | 29\% | 66\% | 5\% |
|  | Other white collars | 25\% | 71\% | 4\% |
|  | Ouvriers | 27\% | 69\% | 4\% |
|  | House persons | 25\% | 71\% | 4\% |
|  | Unemployed | 26\% | 69\% | 5\% |
|  | Retired | 28\% | 64\% | 8\% |
|  | Students | 31\% | 60\% | 9\% |

The survey shows that the financially most vulnerable groups in society are more likely to have negative views: 78\% of respondents who have difficulties paying their bills on time, $77 \%$ who have difficulties making ends meet and $73 \%$ of those living in a 'poor' household believe it is difficult to find decent housing at reasonable prices in the area where they live.

### 1.5.2: Estimations of homelessness in the local area

Despite the pessimism concerning the availability of affordable housing, Europeans don't feel that there are many homeless people in the area where they live ${ }^{10}$. Overall, four out of ten believe homelessness does not exist at all in their area and only three

[^8]percent say that many people in their area are homeless. Just over a quarter (26\%) estimate that there are a few people who are homeless in their area and 19\% believe that there are some homeless people.

Even if there is no Member State where more than $10 \%$ feel that there are many homeless people in the neighbourhood, the perceived extent of homelessness does vary somewhat between countries.


Homelessness is most widely witnessed by respondents from Hungary and Lithuania, where four out of ten say there are many (each $9 \%$ ) or some (each $32 \%$ ) homeless people in their area. Close to four in ten Estonians think the same ( $10 \%$ 'many people' and $28 \%$ 'some people').

There are ten Member States where at least half of the respondents feel that homelessness is non-existent in their area. This perception is most common in Cyprus ( $80 \%$ ), followed by Luxembourg ( $71 \%$ ) and Finland ( $69 \%$ ).

People's views also differ depending on their age and economic status: nearly half of respondents aged 55 and over (49\%) believe there are no homeless people in their area, compared to just over a third of respondents aged 39 or younger ( $36 \%$ ). Fewer unemployed people agree ( $33 \%$ ), and this view is least common among those who have difficulty paying their bills on time (29\%).

### 1.5.3: Developments over the last three years

Nearly three-quarters of Europeans (73\%) think that homelessness has increased in their country in the last three years, yet only $30 \%$ believe it has increased in the area where they live ${ }^{11}$.


Many respondents don't know whether the number of homeless people has increased, particularly when it concerns their own area (17\%), indicating that public awareness could be improved.

[^9]Again opinion varies country to country and ranges from just nine percent of Cypriots to over half of those from the Czech Republic (53\%) and Slovakia (65\%).


There are also large socio-demographic differences. In particular, the survey shows that the unemployed (39\%) more often believe that homelessness had increased in the area where they live. The most financially vulnerable feel the same: $44 \%$ of those who have difficulty paying their bills on time, $39 \%$ who have difficulty making ends meet and $37 \%$ of those living in a 'poor' household believe it had increased where they live in the last three years.

In France (90\%), Hungary (89\%), Slovakia (86\%), Spain (85\%), Latvia (84\%) and Sweden ( $81 \%$ ) the vast majority felt that homelessness had increased in their country over the last three years, and in Hungary and Latvia 44\% feel that it has greatly increased. In Cyprus only a quarter thought that it had increased and it is the only country where at least half of respondents feel it has stayed the same (51\%).


The perception that homelessness has increased in EU countries is widely held by all socio-demographic groups. Furthermore, differences depending on people's financial situation are relatively small compared to others examined in this report.

## 2. THE RISK OF POVERTY AND SOCI AL EXCLUSI ON

### 2.1 Who is considered most at risk of poverty?

Over half of Europeans (56\%) believe that the unemployed are most likely to suffer poverty ${ }^{12}$, while $41 \%$ believe that the elderly are most vulnerable, and $31 \%$ see those with a low level of education, training or skills as most at risk. Other social groups considered most vulnerable are people in precarious employment situations, people with disabilities and those suffering from some form of long-term illness. Significant numbers believe other social categories, such as people suffering from addiction (26\%) or single parents ( $23 \%$ ), are at risk as well.


[^10]With the exception of Romania, the UK and the Netherlands, more than half of respondents believe that the unemployed are the most vulnerable. In fact, the UK and Romania are the only two countries where the elderly (47\% and $48 \%$, respectively) and the unemployed ( $38 \%$ and $40 \%$, respectively) are mentioned more often.


Further, the survey shows that $60 \%$ of the unemployed believe that they are most at risk of poverty, with only young people (61\%) and students (62\%) more likely to feel this way. Meanwhile age shapes public opinion about the vulnerability of the elderly; far fewer very young Europeans (aged 15-24) than 'older' Europeans (aged 55 and over) think that the elderly are most at risk of poverty ( $33 \%$ vs. $45 \%$, respectively).

### 2.2 Who feels at risk of poverty?

While poverty is perceived to be widespread and on the increase, most Europeans do not think of themselves as being at risk. According to a number of 'risk assessment checks' - such as feeling at risk of being over-indebted, feeling at risk of falling behind on payments and feeling at risk of becoming homeless - it appears that most are confident regarding their own personal situation.

### 2.2.1: The risk of becoming over-indebted

Over a quarter of Europeans (27\%) feel at risk of becoming over-indebted ${ }^{13}$. However, $70 \%$ feel not very (30\%) or not at all (40\%) at risk.

QA26b. Please tell me how much you feel you are at risk of being over-indebted.


Perceptions of risk differ greatly from country to country, with around half of all respondents from Hungary (53\%), Latvia (51\%) and Spain (49\%) feeling at risk of being over-indebted, compared to only around one in ten in Denmark (9\%), Sweden (10\%) and Slovenia (11\%).

[^11]

Perceptions also differ depending on age, education and occupation: 'older' respondents (aged 55 or over) and the retired least often feel at risk (18\% vs. an overall EU average of $27 \%$ ) while the unemployed feel most at risk ( $50 \%$ ).

## QA26b Please tell me how much you feel you are at risk of being over-indebted.

|  |  | At risk | Not at risk | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 27\% | 70\% | 3\% |
|  | Sex |  |  |  |
| $1_{1}^{0}$ | Male | 27\% | 70\% | 3\% |
|  | Female | 26\% | 71\% | 3\% |
|  | Age |  |  |  |
| 1] | 15-24 | 29\% | 65\% | 6\% |
|  | 25-39 | 34\% | 63\% | 3\% |
|  | 40-54 | 31\% | 67\% | 2\% |
|  | $55+$ | 18\% | 80\% | 2\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15- | 28\% | 69\% | 3\% |
|  | 16-19 | 30\% | 67\% | 3\% |
|  | 20+ | 22\% | 76\% | 2\% |
|  | Still studying | 22\% | 70\% | 8\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |
| 悬 | Self- employed | 27\% | 70\% | 3\% |
|  | Managers | 21\% | 78\% | 1\% |
|  | Other white collars | 26\% | 71\% | 3\% |
|  | Manual workers | 34\% | 63\% | 3\% |
|  | House persons | 32\% | 65\% | 3\% |
|  | Unemployed | 50\% | 47\% | 3\% |
|  | Retired | 18\% | 80\% | 2\% |
|  | Students | 22\% | 70\% | 8\% |

### 2.2.2: The risk of falling behind on payments

The survey shows that many of those who struggle financially feel that they could fall behind with payments, with around half of the people in this group saying that they feel at risk of falling behind on paying for food or other daily consumer items.

| At risk at all of falling behind with... | EU27 | Difficulties paying <br> bills on time | Difficulties to make <br> ends meet | Poor household |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Being able to cope with an unexpected <br> expense <br> Paying utility bills | $37 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $71 \%$ |
| Repaying consumer loans | $19 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
| Paying the rent on time | $18 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $37 \%$ |
| Paying the mortgage on time | $13 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $\mathbf{3 6 \%}$ | $28 \%$ |
| Paying for food or other daily consumer |  |  |  |  |
| items |  |  |  |  |

However, the majority do not feel at risk of falling behind when it comes to paying for food or other daily consumer items ( $85 \%$ ), utility bills ( $79 \%$ ), the rent ( $75 \%$ ) or consumer loans (71\%) ${ }^{14}$, while two-thirds say they have no problems paying their mortgage on time. However, fewer people (37\%) feel confident about being able to cope with an unexpected high expense ${ }^{15}$.

QA39 Looking at the next 12 months, would you say there is a high risk, some risk, not much of a risk or no risk at all of falling behind with ...? - EU


[^12]The survey also reveals much inequality between nations. Of the 27 EU Member States, Hungary has the highest proportion of respondents who feel at risk. Not only do $71 \%$ of Hungarians say they wouldn't be able to cope with an unexpected expense but $52 \%$ say there is a risk of falling behind with their utility bills. This is a much higher proportion than in any other country (Bulgaria and Romania follow with 35\%). Conversely, in Sweden and Denmark, less than one fifth say they wouldn't be able to cope with unexpected expense ( $14 \%$ and $19 \%$, respectively) and less than one in ten feel at risk of falling behind on any of the other payments.


### 2.2.3: The risk of becoming homeless

The perceived risk of homelessness is very low among EU citizens: only 7\% think they could ever become homeless ${ }^{16}$.

QA33. How likely is it that you could ever become homeless, yourself?

Not very likely + Not at all likely


O EU27

In some countries the perception is somewhat higher but nowhere in the EU does more than one-fifth consider it likely to happen. The risk of homelessness is considered nonexistent in Sweden and practically impossible in both the Netherlands and Finland (each 1\%), while Lithuanians and Latvians (each 17\%) are most likely to feel at risk.

[^13]

The unemployed (16\%) consider the risk of becoming homeless slightly more likely than other socio-demographic groups and the same applies to respondents who live in a poor household. The highest risk levels are reported by those who have difficulties paying their bills on time (22\%) and making ends meet (19\%).

## 3. THE CONSEQUENCES OF POVERTY AND SOCI AL EXCLUSI ON

Poverty and social exclusion have far-reaching consequences, and this chapter presents just some of the problems that come from being poor and socially excluded.

### 3.1 The effects on life satisfaction

Unsurprisingly, Europeans who live in a financially precarious situation, who are unemployed or who feel left out of society are far less likely to be satisfied with their lives ${ }^{17}$. They tend to also feel less satisfied about their standard of living, health and family lives.

| Satisfaction with...(average scores on scale from 1-10 where 1 is very dissatisfied and 10 is very satisfied) | EU average score | Difficulties paying bills on time | Difficulties making ends meet | Poor household | Unemployed | Feels left out of society |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .. standard of living | 6.7 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 5.5 |
| ... life in general | 6.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| ...personal health | 7.2 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 6.4 |
| ..family llife | 7.7 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 6.7 |

That the EU averages for both satisfaction with life in general and with the standard of living conceal big differences between countries is closely related to variations in their economic situations. The higher the economic wealth of the country ${ }^{18}$, the more satisfied people tend to be with their lives and their standard of living, and as such, satisfaction levels are highest in the wealthy Northern European nations and lowest in the poorer new Member States. Denmark has the highest satisfaction levels for these two indicators (the average rating for life in general is 8.1 and 8 for the standard of living) and it is the only country where over a quarter of respondents (26\%) rate life in general as 10. Bulgaria has the lowest levels on both indicators (4.4 and 4.5, respectively) and is the only country where close to half of citizens (48\%) say they are dissatisfied - scores 1-4 on the scale - with their life in general.

[^14]QA1 All things considered, how satisfied would you say you are with your life these days? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 where ' 1 ' means "very dissatisfied" and '10' mean "very satisfied"


QA2.4 Could you please tell me on a scale of $\mathbf{1}$ to $\mathbf{1 0}$ how satisfied you are with each of the following items, where ' 1 ' means you are "very dissatisfied" and ' 10 ' means you are "very satisfied"? Your present standard of living.


### 3.2 Financial exclusion

While the majority of Europeans do not report difficulties in gaining access to financial services, the picture for the most vulnerable is very different ${ }^{19}$.


## The situation for the most vulnerable

Europeans with difficulties paying bills on time: close to three quarters of these citizens (72\%) find it difficult to get a mortgage, $64 \%$ find it difficult to get a loan, and 55\% have difficulties getting a credit card.

The unemployed: seven out of ten unemployed Europeans (70\%) have difficulties getting a mortgage; a further $58 \%$ have problems getting a loan and $47 \%$ find it difficult to get a credit card.

[^15]Comparisons between nations show even greater disparities. Only 20\% in Finland say they have difficulties getting a mortgage, compared to $90 \%$ in Spain.


The proportion of respondents who find it difficult to get a consumer loan ranges from just $12 \%$ in Finland to $78 \%$ in Spain. At least half in Bulgaria (53\%) and Cyprus (50\%) also report problems.


The survey also shows that the number of people who face difficulties simply getting a credit card ranges from $12 \%$ in the Netherlands and Sweden to $55 \%$ in Spain.


### 3.3 The effect on people's outlook on life

Poverty also influences people's outlook on life, making them feel both less optimistic about their future and more socially excluded.

### 3.3.1: Optimism about the future

If an overall majority of EU citizens (61\%) are optimistic about their future, the financially most vulnerable have a distinctively more negative outlook on life ${ }^{20}$. Only around two in five respondents who have difficulty paying their bills on time (41\%) or making ends meet (39\%) are optimistic about the future. Those who live in a poor household ( $46 \%$ ) are a bit more positive but still far below overall average scores.

| QA25f.1 "You are optimistic <br> about the future" | EU27 | Difficulties <br> paying bills on <br> time | Difficulties <br> making ends <br> meet | Poor <br> household |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Agree | $\mathbf{6 1 \%}$ | $41 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $46 \%$ |
| $\%$ Disagree | $\mathbf{3 7 \%}$ | $57 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $51 \%$ |
| $\%$ Don't know | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

Optimism regarding the future is most widely reported in Finland (90\%), Denmark, Sweden (each 88\%) and Estonia (84\%) while the lowest levels were recorded in France ( $40 \%$ ), Italy, Hungary and Greece (each 46\%). This national pattern displays a less direct link with the actual economic wealth of Member States, which means that financial well-being is not the only factor that influences people's outlook on life. People's views also differ significantly, for instance, depending on their age (the younger, the more positive the outlook).

[^16]QA25f.1. Please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.
You are optimistic about the future


QA25f. 1 Please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements. - You are optimistic about the future. \%EU

|  | Agree | Disagree | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EU27 | 61\% | 37\% | 2\% |
| Sex |  |  |  |
| ㅇำ Male | 64\% | 34\% | 2\% |
| \||\% Female | 59\% | 38\% | 3\% |
| Age |  |  |  |
| *7 15-24 | 70\% | 28\% | 2\% |
| 25-39 | 66\% | 32\% | 2\% |
| - 40-54 | 60\% | 38\% | 2\% |
| $55+$ | 55\% | 42\% | 3\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |
| -15- | 50\% | 47\% | 3\% |
| 16-19 | 60\% | 38\% | 2\% |
| 20+ | 68\% | 30\% | 2\% |
| Still studying | 74\% | 24\% | 2\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |
| Self- employed | 65\% | 33\% | 2\% |
| Managers | 74\% | 25\% | 1\% |
| Other white collars | 63\% | 35\% | 2\% |
| Manual workers | 60\% | 38\% | 2\% |
| House persons | 56\% | 41\% | 3\% |
| Unemployed | 54\% | 44\% | 2\% |
| Retired | 55\% | 42\% | 3\% |
| Students | 74\% | 24\% | 2\% |

### 3.3.2: Feeling left out of society

Financially vulnerable Europeans report feeling left out of society far more often than the continent as a whole. While $15 \%$ of Europeans feel excluded overall, around a third of 'poor' Europeans feel the same. ${ }^{21}$

| QA25f. 2 "You feel left out of society" | EU27 | Difficulties paying bills on time | Difficulties making ends meet | Poor household |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Agree | 15\% | 38\% | 35\% | 31\% |
| \% Disagree | 83\% | 59\% | 62\% | 67\% |
| \% Don't know | 2\% | 3\% | 3\% | 2\% |

Again the country by country pattern reveals that there is more at stake than just poverty.

[^17]

The sense of feeling left out of society is much higher in the Czech Republic (36\%) than in any other country, with Bulgaria and Austria following at 30\% and 26\%, respectively. The feeling is least common in Malta (6\%), Finland (7\%), Slovenia, Denmark and Sweden (each 8\%), where less than one person in ten in feels left out of society.

However, feeling left out of society is not influenced by gender and age, while education only appears to play a weak role. Having a good job, on the other hand, is a much more powerful factor: only $8 \%$ of managers feel left out of society compared to $30 \%$ of unemployed respondents.

QA25f. 2 Please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.
"You feel left out of society"

|  |  | Agree | Disagree | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 15\% | 83\% | 2\% |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
|  | Male | 15\% | 84\% | 1\% |
|  | Female | 15\% | 83\% | 2\% |
| Age |  |  |  |  |
| +0\% | 15-24 | 14\% | 84\% | 2\% |
|  | 25-39 | 15\% | 83\% | 2\% |
|  | 40-54 | 15\% | 84\% | 1\% |
|  | $55+$ | 15\% | 83\% | 2\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15- | 17\% | 81\% | 2\% |
|  | 16-19 | 17\% | 81\% | 2\% |
|  | 20+ | 11\% | 88\% | 1\% |
|  | Still studying | 11\% | 88\% | 1\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |
|  | Self- employed | 13\% | 86\% | 1\% |
|  | Managers | 8\% | 91\% | 1\% |
|  | Other white collars | 13\% | 86\% | 1\% |
|  | Manual workers | 14\% | 85\% | 1\% |
|  | House persons | 16\% | 82\% | 2\% |
|  | Unemployed | 30\% | 68\% | 2\% |
|  | Retired | 17\% | 81\% | 2\% |
|  | Students | 11\% | 88\% | 1\% |

### 3.4 The perceived implications of poverty

Europeans widely recognise the implications of poverty, with $87 \%$ believing that it hampers people's chances of gaining access to decent housing, $80 \%$ feeling that it limits access to higher education or adult learning and 74\% believing that it damages their chances of finding a job. The majority ( $60 \%$ ) believe that access to a decent basic school education is affected, and $54 \%$ feel that the ability to maintain a network of friends and acquaintances is limited by poverty ${ }^{22}$.


The following findings at a national level are particularly notable:

- Having access to medical care when needed is seen as a particular problem for poor people in Latvia (96\%).

[^18]- German respondents stand out in their views about poor people being hampered in finding a job (82\%)
- Cypriot respondents less often than most other Europeans report that poverty hampers access.

QA12 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? "Very much + Somewhat"


## 4. WHY IS THERE POVERTY?

So far the report has highlighted that EU citizens are strongly aware of the extent of poverty and social exclusion in today's society. This chapter looks at the perceived reasons for poverty.

### 4.1 The perceived causes of poverty

The most popular reason among Europeans (47\%) for why people live in poverty is injustice in society ${ }^{23}$. Around one in seven selected one of the three other opinions available: $16 \%$ said people live in poverty because of laziness and lack of willpower or because it's an inevitable part of progress and 13\% said people live in poverty because they have been unlucky.

[^19]QA8 Why in your opinion are there people who live in poverty? Here are four opinions: which is closest to yours? - EU

■EB72.1 September $2009 \quad \square$ EB 67.1 March 2007

*This item was asked differently in the EB 67.1:
"It's an inevitable part of progress".

The opinion that poverty is due to injustice in society is now much more widely held than it was in 2007 ( $37 \%$ ), with it becoming a more popular view in every country except Poland. The biggest growth in this opinion was in Latvia and Lithuania (+22 and +20 percentage points), and overall, the proportion of respondents who hold this view now ranges from $27 \%$ in Denmark to $66 \%$ in Hungary. Denmark is the only country where it is not the most popular view; 32\% of Danes feel that people live in poverty because they have been unlucky.

The feeling that people live in poverty because of injustice in society is particularly strong among the most vulnerable:

- Those who have difficulties making ends meet and who feel dissatisfied with the life they lead (each 60\%)
- Respondents with difficulties paying their bills on time and those who feel dissatisfied with their standard of living (each 58\%)

It should be said, however, that "injustice in society" is also the most popular cause of poverty among Europeans without financial difficulties.

### 4.2 Policy-related factors

There are a range of policy-oriented factors that can be seen to generate poverty in countries, and even if this is a complex matter, the results of the survey shed some light on differences in public opinion among Europeans. The survey presented respondents with seven of these policy-oriented factors and asked them which two most generate poverty in their country ${ }^{24}$. The results reveal divided public opinion.

Europeans most often (35\%) believe that the implementation of wrong or badly suited policies generates poverty in their country. However, nearly as many (32\%) believe that insufficient economic growth generates poverty and 29\% believe the pursuit of profit is a main factor. Close to a quarter (23\%) sees the global financial system as a main factor and according to around one in five immigration (20\%) or the inadequacy of social protection (19\%) generates poverty. Globalisation is the least often selected factor (16\%).

[^20]

These European averages conceal important national variations. The proportion of those that considers the implementation of wrong or badly suited policies as a main factor ranges from $21 \%$ in Luxembourg to $66 \%$ in Latvia. At least four in ten share this view in Lithuania (49\%), Bulgaria (47\%), Hungary (43\%), Denmark (42\%), Sweden, Finland, the Czech Republic (each 41\%), Greece, Estonia and Poland (each 40\%). However, it is not necessarily the most frequently chosen factor in each of these countries.

The proportion of those that considers insufficient economic growth as a main factor ranges from 18\% in Denmark to 56\% in Bulgaria. At least half of the respondents from Hungary (55\%) and Romania (50\%) also share this view.

Support for the view that the pursuit of profit generates poverty ranges from $13 \%$ in Malta to $56 \%$ in Slovenia and is also held by half of French respondents. The global financial system is seen as a main factor by just six percent of Poles, compared to $36 \%$
in The Netherlands, and the opinion that inadequacies in their nations' social protection system generate poverty ranges from six percent in France to 43\% in Poland. Only one percent of Bulgarian respondents believe immigration is a factor, compared to $39 \%$ of respondents in the UK. Finally, the extent to which globalisation is perceived to generate poverty ranges from just four percent in Latvia, Lithuania and Poland to 35\% in Luxembourg.

QA19 From the following list, which are, in your opinion, the two main factors generating poverty in (OUR COUNTRY)? (ROTATE - MAX. 2 ANSWERS)


### 4.3 Societal factors

High unemployment and insufficient wages and salaries are the most widely perceived 'societal' explanations for poverty, together with insufficient social benefits and pensions and the excessive cost of decent housing ${ }^{25}$.


If high unemployment is seen as a societal explanation for poverty by many citizens throughout the European Union, low wages and salaries is more of an issue in Eastern and Southern European countries: in Hungary (76\%), Cyprus (72\%), Greece and Bulgaria (each 70\%) a large majority feel this way. Luxembourg has the highest proportion (79\%) of people that believe people are poor because decent housing is too expensive in their country, which is far higher than in any other country (the nations with the next highest share of citizens expressing this view are in Denmark with 48\% and in France, with 47\%). Earlier in this report it was noted $67 \%$ of Europeans believe it is difficult to find decent housing at reasonable prices in their area, and that

[^21]respondents in Luxembourg ( $86 \%$ ), together with those in the Czech Republic, Cyprus (each 89\%), Malta (86\%) and Slovakia (84\%), were most likely to express this view.

There are variations according to socio-demographics, but they are not particularly surprising:

- The unemployed (59\%) most often find that too much unemployment best explains why people are poor
- Respondents who have difficulty making ends meet (60\%) most often find that insufficient wages and salaries best explain why people are poor


### 4.4 Personal factors

A lack of education, training or skills, as well as 'inherited' poverty and addiction are the most widely perceived 'personal' reasons behind poverty ${ }^{26}$.


[^22]Inadequate education, training or skills are seen as reasons for poverty by $53 \%$ of the Dutch and $51 \%$ of both Danish and German respondents. In Southern Europe - and particularly in Cyprus (44\%) - poverty is seen primarily as an 'inherited' problem. Southern Europeans also place a stronger emphasis on family and community ties (e.g. 32\% of the Portuguese believe that people are poor because they do not receive enough support from their family or friends).

Addiction is most widely seen as a personal reason for poverty in the Scandinavian/Baltic countries, with Lithuania standing out (55\%), followed by Estonia, Finland (each 46\%), Denmark (44\%) and Sweden (42\%).

The following socio-demographic results stand out:

- People are poor because they do not have the necessary level of education, training or skills: this opinion is more often held by managers (52\%), those who stayed in full-time education until age 20 or older (47\%) and respondent who live in a rich household (43\%). Respondents who have difficulty making ends meet or who have difficulty paying their bills on time (each $27 \%$ ) agree less often than average.
- People are poor because they suffer from addiction: respondents who have difficulty making ends meet or who have difficulty paying their bills on time (each 16\%) agree less often than average.
- People are poor because they suffer from poor health, long-term illness or disability: this view is more often than average held by retired respondents (23\%).
- People are poor because they live beyond their means: respondents who have difficulty making ends meet (13\%), students, the unemployed (each $14 \%$ ), those aged 15-24 and those who have difficulty paying their bills on time (15\%) hold this view less often than average.
- People are poor because they haven't received enough support in times of need from their family or friends: this opinion is more often than average held by respondents who have difficulty paying bills on time (20\%).


### 4.5 Why do people become homeless?

The most commonly expressed reason on why people become homeless is that they have lost their job and cannot find another one (51\%). The next three reasons are
mentioned by around two in five: they cannot afford to pay rent (42\%), they are overindebted (40\%) and they suffer from addiction (39\%) ${ }^{27}$. The other reasons included in the questionnaire were mentioned by less than one in five.

QA32 In your opinion, which three of the following reasons best explain why people become homeless? (ROTATE - MAX. 3 ANSWERS) - EU


Again, there are wide variations between the nations behind these averages. The proportion of respondents that believes people become homeless because they have lost their job ranges from $16 \%$ in the Netherlands to $74 \%$ in Luxembourg and there are even wider variations for the belief that homelessness is caused by addiction, with figures ranging from $16 \%$ in Italy to $81 \%$ in Sweden. This opinion is also very common in the Netherlands (75\%) and Denmark (73\%). The belief that people become

[^23]homeless because they cannot afford to pay rent ranges from 17\% in the Netherlands to $54 \%$ in Greece and France, while the belief that it happens when people are overindebted ranges from 23\% in Denmark to 68\% in Cyprus.

QA32 In your opinion, which three of the following reasons best explain why people become homeless? (ROTATE - MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

|  | They have lost their job and cannot find another one | They cannot afford to pay a rent | They are overindebted | They are suffering from addiction (alcohol, drugs or other types of addiction) | They have gone through a break-up or have lost a close relative | They cannot access adequate social benefits or support services | They choose to live this way | They have become ill or disabled | They suffer from mental health problems | They have recently migrated, and do not have identification papers or official papers | Their home was destroyed by a catastrophe (fire, floods, etc.) | Other (SPONTANEOUS) | None (SPONTANEOUS) | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {F-3}}$ EU27 | 51\% | 42\% | 40\% | 39\% | 17\% | 15\% | 15\% | 13\% | 13\% | 13\% | 10\% | 1\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| - ${ }^{\text {- }}$ be | 39\% | 36\% | 59\% | 39\% | 17\% | 22\% | 11\% | 13\% | 10\% | 25\% | 8\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| BG | 50\% | 43\% | 41\% | 23\% | 7\% | 18\% | 8\% | 25\% | 19\% | 1\% | 25\% | 1\% | 0\% | 4\% |
| - Cz | 46\% | 34\% | 43\% | 48\% | 21\% | 16\% | 25\% | 14\% | 10\% | 5\% | 17\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| 를 DK | 24\% | 28\% | 23\% | 73\% | 29\% | 12\% | 33\% | 9\% | 38\% | 13\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| ${ }_{\text {DE }}$ | 52\% | 40\% | 43\% | 54\% | 18\% | 18\% | 15\% | 16\% | 11\% | 9\% | 7\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| $\square \mathrm{EE}_{\mathrm{EE}}$ | 56\% | 35\% | 47\% | 61\% | 10\% | 6\% | 15\% | 15\% | 7\% | 2\% | 25\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| - IE | 51\% | 38\% | 38\% | 48\% | 18\% | 21\% | 7\% | 18\% | 19\% | 7\% | 6\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| 氯 EL | 60\% | 54\% | 47\% | 23\% | 3\% | 14\% | 6\% | 20\% | 12\% | 15\% | 25\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| I ES | 69\% | 40\% | 39\% | 25\% | 11\% | 14\% | 7\% | 10\% | 9\% | 16\% | 7\% | 3\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| - $\mathrm{FR}^{\text {a }}$ | 68\% | 54\% | 49\% | 22\% | 24\% | 12\% | 13\% | 10\% | 3\% | 28\% | 3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| - - It | 54\% | 52\% | 30\% | 16\% | 13\% | 22\% | 15\% | 9\% | 7\% | 20\% | 15\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| C CY | 53\% | 47\% | 68\% | 24\% | 7\% | 16\% | 5\% | 16\% | 9\% | 14\% | 18\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| - LV | 57\% | 36\% | 45\% | 51\% | 4\% | 13\% | 26\% | 12\% | 8\% | 3\% | 9\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| LT | 45\% | 23\% | 40\% | 64\% | 8\% | 11\% | 36\% | 17\% | 11\% | 3\% | 14\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| - Lu | 74\% | 53\% | 44\% | 31\% | 20\% | 7\% | 10\% | 14\% | 4\% | 18\% | 5\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Hu | 61\% | 25\% | 64\% | 37\% | 28\% | 12\% | 8\% | 18\% | 7\% | 2\% | 10\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| ${ }^{+}$- MT | 53\% | 40\% | 50\% | 38\% | 16\% | 15\% | 6\% | 19\% | 8\% | 6\% | 10\% | 1\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| NL | 16\% | 17\% | 52\% | 75\% | 16\% | 15\% | 27\% | 4\% | 48\% | 13\% | 3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| ${ }_{\text {AT }}$ | 49\% | 45\% | 45\% | 38\% | 19\% | 17\% | 9\% | 20\% | 14\% | 14\% | 13\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| $\square \mathrm{PL}$ | 42\% | 37\% | 33\% | 44\% | 24\% | 15\% | 23\% | 13\% | 6\% | 4\% | 13\% | 1\% | 0\% | 4\% |
| PT | 51\% | 41\% | 24\% | 32\% | 11\% | 19\% | 9\% | 18\% | 10\% | 4\% | 8\% | 1\% | 0\% | 3\% |
| - ${ }_{\text {- }}^{\text {- }}$ | 55\% | 42\% | 40\% | 27\% | 11\% | 13\% | 12\% | 16\% | 9\% | 3\% | 27\% | 1\% | 0\% | 4\% |
| $\bigcirc$ | 33\% | 18\% | 27\% | 54\% | 22\% | 12\% | 36\% | 12\% | 22\% | 5\% | 20\% | 3\% | 0\% | 1\% |
|  | 47\% | 34\% | 41\% | 55\% | 20\% | 12\% | 25\% | 14\% | 9\% | 2\% | 16\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| - Fl | 29\% | 34\% | 39\% | 69\% | 13\% | 22\% | 15\% | 11\% | 23\% | 16\% | 4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| 플 SE | 32\% | 36\% | 34\% | 81\% | 14\% | 12\% | 8\% | 10\% | 39\% | 16\% | 4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| 부ㅊㅜㅢ UK | 42\% | 41\% | $34 \%$ | 53\% | 19\% | 12\% | 16\% | 11\% | 26\% | 11\% | 4\% | 2\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| highest percentage by country highest percentage by item |  |  |  |  | lowest percentage by country |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 5. THE ECONOMIC SITUATION OF EUROPEANS

In order to understand perceptions of poverty and social exclusion it is important to consider the economic context in which the respondents live. This chapter presents the results of the following questions included in the survey that provide insight into the current situation of Europeans:

- Placement on the "poor to rich" scale
- The ability to make ends meet
- The ability to keep up with bills and credit commitments
- The ability to afford the basics
- Short-tem expectations regarding their household's finances
- Confidence of keeping one’s job
- Use of social assistance


### 5.1 Placement on the "poor to rich" scale

The majority of respondents consider their household to be neither poor nor rich $(51 \%)^{28}$. One fifth describes their household as poor compared to a quarter who describe their household as rich.

The observed ranking on this "poor to rich" scale varies greatly from country to country. The proportion of respondents that describe their household as poor ranges from below ten percent in the Netherlands (8\%) and Luxembourg (9\%) to more than two fifths in Portugal (41\%), Hungary (48\%) and Bulgaria (60\%). The Netherlands is the only country where more than half of respondents describe their household as rich (52\%) with Finland having the next highest proportion (41\%). In the three countries already noted above - Bulgaria, Portugal and Hungary - less than one respondent in ten describes his or her household as rich ( $8 \%, 8 \%$ and $9 \%$, respectively).

[^24]

The rankings also vary widely depending on people's level of education and working situation. The following two groups most frequently describe their household as poor:

- The unemployed. They are seven times more likely than managers to describe their household as poor ( $43 \%$ vs. $6 \%$ ).
- Those with little education (i.e. those who left full-time education before the age of 16). They are nearly three times more likely than those who stayed in school the longest (i.e. until the age of 20 or older) to report living in a poor household ( $29 \%$ vs. $11 \%$ ).

These findings must be taken into account when people's perceptions of poverty are presented throughout the report. The differences - both between countries and in terms of socio-demographics - in the reported proportion of poor and rich households form the context in which variations in perceptions of poverty should be interpreted.

### 5.2 Reported ability to make ends meet

Respondents were also asked if their household is able to make ends meet with its total monthly income ${ }^{29}$. Three out of ten reported that their household was able to do so easily (9\% "very easily" and 21\% "easily"). Conversely, just over one in ten indicated that they found it difficult to make ends meet (4\% "with great difficulty" and $8 \%$ "with difficulty). The majority of respondents - $56 \%$ - selected the two middle categories (29\% "fairly easily" and 27\% "with some difficulty").

QA35. A household may have different sources of income and more than one household member may contribute to it. Thinking of your household's total monthly income, is your household able to make ends meet...?


EU27
Again, there were wide variations between countries. At least half of the respondents in Denmark (57\%), Sweden (53\%) and the Netherlands (50\%) find it easy for their household to make ends meet. In fact, in both Denmark and Sweden nearly three out of ten respondents considered it very easy (each $29 \%$ ). At the other extreme, two out

[^25]of five Bulgarians and over a third of Greek (35\%) and Hungarian (34\%) respondents indicated that their household is only able to make ends meet with difficulty. In Bulgaria, nearly one in five said they did so with great difficulty (18\%).


The survey further shows that the unemployed (31\%) most often report difficulties in making ends meet, nearly eight times as often as managers (4\%).

## QA35 A household may have different sources of income and more than one household member may contribute to it. <br> Thinking of your household's total monthly income, is your household able to make ends meet...?

|  |  | Easy | Middle | Difficult | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 30\% | 56\% | 12\% | 2\% |
|  | Sex |  |  |  |  |
|  | Homme | 32\% | 55\% | 11\% | 2\% |
|  | Femme | 27\% | 57\% | 14\% | 2\% |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15-24 | 27\% | 56\% | 11\% | 6\% |
| 1 | 25-39 | 24\% | 61\% | 13\% | 2\% |
| , | 40-54 | 28\% | 56\% | 15\% | 1\% |
|  | $55+$ | 36\% | 52\% | 11\% | 1\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15- | 25\% | 56\% | 18\% | 1\% |
|  | 16-19 | 27\% | 57\% | 15\% | 1\% |
|  | 20+ | 40\% | 52\% | 7\% | 1\% |
| - | Still studying | 29\% | 55\% | 8\% | 8\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |  |
| 县 | Self- employed | 35\% | 55\% | 9\% | 1\% |
|  | Managers | 46\% | 49\% | 4\% | 1\% |
|  | Other white collars | 29\% | 62\% | 8\% | 1\% |
|  | Manual workers | 23\% | 62\% | 14\% | 1\% |
|  | House persons | 21\% | 60\% | 17\% | 2\% |
|  | Unemployed | 14\% | 53\% | 31\% | 2\% |
|  | Retired | 35\% | 51\% | 13\% | 1\% |
|  | Students | 29\% | 55\% | 8\% | 8\% |

The extent to which respondents indicated that their household was able to make ends meet with its available total monthly income matches their placement on the "poor to rich" scale: 53\% of 'rich' households are able to make ends meet easily while $40 \%$ of 'poor' households report difficulties in making ends meet. Conversely, only two percent of 'rich' households say they have difficulties making ends meet and only seven percent of 'poor' households claimed that they were able to make ends meet easily.

### 5.3 Reported ability to keep up with bills and credit commitments

The survey also looks at the ability of European households to keep up with bills and present credit commitments ${ }^{30}$, which was examined in the March 2007 Eurobarometer survey on poverty and social exclusion ${ }^{31}$.
A comparison between the 2009 and 2007 results shows a positive development: more respondents now report that their household is keeping up without difficulties (44\% vs. $39 \%$ ) and fewer say keeping up is a constant struggle ( $16 \%$ vs. $19 \%$ ). However, as in 2007 a small group has reported falling behind (3\%) or having real financial problems (2\%).

QA37 Which of the following best describes how your household is keeping up with all its bills and credit commitments at present? - EU

- keeping up without any difficulties
$\square$ keeping up but struggle to do so from time to time
$\square$ keeping up but it is a constant struggle
- falling behind with some bills and credit
commitments
$\square$ having real financial problems and
have fallen behind with many bills and credit commitments
DK


As with the previous question, the most vulnerable groups (i.e. those with real financial problems or who are falling behind on payments) are largest in Bulgaria (19\%), Hungary (16\%) and Greece (15\%). In 2007 the number was even larger in Bulgaria (26\%) but smaller in Hungary (11\%) and Greece (10\%).

[^26]

Equally, the countries where the highest number of respondents report a financially secure situation at present in terms of bills and credit commitments are the three that responded most positively in the previous question: Denmark (74\% report keeping up without any difficulties), the Netherlands (72\%) and Sweden (70\%). However, a small decline in the proportion of those who report having no difficulties since 2007 has been recorded in Denmark (-5 points).

The increase in the proportion of respondents living in the financially most secure situation is greatest in Slovakia (from 20\% to 39\%), France (from 35\% to 47\%) and Estonia (from $31 \%$ to $41 \%$ ). Conversely, Luxembourg is the only country where positive responses dropped by more than 10\% (down from 66\% to 53\%).

## QA37 Which of the following best describes how your household is keeping up with all its bills and credit <br> commitments at present? <br> (I am/ we are keeping up without any difficulties )

|  | EB72.1 <br> (Aug. - Sep. 2009) | EB67.1 <br> (March 2007) | Evolution <br> 2007 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 2009 |  |  |

Managers report highest levels of financial security of all socio-economic groups questioned: $61 \%$ say their household is keeping up without any difficulties, comparing starkly with the unemployed, of whom only $20 \%$ report a secure financial situation. Meanwhile, $15 \%$ of the jobless say their household is falling behind or is having real financial problems, whereas for all other socio-demographic groups the proportion that lives in such a vulnerable financial situation is eight percent or less.

QA37 Which of the following best describes how your household is keeping up with all its bills and credit commitments at present?

|  | Keeping up without any difficulties | Keeping up but struggle to do so from time to time | Keeping up but it is a constant struggle | Falling behind with some bills and credit commitments | Having real financial problems and have fallen behind with many bills and credit commitments | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EU27 | 44\% | 33\% | 16\% | 3\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 48\% | 32\% | 14\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% |
|  | 41\% | 35\% | 17\% | 3\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W\% 15-24 | 39\% | 35\% | 14\% | 3\% | 1\% | 8\% |
| 1 25-39 | 38\% | 39\% | 16\% | 4\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| ] 40-54 | 42\% | 33\% | 18\% | 4\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| $55+$ | 53\% | 29\% | 14\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15- | 38\% | 33\% | 21\% | 4\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| 16-19 | 41\% | 35\% | 17\% | 4\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| 20+ | 56\% | 32\% | 9\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| Still studying | 43\% | 32\% | 11\% | 2\% | 1\% | 11\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Self- employed | 49\% | 33\% | 13\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| Managers | 61\% | 30\% | 7\% | 0\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| $1 /$ Other white collars | 46\% | 36\% | 14\% | 2\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| Manual workers | 37\% | 39\% | 18\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| House persons | 37\% | 35\% | 19\% | 5\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| Unemployed | 20\% | 33\% | 31\% | 9\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| Retired | 51\% | 29\% | 15\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| Students | 43\% | 32\% | 11\% | 2\% | 1\% | 11\% |

Again there is a correlation between these figures and with the respondent's placing on the "poor to rich" scale: 71\% of respondents living in 'rich' households are able to keep up without any difficulties while $17 \%$ of respondents living in 'poor' households say otherwise. Conversely, only $13 \%$ of respondents living in 'poor' households report being able to keep up without any difficulties, while for the rich these kinds of problems are non-existent.

### 5.4 Reported ability to afford the basics

Nine out of ten respondents live in a household that can afford to keep the home adequately warm (91\%) and have a meal with meat, chicken or fish every second day ( $90 \%$ ). Two in three say their household can afford paying for a week's annual holiday away from home, not staying with family (65\%) ${ }^{32}$.


While the statistics here are broadly positive, there are big differences between Eastern and Western Europe. In seven Member States over one in ten said that their household could not afford to keep the home adequately warm, with Bulgarians again the worst affected (22\%) followed by Portugal (19\%), the only non-Eastern European country in this group.

[^27]

Being able to afford a meal with meat, fish or chicken at least every other day is a problem for more than two fifths of Bulgarian and Hungarian households (46\% and $43 \%$, respectively) and for around one out of every five Slovakian, Latvian and Romanian household (22\%, 20\% and 19\%, respectively).


In nine Eastern European and two Southern European countries, over two in five said that their household could not afford a yearly one-week holiday, with nearly three quarters of Hungarians (73\%) and two thirds of Bulgarians (66\%) saying that they couldn't afford it. Meanwhile over half of the respondents from Latvia (62\%), Romania (58\%) and Slovakia (51\%) and just under half of the Portuguese and Greeks (46\% each) report the same difficulties.


The following observations from the survey convey just how tough the plight of the poorest segments of European society is:

- Among respondents who have difficulties paying their bills on time $84 \%$ cannot afford the one week holiday, $37 \%$ cannot afford a meal with meat, chicken or fish every other day and 34\% cannot afford to keep their home adequately warm
- Among respondents who have difficulties making ends meet $86 \%$ cannot afford the one week holiday, $36 \%$ can not afford the meal and $31 \%$ cannot afford to keep their home adequately warm
- Among respondents living in a poor household $71 \%$ cannot afford the one week holiday, $27 \%$ cannot afford the meal and $22 \%$ cannot afford to keep their home adequately warm
- Among unemployed respondents 64\% cannot afford the one week holiday, $23 \%$ cannot afford the meal and $17 \%$ cannot afford to keep their home adequately warm


### 5.5 Short-term expectations regarding finances

Those who took part in the survey were asked what they thought their short-term expectations for their household finances were ${ }^{33}$.

In general, they tended to believe that their financial situation would remain the same (59\%), while those expecting the financial situation to improve ( $20 \%$ ) outnumber those who feel otherwise (17\%). This represents a reversal of a trend that was observed in early 2009, signalling that the negative downturn in European public opinion about the economy may be coming to an end.


[^28]Despite this positive development in public opinion, there are six countries where more than a quarter of respondents believe that the financial situation of their household will get worse: Hungary (41\%), Greece (38\%), Latvia (35\%), Lithuania (32\%), Romania and Bulgaria (each $28 \%$ ). Estonia (30\%) and the UK (28\%) are the only two countries where over a quarter of respondents believe their financial situation will improve ${ }^{34}$.


[^29]Large differences can be observed depending on the level of respondents' education and working situation. However, whereas unemployed respondents generally report that they live in a precarious financial situation, they believe far more often than those in work, retired or studying believe that their situation will improve over the next 12 months (31\%).

> QA38 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be ... when it comes to the financial situation of your household?

|  |  | Better | Worse | The same | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 20\% | 17\% | 59\% | 4\% |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Male | 22\% | 16\% | 58\% | 4\% |
|  | Female | 18\% | 17\% | 61\% | 4\% |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15-24 | 28\% | 13\% | 53\% | 6\% |
|  | 25-39 | 30\% | 16\% | 49\% | 5\% |
|  | 40-54 | 20\% | 18\% | 58\% | 4\% |
|  | $55+$ | 9\% | 18\% | 70\% | 3\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |  |  |
| < | 15- | 11\% | 20\% | 65\% | 4\% |
|  | 16-19 | 20\% | 18\% | 58\% | 4\% |
|  | 20+ | 24\% | 14\% | 58\% | 4\% |
|  | Still studying | 26\% | 11\% | 56\% | 7\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Self- employed | 28\% | 14\% | 53\% | 5\% |
|  | Managers | 24\% | 14\% | 59\% | 3\% |
| V | Other white collars | 22\% | 16\% | 58\% | 4\% |
|  | Manual workers | 22\% | 18\% | 55\% | 5\% |
|  | House persons | 17\% | 17\% | 61\% | 5\% |
|  | Unemployed | 31\% | 22\% | 41\% | 6\% |
|  | Retired | 8\% | 18\% | 71\% | 3\% |
|  | Students | 26\% | 11\% | 56\% | 7\% |

The feeling that their financial situation will get worse is highest among respondents with difficulties in making ends meet (38\%) or in paying the bills on time (37\%) and that live in poor households (32\%). However, it should be noted that there is likely to be a lot of overlap between these three groups.

### 5.6 Confidence in keeping one's job

The vast majority of Europe's workforce - 78\% - is confident that they will keep their job in the coming months ${ }^{35}$. However, as the chart below shows, nearly a fifth does not feel that they have job security.


In all 27 Member States, the majority feel confident in their ability to keep their job. Nonetheless, there are large differences between countries, ranging from 52\% in Lithuania who feels confident to $92 \%$ in Luxembourg and Sweden.

In fact, in Sweden (66\%), Denmark (59\%), Luxembourg, the Netherlands (each 57\%), Germany (55\%), Malta (53\%) and Finland (51\%) over half of respondents are very confident that they will keep their job in the coming months. With the exception of Malta, these are all Northern or Western European countries.

[^30]The mood is less positive in six predominantly Eastern European countries. Between a third and half of the working respondents in Bulgaria (32\%), Hungary (35\%), Greece, Latvia (each 37\%), Slovakia (39\%) and Lithuania (47\%) don't feel confident that they will keep their jobs. Greece (15\%) and Lithuania (12\%) are the only two countries where more than one in ten expressed a total lack of confidence.


Since spring 2007, Slovakia has experienced a +11 point increase in '\% confident', and the situation in Hungary and Malta (both +7 points) has improved as well. The reverse
is true in Latvia ( +11 point increase in '\% not confident'), Cyprus, Finland (each +8 points), Lithuania ( +7 ) and Estonia ( +6 points) ${ }^{36}$.

The survey also shows that workers with little education (26\%) and manual workers ( $22 \%$ ) most often worry about the security of their job. However, the largest cleavages in confidence levels can be noted for the three overlapping classifiers of financial security:

Ability to make ends meet: working respondents with difficulties making ends meet ( $43 \%$ ) lack confidence about their ability to keep their job five times more often than those without such difficulties (8\%)

Ability to pay bills on time: working respondents with difficulties paying their bills on time $(43 \%)$ lack confidence four times more often than those without such difficulties (11\%)
"Poor to rich scale": working respondents living in a 'poor' household (35\%) lack confidence three times more often than those living in a 'rich' household (9\%).

### 5.7 Reported use of social assistance

A small minority of those surveyed reported being on social assistance (9\%) or having received it (6\%) in the last 12 months ${ }^{37}$. This varies from country to country and differs greatly from the pattern noted previously. In fact, Dutch respondents most often report to be recent or current recipients of social assistance (39\%), followed by respondents in Ireland and the UK (each $24 \%$ ). Current or past use of social assistance is reported least in Greece (5\%), Sweden (6\%), Italy (7\%), Bulgaria and Romania (8\% each).

[^31]QA45.5. Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general interest if you, or people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last 12 months?

Social assistance, that is cash benefits and social welfare services provided to low-income, unemployed or inactive people


The socio-demographic analysis shows a strong correlation with the economic and financial situation of respondents and their households:

- Over a third of unemployed respondents currently receive social assistance (34\%)
- A quarter of those with difficulties paying their bills on time currently receive social assistance
- Over one fifth of respondents with difficulties making ends meet currently receive social assistance (21\%)
- Nearly one fifth of those living in a poor household currently receive social assistance (19\%)


## 6. GENERAL VIEWS AND OPI NI ONS ABOUT POVERTY AND POSSI BLE SOLUTI ONS

The survey has highlighted that Europeans are very aware of the extent of poverty and social exclusion in society. This chapter analyses both their views and attitudes to the problem and what they think possible solutions could be.

### 6.1 Poverty and income inequalities

There is a broad consensus (89\%) that poverty is a national problem that needs urgent action from their government. Europeans also agree that nowadays income differences between people are far too large (88\%) and consequently at least three quarters express the desire for governments to make sure that the wealth of the country is more fairly distributed ( $82 \%$ ) and for people who are well-off to pay higher taxes so that their government has more means to fight poverty (75\% ) ${ }^{38}$.

QA14 For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you ... (ONE ANSWER PER LINE - "Totally agree + Tend to agree") - EU


[^32]There is also widespread disagreement with the contention that poverty will always exist (62\%) and that it disappears automatically when there is economic growth in a country (61\%). However, Europeans are slightly more divided as to whether income inequalities are necessary for economic development: 44\% agree against 49\% who disagree.

The following two differences in opinions were noted between respondents from the 12 Member States (NMS12) that joined the EU since 2004 and those from the 15 Member States (EU15) that joined earlier:

- Respondents in the NMS12 more widely believe that poverty will disappear automatically when there is economic growth than those from the EU15 (43\% vs. $32 \%$, respectively).
- NMS12 respondents also more often feel than those from the EU15 feel that nowadays the income differences between people in their country are too large (92\% vs. 87\%).

|  |  | QA14 For each | of the following s | atements, please Agree | me whether you |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Poverty in (OUR COUNTRY) is a problem that requires urgent action by the Government | Nowadays in (OUR <br> COUNTRY) income differences between people are far too large | The <br> (NATI ONALITY) <br> Government should ensure that the wealth of the country is redistributed in a fair way to all citizens | People who are well-off should pay higher taxes so the (NATI ONALI TY) Government has more means to fight poverty | Income inequalities are necessary for economic development | When there is economic growth in a country, poverty disappears automatically by itself | There is no point in trying to fight poverty, it will always exist |
| EU27 | 89\% | 88\% | 82\% | 75\% | 44\% | 34\% | 35\% |
| EU15 | 89\% | 87\% | 83\% | 76\% | 45\% | 32\% | 35\% |
| NMS 12 | 88\% | 92\% | 80\% | 74\% | 40\% | 43\% | 34\% |
| BE | 92\% | 86\% | 80\% | 70\% | 50\% | 37\% | 43\% |
| BG | 96\% | 95\% | 83\% | 88\% | 28\% | 58\% | 24\% |
| CZ | 62\% | 93\% | 66\% | 71\% | 45\% | 32\% | 53\% |
| 틀 DK | 64\% | 63\% | 72\% | 65\% | 68\% | 19\% | 51\% |
| DE | 93\% | 92\% | 81\% | 75\% | 59\% | 25\% | 21\% |
| EE | 91\% | 92\% | 74\% | 75\% | 55\% | 24\% | 45\% |
| - IE | 88\% | 83\% | 87\% | 83\% | 42\% | 34\% | 37\% |
| \# EL | 96\% | 95\% | 97\% | 94\% | 19\% | 62\% | 18\% |
| L ES | 91\% | 87\% | 90\% | 83\% | 35\% | 31\% | 38\% |
| - $\mathrm{IR}^{\text {a }}$ | 92\% | 92\% | 85\% | 74\% | 37\% | 28\% | 38\% |
| - IT | 89\% | 87\% | 86\% | 81\% | 30\% | 50\% | 43\% |
| CY | 92\% | 94\% | 90\% | 92\% | 24\% | 36\% | 38\% |
| LV | 95\% | 96\% | 85\% | 80\% | 51\% | 54\% | 36\% |
| LT | 93\% | 93\% | 81\% | 76\% | 51\% | 65\% | 35\% |
| LU | 86\% | 84\% | 81\% | 74\% | 53\% | 39\% | 32\% |
| HU | 95\% | 95\% | 94\% | 88\% | 38\% | 34\% | 31\% |
| MT | 86\% | 71\% | 91\% | 74\% | 48\% | 51\% | 68\% |
| NL | 72\% | 69\% | 69\% | 66\% | 60\% | 34\% | 33\% |
| AT | 90\% | 87\% | 89\% | 76\% | 36\% | 41\% | 32\% |
| PL | 89\% | 89\% | 78\% | 66\% | 41\% | 36\% | 27\% |
| (2) PT | 91\% | 93\% | 92\% | 84\% | 44\% | 46\% | 41\% |
| $\square \mathrm{RO}$ | 92\% | 91\% | 86\% | 74\% | 39\% | 59\% | 39\% |
| SI | 90\% | 96\% | 86\% | 84\% | 56\% | 26\% | 28\% |
| (0) SK | 88\% | 95\% | 77\% | 67\% | 41\% | 35\% | 40\% |
| FI | 90\% | 88\% | 89\% | 82\% | 39\% | 22\% | 27\% |
| 틑 SE | 62\% | 76\% | 84\% | 76\% | 61\% | 11\% | 20\% |
|  | 85\% | 82\% | 74\% | 65\% | 57\% | 23\% | 43\% |
| highest percentage by country |  |  |  |  |  | lowest percentage by country |  |

Variations in opinion are linked to different perceptions about the extent of poverty and to differences in views about government spending to help people out of poverty. For instance, the survey shows that:

- Close to two-thirds of those who feel that national spending to help people out of poverty is too high (63\%) hold the view that income inequalities are necessary for economic development, compared to just four in ten of those who feel that national spending to help people out of poverty is too little.
- Respondents who feel that poverty is widespread or who feel that national spending to help people out of poverty is too little far more often hold the view that poverty is a problem that requires immediate action (each 94\%) than is
the case for citizens who believe poverty is not widespread or who feel national spending on poverty is too high (74\% and 70\%, respectively).


### 6.2 Views about public policies and programmes that help the poor

The survey reveals a cynical view of national public policies and programmes aimed at improving the conditions of poor people: only $18 \%$ of Europeans believe these policies and programmes make things better while $64 \%$ believe they have no impact. One in ten says that they actually make things worse ${ }^{39}$.

QA23. Would you say public policies and programmes aim at improving the condition of poor people in (OUR COUNTRY) are generally ...?



However, this cynicism is not found in all Member States. Public policies and programmes are thought of most highly in Luxembourg, where 50\% consider that they make things better, followed by Sweden and Cyprus (45\%).

[^33]The stance that public policies and programmes don't have much impact is expressed by a majority in all the other Member States but is particularly popular in France ( $78 \%$ ), Belgium ( $71 \%$ ) and Slovenia ( $70 \%$ ).

Latvian respondents are the most negative, with $32 \%$ feeling that public policies and programmes actually make things worse, while Italy (21\%) is the only other country where more than one in five gives such a negative assessment.

QA23. Would you say public policies and programmes aim at improving the condition of poor people in (OUR COUNTRY) are generally ...?


Assessments vary somewhat depending on people's socio-demographic grouping (for instance, $22 \%$ of respondents who stayed in full-time education until age 20 find the policies and programmes make things better, compared to $16 \%$ of those who left school earlier) but the biggest differences between people's views are on the basis of their personal financial situation and their general perceptions and attitudes towards poverty.

- Views about government spending: 32\% of respondents who feel that their government spends about the right amount to help people out of poverty believe the policies make things better, compared to $14 \%$ who feel that too little is spent.
- Perception of the extent of poverty: $28 \%$ of those who don't find poverty widespread in their country give a positive assessment, compared to $15 \%$ of those who feel poverty is widespread.
- Personal financial situation: $24 \%$ of respondents who live in rich household give a positive assessment, compared to $14 \%$ who live in a poor household.


### 6.3 How should social and economic problems be solved?

The survey shows that Europeans tend to prefer the 'social' rather than 'liberal' approach to solving social and economic problems ${ }^{40}$ : $63 \%$ support the view that a higher level of health care, education and social spending must be guaranteed even if it means that taxes might increase, $62 \%$ that a minimum reasonable wage should be guaranteed in their country, even if this would lead to fewer jobs available and $60 \%$ that education should be totally free, even if this means that the quality might be lower. Furthermore, over half feel that their government should take more responsibility to ensure that everyone is provided for ( $55 \%$ ) and that it is primarily up to their government to provide jobs for the unemployed (54\%).

[^34]QA25 People think differently on what steps should be taken to help solving social and economic problems in (OUR COUNTRY). I'm going to read you two contradictory statements on this topic. Please tell me which one comes closest to your view. - EU

*The wording of QA25e presented a slight difference: "QA25e And please tell me whether you...with the following statement". Items: totally agree; tend to agree; totally diasgree; tend to disagree; don't know. In the graph above it is shown the "Total agree" (totally agree + tend to agree) result.

The preference for the social approach is most obvious when it comes to taxation: 63\% find that a higher level of health care, education and social spending must be guaranteed, even if it means taxes might increase, while 19\% think that taxes should be decreased even if it means a general lower level of health care, education and social spending.


The opinion is popular throughout the EU, although not for an outright majority in all countries. Support ranges from $43 \%$ in Austria, Slovenia and Lithuania to $84 \%$ in Finland and Sweden.

QA25c And still about the different steps that should be taken to help solving social and economic problems in (OUR COUNTRY), which of these two statements comes closest to your view?

|  |  | Higher level of health care, education and social spending must be guaranteed, even if it means that taxes might increase | Taxes should be decreased even if it means a general lower level of health care, education and social spending | It depends (SPONTANEOUS) | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. | EU27 | 63\% | 19\% | 12\% | 6\% |
| $\Psi$ | FI | 84\% | 13\% | 3\% | 0\% |
|  | SE | 84\% | 10\% | 4\% | 2\% |
|  | DK | 80\% | 13\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| " | CY | 78\% | 13\% | 8\% | 1\% |
|  | NL | 78\% | 11\% | 8\% | 3\% |
|  |  | : | : | : | : |
| $\square$ | RO | 51\% | 26\% | 12\% | 11\% |
|  | LV | 44\% | 35\% | 15\% | 6\% |
|  | LT | 43\% | 40\% | 11\% | 6\% |
|  | AT | 43\% | 27\% | 25\% | 5\% |
| 5 | SI | 43\% | 37\% | 17\% | 3\% |

Among all socio-demographic and socio-economic categories examined by the survey an outright majority express the preference for higher level of health care, education and social spending, even if taxes might increase.

A similar overall level of support is also found for the idea that a minimum reasonable wage should be guaranteed, even if this would lead to fewer jobs available, with 62\% against the $30 \%$ who disagree.

QA25e. And please tell me whether you ... with the following statement: A minimum reasonable wage should be guaranteed in (OUR COUNTRY), even if this would lead to fewer jobs available.


Agree Disagree DK

EU27

In nearly all countries an outright majority think that a minimum reasonable wage should be guaranteed, ranging from $41 \%$ in Slovenia to $82 \%$ Denmark. In Slovenia a majority ( $50 \%$ ) disagree and in Greece public opinion is evenly divided ( $48 \%$ agree and 48\% disagree).


Support for a minimum wage is in the $60 \%-$ to- $70 \%$ range for all categories examined with the exception of the self-employed ( $57 \%$ ), people who are not optimistic about the future ( $58 \%$ ) and those who have difficulty making ends meet (59\%). However, the level of agreement does differ somewhat; the proportions of those that strongly agree range from $19 \%$ among students to $32 \%$ of those who are dissatisfied with the life they lead and or who have difficulty paying their bills on time.

Six out of ten Europeans believe education should be free even if this means that the quality might be lower, while $23 \%$ believe that tuition fees are necessary for providing high quality education, even if this means that some people won't be able to afford it.

QA25b. And which of these two statements comes closest to your view?


Tuition fees are

Education should be totally free, even if this means that the quality might be lower necessary for providing high quality education,
even if this
means that some people won't be able to afford it

EU27

Support for free education is broadest in Cyprus (70\%), the UK, Slovakia and Poland (each 69\%) and supported by an outright majority in all Member States with the exception of the Netherlands (36\%), Austria (38\%) and Belgium (48\%).

Furthermore, the survey shows that the majority feel that their government should take more responsibility to ensure that everyone is provided for, with $55 \%$ holding this view (against the $34 \%$ who say that people should take more responsibility to provide for themselves).

QA25d. And which of these two statements comes closest to your view?


However, opinions differ greatly between the Member States. For example, only a quarter of Dutch respondents feel that the government should take more responsibility to ensure that everyone is provided for, compared to $82 \%$ of Greeks.

## QA25d And which of these two statements comes closest to your view?

|  | The <br> (NATI ONALI TY) <br> Government should take more responsibility to ensure that everyone is provided for | People should take more responsibility to provide for themselves | It depends (SPONTANEOUS) | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EU27 | 55\% | 34\% | 8\% | 3\% |
| \# EL | 82\% | 10\% | 7\% | 1\% |
| \% CY | 73\% | 22\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| HU | 71\% | 23\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| $\square \square$ IT | 69\% | 16\% | 12\% | 3\% |
| E ES | 67\% | 17\% | 13\% | 3\% |
|  | : | : | : | : |
| Nam | 40\% | 51\% | 7\% | 2\% |
| - SI | 39\% | 47\% | 13\% | 1\% |
| 븥․ SE | 37\% | 53\% | 8\% | 2\% |
| LT | 30\% | 58\% | 9\% | 3\% |
| NL | 25\% | 66\% | 7\% | 2\% |

The survey also shows that $54 \%$ of Europeans think that it is primarily up to governments to provide jobs for the unemployed, while $34 \%$ believe that providing jobs should rest primarily on private companies and markets in general.

QA25a. People think differently on what steps should be taken to help solving social and economic problems in (OUR COUNTRY). I'm going to read you two contradictory statements on this topic. Please tell me which one comes closest to your view.


It is primarily up

## to the

(NATIONALITY)
Government to
provide jobs for the unemployed

Providing jobs should rest primarily on private companies and
It depends
(SPONTANEOUS) DK markets in general
2) EU27

In general, Europeans in all social categories display a preference for government responsibility, although people's economic situations do influence their position. The unemployed, for instance, most frequently (64\%) find that it is primarily up to governments to provide jobs for them, whereas managers (42\%) are least likely to hold this view. They represent the only socio-demographic category that is more likely to believe that providing jobs should rest primarily on private companies and markets in general (46\%).

In most countries, the majority view is that governments should be responsible for providing jobs for the unemployed; results range from 30\% in France to over 80\% in Greece (87\%) and Cyprus (85\%). Apart from France, the only other countries where this is not the majority view are Slovenia (39\%) and Germany (43\%). Neither is it the view of an outright majority in Luxembourg (45\%), Belgium (47\%), the Netherlands (48\%) and Sweden (49\%).

QA25a People think differently on what steps should be taken to help solving social and economic problems in (OUR COUNTRY). I'm going to read you two contradictory statements on this topic. Please tell me which one comes closest to your view.

|  | It is primarily up to the (NATI ONALITY) Government to provide jobs for the unemployed | Providing jobs should rest primarily on private companies and markets in general | It depends (SPONTANEOUS) | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E EU27 | 54\% | 34\% | 9\% | 3\% |
| \% EL | 87\% | 7\% | 6\% | 0\% |
| e CY | 85\% | 10\% | 5\% | 0\% |
| LV | 73\% | 19\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| PL | 70\% | 20\% | 5\% | 5\% |
|  | : | : | : | : |
| LU | 45\% | 42\% | 10\% | 3\% |
| DE | 43\% | 47\% | 8\% | 2\% |
| $\because \mathrm{SI}$ | 39\% | 46\% | 13\% | 2\% |
| $\square$ - $\square_{\text {R }}$ | 30\% | 61\% | 5\% | 4\% |

### 6.4 Who should receive social assistance?

A brief examination of who should receive social assistance shows that $65 \%$ of Europeans believe that abandoned children are a priority, followed by handicapped people and the elderly (each $55 \%)^{41}$. Furthermore, many people believe that single parents (49\%), the unemployed (47\%) and the homeless (46\%) should receive it, but few believe immigrants (14\%), young delinquents (15\%) or people who suffer from addictions should.

[^35]

The homeless are most often seen as the priority group to receive access to social housing (54\%), followed by single parents, the elderly (each $52 \%$ ) and disabled people $(51 \%)^{42}$. They slightly less often believe the unemployed (44\%) and young parents (39\%) should be prioritised, while immigrants (13\%) and students (17\%) are least seen as a priority group.

[^36]QA53 In your opinion, which of the following groups should be prioritised when it comes to having access to social housing? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE) - EU


### 6.5 Access to financial services

Europeans believe in fair but strictly regulated access to financial services for poor people. According to $88 \%$ poor people should have free personalised financial advice, given by an official source. Furthermore, eight in ten feel that every financial institution should allow anyone to open a basic bank account and 76\% are of the view that unemployed people who want to start up a business activity should have easier access to loans. At the same time, $86 \%$ are of the view that credit institutions should check the financial capacity of potential borrowers much more carefully and there is slightly less support for giving poor people access to interest free loans (56\% 'agree' vs. $38 \%$ 'disagree') ${ }^{43}$.

[^37]

The idea of offering poor people free personalised financial advice is well received throughout the EU, with agreement ranging from 81\% in Romania to $97 \%$ in Cyprus. Throughout, respondents also broadly support the idea that everyone should be allowed to open a basic bank account, (64\% in the Czech Republic compared to $91 \%$ in France.) However, agreement with the idea that potential borrowers must be checked thoroughly ranges from 75\% in Romania to $96 \%$ in the Netherlands.

More varied levels of support are found for the notion that unemployed people who want to start up a business should get easier access to loans, ranging from $56 \%$ in Estonia to $94 \%$ in Greece, while the view that poor people should get easy access to interest free loans is widely embraced in Greece and Cyprus (each $85 \%$ ), compared to only around a third of respondents in the Netherlands (32\%), Germany (34\%) and Denmark (35\%).

QA27 And please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.

|  |  | Poor people should have free personalised financial advice, given by an official source | Credit institutions should check much more thoroughly the financial capacity of potential borrowers | Unemployed people who want to start up a business activity should have easier access to loans | Every financial institution in (OUR COUNTRY) should commit to allow every individual to open a basic bank account | Poor people should get easy access to interest free loans |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , | EU27 | 88\% | 86\% | 76\% | 80\% | 56\% |
|  | BE | 95\% | 94\% | 73\% | 85\% | 52\% |
|  | BG | 89\% | 86\% | 77\% | 73\% | 73\% |
| $\square$ | CZ | 83\% | 88\% | 61\% | 64\% | 54\% |
|  | DK | 91\% | 85\% | 67\% | 82\% | 35\% |
|  | DE | 92\% | 85\% | 69\% | 90\% | 34\% |
|  | EE | 89\% | 91\% | 56\% | 86\% | 41\% |
| $\square$ | IE | 87\% | 87\% | 75\% | 81\% | 58\% |
| 隹 | EL | 93\% | 90\% | 94\% | 82\% | 85\% |
| T | ES | 86\% | 77\% | 86\% | 73\% | 70\% |
| $\square$ | FR | 94\% | 94\% | 88\% | 91\% | 64\% |
| $\square$ | IT | 82\% | 76\% | 81\% | 75\% | 74\% |
| E | CY | 97\% | 94\% | 90\% | 72\% | 85\% |
|  | LV | 93\% | 92\% | 65\% | 82\% | 49\% |
|  | LT | 85\% | 81\% | 70\% | 70\% | 54\% |
|  | LU | 96\% | 93\% | 73\% | 89\% | 61\% |
|  | HU | 84\% | 87\% | 79\% | 74\% | 68\% |
| + | MT | 93\% | 91\% | 73\% | 79\% | 58\% |
|  | NL | 93\% | 96\% | 66\% | 82\% | 32\% |
|  | AT | 91\% | 81\% | 64\% | 80\% | 63\% |
|  | PL | 88\% | 82\% | 81\% | 68\% | 62\% |
| 9 | PT | 86\% | 85\% | 86\% | 76\% | 74\% |
| $\square$ | RO | 81\% | 75\% | 72\% | 73\% | 59\% |
| 5 | SI | 86\% | 87\% | 83\% | 81\% | 61\% |
| 07 | SK | 86\% | 92\% | 80\% | 68\% | 71\% |
|  | FI | 86\% | 85\% | 72\% | 88\% | 41\% |
| 트를 | SE | 91\% | 91\% | 73\% | 73\% | 40\% |
|  | UK | 87\% | 92\% | 67\% | 85\% | 44\% |
| Highest percentage per country |  |  |  |  | Lowest percentage per country |  |
|  |  | Highest percentage per item |  |  | Lowest percentage per item |  |

## 7. COMBATI NG POVERTY AND SOCI AL EXCLUSI ON

Within the European Union much is being done to combat poverty and social exclusion, EU wide, in the Member States, by governments and charities, by private companies and by citizens themselves. This chapter examines who Europeans see as primarily responsible in the fight against poverty and what they expect from the different actors involved.

### 7.1 Who is most widely trusted in the fight against poverty?

The survey shows that Europeans most widely (63\%) trust the actions of NGOs and charities to fight poverty, followed by the actions of citizens themselves (57\%), religious institutions (51\%) and regional or local authorities (50\%). Despite wanting urgent involvement from governments, only $36 \%$ trust their actions in combating poverty, which is slightly more than the proportion that trusts the actions of private companies (32\%). The European Union (45\%) scores better than the national governments in this regard ${ }^{44}$.


[^38]Trust in the actions of national governments ranges from a mere 14\% in Latvia to 74\% in Luxembourg. Trust is next most widespread in Denmark (59\%), Cyprus (58\%), the Netherlands (57\%), Austria (56\%), Sweden (53\%) and Finland (52\%).

A strong division in opinion exists between the 'haves' and the 'have-nots', with the broadest trust in government actions recorded from respondents living in a rich household (47\%), students (43\%), people who stayed in education until age 20 or older ( $42 \%$ ) and managers ( $41 \%$ ). It is lowest for people who have difficulty making ends meet (20\%), those with a negative view towards the future or who are dissatisfied with their present standard of living (each 21\%), those living in a poor household ( $24 \%$ ) and the unemployed ( $27 \%$ ).

The following national results are notable regarding other key actors in the fight against poverty:

- NGOs or charities are the most widely trusted actor in 17 Member States, with levels ranging from 17\% in Bulgaria to 79\% in Luxembourg and Malta.
- Citizens are widely trusted with levels ranging from $41 \%$ in Bulgaria to $69 \%$ in Spain and Ireland.
- In Malta, 73\% trust religious institutions, compared to only 22\% in Bulgaria.
- Trust in the European Union is much higher in the NMS12 countries (55\%) than it is in the EU15 countries (43\%), with highest levels recorded from Bulgaria (64\%), Romania and Slovakia (each 60\%).

QA18 For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not with regard to their action in combating poverty. Tend to trust

|  |  | NGOs or charities | Citizens themselves | Religious institutions | Regional or local authorities | The European Union | The <br> (NATI ONALITY) <br> Government | Private companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ? | EU27 | 63\% | 57\% | 51\% | 50\% | 45\% | 36\% | 32\% |
| - | BE | 71\% | 61\% | 47\% | 64\% | 52\% | 45\% | 41\% |
|  | BG | 19\% | 41\% | 22\% | 34\% | 64\% | 49\% | 17\% |
|  | CZ | 61\% | 55\% | 38\% | 54\% | 51\% | 24\% | 34\% |
|  | DK | 70\% | 64\% | 65\% | 64\% | 50\% | 59\% | 47\% |
|  | DE | 68\% | 62\% | 55\% | 56\% | 37\% | 40\% | 35\% |
|  | EE | 64\% | 61\% | 39\% | 55\% | 59\% | 37\% | 38\% |
| $\square \square$ | IE | 59\% | 69\% | 42\% | 45\% | 56\% | 31\% | 42\% |
| \# | EL | 46\% | 54\% | 41\% | 35\% | 44\% | 23\% | 19\% |
| T | ES | 67\% | 69\% | 45\% | 51\% | 54\% | 40\% | 32\% |
| $\square$ | FR | 74\% | 59\% | 49\% | 65\% | 40\% | 35\% | 36\% |
| - | IT | 46\% | 43\% | 45\% | 32\% | 47\% | 27\% | 28\% |
| E | CY | 53\% | 45\% | 55\% | 48\% | 53\% | 58\% | 24\% |
|  | LV | 58\% | 54\% | 40\% | 42\% | 37\% | 14\% | 34\% |
|  | LT | 57\% | 53\% | 48\% | 33\% | 59\% | 27\% | 31\% |
|  | LU | 79\% | 58\% | 46\% | 69\% | 46\% | 74\% | 33\% |
| $\square$ | HU | 59\% | 53\% | 47\% | 56\% | 54\% | 22\% | 36\% |
| + | MT | 79\% | 51\% | 73\% | 47\% | 59\% | 50\% | 35\% |
|  | NL | 72\% | 59\% | 60\% | 60\% | 48\% | 57\% | 43\% |
|  | AT | 76\% | 66\% | 52\% | 67\% | 37\% | 56\% | 46\% |
|  | PL | 60\% | 54\% | 53\% | 42\% | 52\% | 25\% | 31\% |
| (3) | PT | 62\% | 60\% | 61\% | 57\% | 55\% | 42\% | 39\% |
| $\square$ | RO | 40\% | 44\% | 57\% | 39\% | 60\% | 24\% | 28\% |
| $\square$ | SI | 50\% | 60\% | 29\% | 42\% | 44\% | 32\% | 31\% |
| - 0 | SK | 50\% | 55\% | 49\% | 44\% | 60\% | 35\% | 28\% |
| 4 | FI | 75\% | 68\% | 62\% | 67\% | 45\% | 52\% | 44\% |
|  | SE | 75\% | 54\% | 56\% | 61\% | 43\% | 53\% | 29\% |
| Nix | UK | 75\% | 60\% | 57\% | 49\% | 33\% | 36\% | 27\% |
| highest percentage by country highest percentage by item |  |  |  |  | lowest percentage by country |  |  |  |

### 7.2 Who should take the lead in the fight against poverty?

Despite low trust in their actions, Europeans far more often believe the primary responsibility for reducing or preventing poverty lies with government (53\%) than with citizens (13\%), the EU (9\%), regional or local authorities and NGO or charities (each $7 \%$ ), private companies (3\%) and religious institutions (2\%) ${ }^{45}$.

[^39]

This disparity between the lack of trust towards government and belief in its responsibility for dealing with poverty points to unmet expectations regarding the actions undertaken by national governments. The survey shows that while Europeans deem governments primarily responsible for fighting a problem that requires its urgent action (as it is believed to be widespread) they tend not to trust these actions. This catch- 22 situation may be related to the fact that poverty continues to exist and is not simply eradicated

At national level, the proportion of people who feel their government is primarily responsible ranges from 24\% in France to 85\% in Bulgaria. Hungary (80\%) and Latvia (77\%) are the only other countries where more than three quarters of citizens see the government's role as pivotal. In these two countries, the disparity between trust and expectations is particularly strong: trust is lowest yet citizens most often rely on government to take action or vice-versa.

In several countries, other key actors are held responsible:

- Over a quarter of Dutch respondents feel that fighting poverty is primarily the responsibility of citizens themselves ( $27 \%$ vs. an EU average of $13 \%$ ). Finland is the only other Member State where over one-fifth feels the same ( $22 \%$ ).
- Over a quarter of French respondents believe that fighting poverty is primarily the responsibility of NGOs or charities ( $26 \%$ vs. an EU average of $7 \%$ ). France is the only country where the government (24\%) is not believed to be primarily responsible.
- In Greece, 23\% feel that fighting poverty is primarily the responsibility of the European Union (vs. an EU average of 9\%), while in Luxembourg, 20\% hold this view.

QA20 In your opinion, from the following list, who is primarily responsible for reducing or preventing poverty in (OUR COUNTRY)? (ROTATE)

|  | The (NATIONALITY) Government | Citizens themselves | The European Union | Regional or local authorities | NGOs or charities | Private companies | Religious institutions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { (SPONTANE } \\ & \text { OUS) } \end{aligned}$ | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EU27 | 53\% | 13\% | 9\% | 7\% | 7\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% | 5\% |
|  | 36\% | 18\% | 12\% | 10\% | 13\% | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% |
|  | 85\% | 4\% | 3\% | 3\% | - | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4\% |
| - $C Z$ | 49\% | 19\% | 10\% | 7\% | 7\% | 5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 3\% |
| ㄹ. DK | 64\% | 22\% | 5\% | 5\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| DE | 51\% | 17\% | 6\% | 6\% | 6\% | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% | 5\% |
| EE | 64\% | 19\% | 2\% | 9\% | 1\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4\% |
| - IE | 63\% | 8\% | 13\% | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 6\% |
| E EL | 65\% | 5\% | 23\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| T ES | 67\% | 4\% | 14\% | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% |
|  | 24\% | 20\% | 7\% | 10\% | 26\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| - - IT | 46\% | 7\% | 14\% | 10\% | 8\% | 3\% | 4\% | 0\% | 8\% |
| - CY | 70\% | 10\% | 17\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| - LV | 77\% | 10\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| LT | 73\% | 13\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 3\% |
| LU | 54\% | 10\% | 20\% | 3\% | 6\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6\% |
| HU | 80\% | 5\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| ${ }^{+} \mathrm{MT}$ | 70\% | 12\% | 9\% | 1\% | 3\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4\% |
| NL | 52\% | 27\% | 5\% | 8\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| AT | 38\% | 10\% | 16\% | 11\% | 9\% | 4\% | 5\% | 2\% | 5\% |
| PL | 51\% | 14\% | 8\% | 10\% | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% | 0\% | 8\% |
| (9) PT | 63\% | 5\% | 14\% | 4\% | 3\% | 3\% | 1\% | 0\% | 7\% |
| - Ro | 64\% | 6\% | 13\% | 5\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | 1\% | 7\% |
| $\square \mathrm{SI}$ | 68\% | 11\% | 7\% | 5\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| 明 SK | 56\% | 16\% | 12\% | 4\% | 3\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| FI | 61\% | 22\% | 5\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% | - | 0\% | 2\% |
| - E SE $^{\text {S }}$ | 69\% | 18\% | 5\% | 6\% | - | 1\% | - | 0\% | 1\% |
| (1) UK | 64\% | 18\% | 3\% | 3\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 5\% |
|  | Highest percen <br> Highest perce | e per country |  | owest percent | ger country |  |  |  |  |

### 7.3 The government's role in combating poverty

Before examining what Europeans want governments to do to help people out of poverty is it interesting to briefly reiterate that poverty is regarded as a problem that needs urgent government action. Not only people who struggle to get by think this way but also those who are classified as well-off according to their household income, of whom $85 \%$ feel this way.

At a national level, between $62 \%$ in the Czech Republic and Sweden and $96 \%$ in Greece and Bulgaria feel that poverty requires urgent government action.


### 7.3.1: What should governments do to help people out of poverty?

An examination of what Europeans believe governments should do to help people out of poverty shows that offering opportunities for employment is an absolute priority (61\%) ${ }^{46}$, with ensuring economic growth (42\%), offering training and qualifications (38\%) and helping poor people access decent and affordable housing (37\%) also seeing fairly broad support.


Throughout the EU, people view offering work opportunities to poor people as a priority, with the only countries where other solutions are mentioned more frequently

[^40]being Romania (economic growth - 66\%) and Luxembourg (training and qualifications - 55\%). In Bulgaria and Ireland work opportunities and economic growth are considered equally important, while in France offering work opportunities is considered just as much a priority as giving access to decent and affordable housing is.

QA22 In your opinion, from the following, which are the areas the (NATIONALITY) Government should prioritise to help people out of poverty? (ROTATE - MAX. 4 ANSWERS)

|  | Offering work opportunities | Ensuring economic growth in order to improve overall living standards | Offering training and qualification | Helping poor people access decent and affordable housing | Sufficiently and regularly increasing social benefits/ pensions | I mproving access to social services (long-term care, childcare services, healthcare, etc.) | Regenerating poor areas | Advising people on how to avoid becoming overindebted | I mproving access to good and affordable day-care centres/ pre-school education (0-3 years) | Fighting all types of discriminat ion | Helping poor people get access to banking and financial services | Other (SPONTANEOUS) | There are no effective ways of helping people out of poverty (SPONTANEOUS) | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EU27 | 61\% | 42\% | 38\% | 37\% | 32\% | 27\% | 25\% | 24\% | 18\% | 18\% | 9\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| BE | 53\% | 32\% | 41\% | 47\% | 32\% | 27\% | 23\% | 43\% | 12\% | 21\% | 11\% | 1\% | 1\% | 0\% |
| BG | 76\% | 76\% | 28\% | 22\% | 51\% | 37\% | 30\% | 8\% | 15\% | 9\% | 7\% | 0\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| cz | 70\% | 54\% | 34\% | 41\% | 34\% | 31\% | 30\% | 26\% | 11\% | 14\% | 5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| DK | 52\% | 44\% | 52\% | 48\% | 31\% | 28\% | 24\% | 32\% | 20\% | 16\% | 8\% | 0\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| DE | 60\% | 35\% | 48\% | 35\% | 34\% | 37\% | 23\% | 24\% | 30\% | 19\% | 10\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| EE | 72\% | 44\% | 54\% | 27\% | 32\% | 26\% | 16\% | 36\% | 16\% | 11\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| IE | 52\% | 52\% | 51\% | 34\% | 30\% | 22\% | 30\% | 22\% | 18\% | 16\% | 10\% | 1\% | 0\% | 3\% |
| EL | 78\% | 66\% | 23\% | 32\% | 56\% | 35\% | 29\% | 14\% | 12\% | 17\% | 9\% | 0\% | - | - |
| ES | 73\% | 48\% | 27\% | 31\% | 28\% | 13\% | 24\% | 9\% | 15\% | 16\% | 6\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| FR | 53\% | 38\% | 46\% | 53\% | 22\% | 26\% | 26\% | 46\% | 12\% | 23\% | 14\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| $1 T$ | 60\% | 42\% | 28\% | 37\% | 41\% | 26\% | 17\% | 13\% | 18\% | 19\% | 10\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| CY | 77\% | 51\% | 26\% | 49\% | 53\% | 36\% | 28\% | 12\% | 19\% | 21\% | 8\% | 1\% | - | - |
| LV | 74\% | 58\% | 27\% | 14\% | 40\% | 35\% | 19\% | 14\% | 11\% | 7\% | 5\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| LT | 75\% | 63\% | 40\% | 20\% | 31\% | 28\% | 15\% | 19\% | 10\% | 11\% | 7\% | 1\% | - | 1\% |
| LU | 53\% | 35\% | 55\% | 46\% | 35\% | 23\% | 9\% | 43\% | 25\% | 17\% | 8\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| HU | 83\% | 60\% | 36\% | 29\% | 35\% | 24\% | 17\% | 23\% | 11\% | 14\% | 7\% | 1\% | 1\% | 0\% |
| MT | 56\% | 50\% | 27\% | 32\% | 51\% | 29\% | 12\% | 22\% | 14\% | 19\% | 12\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| NL | 62\% | 29\% | 42\% | 36\% | 24\% | 37\% | 22\% | 61\% | 17\% | 13\% | 11\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| AT | 68\% | 35\% | 30\% | 44\% | 46\% | 35\% | 16\% | 34\% | 18\% | 25\% | 11\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| PL | 61\% | 37\% | 30\% | 25\% | 40\% | 31\% | 13\% | 17\% | 15\% | 12\% | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% |
| PT | 64\% | 36\% | 28\% | 32\% | 31\% | 28\% | 25\% | 13\% | 19\% | 16\% | 6\% | 1\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| RO | 58\% | 66\% | 29\% | 32\% | 43\% | 19\% | 33\% | 8\% | 14\% | 15\% | 11\% | 0\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| SI | 69\% | 53\% | 30\% | 27\% | 35\% | 26\% | 16\% | 26\% | 17\% | 14\% | 10\% | 2\% | 1\% | 0\% |
| SK | 72\% | 49\% | 32\% | 36\% | 31\% | 25\% | 33\% | 19\% | 12\% | 22\% | 5\% | 1\% | - | 0\% |
| FI | 69\% | 37\% | 38\% | 27\% | 31\% | 35\% | 40\% | 27\% | 11\% | 23\% | 8\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| SE | 65\% | 47\% | 59\% | 34\% | 21\% | 31\% | 28\% | 24\% | 7\% | 33\% | 5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| UK | 49\% | 32\% | 49\% | 45\% | 14\% | 24\% | 43\% | 26\% | 19\% | 19\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| highest percentage by country $\begin{aligned} & \text { highest percentage by item }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | lowest percentage by country <br> lowest percentage by item |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 7.3.2: What about government spending?

Most Europeans (63\%) find that their government is not spending enough to help people out of poverty ${ }^{47}$. Around a quarter ( $23 \%$ ) are satisfied with the current spending level and only four percent feel that too much is being spent.

QA24. Do you think that (OUR COUNTRY) is spending ... to help people out of poverty?



EU27

The feeling is held by at least half of respondents in each Member State but is particularly pronounced in Greece (87\%). This is least the case in Cyprus (50\% of whose respondents think that their government isn't spending enough) where 10\% feels that too much is being spent, while Luxembourg has the highest proportion ( $48 \%$ ) who feel that about the right amount is being spent.

[^41]

59\% of managers to $73 \%$ of unemployed Europeans also think that national governments spend too little. Respondents who have difficulty making ends meet ( $78 \%$ ) or who difficulty paying bills on time ( $76 \%$ ) most frequently find that their government is not spending enough on helping people out of poverty.

The majority view among Europeans (63\%) is equally that governments are not spending very much or nothing at all to help the homeless. Furthermore, $56 \%$ hold the same view regarding the amount of money spent by local or regional authorities to help homeless people ${ }^{48}$.


However, views differ widely at national level. Respondents from Luxembourg (55\%) and the Netherlands (42\%) are most satisfied with the present level of government spending, whereas $41 \%$ of Greek respondents say that their government spends nothing at all and in total nearly nine out of ten ( $88 \%$ ) are not happy with the level of spending. This lack of satisfaction is evident in many other countries, and in some, many answered "don’t know" (Portugal - 24\%; Slovenia - 21\%; Ireland and Lithuania - 20\%).

[^42]

Respondents from Luxembourg (49\%), Denmark (45\%) and the Netherlands (44\%) are the most content with the spending levels of local or regional authorities. Just as with government spending, Greek respondents are most critical with four in ten saying that they spend nothing at all and a further $46 \%$ saying that not very much is spent. The next highest levels of dissatisfaction are found in Romania (73\%), Bulgaria (72\%) and Lithuania (66\%).


### 7.4 The role of the European Union

Even if Europeans do not regard the EU as primarily responsible for combating poverty, its role is nonetheless seen as important by many ( $28 \%$ see it as 'very important', and $46 \%$ 'somewhat important') ${ }^{49}$.

QA21. Overall, how important would you say is the role of the European Union in the fight against poverty?


EU27

The view that the EU plays an important role in fighting poverty is widespread throughout Europe, with highest consensus levels recorded in Malta (93\%) and Slovakia (91\%) .

[^43]

The perceived importance of the European Union is remarkably uniform among the different socio-demographic groups. Neither does people's personal economic situation appear to have much influence on its perceived role in the fight against poverty.

QA21 Overall, how important would you say is the role of the European Union in the fight against poverty?

|  |  | I mportant | Not important | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 74\% | 20\% | 6\% |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
|  | Male | 74\% | 21\% | 5\% |
|  | Female | 74\% | 18\% | 8\% |
| Age |  |  |  |  |
| \%or | 15-24 | 79\% | 15\% | 6\% |
|  | 25-39 | 78\% | 17\% | 5\% |
|  | 40-54 | 74\% | 21\% | 5\% |
|  | $55+$ | 69\% | 22\% | 9\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15- | 72\% | 19\% | 9\% |
|  | 16-19 | 74\% | 20\% | 6\% |
|  | 20+ | 74\% | 22\% | 4\% |
|  | Still studying | 80\% | 15\% | 5\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |
|  | Self- employed | 73\% | 24\% | 3\% |
|  | Managers | 78\% | 18\% | 4\% |
| 1 | Other white collars | 76\% | 20\% | 4\% |
|  | Manual workers | 78\% | 17\% | 5\% |
|  | House persons | 72\% | 18\% | 10\% |
|  | Unemployed | 78\% | 16\% | 6\% |
|  | Retired | 68\% | 22\% | 10\% |
|  | Students | 80\% | 15\% | 5\% |

### 7.5 What do people do to help the poor?

The most common 'good deed' that Europeans say they do to help the poor is to give away clothes $(57 \%)^{50}$ while they also often donate money to charities or associations which help poor people (36\%) and either give them some money (30\%) or food ( $28 \%$ ). A small proportion - nine percent - never help poor people.

QA34 Do you ever help poor people by doing any of the following? (ROTATE MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE) - EU


[^44]Giving away clothes to poor people is common practice in nearly all Member States, but most common in Luxembourg (76\%), Germany (73\%) and France (71\%). It is least common in the Czech Republic (31\%); respondents here appear somewhat reluctant to provide help to poor people with a third (34\%) indicating that they never do so. Lithuania is the only other country where over one-fifth (21\%) never helps poor people.

Donating money to charities is particularly widespread in Malta (78\%), whereas this is hardly the case in Romania (11\%), Bulgaria (13\%) and Lithuania (15\%).

QA34 Do you ever help poor people by doing any of the following? (ROTATE - MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

|  | Giving poor people clothes | Donating money to <br> charities or associations which help poor people | Giving poor people some money | Giving poor people food | Buying papers or other items sold by homeless people | Working as a volunteer in charities or associations which help poor people | No, never helps poor | Helping poor people find and access shelters or other appropriate services/ institutions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other types of } \\ & \text { help } \\ & \text { (SPONTANEOUS) } \end{aligned}$ | You are not concerned/ there are no homeless in the area where you live (SPONTANEOUS) | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E": EU27 | 57\% | 36\% | 30\% | 28\% | 15\% | 10\% | 9\% | 6\% | 3\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| - ${ }_{\text {- }}^{\text {- }}$ | 68\% | 37\% | 28\% | 31\% | 14\% | 12\% | 6\% | 8\% | 3\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| - BG | 46\% | 13\% | 27\% | 35\% | 5\% | 1\% | 19\% | 2\% | 4\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| - CZ | 31\% | 30\% | 8\% | 4\% | 16\% | 2\% | 34\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| 틀 DK | 66\% | 62\% | 26\% | 5\% | 33\% | 10\% | 9\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% | 0\% |
| ${ }_{\text {DE }}$ | 73\% | 43\% | 32\% | 27\% | 20\% | 13\% | 5\% | 8\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| ${ }^{\text {EE }}$ | 48\% | 22\% | 33\% | 30\% | 4\% | 7\% | 14\% | 4\% | 2\% | 5\% | 5\% |
| - - IE | 41\% | 66\% | 29\% | 12\% | 15\% | 11\% | 5\% | 4\% | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% |
| EL | 46\% | 12\% | 52\% | 17\% | 14\% | 2\% | 12\% | 2\% | 4\% | 1\% | 0\% |
| TES | 57\% | 28\% | 42\% | 41\% | 10\% | 10\% | 7\% | 6\% | 3\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| - ${ }_{\text {- }}$ | 71\% | 33\% | 32\% | 39\% | 10\% | 15\% | 9\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| - - IT | 51\% | 31\% | 28\% | 29\% | 11\% | 15\% | 6\% | 9\% | 5\% | 5\% | 4\% |
| E CY | 57\% | 61\% | 37\% | 21\% | 14\% | 10\% | 5\% | 7\% | 3\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| ELV | 43\% | 23\% | 41\% | 31\% | 4\% | 2\% | 13\% | 3\% | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| LT | 36\% | 15\% | 41\% | 37\% | 3\% | 2\% | 21\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| $\underline{\text { EU }}$ | 76\% | 64\% | 36\% | 29\% | 18\% | 20\% | 2\% | 8\% | - | 0\% | 1\% |
| [ HU | 50\% | 23\% | 32\% | 22\% | 19\% | 8\% | 13\% | 4\% | 2\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| $\square$ MT | 43\% | 78\% | 50\% | 17\% | 16\% | 14\% | 5\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| NL | 62\% | 53\% | 24\% | 11\% | 36\% | 12\% | 10\% | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| ${ }_{\text {AT }}$ | 59\% | 44\% | 33\% | 21\% | 31\% | 12\% | 9\% | 8\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| $\square \mathrm{PL}$ | 43\% | 25\% | 23\% | 34\% | 5\% | 5\% | 13\% | 2\% | 4\% | 5\% | 5\% |
| Q PT | 44\% | 18\% | 31\% | 41\% | 5\% | 7\% | 8\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% | 7\% |
| - Ro | 41\% | 11\% | 32\% | 47\% | 8\% | 5\% | 9\% | 6\% | 4\% | 9\% | 5\% |
| 5 SI | 43\% | 25\% | 39\% | 22\% | 13\% | 6\% | 10\% | 5\% | 9\% | 7\% | 1\% |
|  | 45\% | 27\% | 22\% | 17\% | 30\% | 6\% | 19\% | 4\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| + Fl | 64\% | 63\% | 22\% | 7\% | 8\% | 13\% | 5\% | 3\% | 3\% | 2\% | 0\% |
| 블 SE | 68\% | 68\% | 26\% | 6\% | 38\% | 7\% | 5\% | 3\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% |
|  | 54\% | 58\% | 22\% | 11\% | 22\% | 11\% | 8\% | 3\% | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| highest percentage by country highest percentage by item |  |  |  |  | lowest percentage by country |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 8. ACCESS TO SOCI AL SERVI CES

The final chapter of this report examines the views of Europeans regarding access to social services, with a particular focus on long-term care and childcare.

### 8.1 Quality and affordability

The survey shows that Europeans have mixed opinions about the quality of social services. They are mostly satisfied with the quality of childcare, rated as good by $54 \%$. Close to half are satisfied with the quality of social assistance services (48\%) and longterm care services (44\%) but 33\% are not happy. Public opinion is divided with regards to the quality of social housing services but respondents are most critical about the quality of employment services, which $42 \%$ rate as bad against the $35 \%$ who say it is good ${ }^{51}$.


Greek respondents are most critical of the quality of their social services: around seven in ten believe the quality of service, except for childcare ( $42 \%$ ), is bad. The other four countries in the top five for the highest proportion of "bad" responses are:

- Slovakia: Close to six out of ten Slovakians (59\%) believe the quality of social housing is bad and nearly as many feel this way about both social assistance

[^45]services (57\%) and employment services (55\%). Close to half (48\%) consider the quality of long-term care services as bad.

- Romania: Over half of Romanians voice criticism about the quality of social housing (55\%), social assistance (52\%) and public employment (51\%) services.
- Bulgaria: Around half think the quality of their country's social assistance (55\%), long-term care (52\%) and public employment (50\%) services is bad.
- Italy: In Italy this also applies to two of the services, namely social housing services (55\%) and public employment services (50\%).

Furthermore, many respondents are of the opinion that social services are expensive, perhaps explaining why (as discussed in chapter 4) poverty is seen to limit access to these services ${ }^{52}$.


With Europe's ageing population, long-term care services are a particular source of concern, with $45 \%$ considering them not affordable. Around a third (35\%) also feels that childcare is too expensive, while $34 \%$ feel the same about social housing services.

Greek, Slovakian, Romanian and Italian respondents are not only among the most critical about the quality of social services; they also voice most concern about its affordability:

[^46]- Greece: Greece is among the top five countries for respondents stating their inability to afford all of the social services examined. It also tops the list for long-term care services (71\% in Greece vs. an EU average of 45\%) and childcare services (58\% vs. 35\% EU average).
- Romania: Romanians far more often than others feel that social housing services ( $56 \%$ vs. and an EU average of $34 \%$ ), public employment services (52\% vs. $25 \%$ ) and social assistance services (50\% vs. 27\%) are not affordable.
- Slovakia: Close to two out of three Slovakians (65\%) believe social housing is not affordable; 53\% feel the same about social assistance services and 46\% hold this opinion about public employment services.
- Latvia: For three of the services included in the survey - social assistance (48\%), childcare (46\%) and public employment (44\%) - Latvians rank in the top five countries for the number of people who feel they are not affordable to them.
- Italy: In Italy this applies to three of the services as well, namely social housing (57\%), public employment (42\%) and social assistance (41\%).


### 8.2 Long-term care

### 8.2.1: Perceived quality of long-term care

There are very large differences in the perceived quality of long-term care services ${ }^{53}$, with positive assessments ranging from as low as $10 \%$ in Bulgaria to $82 \%$ in Belgium.


The large differences in the proportion of positive assessments are partially due to high levels of "don't know" responses in certain countries, which range from six percent in Belgium to $45 \%$ in Latvia. However, the view that the quality of long-term services is

[^47]bad dominates public opinion in eleven Member States and particularly so in Greece (73\%).

The quality assessments made by the different socio-demographic groups shows less variation.

> QA46.1 Thinking now about the quality of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad?
> - Long term care services

|  |  | Good | Bad | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 44\% | 33\% | 23\% |
|  | Sex |  |  |  |
| IT융 | Male | 44\% | 32\% | 24\% |
|  | Female | 42\% | 35\% | 23\% |
|  | Age |  |  |  |
|  | 15-24 | 43\% | 28\% | 29\% |
|  | 25-39 | 41\% | 35\% | 24\% |
|  | 40-54 | 42\% | 37\% | 21\% |
|  | $55+$ | 46\% | 32\% | 22\% |
|  | Education (End of) |  |  |  |
|  | 15- | 43\% | 31\% | 26\% |
|  | 16-19 | 41\% | 36\% | 23\% |
|  | 20+ | 47\% | 33\% | 20\% |
|  | Still studying | 41\% | 29\% | 30\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |
| 县 | Self- employed | 39\% | 38\% | 23\% |
|  | Managers | 45\% | 36\% | 19\% |
|  | Other white collars | 42\% | 40\% | 18\% |
|  | Manual workers | 45\% | 33\% | 22\% |
|  | House persons | 41\% | 31\% | 28\% |
|  | Unemployed | 39\% | 31\% | 30\% |
|  | Retired | 46\% | 32\% | 22\% |
|  | Students | 41\% | 29\% | 30\% |

### 8.2.2: Perceived affordability of long-term care

The opinion that long-term care services are affordable ranges from just eight percent in Bulgaria to 53\% in Luxembourg ${ }^{54}$.

[^48]

However, in the majority of countries the most prevalent opinion is that long-term care is not affordable. In twelve countries an outright majority hold this view (most common in Greece - 71\%) and in ten more countries this is the case for a relative majority. Only in the Benelux countries and in Denmark and Sweden is long-term care considered affordable. "Don't know" responses range from five percent in Slovakia to 42\% in Bulgaria.

Variations between socio-demographic groups are especially notable regarding the extent to which long-term care is considered expensive, with opinions ranging from $37 \%$ among students to 50\% among managers.

## QA47.1 And thinking now about the affordability of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they are ...? Long term care services

|  |  | Affordable | Not affordable | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 29\% | 45\% | 22\% |
|  | Sex |  |  |  |
|  | Male | 30\% | 44\% | 22\% |
|  | Female | 27\% | 46\% | 23\% |
| Age |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15-24 | 30\% | 38\% | 29\% |
|  | 25-39 | 27\% | 46\% | 23\% |
|  | 40-54 | 28\% | 49\% | 19\% |
|  | $55+$ | 29\% | 46\% | 21\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15- | 26\% | 47\% | 23\% |
|  | 16-19 | 27\% | 48\% | 21\% |
|  | 20+ | 33\% | 44\% | 19\% |
|  | Still studying | 29\% | 37\% | 31\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |
|  | Self- employed | 27\% | 46\% | 24\% |
|  | Managers | 29\% | 50\% | 18\% |
| V | Other white collars | 32\% | 47\% | 18\% |
|  | Manual workers | 29\% | 45\% | 21\% |
|  | House persons | 25\% | 47\% | 23\% |
|  | Unemployed | 24\% | 45\% | 26\% |
|  | Retired | 29\% | 45\% | 22\% |
|  | Students | 29\% | 37\% | 31\% |

### 8.2.3: Who should provide long-term care?

Outside of the family circle, Europeans feel that the responsibility for providing longterm care clearly lies with the public sector, either at national (45\%) or regional or local level (41\%) $)^{55}$.

[^49]QA56.1. When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing ... outside your family circle?


The publicsector at
national level

The public sector at
regional or local level

The private sector - (private firms)

- DK

In all Member States the primary responsibility is seen to lie with the public sector, although opinion is divided as to whether this should be at a regional/local or national level. There are eleven countries where a majority view that responsibility should lie at the regional/local level, with respondents from Denmark (74\%), Sweden (69\%) and Finland (64\%) most enthusiastic, while in thirteen countries a majority fee that responsibility should lie at national level, led by Malta (87\%), Cyprus (76\%) and Greece (75\%). In Latvia, Hungary and Austria, there is an even split between those who feel that responsibility lies with either national or local levels of the public sector. There are no countries where NGOs and charities or the private sector are seen as being primarily responsible for providing long-term care. However, in Austria a sizeable minority (18\%) feel that NGOs or charities should be responsible.

QA56.1 When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing ... outside your family circle?

Long-term care services

|  |  | The public sector at regional or local level | The public sector at national level | NGOs, charities | The private sector (private firms) | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ? | EU27 | 45\% | 41\% | 4\% | 3\% | 7\% |
|  | BE | 41\% | 51\% | 1\% | 4\% | 3\% |
|  | BG | 29\% | 62\% | 2\% | 0\% | 7\% |
|  | CZ | 50\% | 35\% | 8\% | 4\% | 3\% |
|  | DK | 74\% | 20\% | 0\% | 3\% | 3\% |
|  | DE | 44\% | 35\% | 10\% | 7\% | 4\% |
|  | EE | 60\% | 30\% | 2\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| $\square$ | IE | 34\% | 38\% | 0\% | 4\% | 24\% |
| \% | EL | 24\% | 75\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| 프즈N | ES | 38\% | 52\% | 1\% | 2\% | 7\% |
| $\square$ | FR | 39\% | 51\% | 2\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| $\square$ | IT | 52\% | 36\% | 2\% | 3\% | 7\% |
| \% | CY | 18\% | 76\% | 2\% | 2\% | 2\% |
|  | LV | 43\% | 43\% | 2\% | 3\% | 9\% |
|  | LT | 43\% | 36\% | 4\% | 2\% | 15\% |
|  | LU | 20\% | 65\% | 4\% | 3\% | 8\% |
|  | HU | 44\% | 44\% | 6\% | 2\% | 4\% |
| + | MT | 7\% | 87\% | 1\% | 3\% | 2\% |
|  | NL | 38\% | 52\% | 1\% | 5\% | 4\% |
|  | AT | 38\% | 39\% | 18\% | 2\% | 3\% |
|  | PL | 55\% | 28\% | 6\% | 2\% | 9\% |
| 3 | PT | 29\% | 63\% | 0\% | 2\% | 6\% |
|  | RO | 31\% | 43\% | 3\% | 4\% | 19\% |
| $\stackrel{\square}{8}$ | SI | 52\% | 39\% | 2\% | 3\% | 4\% |
| - 0 | SK | 43\% | 45\% | 5\% | 5\% | 2\% |
|  | FI | 64\% | 30\% | 1\% | 3\% | 2\% |
|  | SE | 69\% | 27\% | 0\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| Nay | UK | 52\% | 35\% | 1\% | 2\% | 10\% |
| Highest percentage per country Highest percentage per item |  |  |  |  | Lowest percentage per country |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Lowest percent | per item |

### 8.2.4: Use of long-term care services

The reported use of long-term care services is low, even among the elderly. The survey measures whether the respondents or people they are close to are using it or have used it in the last 12 months, with one in ten replying that this was currently the case ( $6 \%$ ) or that it has been ( $4 \%$ ) in the last 12 months ${ }^{56}$.


Long-term care services are sparsely used throughout the EU, with the exception of the Netherlands, where $28 \%$ are (or have someone close to them who is) using it and $15 \%$ have (or know someone close to them who has) used it in the last 12 months.

[^50]- 134 -

While Dutch respondents more often believe long-term care services are of good quality ( $60 \%$ vs. an EU average of $44 \%$ ) and affordable ( $45 \%$ vs. $29 \%$ ) there are other countries where the use of the service is far less frequent, who give a more positive assessment, and it therefore does not seem plausible that quality and affordability alone explain the high use in the Netherlands. Neither is it the case that Dutch respondents are more willing to pay for the care of their parents ${ }^{57}$, with Dutch respondents on average willing to spend eight percent of their income, compared to the EU average of $18 \%{ }^{58}$.

The proportion of Europeans who have neither used long-term care themselves, nor have people close to them who have, is above $80 \%$ for all social categories.

### 8.2.5: Best options for the care of elderly parents

Europeans are mostly inclined to find that the best care solution for an elderly parent living alone and in need of regular help would be that (one of) their offspring pays regular visits to the parents' house (56\%). However, the view that public or private service providers should visit the home (53\%) is nearly as popular ${ }^{59}$. Around two in five believe the parent could move in with a child (43\%) while around a third thinks that moving to a nursing home would be an option (32\%).

These results are mostly similar to the 2007 findings with the exception that Europeans now more often view moving to a nursing home as a viable option (+6 points).

[^51]QA48T Imagine an elderly father or mother who lives alone and can no longer manage to live without regular help because of her or his physical or mental health condition? In your opinion, what would be the best option for people in this situation? Firstly ?

And secondly? - EU


Public opinion at national level reflects cultural differences in traditional kinship relationships in Europe. Consequently, in several Southern and Eastern European countries the idea that parents that need care should live with their children is far more popular than in many of the Northern European countries, where the idea that public or private service providers should be hired is particularly popular.

QA48T I magine an elderly father or mother who lives alone and can no longer manage to live without regular help because of her or his physical or mental health condition? In your opinion, what would be the best option for people in this situation? Firstly? And secondly?

|  |  | One of their children should regularly visit their home, in order to provide them with the necessary care | Public or private service providers should visit their home and provide them with appropriate help and care | They should live with one of their children | They should move to a nursing home or sheltered housing | Other (SPONTANEOUS) | It depends (SPONTANEOUS) | None (SPONTANEOUS) | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 56\% | 53\% | 43\% | 32\% | 1\% | 6\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| $\square \square$ | BE | 53\% | 62\% | 26\% | 44\% | 1\% | 7\% | 2\% | 0\% |
|  | BG | 68\% | 38\% | 62\% | 26\% | - | 2\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| $\square$ | CZ | 67\% | 38\% | 57\% | 37\% | 0\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| 븝 | DK | 28\% | 85\% | 8\% | 73\% | 0\% | 3\% | 1\% | 0\% |
|  | DE | 59\% | 53\% | 41\% | 32\% | 1\% | 8\% | 1\% | 1\% |
|  | EE | 66\% | 34\% | 51\% | 19\% | 1\% | 12\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| - | IE | 53\% | 48\% | 35\% | 22\% | 1\% | 13\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| \# | EL | 81\% | 55\% | 47\% | 11\% | 0\% | 2\% | 2\% | - |
| 3 | ES | 47\% | 35\% | 64\% | 34\% | 1\% | 7\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| - | FR | 46\% | 70\% | 28\% | 43\% | 0\% | 3\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| - | IT | 53\% | 58\% | 44\% | 25\% | 1\% | 9\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| , | CY | 71\% | 68\% | 35\% | 21\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
|  | LV | 63\% | 34\% | 60\% | 20\% | 1\% | 13\% | 1\% | 1\% |
|  | LT | 70\% | 26\% | 68\% | 24\% | 1\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% |
|  | LU | 46\% | 57\% | 36\% | 47\% | 1\% | 3\% | 0\% | 1\% |
|  | HU | 72\% | 33\% | 57\% | 27\% | 0\% | 4\% | 3\% | 0\% |
|  | MT | 42\% | 50\% | 38\% | 54\% | 1\% | 7\% | 1\% | 0\% |
|  | NL | 51\% | 82\% | 9\% | 47\% | 1\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% |
|  | AT | 56\% | 59\% | 33\% | 34\% | 1\% | 9\% | 1\% | 1\% |
|  | PL | 73\% | 26\% | 68\% | 15\% | 0\% | 6\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| (0) | PT | 49\% | 54\% | 55\% | 29\% | 0\% | 4\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| - | Ro | 58\% | 36\% | 68\% | 23\% | 1\% | 3\% | 0\% | 3\% |
| 5 | SI | 36\% | 47\% | 42\% | 60\% | 3\% | 5\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| n00 | SK | 68\% | 42\% | 59\% | 31\% | 0\% | 1\% | 0\% | - |
| $+$ | FI | 50\% | 78\% | 12\% | 50\% | 1\% | 5\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| 븝 | SE | 27\% | 87\% | 8\% | 71\% | 1\% | 3\% | 1\% | 0\% |
| N1090 | UK | 60\% | 60\% | 31\% | 27\% | 0\% | 9\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| Highest percentage per country |  |  |  |  |  | Lowest percentage per country |  |  |  |
|  |  | Highest percentage per item |  |  |  | Lowest percentage per item |  |  |  |

### 8.3 Childcare

### 8.3.1: Perceived quality of childcare

Quality ratings also differ widely between nations with regards to childcare, although differences are slightly less extreme than for long-term care ${ }^{60}$. Positive assessments range from $30 \%$ in Bulgaria and Romania to over $80 \%$ in Scandinavia.


In most countries a majority feel that the quality of childcare services is good, with an outright majority in sixteen countries and a relative majority in a further nine countries

[^52]holding that opinion. Negative assessments are highest in Greece (42\%), Romania, and Italy (each 38\%) while "don't know" responses dominate in Bulgaria (40\%).

In terms of socio-demographic groupings, positive assessments range from 48\% of Europeans who completed their full-time education aged 15 or younger to $62 \%$ of managers.

QA46.2 Thinking now about the quality of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad?

- Childcare services

|  |  | Good | Bad | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EU27 | 54\% | 24\% | 22\% |
| Sex |  |  |  |  |
|  | Male | 54\% | 23\% | 23\% |
|  | Female | 55\% | 24\% | 21\% |
| Age |  |  |  |  |
| cot | 15-24 | 57\% | 20\% | 23\% |
|  | 25-39 | 56\% | 26\% | 18\% |
| ] | 40-54 | 56\% | 26\% | 18\% |
|  | $55+$ | 51\% | 21\% | 28\% |
| Education (End of) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15- | 48\% | 23\% | 29\% |
|  | 16-19 | 55\% | 25\% | 20\% |
|  | 20+ | 59\% | 24\% | 17\% |
|  | Still studying | 57\% | 19\% | 24\% |
| Respondent occupation scale |  |  |  |  |
|  | Self- employed | 51\% | 28\% | 21\% |
|  | Managers | 62\% | 25\% | 13\% |
| IV | Other white collars | 57\% | 29\% | 14\% |
|  | Manual workers | 57\% | 24\% | 19\% |
|  | House persons | 53\% | 25\% | 22\% |
|  | Unemployed | 51\% | 24\% | 25\% |
|  | Retired | 50\% | 21\% | 29\% |
|  | Students | 57\% | 19\% | 24\% |

### 8.3.2: Perceived affordability of childcare

The opinion that childcare services are affordable ranges from $15 \%$ in Ireland to $78 \%$ in Slovakia ${ }^{61}$.


Even if in most countries the most popular view is that childcare is affordable, opinion is different in Greece (58\% consider it expensive) Slovenia and Ireland (each 50\%), while "don't know" responses range from two percent in Slovakia to 49\% in Bulgaria.

[^53]From a socio-demographic perspective, opinion on the expensiveness of childcare ranges from $28 \%$ of students and retired people - who as unlikely users more often lack an opinion - to $40 \%$ of white collar workers.

QA47.2 And thinking now about the affordability of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they are ...? - Childcare services

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Affordable | Not affordable | DK

### 8.3.3: Who should provide childcare?

According to over half of Europeans (55\%) the responsibility for providing childcare should - outside of their family - lie with the public sector at regional or local level. A third feels that it is the responsibility of the national public sector ${ }^{62}$.

[^54]QA56.2. When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing ... outside your family circle?

The public
sector at
national level



The private sector (private firms)

NGOs, charities DK

A preference for responsibility to rest at regional/local level exists in nineteen Member States and is strongest in the Scandinavian countries, while that view is least popular in Malta, where 78\% feel childcare is the responsibility of the national public sector, with seven other countries also having a majority that think the same way. The same disparity in opinion between Northern and Southern countries was noted regarding long-term care services. There is an almost equal split between those who feel that responsibility rests with national (37\%) or regional/local (38\%) public sector in Romania, and it should be noted that a sizeable minority of Dutch respondents (17\%) say that the private sector should be responsible for childcare.

QA56.2 When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing ... outside your family circle?

Childcare services

|  | The public sector at regional or local level | The public sector at national level | The private sector (private firms) | NGOs, charities | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| : EU27 | 55\% | 33\% | 4\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| - BE | 54\% | 30\% | 12\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| BG | 44\% | 48\% | 1\% | - | 7\% |
| CZ | 59\% | 34\% | 3\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| - DK | 81\% | 13\% | 3\% | - | 3\% |
| DE | 63\% | 27\% | 4\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| EE | 63\% | 27\% | 1\% | 1\% | 8\% |
| IE | 38\% | 29\% | 8\% | 1\% | 24\% |
| \# EL | 41\% | 56\% | 2\% | - | 1\% |
| ES | 43\% | 49\% | 2\% | 1\% | 5\% |
| $\square \mathrm{FR}$ | 62\% | 26\% | 5\% | 1\% | 6\% |
| IT | 58\% | 31\% | 3\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| - CY | 26\% | 70\% | 1\% | - | 3\% |
| LV | 49\% | 41\% | 2\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| LT | 49\% | 32\% | 4\% | 3\% | 12\% |
| LU | 41\% | 46\% | 4\% | 2\% | 7\% |
| HU | 44\% | 50\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| + $\square$ MT | 14\% | 78\% | 2\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| NL | 46\% | 31\% | 17\% | - | 6\% |
| AT | 56\% | 35\% | 2\% | 4\% | 3\% |
| PL | 63\% | 25\% | 2\% | 2\% | 8\% |
| (1) PT | 36\% | 55\% | 2\% | - | 7\% |
| RO | 38\% | 37\% | 6\% | 3\% | 16\% |
| SI | 56\% | 37\% | 3\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| m- SK | 48\% | 44\% | 5\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| - FI | 76\% | 19\% | 3\% | - | 2\% |
| 탵NE | 76\% | 19\% | 2\% | - | 3\% |
| Nuci UK | 53\% | 31\% | 4\% | 1\% | 11\% |
| Highest percentage per country Highest percentage per item |  |  |  | Lowest percentage per country |  |
|  |  |  |  | Lowest per | per item |

### 8.3.4: Use of childcare

The reported use of childcare is also very low, with $86 \%$ saying that they have not used it in the last 12 months, nor do they have anyone close to them to whom this would apply ${ }^{63}$.


[^55]The Netherlands stands out again, with far higher reported use than in any other country: $28 \%$ are (or have someone close to them who is) using childcare services and $11 \%$ have (or know someone close to them who has) used it in the last 12 months. However, quality and affordability alone again do not explain this higher use, nor are Dutch respondents more willing than the average European to pay for the care of their children ${ }^{64}$.

The only socio-demographic groups where more than ten percent report current use of childcare services are those aged 25 to 39 (14\%), managers (13\%), those who left full-time education aged 20 or over (12\%) and employees (11\%).

### 8.3.5: Attitudes to childcare

The survey shows that Europeans place great importance in the right of a pre-school education, with $38 \%$ believing that having access to pre-school education is absolutely necessary and a further $30 \%$ feeling it necessary. For $24 \%$ it is desirable though not necessary and only five percent consider it not at all necessary ${ }^{65}$.

[^56]QA51. Do you think that having access to pre-school education before primary school is ...?


EU27

However, not all Europeans think alike on this issue. Cypriots place most importance on access (88\%), followed by Romanians and Greeks (each 62\%). Conversely, very few Dutch respondents feel it absolutely necessary (11\%) or necessary (16\%) and $29 \%$ consider it not at all necessary. Denmark is another country where most respondents place little importance on pre-school education (63\% "desirable but not necessary" or "not at all necessary").

QA51. Do you think that having access to pre-school education before primary school is ...?


The only noteworthy observation among the different socio-demographic groups examined is that those aged 25 to 39 - the age group most likely to have young children - most see access to pre-school education as absolutely necessary (42\%). However, even a higher proportion of those who have difficulty making ends meet or paying bills on time consider pre-school absolutely necessary (each 44\%).

If on the basis of total figures the most popular childcare option for very young children (up to the age of three) is to send them to day-care centres or pre-schools ( $44 \%$ ), there is also a strong preference for parents themselves to look after them: $39 \%$ of Europeans say both parents should care for the child and $33 \%$ say care should be given predominantly by the mother (only seven percent feel it should be given
predominantly by the father). Furthermore, $23 \%$ think that childcare by grandparents or other relatives is the best way of organising childcare for the youngest children, while the use of child-minders or au-pairs, either in-house (12\%) or in private homes $(16 \%)^{66}$ is less popular.

## QA49 Childcare for children aged 0-3 can be organised in different ways, by combining several options or by relying on only one option. In your opinion, what is the best way of organising childcare for children aged 0-3? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE) - EU



Day-care centres or pre-school are most popular in Denmark (71\%) and Sweden (69\%) yet hardly recognised as a way of organising childcare in Lithuania (12\%) and Estonia (16\%). The preference for having both parents involved ranges from 22\% in France to $74 \%$ in Malta, while the view that only the mother should do this is particularly popular in a number of Eastern European countries - the Czech Republic (68\%), Slovakia (59\%), Cyprus (58\%), Lithuania (57\%) and Hungary (55\%) - and

[^57]least liked in Sweden (12\%), Denmark (16\%) and the Netherlands (18\%). Meanwhile, childminding in a private home is a very popular option in Denmark (60\% vs. next highest level of $39 \%$ for France).

QA49 Childcare for children aged $0-3$ can be organised in different ways, by combining several options or by relying on only one option. In your opinion, what is the best way of organising childcare for children aged 0-3? (MULTI PLE ANSWERS POSSI BLE)


However, for slightly older children (aged three to six), private day-care centres or schools are a far more popular option (63\%) ${ }^{67}$.

QA50 In your opinion, what is the best way of organising childcare for pre-school children aged 36? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE) - EU


The most likely reason for the much broader preference for day-care centres or schools among these older children is that this is the age at which they are already going to school, and it is the most frequently selected option in all countries except Malta, where $70 \%$ voice a preference for childcare by both parents.

[^58]QA50 Childcare for children aged 3-6 can be organised in different ways, by combining several options or by relying on only one option. In your opinion, what is the best way of organising childcare for pre-school children aged 3-6? (MULTI PLE ANSWERS POSSI


For both age groups, some interesting observations are revealed from the sociodemographic groups:

- Gender: The view that fathers or both parents should be predominantly responsible is equally popular among men and women, but women more often than men feel that mothers should be responsible for the youngest children (34\% vs. 31\%).
- Education: Those who stayed in full-time education the longest more often prefer day-care, and this applies both for children aged $0-3$ ( $50 \%$ vs. an EU average of $44 \%$ ) and children aged 3-6 (66\% vs. 63\%)
- Financial position of the household: Europeans who live in a rich household somewhat more often prefer day-care than those who live in a poor household. This applies both for children aged 0-3 ( $49 \%$ vs. $41 \%$ ) and children aged 3-6 (68\% vs. 64\%)


## CONCLUSION

The picture that emerges from the survey is that EU citizens are strongly aware of the extent of poverty and social exclusion in today's society, and it is a problem that they feel needs urgent action. The survey also contributes to a better understanding of the vulnerability of the poor and socially excluded and clearly demonstrates some of the consequences.

## Public perceptions of poverty and social exclusion

People's perception of what it means to be poor is most frequently seen as having resources that are so limited that people cannot participate fully in society, not being able to afford the basic goods one needs to live, or having to depend on charity or public subsidies.

Nearly three in four Europeans feel that poverty in their country is widespread, even if opinions vary strongly between Member States, and over 80\% of Europeans report that poverty has increased in their country in the last three years. This finding needs to be understood in the context of the current economic crisis, the full impact of which is still to be felt.

In terms of estimates, a fifth believe that one person in three is poor, just over a quarter believe that one person in five is poor, just over a fifth believe that one person in ten is poor, and just over a fifth believe that one person out of twenty or less is poor.

In many countries, poverty is felt to be linked to the high cost of housing, with two out of three Europeans considering decent housing in their area to be too expensive. Despite this, four out of ten Europeans believe homelessness does not exist at all where they live and only three percent feel that many people in their area are homeless. Yet, close to three-quarters believe that homelessness has increased in their country in the last three years, although only three out of ten feel it has increased in their local area. A similar split between perceptions of the situation nationally and the respondents' immediate area was also noted for the development of poverty over the last three years.

Unemployment, and wages and salaries which are not high enough to cope with the cost of living are the most widely perceived 'societal' explanations for poverty. The most commonly cited personal factors that lead to poverty are a lack of education, training or skills, 'inherited' poverty and addiction. More generally, around a third identifies the implementation of wrong or badly suited policies, insufficient economic growth and the pursuit of profit as the main factors.

Close to nine out of ten believe that poverty hampers people's chances of gaining access to decent housing, eight out of ten feel that being poor limits access to higher education or adult learning, and close to three quarters believe that it damages their chances of finding a job. The majority also believes that access to a decent basic school education is affected, as is the ability to maintain a network of friends and acquaintances. It's clear that Europeans understand the implications for those who grow up and live in poverty.

## The risk of poverty and social exclusion

The survey confirms how vulnerable the unemployed are perceived: just over half of Europeans believe that the unemployed are most at risk of poverty, while four out of ten believe that the elderly are most vulnerable, and three out of ten see those with a low level of education, training or skills as most at risk. Other social categories considered most vulnerable are those in uncertain situations regarding employment, people with disabilities, and those suffering from some form of long-term illness.

According to a number of 'risk assessment checks' - such as feeling at risk of being over-indebted, of losing one's job, of falling behind on payments and of becoming homeless - it appears that most Europeans are confident regarding their own personal situation. Furthermore, the majority do not report difficulties in gaining access to financial services, are optimistic about their future and do not feel left out of society.

## The experiences of the poor and socially excluded

Once people become poor, it can be very difficult for them to escape poverty and exclusion. The survey reveals that one in five Europeans describe their household as poor, while among the unemployed this level is twice as high. Twelve percent of households have difficulties making ends meet ( $31 \%$ when the respondent is unemployed), and one household in twenty has serious financial difficulties ( $15 \%$ when the respondent is unemployed). Furthermore, the survey shows that a third cannot
afford a week's holiday away from home every year while a tenth cannot afford to have a meal with meat, chicken or fish every other day. Within the European Union, reported poverty still differs strongly between EU15 and NMS12 Member States.

The survey shows that of those who have a hard time making ends meet $86 \%$ cannot afford a one-week holiday away from home, $65 \%$ find it difficult to get a mortgage, $60 \%$ feel at risk of falling behind on their utility bills, $43 \%$ (of those in work) are not confident about keeping their job, 31\% cannot afford to keep their home adequately warm, and $19 \%$ feel at risk of becoming homeless.

These statistics have far-reaching consequences. Poor Europeans are far less satisfied with their lives and their standard of living and they also tend to feel less satisfied about their health and family lives. Poverty also influences people's outlook on life, and if three out of five EU citizens are optimistic about the future overall, it's only the case for around two out of five respondents with financial difficulties, and the financially vulnerable are twice more likely than the overall EU average to feel left out of society.

## The need for action to fight poverty and social exclusion

There is broad consensus that poverty is a national problem that requires urgent government action, and Europeans far more often believe the primary responsibility for reducing or preventing poverty lies with government than with any other actor.

The survey shows that Europeans most widely trust the actions of NGOs and charities to fight poverty, followed by the actions of citizens themselves, religious institutions and regional or local authorities. Despite wanting urgent involvement from governments, little more than a third trust their actions in combating poverty, which is only slightly more than the proportion that trusts the actions of private companies. The European Union scores better than national governments in this regard and nearly three-quarters believe that the European Union has an important role in combating poverty.

Europeans want governments to offer work opportunities and ensure economic growth to help people out of poverty, and there is a preference for the 'social' rather than 'liberal' approach to solving social and economic problems: at least six out of ten are of the view that a higher level of health care, education and social spending must be guaranteed even if it means that taxes might increase, that a minimum reasonable
wage should be guaranteed in their country, even if this would lead to fewer jobs available and that education should be totally free, even if this means that the quality might be lower. Furthermore, over half feel that their government should take more responsibility to ensure that everyone is provided for and that it is primarily up to their governments to provide jobs for the unemployed. However, the survey reveals a cynical view of national public policies and programmes aimed at improving the conditions of poor people, with close to two-thirds believing they have no impact and an equal proportion think their government is not spending enough to help people out of poverty.

There are many things that Europeans say they do themselves to help the poor, with over half saying they have given away clothes and around a third has donated money to charities or associations which help poor people and have given poor people some money or food.

## Access to services

The survey has also examined how Europeans rate various (social) services and how they think about access to these services. They are most often satisfied with the quality of childcare services and fairly satisfied with the quality of social assistance services and long-term care services, while they are most critical about the quality of employment services, which more often are rated as bad than good.

Many are of the opinion that social services are expensive, perhaps explaining why poverty is seen to limit access to these services, and with an ageing population, longterm care services are a particular source of concern, with $45 \%$ considering them not affordable. Around a third also feel that childcare and social housing services are too expensive.

The survey also shows that Europeans believe in fair but strictly regulated access to financial services for poor people.

## ANNEXES

## TECHNI CAL SPECI FI CATI ONS

European Commission

## SPECI AL EUROBAROMETER 321 "Poverty and Exclusion - Quality of Life" TECHNI CAL SPECI FI CATIONS

Between the $28^{\text {th }}$ of August and the $17^{\text {th }}$ of September 2009, TNS Opinion \& Social, a consortium created between Taylor Nelson Sofres and EOS Gallup Europe, carried out wave 72.1 of the EUROBAROMETER, on request of the EUROPEAN COMMISSION, Directorate-General for Communication, "Research and Political Analysis".

The special EUROBAROMETER 321 covers the population of the respective nationalities of the European Union Member States, resident in each of the Member States and aged 15 years and over. The basic sample design applied in all states is a multi-stage, random (probability) one. In each country, a number of sampling points was drawn with probability proportional to population size (for a total coverage of the country) and to population density.

In order to do so, the sampling points were drawn systematically from each of the "administrative regional units", after stratification by individual unit and type of area. They thus represent the whole territory of the countries surveyed according to the EUROSTAT NUTS II (or equivalent) and according to the distribution of the resident population of the respective nationalities in terms of metropolitan, urban and rural areas. In each of the selected sampling points, a starting address was drawn, at random. Further addresses (every Nth address) were selected by standard "random route" procedures, from the initial address. In each household, the respondent was drawn, at random (following the "closest birthday rule"). All interviews were conducted face-to-face in people's homes and in the appropriate national language. As far as the data capture is concerned, CAPI (Computer Assisted Personal Interview) was used in those countries where this technique was available.

European Commission

For each country a comparison between the sample and the universe was carried out. The Universe description was derived from Eurostat population data or from national statistics offices. For all countries surveyed, a national weighting procedure, using marginal and intercellular weighting, was carried out based on this Universe description. In all countries, gender, age, region and size of locality were introduced in the iteration procedure. For international weighting (i.e. EU averages), TNS Opinion \& Social applies the official population figures as provided by EUROSTAT or national statistic offices. The total population figures for input in this post-weighting procedure are listed above.

Readers are reminded that survey results are estimations, the accuracy of which, everything being equal, rests upon the sample size and upon the observed percentage. With samples of about 1,000 interviews, the real percentages vary within the following confidence limits:

| Observed percentages | $10 \%$ or $90 \%$ | $20 \%$ or $80 \%$ | $30 \%$ or $70 \%$ | $40 \%$ or $60 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Confidence limits | $\pm 1.9$ points | $\pm 2.5$ points | $\pm 2.7$ points | $\pm 3.0$ points | $\pm 3.1$ points |

## QUESTI ONNAI RE

|  | IF OTHER or DK THEN CLOSE INTERVIEW |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ASK D15b IF "NOT DOING ANY PAID WORK CURRENTL | Y", CODES 1 to | in D15a |
| D15a | What is your current occupation? |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| D15b | Did you do any paid work in the past? What was your last | ccupation? |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | D15a | D15b |
|  |  | CURRENT OCCUPATION | $\begin{gathered} \text { LAST } \\ \text { OCCUPATION } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | NON-ACTIVE |  |  |
|  | Responsible for ordinary shopping and looking after the home, or without any current occupation, not working | 1 |  |
|  | Student | 2 |  |
|  | Unemployed or temporarily not working | 3 |  |
|  | Retired or unable to work through illness | 4 |  |
|  | SELF EMPLOYED |  |  |
|  | Farmer | 5 | 5 |
|  | Fisherman | 6 | 6 |
|  | Professional (lawyer, medical practitioner, accountant, architect, etc.) | 7 | 7 |
|  | Owner of a shop, craftsmen, other self-employed person | 8 | 8 |
|  | Business proprietors, owner (full or partner) of a company | 9 | 9 |
|  | EMPLOYED |  |  |
|  | Employed professional (employed doctor, lawyer, accountant, architect) | 10 | 10 |
|  | General management, director or top management (managing directors, director general, other director) | 11 | 11 |
|  | Middle management, other management (department head, junior manager, teacher, technician) | 12 | 12 |
|  | Employed position, working mainly at a desk | 13 | 13 |
|  | Employed position, not at a desk but travelling (salesmen, driver, etc.) | 14 | 14 |
|  | Employed position, not at a desk, but in a service job (hospital, restaurant, police, fireman, etc.) | 15 | 15 |
|  | Supervisor | 16 | 16 |
|  | Skilled manual worker | 17 | 17 |
|  | Other (unskilled) manual worker, servant | 18 | 18 |
|  | Never did any paid work |  | 19 |

## SI AUTRE ou NSP ALORS FIN D'INTERVIEW

## POSER D15b SI "PAS D'ACTIVITE ACTUELLE", CODES 1 à 4 en D15a

D15a Quelle est votre profession actuelle?
D15b
Exerciez-vous une activité professionnelle rémunérée auparavant ? Laquelle en dernier lieu?

|  | D15a | D15b |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PROFESSION ACTUELLE | PROFESSION PRECEDENTE |
| INACTIFS |  |  |
| En charge des achats courants et des tâches ménagères ou sans aucune activité professionnelle | 1 |  |
| Etudiants | 2 |  |
| Au chômagel temporairement sans emploi | 3 |  |
| A la retraite ou en congé de maladie prolongé | 4 |  |
| INDEPENDANTS |  |  |
| Agriculteur exploitant | 5 | 5 |
| Pêcheur | 6 | 6 |
| Profession libérale (avocat, médecin, expert comptable, architecte, etc.) | 7 | 7 |
| Commerçant ou propriétaire d'un magasin, artisan ou autre travailleur indépendant | 8 | 8 |
| Industriel, propriétaire (en tout ou en partie) d'une entreprise | 9 | 9 |
| SALARIES |  |  |
| Profession libérale salariée (docteur, avocat, comptable, architecte, etc.) | 10 | 10 |
| Cadre supérieurl dirigeant (PDGIDG, Directeur, etc.) | 11 | 11 |
| Cadre moyen | 12 | 12 |
| Employé travaillant la plupart du temps dans un bureau | 13 | 13 |
| Employé ne travaillant pas dans un bureau mais voyageant (vendeur, chauffeur, représentant, etc.) | 14 | 14 |
| Employé ne travaillant pas dans un bureau mais ayant une fonction de service (hôpital, restaurant, police, pompiers, etc.) | 15 | 15 |
| Contremaître, agent de maîtrise | 16 | 16 |
| Ouvrier qualifié | 17 | 17 |
| Autre ouvrier (non qualifié), personnel de maison | 18 | 18 |
| N'a jamais exercé d'activité professionnelle rémunérée |  | 19 |

## EB71.3 D15a D15b

INTERVIEWER: Now, we will talk about poverty, the image you have of it, and what it means to be poor or excluded from our society

| QA1 | All things considered, how satisfied would you say you are with your life these days? Please <br> use a scale from 1 to 10 where [1] means 'very dissatisfied' and [10] means 'very satisfied'. |
| :--- | :--- |

## (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER ONLY)



DK
11
(DF) EQLS Q29
ASK QA2 ITEM 3 IF RESPONDENT HAS PAID WORK CODES 5-18 IN D15A

(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

| (READ OUT) | 1 <br> very <br> diss <br> atisfi <br> ed | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 <br> Very <br> satis <br> fied | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Your family life | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Your health | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 3 | Your job | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 4 | Your present standard <br> of living | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |

(DF) EQLS Q40 TREND MODIFIED (ORDER OF ITEMS CHANGED)

## EB71.3 D15a D15b

ENQUETEUR: Parlons maintenant de pauvreté, de l'image que vous en avez et de ce que cela signifie d'être pauvre ou exclu notre société.

| QA1 | Tout bien considéré, dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous êtes satisfait(e) de votre vie <br> actuellement? ? Merci de me donner une note sur une échelle de 1 à 10, où [1] signifie que |
| :--- | :--- |
| 'vous n'êtes pas satisfait(e) du tout' et [10] que 'vous êtes totalement satisfait(e)'. |  |

## (MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)



NSP
11

## (DF) EQLS Q29

POSER QA2 ITEM 3 SI LE REPONDANT TRAVAILLE ACTUELLEMENT CODES 5-18 EN D15A éléments suivants ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 où ' 1 ' signifie que vous n'êtes « pas du tout satisfait(e) » et '10' que vous êtes « tout à fait satisfait(e) ». (M)
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE) | 1 <br> Pas <br> du <br> dout <br> satis <br> fait | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 <br> Tout <br> àtait <br> satis <br> fait |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Votre vie de famille | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Votre santé | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 3 | Votre travail | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 4 | Votre niveau de vie <br> actuel | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |

(DF) EQLS Q40 TREND MODIFIED (ORDER OF ITEMS CHANGED)



Generally speaking, would you say that poverty has strongly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or strongly decreased in the last three years in
(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

| (READ OUT - ROTATE) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Stro } \\ \text { ngly } \\ \text { incre } \\ \text { ased } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Som } \\ \text { ewh } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { incre } \\ \text { ased } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Som } \\ \text { ewh } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { decr } \\ \text { ease } \\ \text { d } \end{array}$ | Stro <br> ngly <br> decr <br> ease <br> d | Stay <br> ed <br> abou <br> t the <br> sam <br> e <br> (SP <br> ONT <br> ANE <br> OUS <br> ) | DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | The area where you live | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | (OUR COUNTRY) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 3 | The European Union | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 4 | The world | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |


| 1 | Là où vous vivez | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | En (NOTRE PAYS) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 3 | Dans I'Union européenne | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 4 | Dans le monde | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |

NEW
$\square$

A votre avis, pourquoi y a-t-il des personnes qui vivent dans la pauvreté ? Voici quatre opinions: laquelle est la plus proche de la vôtre?

## (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - ROTATION - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

| Car elles ont été malchanceuses |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Car elles sont paresseuses et manquent de volonté | 1 |
| Car il y a beaucoup d'injustice dans notre société | 2 |
| Car c'est une partie inévitable du progrès | 3 |
| Aucune de celles-ci (SPONTANE) | 4 |
| NSP | 5 |
|  |  |




| QA10 | In your opinion, among the following groups of the population in (OUR COUNTRY), which are those most at risk of poverty? | QA10 | A votre avis, parmi les groupes de personnes suivants, quels sont ceux qui risquent le plus de tomber dans la pauvreté en (NOTRE PAYS)? |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - MAX. 4 ANSWERS) |  | (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - MAX. 4 REPONSES) |  |
|  | Children 1, |  | Les enfants | 1, |
|  | Young adults 2, |  | Les jeunes adultes | 2, |
|  | Elderly people 3 3, |  | Les personnes âgées | 3, |
|  | People who are unemployed 4 4, |  | Les personnes sans emploi | 4, |
|  | People in precarious work 5 , |  | Les personnes ayant un emploi précaire | 5, |
|  | Women 6, |  | Les femmes | 6, |
|  | Disabled and long-term ill people |  | Les personnes souffrant d'un handicap ou d'une maladie de longue durée |  |
|  | 7, |  |  | 7, |
|  | People with mental health problems <br> 8, |  | Les personnes souffrant de problèmes de santé mentale | 8, |
|  | Single parents  <br> 9,  |  | Les parents célibataires | 9, |
|  | People with a low level of education, training or skills 10, <br> 10  |  | Les personnes ayant un faible niveau d'instruction, de formation ou de compétences | 10, |
|  | Immigrants 11, <br> ,  |  | Les immigrants | 11, |
|  | Roma 12, |  | Les Roms | 12, |
|  |  |  | Les personnes souffrant d'une addiction (drogue, alcool, ou d'autres types de dépendance) | 13, |
|  | Other (SPONTANEOUS) 14, |  | Autre (SPONTANE) | 14, |
|  | No groups in particular, everybody (SPONTANEOUS) ${ }_{\text {1 }}$ 15, |  | Pas de groupe en particulier, tout le monde (SPONTANE) | 15, |
|  | DK 16, |  | NSP | 16, |
|  | NEW |  | NEW |  |

For a person or family to have a minimum acceptable standard of living in (OUR COUNTRY) which of the following do you think are absolutely necessary to being able to afford?

## (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ROTATE - MAX. 5 ANSWERS)

| Keeping one's home adequately warm when it is cold outside | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| A place to live that is well maintained and kept in a decent state of repair |  |
| A place to live with enough space and privacy to read or write or listen to <br> music, etc. for everyone in the household | 3 |
| Good quality and diversified food | 4 |
| Repairing or replacing major electrical appliances such as the refrigerator or |  |
| washing machine | 5 |
| Going on family holidays at least once a year | 6 |
| Buying medication or going to see the doctor when ill or unwell | 7 |
| Paying for dental treatment | 8 |
| Taking the local public transport when needed | 9 |
| Having access to means of communication, such as a telephone or the | 10 |
| Internet | 11 |
| Having access to a basic bank account | 12 |
| Having access to leisure and cultural activities | 13 |
| Having access to gas, electricity, tap water | 14 |
| Other (SPONTANEOUS) | 15 |
| None (SPONTANEOUS) | 16 |
| DK |  |

NEW

QA11 Pour qu'une personne ou une famille atteigne le niveau de vie minimum acceptable en (NOTRE PAYS), quelles sont les choses, d'après vous, qu'elle doit être absolument capable de se payer?
(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - ROTATION - MAX. 5 REPONSES)

| Maintenir une chaleur suffisante chez elle quand il fait froid dehors | 1, |
| :---: | :---: |
| Un logement bien entretenu et dans un état fonctionnel correct |  |
|  | 2 , |
| Un logement avec assez de place et d'intimité pour que chaque membre du foyer puisse lire ou écrire ou écouter de la musique, etc. | 3 , |
| Une alimentation diversifiée et de bonne qualité | 4, |
| Réparer ou remplacer les appareils électroménagers importants tels qu’un réfrigérateur ou un lave-linge | 5, |
| Partir en vacances en famille au moins une fois par an | 6 , |
| Acheter des médicaments ou aller chez le médecin quand elle est malade ou ne se sent pas bien | 7, |
| Payer les soins dentaires | 8 , |
| Prendre les transports publics quand c'est nécessaire | 9, |
| Avoir accès aux moyens de communication tels que le téléphone ou Internet | 10, |
| Avoir accès à un compte bancaire de base | 11, |
| Avoir accès à des activités culturelles et de loisir | 12, |
| Avoir accès au gaz, à l'électricité, à l'eau courante | 13, |
| Autre (SPONTANE) | 14, |
| Aucune (SPONTANE) | 15, |
| NSP | 16, |



In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...?
(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

|  | (READ OUT - ROTATE) | Very much | Somewhat | Not very <br> much | Not at all |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Having access to decent <br> housing | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Getting good basic school <br> education | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | Getting higher education or <br> adult learning | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Finding a job | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Maintaining a network of <br> friends and acquaintances | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | Having medical care when <br> needed | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 7 | Eating at least one hot meal <br> a day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 8 | Having access to a basic <br> bank account | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 9 | Having access to means of <br> communication, such as a <br> telephone or the Internet | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 10 | Starting up a business of <br> their own | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

NEW

En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ...?
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

|  | (LIRE - ROTATION) | Beaucoup | Plutôt | Pas <br> beaucoup | Pas du <br> tout | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | D'avoir accès à un logement <br> décent | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | D'avoir une bonne éducation <br> scolaire de base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | De faire des études <br> supérieures ou des <br> formations | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | De trouver un emploi | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | D'entretenir un réseau <br> d'amis et de connaissances | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | De bénéficier de soins <br> médicaux quand nécessaire | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 7 | De manger au moins un <br> repas chaud par jour | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 8 | D'avoir accès à un compte <br> bancaire de base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 9 | D'avoir accès à des moyens <br> de communication tells que <br> le téléphone ou Internet | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 10 | De démarrer sa propre <br> affaire | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

NEW


| 1 | The life of those who are children today <br> will be more, less or neither more nor <br> less secure than yours | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | The life of people from your own <br> generation is more, less or neither more <br> nor less secure than the life of those <br> from your parents' generation (N) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | The life of your parents has been more, <br> less or neither more nor less secure <br> than the life of your grand-parents (N) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

EB66.3 QA17 TREND MODIFIED

| QA13 | En général, pensez-vous que financièrement ... ? |
| :--- | :--- |

(MONRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE) | Plus sûre | Moins sûre | Ni plus ni <br> moins sûre | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | La vie de ceux qui sont enfants <br> aujourd'hui sera plus, moins ou ni plus <br> ni moins sûre que la vôtre | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | La vie des personnes de votre <br> génération est plus, moins ou ni plus ni <br> moins sûre que la vie de ceux de la <br> génération de vos parents (N) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | La vie de vos parents était plus, moins <br> ou ni plus ni moins sûre que la vie de <br> vos grands-parents (N) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

EB66.3 QA17 TREND MODIFIED
(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

| (READ OUT - ROTATE) | Totally <br> agree | Tend to <br> agree | Tend to <br> disagree | Totally <br> disagree | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Poverty in (OUR <br> COUNTRY) is a problem <br> that needs urgent action by <br> the Government | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Nowadays in (OUR <br> COUNTRY) income <br> differences between people <br> are far too large | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | The (NATIONALITY) <br> Government should ensure <br> that the wealth of the <br> country is redistributed in a <br> fair way to all citizens | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | People who are well-off <br> should pay higher taxes so <br> the (NATIONALITY) <br> Government has more <br> means to fight poverty | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | When there is economic <br> growth in a country, poverty <br> disappears automatically by <br> itself | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | There is no point in trying to <br> fight poverty, it will always <br> exist | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 7 | Income inequalities are <br> necessary for economic <br> development | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

NEW
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE - ROTATION) | Tout à fait <br> d'accord | Plutôt <br> d'accord | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord | Pas du <br> tout <br> d'accord | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | La pauvreté en (NOTRE <br> PAYS) est un problème qui <br> requiert une action urgente <br> du Gouvernement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | De nos jours, les différences <br> de revenus entre les <br> personnes sont beaucoup <br> trop importantes en (NOTRE <br> PAYS) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | Le Gouvernement <br> (NATIONALITE) devrait <br> s'assurer que les richesses <br> du pays sont redistribuées <br> de façon équitable entre <br> tous les citoyens | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| 4 | Les personnes aisées <br> devraient payer plus <br> d'impôts de façon à ce que <br> le Gouvernement <br> (NATIONALITE) dispose de <br> plus de moyens pour lutter <br> contre la pauvreté | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | Quand un pays connaît une <br> croissance économique, la <br> pauvreté disparaît d'elle- <br> même | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| 6 | Cela ne sert à rien de lutter <br> contre la pauvreté car elle <br> existera toujours | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 7 | Les inégalités de revenus <br> sont nécessaires au <br> développement économique | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |


| QA15 | In all countries there sometimes exists tension between social groups. In your opinion, how <br> much tension is there between each of the following groups in (OUR COUNTRY)? (M) |
| :--- | :--- |

(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)


| 1 | Poor and rich people | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Management and workers | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | Old people and young people | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 4 | Different racial and ethnic groups | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

## (DF) EQLS Q25 TREND MODIFIED

Generally speaking, would you say that most people can be trusted, or that you can't be too careful in dealing with people? Please use a scale from 1 to 10, where [1] means that 'you can't be too careful' and [10] means that 'most people can be trusted'.

## (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER ONLY) <br> 

DK
(DF) EQLS Q23

| QA15 | Dans tous les pays, il existe parfois des tensions entre les différents groupes sociaux. Selon |
| :--- | :--- | vous, entre chacun des groupes sociaux suivants, y a-t-il beaucoup de tension, un peu de tension ou pas de tension dans (NOTRE PAYS) ? (M)

(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE) | Beaucoup <br> de tension | Un peu de <br> tension | Pas de <br> tension | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Les pauvres et les riches | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Les dirigeants d'entreprise et les <br> salariés | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | Les personnes âgées et les jeunes | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 4 | Les différents groupes raciaux et <br> ethniques | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

(DF) EQLS Q25 TREND MODIFIED
QA16
D'une manière générale, dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous pensez pouvoir faire confiance aux gens. Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10, où '1' signifie que vous ne pouvez « pas du tout leur faire confiance » et ' 10 ’ signifie que vous pouvez « leur faire tout à fait confiance ».
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)


NSP
11
(DF) EQLS Q23

| QA17 | Please tell me how much you personally trust each of the following institutions using a scale <br> from 1 to 10 where [1] means 'you do not trust the institution at all' and [10] means 'you trust <br> it completely'. |
| :--- | :--- |

(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

| (READ OUT) | 1 Do <br> not <br> trust <br> at all | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 <br> Trust <br> com <br> plete <br> ly | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | The (NATIONALITY) <br> parliament | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | The (NATIONALITY) <br> Government (M) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |

(DF) EQLS Q27 TREND MODIFIED

For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not with regard to their action in combating poverty.
(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

| (READ OUT - ROTATE) | Tend to <br> trust it | Tend not <br> to trust it | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | The European Union | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | The (NATIONALITY) Government | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 3 | Regional or local authorities | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | NGOs or charities | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 5 | Religious institutions | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 6 | Private companies | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 7 | Citizens themselves | 1 | 2 | 3 |

## NEW (BASED ON EB69.2 QA18 + EB70.1 QA12)

QA17 $\quad$ Pouvez-vous indiquer quel degré de confiance vous avez personnellement dans les institutions suivantes. Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10, où [1] signifie que 'vous n'avez aucune confiance' et [10] signifie que 'vous avez totalement confiance' dans cette institution.
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE RESPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE) | 1 <br> Aucu <br> ne <br> confi <br> ance | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 <br> Total <br> eme <br> nt <br> confi <br> ance |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Le parlement <br> (NATIONALITE) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | Le Gouvernement <br> (NATIONALITE) (M) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |

(DF) EQLS Q27 TREND MODIFIED

QA18 $\quad$ Pour chacun des éléments de la liste suivante, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en son action contre la pauvreté.
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE - ROTATION) | Plutôt <br> confiance | Plutôt pas <br> confiance | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | L'Union européenne | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 3 | Les autorités publiques régionales ou locales | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | Les ONG ou les organisations caritatives | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 5 | Les institutions religieuses | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 6 | Les entreprises privées | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 7 | Les citoyens eux-mêmes | 1 | 2 | 3 |

NEW (BASED ON EB69.2 QA18 + EB70.1 QA12)




|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QA25b | \|And which of these two statements comes closest to your view? | QA25b | Et laquelle de ces deux affirmations se rapproche le plus de votre opinion |  |
|  | (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) |  | (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) |  |
|  | Education should be totally free, even if this means that the quality might be lower |  | L'enseignement devrait être entièrement gratuit, même si cela signifie qu'il pourrait être de moins bonne qualité | 1 |
|  | Tuition fees are necessary for providing high quality education, even if this means that some people won't be able to afford it |  | Les droits d'inscription sont nécessaires à un enseignement de haute qualité, même si cela implique que certaines personnes ne peuvent se le payer | 2 |
|  | It depends (SPONTANEOUS) <br>  <br> 1 |  | Cela dépend (SPONTANE) | 3 |
|  | DK |  | NSP | 4 |
|  | NEW |  | NEW |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| QA25c | And still about the different steps that should be taken to help solving social and economic problems in (OUR COUNTRY), which of these two statements comes closest to your view? | QA25c | Et toujours à propos des actions qui devraient être prises pour aider à réso problèmes sociaux et économiques en (NOTRE PAYS), laquelle de ces de rapproche le plus de votre opinion? | les <br> firmations se |
|  | (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) |  | (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) |  |
|  | Higher level of health care, education and social spending must be guaranteed, even if it means that taxes might increase |  | Un niveau plus élevé de soins de santé, de l'enseignement et de prestations sociales devrait être garanti, même si cela signifie que les impôts pourraient augmenter | 1 |
|  | Taxes should be decreased even if it means a general lower level of health care, education and social spending |  | Les impôts devraient baisser, même si cela entraîne un niveau plus bas de soins de santé, de l'enseignement et de prestations sociales | 2 |
|  | It depends (SPONTANEOUS) |  | Cela dépend (SPONTANE) | 3 |
|  | DK |  | NSP | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | NEW |  | NEW |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| QA25d | \|And which of these two statements comes closest to your view? | QA25d | Et laquelle de ces deux affirmations se rapproche le plus de votre opinion? |  |
|  | (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) |  | (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The (NATIONALITY) Government should take more responsibility to ensure that everyone is provided for |  | Le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) devrait prendre plus de responsabilités pour que tout le monde ait de quoi s'en sortir | 1 |
|  | People should take more responsibility to provide for themselves <br> 1 |  | Les gens devraient mieux se prendre en charge pour s'en sortir seuls | 2 |
|  | It depends (SPONTANEOUS) <br> 3 |  | Cela dépend (SPONTANE) | 3 |
|  | DK 4 |  | NSP |  |
|  | NEW |  | NEW |  |


(DF) BASED ON EQLS Q28 TREND MODIFIED
devrait être garanti en (NOTRE PAYS), même si cela diminuerait le nombre d'emplois disponibles.

## (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

| Tout à fait d'accord | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Plutôt d'accord | 2 |
| Plutôt pas d'accord | 3 |
| Pas du tout d'accord | 4 |
| NSP | 5 |
|  |  |
| NEW |  |

Pouvez-vous me dire vous êtes tout à fait d'accord, plutôt d'accord, plutôt pas d'accord ou pas du tout d'accord avec chacune des affirmations suivantes. (M)
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE) | Tout à fait <br> d'accord | Plutôt <br> d'accord <br> (M) | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord <br> (M) | Pas du <br> tout <br> d'accord | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Vous êtes optimiste quant <br> au futur (M) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Vous vous sentez en marge <br> de la société (M) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

(DF) BASED ON EQLS Q28 TREND MODIFIED


| 1 | A basic bank account | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | A bank card/ payment card | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | A credit card | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Consumer loans | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | A mortgage | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |



QA26b
Dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous trouvez qu'il est difficile ou pas d'avoir accès aux services financiers suivants.
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE - ROTATION) | Tout à fait <br> d'accord | Plutôt <br> d'accord | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord | Pas du <br> tout <br> d'accord | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Un compte en banque de <br> base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Une carte de banque/ de <br> paiement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | Une carte de crédit | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Des crédits à la <br> consommation | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Un crédit hypothécaire | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

NEW


Veuillez me dire dans quelle mesure vous pensez qu'il y ait un risque que vous deveniez surendetté(e).
(LLRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

| Un grand risque |
| :--- |
| Un certain risque |
| Pas beaucoup de risque |
| Pas du tout de risque |
| NSP |

Un certain risque
Pas beaucoup de risque
NSP
NEW
$\square$
And please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements
(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

|  | (READ OUT - ROTATE) | Totally <br> agree | Tend to <br> agree | Tend to <br> disagree | Totally <br> disagree | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Poor people should get easy <br> access to interest free loans | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Credit institutions should <br> check much more <br> thoroughly the financial <br> capacity of potential <br> borrowers | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | Unemployed people who <br> want to start up a business <br> activity should have easier <br> access to loans | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Poor people should have <br> free personalised financial <br> advice, given by an official <br> source | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Every financial institution in <br> (OUR counTRY) should <br> commit to allow every <br> individual to open a basic <br> bank account | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

NEW

Et veuillez me dire si vous êtes tout à fait d'accord, plutôt d'accord, plutôt pas d'accord ou pas du tout d'accord avec chacune des propositions suivantes.
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE - ROTATION) | Tout à fait <br> d'accord | Plutôt <br> d'accord | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord | Pas du <br> tout <br> d'accord | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Les personnes pauvres devraient avoir accès à des crédits sans intérêts | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Les institutions de crédit devraient mieux vérifier la capacité financière des emprunteurs potentiels | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | Les personnes sans emplois qui désirent commencer une affaire devraient avoir un accès plus facile au crédit | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Les personnes pauvres devraient recevoir des conseils personnalisés et gratuits d'une source officielle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Chaque institution financière en (NOTRE PAYS) devrait s'engager à permettre à toute personne d'ouvrir un compte en banque de base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

NEW




|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| QA32 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Selon vous, quelles sont parmi les suivantes les trois raisons qui expliquent le mieux } \\ \text { pourquoi certaines personnes deviennent sans abri ? }\end{array}$ |

(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - ROTATION - MAX. 3 REPONSES)

| Elles ont perdu leur emploi et ne parviennent pas à en trouver un autre | $\begin{aligned} & 1, \\ & 2, \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Elles ne peuvent pas se payer un loyer |  |
| Leur logement a été détruit par une catastrophe (incendie, inondation, etc.) |  |
|  | 3,4,5, |
| Elles sont surendettées |  |
| Elles sont tombées malades ou souffrent d'un handicap |  |
| Elles souffrent d'une addiction (alcool, drogues ou d'autres types de dépendance) | 6, |
| Elles ont subi une séparation ou ont perdu un parent proche | 7, |
| Elles souffrent de problèmes de santé mentale | 8 , |
| Elles n'ont pas accès à des prestations sociales ou a des services d'aide adaptés | 9, |
| Elles ont récemment immigré et elles n'ont pas de papier d'identité ni de documents officiels | 10, |
| Elles ont choisi de vivre ainsi | 11, |
| Autre (SPONTANE) | 12, |
| Aucune (SPONTANE) | 13, |
| NSP | 14, |
| NEW (BASED ON EB67.1 QB16) |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| A votre avis, quelle est la probabilité que vous deveniez un jour sans abri? |  |
|  |  |
| (LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) |  |
|  |  |
| Très probable | 1 |
| Assez probable | 2 |
| Pas très probable | 3 |
| Pas du tout probable | 4 |
| NSP | 5 |
| EB67.1 QB17 TREND MODIFIED |  |

(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ROTATE - MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

| Donating money to charities or associations which help poor people | 1, |
| :--- | :--- |
| Working as a volunteer in charities or associations which help poor people |  |
| Giving poor people clothes | 3 |
| Helping poor people find and access shelters or other appropriate services/ | 4 |
| institutions | 5 |
| Giving poor people some money | 6 |
| Buying papers or other items sold by homeless people | 7 |
|  | 8 |
| Giving poor people food | 9 |
| No, never helps poor | 10 |
| Other types of help (SPONTANEOUS) | 11 |
| You are not concerned/ there are no homeless in the area where you live |  |
| (SPONTANEOUS) | 10 |
| DK |  |

NEW (BASED ON EB67.1 QB18)

| QA35 | A household may have different sources of income and more than one household member |
| :--- | :--- | may contribute to it. Thinking of your household's total monthly income, is your household able to make ends meet...?

(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

| Very easily |
| :--- |
| Easily |
| Fairly easily |
| With some difficulty |
| With difficulty |
| With great difficulty |
| DK |

## (DF) EQLS Q57

Vous arrive-t-il d'aider des personnes pauvres en faisant une ou plusieurs des actions suivantes?
(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - ROTATION - PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)
(DF) EQLS Q57


NEW (BASED ON EB67.1 QB18)
QA35 $\quad$ Un ménage peut avoir différentes sources de revenus et plus d'un membre du ménage peut contribuer à ces revenus. En pensant aux revenus mensuels de votre ménage, direz-vous que votre ménage arrive à boucler ses fins de mois ... ?

## (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

| Très aisément | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Aisément | 2 |
| Relativement aisément | 3 |
| Avec quelques difficultés | 4 |
| Avec difficulté | 5 |
| Avec beaucoup de difficultés | 6 |
| NSP | 7 |

que votre ménage arrive à boucler ses fins de mois ... ?
$\square$
$\square$ 2
3 4 5 6
7

| QA36 | There are some things that many people cannot afford, even if they would like them. For <br> each of the following things on this card, can I just check whether your household can afford <br> it if you want it? |
| :--- | :--- |

(SHOW CARD - ONE ANSWER PER LINE

| (READ OUT) | Yes, can <br> afford if <br> want | No, cannot <br> afford it | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Keeping your home adequately warm | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Paying for a week's annual holiday away from home <br> (not staying with relatives) | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | A meal with meat, chicken or fish every second day <br> if you wanted it | 1 | 2 | 3 |

(DF) EQLS Q19 TREND MODIFIED

Looking at this card, which of the following best describes how your household is keeping up with all its bills and credit commitments at present?
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)


## EB67.1 QB4

## QA36 $\quad$ Il y a des choses que beaucoup de gens ne peuvent pas se payer, même si elles en on envie. Pour chacune de ces choses, puis-je verifier si votre ménage peut se l'offrir ou non ?

(MONTRER CARTE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE) | Oui, peut <br> se l'offrir | Non, ne <br> peut pas <br> se l'offrir | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Garder une bonne température dans votre logement | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Vous payer une semaine de vacances par an en <br> dehors de chez vous (pas chez des amis ou des <br> parents) | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | Faire un repas avec de la viande, du poulet ou du <br> poisson tous les deux jours si vous le souhaitez | 1 | 2 | 3 |

(DF) EQLS Q19 TREND MODIFIED

QA37
En regardant cette carte, quelle situation décrit le mieux comment votre foyer fait face à toutes ses factures et remboursements de crédits actuellement?

## (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

| Je fais $\backslash$ nous faisons face sans problème <br> Je fais $\backslash$ nous faisons face, mais je rencontre\ nous rencontrons des <br> difficultés passagères |
| :--- |
| Je fais nous faisons face, mais c'est une lutte permanente |
| Je n'arrive pas nous n'arrivons pas à payer certaines factures ou crédits |
| J'ail nous avons de réelles difficultés financières et je n'arrive pas nous <br> n'arrivons pas à payer de nombreuses factures ou crédits |
| NSP |


| QA38 | What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be ... when it comes to the financial situation of your household? (M) | QA38 | Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois : les douze prochains mois serontils ... en ce qui concerne la situation financière de votre foyer? (M) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) |  | (LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) |
|  | Better |  | Meilleurs |
|  | Worse |  | Pires 2 |
|  | The same |  | Sans changement 3 |
|  | DK |  | NSP |
|  | EB71.1 QA4.3 TREND MODIFIED |  | EB71.1 QA4.3 TREND MODIFIED |


| QA39 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Looking at the next } 12 \text { months, would you say there is a high risk, some risk, not much of a } \\ \text { risk or no risk at all of falling behind with ...? }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

## (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

| (READ OUT - ROTATE) | High risk | Some risk | Not much <br> of a risk | No risk at <br> all | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Paying your rent on time | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Paying your mortgage on <br> time | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | Being able to cope with an <br> unexpected expense of <br> (60\% OF THE NATIONAL | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|  | AT RISK OF POVERTY <br> THRESHOLD) $€$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Repaying consumer loans <br> (to buy electrical appliances, <br> furniture, etc.) on time | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Paying utility bills (electricity, <br> water, gas, etc.) on time | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | Paying for food or other <br> daily consumer items | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |

NEW

En pensant aux trois prochains mois, diriez-vous qu'il existe un grand risque, quelques risques, pas beaucoup de risques ou pas du tout de risque que vous ne soyez pas en mesure de ...?
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE - ROTATION) | Un grand <br> risque | Quelques <br> risques | Pas <br> beaucoup <br> de risques | Pas du <br> tout de <br> risque | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Payer votre loyer à temps | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Payer votre prêt <br> hypothécaire à temps | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | Faire face à une dépense <br> inattendue d'un montant de <br> (60\% DU MONTANT DU <br> SEUIL DE PAUVRETE <br> NATIONAL) $€$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Rembourser vos crédits à la <br> consommation (pour acheter <br> des appareils électriques, <br> des meubles, etc.) à temps | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Payer vos factures liées à <br> votre logement (électricité, <br> eau, gaz, etc.) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | Payer la nourriture ou <br> d'autres biens de <br> consommation courante | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

## NEW

ASK QA40 AND QA41 IF "CURRENTLY WORK", CODE 5 TO 18 IN D15a - OTHERS GO TO QA42

QA40 $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { How confident would you say you are in your ability to keep your job in the coming months? }\end{aligned}$
(READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

| Very confident |
| :--- |
| Fairly confident |
| Not very confident |
| Not at all confident |
| DK |

$\square$

| Très confiant(e) | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | Plutôt confiant(e)


Plutôt pas confiant(e)
2
Plutôt pas confiant(e)
Pas du tout confiant(e)4
5

NSP
NSP

$$
E B 71.2007
$$

Combien de fois les choses suivantes vous sont-elles arrives au cours de l'année passée ?
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)


| 2 | Il vous a été difficile de remplir vos responsabilités <br> familiales parce que vous passez trop de temps à <br> votre travail (M) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Vous avez eu du mal à vous concentrer sur votre <br> travail en raison de vos responsabilités familiales <br> $(M)$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |

(DF) EQLS Q11 TREND MODIFIED



| QA45 | Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general interest if you, or <br> people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last 12 months? |
| :--- | :--- |

(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

| (READ OUT - ROTATE) | Is using it | Has used <br> in the last <br> 12 months | Has not <br> used it in <br> the last 12 <br> months | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Long-term care services, that is <br> services for dependent people because <br> of age, chronic illness or disability | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Child care services, that is services <br> whereby under school age children are <br> looked after by professional staff usually <br> during working hours | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | Public employment services, that is <br> services to fight against unemployment <br> by proposing jobs, trainings, etc. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 4 | Social housing services, that is <br> accommodation for people with low to <br> moderate incomes | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | Social assistance, that is cash benefits <br> and social welfare services provided to <br> low-income, unemployed or inactive <br> people | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

NEW

QA45 $\quad$ Pourriez-vous me dire, pour chacun des services sociaux d'intérêt général suivants, si vous ou des personnes dont vous êtes proche, les utilisez, les avez utilisés ou pas utilisés au cours des 12 derniers mois.
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE - ROTATION) | Les <br> utilisez | Les avez <br> utilisés au <br> cours des <br> 12 <br> derniers <br> mois | Ne les <br> avez pas <br> utilisés au <br> cours des <br> 12 | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| derniers |  |  |  |  |
| mois |  |  |  |  |$\quad$.


| 1 | Les services de soins à long terme, qui <br> sont des services pour les personnes <br> dépendantes en raison de leur âge, <br> d'une maladie chronique ou d'un <br> handicap | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Les services de garde d'enfants, qui <br> sont des services dans lesquels un <br> personnel professionnel s'occupe des <br> enfants en bas âge pendant les heures <br> de travail | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | Les services publics pour l'emploi, qui <br> sont destinés à lutter contre le chômage <br> en proposant des emplois, des <br> formations, etc. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 4 | Les services de logement social, qui <br> sont destinés à fournir un logement aux <br> personnes à faible revenu | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | L'assistance sociale, qui est une aide en <br> espèces et des services sociaux fournis <br> aux personnes à faible revenu, aux <br> chômeurs ou aux personnes sans <br> emploi | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

Thinking now about the quality of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad?
(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

|  | (READ OUT - ROTATE) | Very good | Fairly good | Fairly bad | Very bad |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Long term care services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Childcare services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | Public employment services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Social housing services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Social assistance services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

NEW (BASED ON EB67.3 QA3)

En pensant à la qualité des ... en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'elle est très bonne, plutôt bonne, plutôt mauvaise ou très mauvaise ?
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

|  | (LIRE - ROTATION) | Très <br> bonne | Plutôt <br> bonne | Plutôt <br> mauvaise | Très <br> mauvaise | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Services de soins à long <br> terme | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Services de garde d'enfants | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | Services publics pour <br> l'emploi | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Services de logements <br> sociaux | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Services d'assistance <br> sociale | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

NEW (BASED ON EB67.3 QA3)

| QA47 | And thinking now about the affordability of $\ldots$ in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they <br> are ...? |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE) |


| 1 | Long term care services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Childcare services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 3 | Public employment services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 4 | Social housing services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 5 | Social assistance services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |


| 1 | Services de soins à long terme | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Services de garde d'enfants | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 3 | Services publics pour l'emploi | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 4 | Services de logements sociaux | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 5 | Services d'assistance sociale | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |

NEW (BASED ON EB67.3 QA5)


Imaginons qu'un père ou une mère âgé(e) qui habite seul(e) ne peut plus vivre sans une aide régulière, à cause de son état de santé physique ou mentale. A votre avis, quelle serait la meilleure option pour une personne dans ce cas? En premier?

## QA48b

Et en deuxième?
(MONTRER CARTE - UNE REPONSE PAR COLONNE)

| (LIRE) | QA48a | QA48b |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| IIs devraient vivre avec un de leurs enfants EN PREMIER | EN DEUXIEME |  |
| L'un de leurs enfants devrait réglièrement leur rendre <br> visite pour fournir les soins nécessaires | 2 | 1 |
| Des services d'aide publics ou privés devraient se rendre <br> chez eux pour leur fournir l'aide et les soins appropriés | 3 | 2 |
| IIs devraient aller vivre dans une maison de repos ou un <br> foyer pour personnes âgées | 4 | 3 |
| Autre (SPONTANE) (N) | 5 | 4 |
| Cela dépend (SPONTANE) | 6 | 5 |
| Aucune de celle-ci (SPONTANE) | 7 | 6 |
| NSP | 8 | 7 |

EB67.3 QA7a\&b

| QA49 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |




When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing ... outside your family circle?
(SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE)

| (READ OUT - ROTATE) | The public <br> sector at <br> national <br> level | The public <br> sector at <br> regional or <br> local level | The <br> private <br> sector <br> (private <br> firms) | NGOs, <br> charities | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Long term care services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Childcare services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | Public employment services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Social housing services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Social assistance services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

NEW
In general, how would you rate the quality of each of the following PUBLIC services in (OUR COUNTRY)? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 , where ' 1 ' means "very bad" and ' 10 ' means "very good".

## (SHOW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE ANSWER PER LINE

| (READ OUT) | 1 <br> Very <br> bad <br> (M) | 2 |  | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 <br> Very <br> good <br> (M) | DK |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1 | Health services | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | State pension system | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |

[^59]En termes de services sociaux, selon vous, qui devrait être principalement responsable de la fourniture de ... en dehors du cercle familial?
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE - ROTATION) | Le secteur <br> public au <br> niveau <br> national | Le secteur <br> public au <br> niveau <br> régional <br> ou local | Le secteur <br> privé (les <br> entreprise <br> s privées) | Les <br> ONGs, les <br> organisatio <br> ns <br> naritatives | NSP |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Services de soins à long <br> terme | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Services de garde d'enfants | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 3 | Services public pour l'emploi | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 4 | Services de logement social | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | Services d'assistance <br> sociale | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

NEW
D'une manière générale, quelle note donneriez-vous à la qualité de chacun des services PUBLICS suivants en (NOTRE PAYS) ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10, où '1' signifie que leur qualité est « très faible » et '10’ signifie que leur qualité est « très bonne ».
(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE)

| (LIRE) | 1 <br> Qual <br> ité <br> très <br> faibl <br> e | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | Les services de santé | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Le système des <br> retraites | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |

(DF) EQLS Q56 TREND MODIFIED

## TABLES

QA1.1 Tout bien considéré, dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous êtes satisfait(e) de votre vie actuellement ? Merci de me donner une note sur une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 ' signifie que "vous n'êtes pas satisfait(e)" du tout et '10' que "vous êtes totalement satisfait(e)".

QA1.1 All things considered, how satisfied would you say you are with your life these days? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 where '1' means "very dissatisfied" and '10' means "very satisfied".

|  | TOTAL | 1 Pas du tout satisfait/ 1 Very dissatisfied | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 Tout à fait satisfait/ 10 Yery satisfied | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 3\% | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% | 13\% | 12\% | 20\% | 23\% | 10\% | 9\% | - | 6.8 |


| BE | 1005 | 1\% | - | 1\% | 2\% | 8\% | 7\% | 23\% | 35\% | 15\% | 8\% | - | 7.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 11\% | 10\% | 13\% | 14\% | 19\% | 12\% | 10\% | 7\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4.5 |
| CZ | 1007 | 3\% | 2\% | 5\% | 4\% | 16\% | 13\% | 19\% | 20\% | 11\% | 7\% | - | 6.6 |
| DK | 1020 | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4\% | 5\% | 15\% | 28\% | 18\% | 26\% | - | 8.1 |
| DE | 1549 | 3\% | 1\% | 4\% | 4\% | 10\% | 8\% | 17\% | 26\% | 13\% | 14\% | - | 7.2 |
| EE | 1000 | 3\% | 2\% | 5\% | 5\% | 22\% | 13\% | 18\% | 18\% | 8\% | 6\% | - | 6.2 |
| IE | 1001 | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 4\% | 7\% | 10\% | 19\% | 24\% | 16\% | 14\% | 1\% | 7.4 |
| EL | 1000 | 4\% | 3\% | 3\% | 6\% | 13\% | 11\% | 23\% | 23\% | 10\% | 4\% | - | 6.5 |
| ES | 1026 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 11\% | 15\% | 27\% | 24\% | 8\% | 7\% | - | 7.0 |
| FR | 1027 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% | 15\% | 13\% | 20\% | 26\% | 9\% | 7\% | - | 6.9 |
| IT | 1039 | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 5\% | 14\% | 20\% | 28\% | 20\% | 4\% | 3\% | - | 6.5 |
| CY | 508 | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 17\% | 9\% | 17\% | 24\% | 11\% | 12\% | - | 6.9 |
| LV | 1011 | 11\% | 4\% | 9\% | 8\% | 21\% | 13\% | 15\% | 10\% | 4\% | 5\% | - | 5.4 |
| LT | 1023 | 6\% | 3\% | 5\% | 5\% | 22\% | 11\% | 15\% | 18\% | 7\% | 7\% | 1\% | 6.1 |
| LU | 500 | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 8\% | 7\% | 21\% | 28\% | 11\% | 18\% | - | 7.5 |
| HU | 1000 | 9\% | 6\% | 11\% | 11\% | 18\% | 14\% | 14\% | 12\% | 3\% | 2\% | - | 5.1 |
| MT | 500 | 4\% | - | 2\% | 4\% | 11\% | 9\% | 17\% | 31\% | 11\% | 11\% | - | 7.1 |
| NL | 996 | - | - | 1\% | - | 3\% | 6\% | 23\% | 45\% | 15\% | 7\% | - | 7.8 |
| AT | 1007 | 2\% | 4\% | 5\% | 5\% | 9\% | 10\% | 18\% | 24\% | 10\% | 13\% | - | 6.9 |
| PL | 1000 | 4\% | 1\% | 4\% | 5\% | 16\% | 12\% | 18\% | 21\% | 9\% | 10\% | - | 6.7 |
| PT | 1051 | 3\% | 4\% | 9\% | 11\% | 22\% | 14\% | 17\% | 13\% | 4\% | 3\% | - | 5.6 |
| RO | 1013 | 9\% | 5\% | 6\% | 8\% | 14\% | 13\% | 16\% | 16\% | 7\% | 5\% | 1\% | 5.8 |
| SI | 1025 | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% | 15\% | 10\% | 16\% | 24\% | 11\% | 12\% | - | 6.9 |
| SK | 1050 | 3\% | 2\% | 5\% | 8\% | 15\% | 12\% | 19\% | 20\% | 8\% | 8\% | - | 6.4 |
| FI | 1008 | 1\% | - | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 4\% | 15\% | 41\% | 26\% | 8\% | - | 8.0 |
| SE | 1007 | 1\% | - | 2\% | 3\% | 7\% | 4\% | 21\% | 27\% | 16\% | 19\% | - | 7.8 |
| UK | 1331 | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4\% | 13\% | 10\% | 20\% | 21\% | 13\% | 15\% | - | 7.2 |

QA1.2 Tout bien considéré, dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous êtes satisfait(e) de votre vie actuellement? Merci de me donner une note sur une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 ' signifie que "vous n'êtes pas satisfait(e)" du tout et ' 10 ' que "vous êtes totalement satisfait(e)".

QA1.2 All things considered, how satisfied would you say you are with your life these days? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 where ' 1 ' means "very dissatisfied" and '10' means "very satisfied".

|  | TOTAL | Pas satisfait / Dissatisfied | Ni satisfait ni insatisfait / Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | Satisfait / Satisfied | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 12\% | 25\% | 63\% | - | 6.8 |


| BE | 1005 | 5\% | 15\% | 80\% | - | 7.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 48\% | 32\% | 19\% | 1\% | 4.5 |
| CZ | 1007 | 14\% | 29\% | 57\% | - | 6.6 |
| DK | 1020 | 4\% | 10\% | 86\% | - | 8.1 |
| DE | 1549 | 12\% | 18\% | 70\% | - | 7.2 |
| EE | 1000 | 16\% | 35\% | 49\% | - | 6.2 |
| IE | 1001 | 9\% | 17\% | 73\% | 1\% | 7.4 |
| EL | 1000 | 16\% | 24\% | 60\% | - | 6.5 |
| ES | 1026 | 8\% | 26\% | 66\% | - | 7.0 |
| FR | 1027 | 9\% | 29\% | 62\% | - | 6.9 |
| IT | 1039 | 11\% | 34\% | 55\% | - | 6.5 |
| CY | 508 | 10\% | 26\% | 64\% | - | 6.9 |
| LV | 1011 | 31\% | 34\% | 35\% | - | 5.4 |
| LT | 1023 | 19\% | 33\% | 47\% | 1\% | 6.1 |
| LU | 500 | 6\% | 16\% | 78\% | - | 7.5 |
| HU | 1000 | 37\% | 32\% | 31\% | - | 5.1 |
| MT | 500 | 10\% | 20\% | 70\% | - | 7.1 |
| NL | 996 | 2\% | 8\% | 90\% | - | 7.8 |
| AT | 1007 | 15\% | 19\% | 66\% | - | 6.9 |
| PL | 1000 | 14\% | 27\% | 59\% | - | 6.7 |
| PT | 1051 | 27\% | 36\% | 37\% | - | 5.6 |
| RO | 1013 | 28\% | 27\% | 44\% | 1\% | 5.8 |
| SI | 1025 | 12\% | 25\% | 63\% | - | 6.9 |
| SK | 1050 | 19\% | 26\% | 55\% | - | 6.4 |
| FI | 1008 | 3\% | 7\% | 90\% | - | 8.0 |
| SE | 1007 | 5\% | 11\% | 84\% | - | 7.8 |
| UK | 1331 | 8\% | 23\% | 69\% | - | 7.2 |

QA2.1 Pouvez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure êtes-vous satisfait(e) ou non de chacun des éléments suivants ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 où '1' signifie que vous n'êtes "pas du tout satisfait(e)" et '10' que vous êtes "tout à fait satisfait(e)". Votre vie de famille

QA2.1 Could you please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 how satisfied you are with each of the following items, where ' 1 ' means you are
"very dissatisfied" and '10' means you are "very satisfied"? Your family life

|  | TOTAL | 1 Pas du tout satisfait/ 1 Very dissatisfied | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 Tout à fait satisfait / 10 Yery satisfied | $\text { NSP } /$ <br> DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 7\% | 8\% | 14\% | 23\% | 16\% | 23\% | 1\% | 7.7 |


| BE | 1005 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% | 4\% | 5\% | 12\% | 32\% | 23\% | 18\% | - | 8.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 6\% | 4\% | 7\% | 6\% | 11\% | 7\% | 14\% | 12\% | 9\% | 16\% | 8\% | 6.4 |
| CZ | 1007 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 10\% | 8\% | 15\% | 20\% | 17\% | 20\% | 1\% | 7.5 |
| DK | 1020 | - | - | 1\% | 1\% | 4\% | 4\% | 9\% | 19\% | 20\% | 37\% | 5\% | 8.5 |
| DE | 1549 | 2\% | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% | 5\% | 12\% | 24\% | 17\% | 27\% | 1\% | 7.9 |
| EE | 1000 | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 3\% | 11\% | 7\% | 11\% | 19\% | 18\% | 24\% | 1\% | 7.6 |
| IE | 1001 | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4\% | 5\% | 12\% | 22\% | 19\% | 33\% | 1\% | 8.3 |
| EL | 1000 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 8\% | 7\% | 16\% | 25\% | 21\% | 16\% | - | 7.6 |
| ES | 1026 | 1\% | - | 1\% | 3\% | 6\% | 11\% | 19\% | 26\% | 15\% | 18\% | - | 7.7 |
| FR | 1027 | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 6\% | 6\% | 13\% | 23\% | 18\% | 28\% | - | 8.0 |
| IT | 1039 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 10\% | 16\% | 21\% | 26\% | 11\% | 9\% | - | 7.1 |
| CY | 508 | - | 1\% | - | 1\% | 7\% | 4\% | 12\% | 23\% | 17\% | 35\% | - | 8.4 |
| LV | 1011 | 4\% | 2\% | 4\% | 4\% | 13\% | 6\% | 13\% | 19\% | 13\% | 21\% | 1\% | 7.2 |
| LT | 1023 | 4\% | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% | 11\% | 5\% | 12\% | 17\% | 15\% | 26\% | 3\% | 7.4 |
| LU | 500 | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 2\% | 4\% | 4\% | 13\% | 18\% | 17\% | 36\% | - | 8.1 |
| HU | 1000 | 3\% | 2\% | 5\% | 5\% | 12\% | 8\% | 11\% | 20\% | 14\% | 20\% | - | 7.1 |
| MT | 500 | 1\% | 1\% | - | 2\% | 4\% | 5\% | 11\% | 28\% | 16\% | 32\% | - | 8.2 |
| NL | 996 | 1\% | - | - | 2\% | 3\% | 6\% | 19\% | 36\% | 22\% | 11\% | - | 7.9 |
| AT | 1007 | 4\% | 4\% | 5\% | 4\% | 8\% | 9\% | 14\% | 19\% | 12\% | 21\% | - | 7.1 |
| PL | 1000 | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 3\% | 8\% | 6\% | 13\% | 21\% | 14\% | 29\% | - | 7.7 |
| PT | 1051 | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% | 5\% | 15\% | 12\% | 14\% | 23\% | 13\% | 10\% | - | 6.8 |
| RO | 1013 | 3\% | 2\% | 3\% | 4\% | 9\% | 7\% | 12\% | 18\% | 17\% | 22\% | 3\% | 7.5 |
| SI | 1025 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 8\% | 6\% | 12\% | 23\% | 16\% | 25\% | 1\% | 7.7 |
| SK | 1050 | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% | 3\% | 11\% | 8\% | 14\% | 20\% | 16\% | 21\% | - | 7.4 |
| FI | 1008 | - | - | 1\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 12\% | 34\% | 30\% | 16\% | 1\% | 8.2 |
| SE | 1007 | 1\% | - | 2\% | 3\% | 6\% | 6\% | 11\% | 21\% | 18\% | $32 \%$ | - | 8.1 |
| UK | 1331 | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 7\% | 5\% | 11\% | 21\% | 17\% | 32\% | 1\% | 8.1 |

QA2.1 Pouvez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure êtes-vous satisfait(e) ou non de chacun des éléments suivants? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 où ' 1 ' signifie que vous n'êtes "pas du tout satisfait(e)" et '10' que vous êtes "tout à fait satisfait(e)". Votre vie de famille

QA2.1 Could you please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 how satisfied you are with each of the following items, where ' 1 ' means you are "very dissatisfied" and ' 10 ' means you are "very satisfied"? Your family life

|  | TOTAL | Pas satisfait / Dissatisfied | Ni satisfait ni insatisfait / Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | Satisfait / Satisfied | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 7\% | 15\% | 77\% | 1\% | 7.7 |


| BE | 1005 | 5\% | 9\% | 86\% | - | 8.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 22\% | 18\% | 51\% | 9\% | 6.4 |
| CZ | 1007 | 8\% | 18\% | 73\% | 1\% | 7.5 |
| DK | 1020 | 3\% | 8\% | 84\% | 5\% | 8.5 |
| DE | 1549 | 9\% | 10\% | 81\% | - | 7.9 |
| EE | 1000 | 9\% | 18\% | 72\% | 1\% | 7.6 |
| IE | 1001 | 4\% | 8\% | 87\% | 1\% | 8.3 |
| EL | 1000 | 7\% | 15\% | 78\% | - | 7.6 |
| ES | 1026 | 5\% | 17\% | 78\% | - | 7.7 |
| FR | 1027 | 6\% | 12\% | 82\% | - | 8.0 |
| IT | 1039 | 8\% | 25\% | 67\% | - | 7.1 |
| CY | 508 | 2\% | 11\% | 87\% | - | 8.4 |
| LV | 1011 | 13\% | 20\% | 66\% | 1\% | 7.2 |
| LT | 1023 | 12\% | 16\% | 69\% | 3\% | 7.4 |
| LU | 500 | 8\% | 8\% | 84\% | - | 8.1 |
| HU | 1000 | 15\% | 20\% | 65\% | - | 7.1 |
| MT | 500 | 5\% | 9\% | 86\% | - | 8.2 |
| NL | 996 | 4\% | 9\% | 87\% | - | 7.9 |
| AT | 1007 | 16\% | 17\% | 67\% | - | 7.1 |
| PL | 1000 | 9\% | 14\% | 77\% | - | 7.7 |
| PT | 1051 | 14\% | 26\% | 60\% | - | 6.8 |
| RO | 1013 | 12\% | 15\% | 70\% | 3\% | 7.5 |
| SI | 1025 | 8\% | 15\% | 76\% | 1\% | 7.7 |
| SK | 1050 | 10\% | 19\% | 71\% | - | 7.4 |
| FI | 1008 | 3\% | 5\% | 91\% | 1\% | 8.2 |
| SE | 1007 | 6\% | 12\% | 82\% | - | 8.1 |
| UK | 1331 | 5\% | 12\% | 82\% | 1\% | 8.1 |

QA2.2 Pouvez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure êtes-vous satisfait(e) ou non de chacun des éléments suivants ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 où ' 1 ' signifie que vous n'êtes "pas du tout satisfait(e)" et '10' que vous êtes "tout à fait satisfait(e)". Votre santé

QA2.2 Could you please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 how satisfied you are with each of the following items, where ' 1 ' means you are "very dissatisfied" and '10' means you are "very satisfied"? Your health

|  | TOTAL | 1 Pas du tout satisfait / 1 Yery dissatisfied | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 Tout à fait satisfait / <br> 10 Very satisfied | $\text { NSP } /$ DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 2\% | 2\% | 4\% | 4\% | 9\% | 10\% | 16\% | 22\% | 14\% | 17\% | - | 7.2 |


| BE | 1005 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 6\% | 9\% | 17\% | 29\% | 18\% | 14\% | - | 7.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 6\% | 6\% | 8\% | 7\% | 13\% | 11\% | 12\% | 10\% | 10\% | 13\% | 4\% | 6.1 |
| CZ | 1007 | 2\% | 2\% | 4\% | 5\% | 10\% | 9\% | 15\% | 20\% | 16\% | 17\% | - | 7.2 |
| DK | 1020 | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% | 6\% | 7\% | 13\% | 24\% | 16\% | 21\% | 5\% | 7.8 |
| DE | 1549 | 2\% | 2\% | 4\% | 6\% | 9\% | 10\% | 14\% | 22\% | 13\% | 18\% | - | 7.1 |
| EE | 1000 | 3\% | 3\% | 7\% | 6\% | 11\% | 8\% | 11\% | 19\% | 16\% | 16\% | - | 6.9 |
| IE | 1001 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 6\% | 7\% | 11\% | 18\% | 20\% | 31\% | - | 8.1 |
| EL | 1000 | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 5\% | 6\% | 7\% | 12\% | 21\% | 21\% | 22\% | 1\% | 7.7 |
| ES | 1026 | - | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 10\% | 13\% | 21\% | 25\% | 12\% | 13\% | - | 7.3 |
| FR | 1027 | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 3\% | 8\% | 8\% | 14\% | 22\% | 17\% | 22\% | - | 7.6 |
| IT | 1039 | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4\% | 10\% | 14\% | 21\% | 28\% | 11\% | 9\% | - | 7.2 |
| CY | 508 | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% | 10\% | 4\% | 8\% | 16\% | 16\% | 37\% | - | 7.9 |
| LV | 1011 | 3\% | 3\% | 5\% | 4\% | 15\% | 7\% | 13\% | 19\% | 15\% | 16\% | - | 6.9 |
| LT | 1023 | 4\% | 4\% | 5\% | 5\% | 12\% | 8\% | 12\% | 20\% | 14\% | 16\% | - | 6.9 |
| LU | 500 | 2\% | 1\% | 4\% | 2\% | 6\% | 6\% | 18\% | 20\% | 15\% | 25\% | 1\% | 7.7 |
| HU | 1000 | 4\% | 5\% | 7\% | 7\% | 9\% | 9\% | 11\% | 17\% | 14\% | 17\% | - | 6.7 |
| MT | 500 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 1\% | 7\% | 5\% | 14\% | 26\% | 19\% | 23\% | - | 7.9 |
| NL | 996 | - | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 9\% | 21\% | 33\% | 19\% | 10\% | - | 7.7 |
| AT | 1007 | 1\% | 4\% | 6\% | 5\% | 10\% | 10\% | 15\% | 20\% | 13\% | 16\% | - | 6.9 |
| PL | 1000 | 4\% | 4\% | 7\% | 6\% | 11\% | 8\% | 12\% | 16\% | 12\% | 20\% | - | 6.8 |
| PT | 1051 | 2\% | 5\% | 9\% | 8\% | 17\% | 12\% | 16\% | 15\% | 10\% | 6\% | - | 6.1 |
| RO | 1013 | 3\% | 3\% | 5\% | 5\% | 11\% | 10\% | 12\% | 15\% | 16\% | 17\% | 3\% | 7.0 |
| SI | 1025 | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 4\% | 12\% | 5\% | 13\% | 18\% | 20\% | 21\% | - | 7.5 |
| SK | 1050 | 3\% | 2\% | 4\% | 4\% | 9\% | 11\% | 14\% | 19\% | 15\% | 19\% | - | 7.2 |
| FI | 1008 | - | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 4\% | 8\% | 19\% | 29\% | 25\% | 9\% | - | 7.7 |
| SE | 1007 | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 3\% | 8\% | 10\% | 18\% | 20\% | 18\% | 18\% | - | 7.5 |
| UK | 1331 | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 4\% | 8\% | 7\% | 14\% | 23\% | 17\% | 21\% | - | 7.5 |

QA2.2 Pouvez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure êtes-vous satisfait(e) ou non de chacun des éléments suivants ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 où ' 1 ' signifie que vous n'êtes "pas du tout satisfait(e)" et '10' que vous êtes "tout à fait satisfait(e)". Votre santé

QA2.2 Could you please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 how satisfied you are with each of the following items, where ' 1 ' means you are "very dissatisfied" and '10' means you are "very satisfied"? Your health

|  | TOTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pas } \\ \text { satisfait } / \\ \text { Dissatisfied } \end{gathered}$ | Ni satisfait ni insatisfait / Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | Satisfait / Satisfied | $\text { NSP } /$ DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 12\% | 19\% | 69\% | - | 7.2 |


| BE | 1005 | $7 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $78 \%$ | - | 7.6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $27 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 6.1 |
| CZ | 1007 | $13 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $68 \%$ | - | 7.2 |
| DK | 1020 | $8 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 7.8 |
| DE | 1549 | $15 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $66 \%$ | - | 7.1 |
| EE | 1000 | $19 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $62 \%$ | - | 6.9 |
| IE | 1001 | $6 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 8.1 |
| EL | 1000 | $10 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $77 \%$ | - | 7.7 |
| ES | 1026 | $7 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $70 \%$ | - | 7.3 |
| FR | 1027 | $9 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $75 \%$ | - | 7.6 |
| IT | 1039 | $7 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $69 \%$ | - | 7.2 |
| CY | 508 | $9 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $77 \%$ | - | 7.9 |
| LV | 1011 | $15 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $63 \%$ | - | 6.9 |
| LT | 1023 | $17 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $63 \%$ | - | 6.9 |
| LU | 500 | $8 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.7 |
| HU | 1000 | $23 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $59 \%$ | - | 6.7 |
| MT | 500 | $6 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $82 \%$ | - | 7.9 |
| NL | 996 | $4 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $82 \%$ | - | 7.7 |
| AT | 1007 | $17 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $63 \%$ | - | 6.9 |
| PL | 1000 | $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $60 \%$ | - | 6.8 |
| PT | 1051 | $24 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $47 \%$ | - | 6.1 |
| RO | 1013 | $16 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 7.0 |
| SI | 1025 | $11 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $72 \%$ | - | 7.5 |
| SK | 1050 | $13 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $67 \%$ | - | 7.2 |
| FI | 1008 | $6 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $82 \%$ | - | 7.7 |
| SE | 1007 | $8 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $74 \%$ | - | 7.5 |
| UK | 1331 | $11 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $74 \%$ | - | 7.5 |

QA2.3 Pouvez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure êtes-vous satisfait(e) ou non de chacun des éléments suivants ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 où '1' signifie que vous n'êtes "pas du tout satisfait(e)" et '10' que vous êtes "tout à fait satisfait(e)". Votre travail (SI 'TRAVAILLE ACTUELLEMENT', CODE 5 A 18 EN D15a)

QA2.3 Could you please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 how satisfied you are with each of the following items, where ' 1 ' means you are "very dissatisfied" and ' 10 ' means you are "very satisfied"? Your job (IF 'CURRENTLY WORK', CODE 5 TO 18 IN D15a)

|  | TOTAL | 1 Pas du tout satisfait/ 1 Very dissatisfied | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 Tout à fait satisfait / 10 Yery satisfied | $\text { NSP } /$ DK | Moyenne <br> / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 12943 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 9\% | 12\% | 19\% | 24\% | 13\% | 13\% | 1\% | 7.2 |


| BE | 471 | 1\% | 1\% | - | 2\% | 3\% | 9\% | 18\% | 35\% | 18\% | 12\% | 1\% | 7.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 470 | 2\% | 4\% | 6\% | 9\% | 17\% | 12\% | 17\% | 15\% | 7\% | 9\% | 2\% | 6.2 |
| CZ | 550 | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 3\% | 8\% | 10\% | 19\% | 23\% | 17\% | 13\% | - | 7.3 |
| DK | 564 | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 6\% | 17\% | 25\% | 18\% | 20\% | 5\% | 7.9 |
| DE | 722 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 8\% | 10\% | 17\% | 23\% | 15\% | 19\% | - | 7.5 |
| EE | 495 | 2\% | 1\% | 4\% | 5\% | 11\% | 9\% | 16\% | 19\% | 15\% | 17\% | 1\% | 7.2 |
| IE | 470 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 8\% | 9\% | 13\% | 19\% | 15\% | 23\% | 4\% | 7.6 |
| EL | 458 | 4\% | 4\% | 3\% | 4\% | 9\% | 13\% | 21\% | 24\% | 12\% | 6\% | - | 6.7 |
| ES | 439 | - | - | 2\% | 3\% | 9\% | 14\% | 25\% | 27\% | 10\% | 9\% | 1\% | 7.3 |
| FR | 520 | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 4\% | 12\% | 10\% | 16\% | 24\% | 14\% | 12\% | 2\% | 7.1 |
| IT | 566 | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% | 4\% | 10\% | 20\% | 24\% | 25\% | 8\% | 4\% | - | 6.8 |
| CY | 270 | 3\% | - | 1\% | 3\% | 10\% | 6\% | 13\% | 29\% | 15\% | 18\% | 2\% | 7.5 |
| LV | 478 | 3\% | 2\% | 5\% | 5\% | 11\% | 8\% | 17\% | 20\% | 14\% | 15\% | - | 7.0 |
| LT | 461 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% | 9\% | 8\% | 16\% | 24\% | 18\% | 17\% | 1\% | 7.5 |
| LU | 229 | 1\% | - | 2\% | 2\% | 6\% | 8\% | 23\% | 17\% | 17\% | 23\% | 1\% | 7.8 |
| HU | 417 | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% | 8\% | 9\% | 14\% | 20\% | 19\% | 12\% | 12\% | - | 6.9 |
| MT | 202 | 4\% | 2\% | 1\% | 4\% | 6\% | 7\% | 15\% | 26\% | 16\% | 18\% | 1\% | 7.5 |
| NL | 538 | - | - | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 9\% | 27\% | 40\% | 14\% | 5\% | - | 7.6 |
| AT | 557 | 3\% | 3\% | 3\% | 3\% | 9\% | 10\% | 15\% | 23\% | 13\% | 18\% | - | 7.2 |
| PL | 412 | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% | 4\% | 11\% | 12\% | 21\% | 22\% | 9\% | 14\% | - | 7.1 |
| PT | 454 | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% | 7\% | 18\% | 16\% | 20\% | 21\% | 5\% | 2\% | 1\% | 6.2 |
| RO | 492 | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% | 6\% | 12\% | 9\% | 15\% | 19\% | 14\% | 11\% | 7\% | 6.9 |
| SI | 476 | 4\% | 1\% | 4\% | 3\% | 9\% | 8\% | 14\% | 22\% | 17\% | 17\% | 1\% | 7.2 |
| SK | 598 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 10\% | 13\% | 18\% | 24\% | 14\% | 12\% | - | 7.2 |
| FI | 532 | 1\% | - | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% | 5\% | 19\% | 36\% | 22\% | 7\% | 2\% | 7.7 |
| SE | 579 | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 4\% | 6\% | 10\% | 21\% | 25\% | 11\% | 17\% | 1\% | 7.4 |
| UK | 648 | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% | 3\% | 10\% | 11\% | 16\% | 19\% | 13\% | 20\% | 1\% | 7.3 |

QA2.3 Pouvez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure êtes-vous satisfait(e) ou non de chacun des éléments suivants ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 où ' 1 ' signifie que vous n'êtes "pas du tout satisfait(e)" et 10 ' que vous êtes "tout à fait satisfait(e)", Votre travail (SI 'TRAVAILLE ACTUELLEMENT', CODE 5 A 18 EN D15a)

QA2.3 Could you please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 how satisfied you are with each of the following items, where ' 1 ' means you are "very dissatisfied" and ' 10 ' means you are "very satisfied"? Your job (IF 'CURRENTLY WORK', CODE 5 TO 18 IN D15a)

|  | TOTAL | Pas satisfait $/$Ni satisfait ni <br> Dissatisfied <br> insatisfait $/$ <br> Neither satisfied <br> nor dissatisfied <br> Satisfait / <br> Satisfied | NSP / <br> DK | Moyenne $/$ <br> Average |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27/EU27 | 12943 | $9 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.2 |


| BE | 471 | $4 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 470 | $22 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 6.2 |
| CZ | 550 | $9 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $72 \%$ | - | 7.3 |
| DK | 564 | $5 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 7.9 |
| DE | 722 | $8 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $74 \%$ | - | 7.5 |
| EE | 495 | $11 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.2 |
| IE | 470 | $9 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 7.6 |
| EL | 458 | $15 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $63 \%$ | - | 6.7 |
| ES | 439 | $4 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.3 |
| FR | 520 | $10 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 7.1 |
| IT | 566 | $9 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $61 \%$ | - | 6.8 |
| CY | 270 | $7 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 7.5 |
| LU | 478 | $15 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $66 \%$ | - | 7.0 |
| LT | 461 | $7 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $75 \%$ | - | 7.5 |
| LU | 229 | $5 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.8 |
| HU | 417 | $14 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $63 \%$ | - | 6.9 |
| MT | 202 | $10 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.5 |
| NL | 538 | $2 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $86 \%$ | - | 7.6 |
| AT | 557 | $12 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $69 \%$ | - | 7.2 |
| PL | 412 | $10 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $67 \%$ | - | 7.1 |
| PT | 454 | $16 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 6.2 |
| RO | 492 | $13 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $7 \%$ | 6.9 |
| SI | 476 | $12 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.2 |
| SK | 598 | $9 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $68 \%$ | - | 7.2 |
| FI | $53 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 7.7 |  |
| SE | 579 | $16 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.4 |  |
| UK | $57 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.3 |  |

QA2.4 Pouvez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure êtes-vous satisfait(e) ou non de chacun des éléments suivants ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 où ' 1 ' signifie que vous n'êtes "pas du tout satisfait(e)" et '10' que vous êtes "tout à fait satisfait(e)". Votre niveau de vie actuel

QA2.4 Could you please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 how satisfied you are with each of the following items, where ' 1 ' means you are "very dissatisfied" and '10' means you are "very satisfied"? Your present standard of living

|  | TOTAL | 1 Pas du tout satisfait/ 1 Yery dissatisfied | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 Tout à fait satisfait / 10 Very satisfied | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 3\% | 2\% | 4\% | 5\% | 12\% | 14\% | 20\% | 21\% | 9\% | 9\% | 1\% | 6.7 |


| BE | 1005 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 7\% | 9\% | 21\% | 34\% | 15\% | 7\% | - | 7.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 11\% | 10\% | 15\% | 14\% | 16\% | 12\% | 7\% | 5\% | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% | 4.4 |
| CZ | 1007 | 3\% | 2\% | 6\% | 6\% | 17\% | 13\% | 19\% | 20\% | 7\% | 7\% | - | 6.4 |
| DK | 1020 | - | - | 1\% | 3\% | 6\% | 5\% | 14\% | 28\% | 16\% | 20\% | 7\% | 8.0 |
| DE | 1549 | 3\% | 3\% | 4\% | 5\% | 11\% | 11\% | 16\% | 21\% | 11\% | 15\% | - | 6.9 |
| EE | 1000 | 2\% | 2\% | 6\% | 8\% | 17\% | 14\% | 17\% | 16\% | 10\% | 7\% | 1\% | 6.4 |
| IE | 1001 | 1\% | 1\% | $3 \%$ | 5\% | 10\% | 13\% | 17\% | 20\% | 12\% | 16\% | 2\% | 7.2 |
| EL | 1000 | 3\% | 3\% | $3 \%$ | 6\% | 13\% | 14\% | 19\% | 23\% | 11\% | 5\% | - | 6.5 |
| ES | 1026 | 1\% | 1\% | $3 \%$ | 5\% | 13\% | 19\% | 26\% | 21\% | 8\% | $3 \%$ | - | 6.7 |
| FR | 1027 | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% | 14\% | 14\% | 25\% | 20\% | 8\% | 7\% | - | 6.7 |
| IT | 1039 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% | 11\% | 24\% | 27\% | 21\% | 5\% | 3\% | - | 6.6 |
| CY | 508 | 2\% | 1\% | 4\% | 3\% | 19\% | 13\% | 17\% | 22\% | 9\% | 10\% | - | 6.8 |
| LV | 1011 | 9\% | 5\% | 10\% | 8\% | 21\% | 15\% | 15\% | 10\% | 4\% | 3\% | - | 5.2 |
| LT | 1023 | 6\% | $3 \%$ | 7\% | 8\% | 17\% | 13\% | 16\% | 17\% | 7\% | 6\% | - | 6.0 |
| LU | 500 | - | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 5\% | 8\% | 16\% | 23\% | 18\% | 23\% | 1\% | 7.9 |
| HU | 1000 | 7\% | 7\% | 10\% | 12\% | 18\% | 18\% | 13\% | 10\% | 2\% | 3\% | - | 5.1 |
| MT | 500 | 3\% | 2\% | 4\% | 4\% | 9\% | 10\% | 23\% | 24\% | 9\% | 12\% | - | 6.9 |
| NL | 996 | - | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 8\% | 23\% | 42\% | 14\% | 7\% | - | 7.7 |
| AT | 1007 | 2\% | 4\% | 5\% | 4\% | 11\% | 12\% | 17\% | 20\% | 12\% | 13\% | - | 6.8 |
| PL | 1000 | 4\% | $3 \%$ | 6\% | 7\% | 19\% | 14\% | 18\% | 17\% | 6\% | 6\% | - | 6.1 |
| PT | 1051 | 4\% | 4\% | 10\% | 10\% | 23\% | 17\% | 16\% | 10\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 5.5 |
| RO | 1013 | 7\% | 5\% | 6\% | 7\% | 15\% | 13\% | 15\% | 17\% | 8\% | 4\% | 3\% | 5.9 |
| SI | 1025 | 2\% | 2\% | 5\% | 5\% | 16\% | 13\% | 16\% | 22\% | 10\% | 9\% | - | 6.7 |
| SK | 1050 | 3\% | 2\% | 6\% | 6\% | 14\% | 14\% | 20\% | 19\% | 8\% | 8\% | - | 6.5 |
| FI | 1008 | - | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 6\% | 8\% | 22\% | 37\% | 17\% | 6\% | - | 7.6 |
| SE | 1007 | - | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% | 5\% | 7\% | 19\% | 27\% | 18\% | 19\% | - | 7.8 |
| UK | 1331 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | $3 \%$ | 11\% | 11\% | 20\% | 23\% | 12\% | 16\% | - | 7.3 |

QA2.4 Pouvez-vous me dire dans quelle mesure êtes-vous satisfait(e) ou non de chacun des éléments suivants ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 où ' 1 ' signifie que vous n'êtes "pas du tout satisfait(e)" et '10' que vous êtes "tout à fait satisfait(e)". Votre niveau de vie actuel

QA2.4 Could you please tell me on a scale of 1 to 10 how satisfied you are with each of the following items, where ' 1 ' means you are "very dissatisfied" and ' 10 ' means you are "very satisfied"? Your present standard of living

|  | TOTAL | Pas satisfait / <br> Dissatisfied | Ni satisfait ni <br> insatisfait / <br> Neither satisfied <br> nor dissatisfied | Satisfait / <br> Satisfied | NSP / <br> DK | Moyenne $/$Average <br> $U E 27 / E U 27$ 26719 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| BE | 1005 | $6 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $78 \%$ | - | 7.4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $50 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $6 \%$ | 4.4 |
| CZ | 1007 | $17 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $54 \%$ | - | 6.4 |
| DK | 1020 | $4 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $7 \%$ | 8.0 |
| DE | 1549 | $15 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $64 \%$ | - | 6.9 |
| EE | 1000 | $19 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 6.4 |
| IE | 1001 | $10 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 7.2 |
| EL | 1000 | $16 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $58 \%$ | - | 6.5 |
| ES | 1026 | $10 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $59 \%$ | - | 6.7 |
| FR | 1027 | $12 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $60 \%$ | - | 6.7 |
| IT | 1039 | $9 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $56 \%$ | - | 6.6 |
| CY | 508 | $10 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $57 \%$ | - | 6.8 |
| LV | 1011 | $32 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $32 \%$ | - | 5.2 |
| LT | 1023 | $24 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $46 \%$ | - | 6.0 |
| LU | 500 | $6 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $81 \%$ | - | 7.9 |
| HU | 1000 | $37 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $28 \%$ | - | 5.1 |
| MT | 500 | $13 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $68 \%$ | - | 6.9 |
| NL | 996 | $3 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $86 \%$ | - | 7.7 |
| AT | 1007 | $16 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $61 \%$ | - | 6.8 |
| PL | 1000 | $20 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 6.1 |
| PT | 1051 | $28 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $32 \%$ | - | 5.5 |
| RO | 1013 | $25 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 5.9 |
| SI | 1025 | $14 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $57 \%$ | - | 6.7 |
| SK | 1050 | $17 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $54 \%$ | - | 6.5 |
| FI | 1008 | $5 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $82 \%$ | - | 7.6 |
| SE | 1007 | $6 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $82 \%$ | - | 7.8 |
| UK | 1331 | $8 \%$ |  |  |  | $71 \%$ |

QA3 II y a différentes manières de définir une personne pauvre en (NOTRE PAYS). Parmi les propositions suivantes, laquelle correspond le mieux à votre définition du fait d'être pauvre ? Une personne est pauvre quand ... (ROTATION)

QA3 There are different ways of defining when people are poor in (OUR COUNTRY). Which of the following statements would best corresponds to your definition of being poor? People are poor when...

|  | TOTAL | Ses ressources sont tellement limitées qu'elle ne peut pas participer pleinement à la vie de la société dans laquelle elle vit / Their resources are so limited that they cannot participate fully in the life of the society they live in | Elle a moins de (INSERER LE SEUIL DE PAUVRETE DANS CHAQUE PAYS) par mois pour vivre / They have less than (INSERT POVERTY THRESHOLD IN EACH COUNTRY) per month to live on | Elle a un statut social très bas dans notre société, indépendamment de ses ressources / They have a very low social status in our society, independently from their resources | Elle dépend de la charité et des aides publiques / They depend on charity or public subsidies | Elle ne peut se payer les biens de base dont elle a besoin pour vivre ( nourriture, logement, vêtements, etc.) (SPONTANE) / <br> They cannot afford the basic goods they need to live (food, shelter, clothes, etc.) (SPONTANEOUS) | Autre (SPONTANE) / Other (SPONTANEOUS) | II est impossible de définir la pauvreté en une seule phrase (SPONTANE) / It is impossible to define poverty just by one statement (SPONTANEOUS) | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { NSP / } \\ \text { DK } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 24\% | 18\% | 8\% | 21\% | 22\% | 1\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| BE | 1005 | 23\% | 14\% | 6\% | 13\% | 38\% | 1\% | 5\% | - |
| BG | 1015 | 29\% | 20\% | 5\% | 12\% | 25\% | 1\% | 7\% | 1\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 31\% | 26\% | 8\% | 35\% | - | - |  |  |
| DK | 1020 | 37\% | 13\% | 13\% | 25\% | 6\% | 1\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 28\% | 21\% | 8\% | 33\% | 4\% | 1\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| EE | 1000 | 23\% | 24\% | 11\% | 17\% | 8\% | 5\% | 10\% | 2\% |
| IE | 1001 | 24\% | 12\% | 7\% | 9\% | 38\% |  | 8\% | 2\% |
| EL | 1000 | 35\% | 32\% | 2\% | 10\% | 18\% | 1\% | 2\% |  |
| ES | 1026 | 22\% | 14\% | 7\% | 18\% | 34\% | 1\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| FR | 1027 | 36\% | 23\% | 10\% | 26\% | 3\% | - | 2\% | - |
| IT | 1039 | 15\% | 18\% | 8\% | 13\% | 35\% | 1\% | 8\% | 2\% |
| CY | 508 | 38\% | 31\% | 6\% | 5\% | 18\% |  | 2\% |  |
| LV | 1011 | 21\% | 21\% | 9\% | 26\% | 14\% | 2\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| LT | 1023 | 27\% | 30\% | 11\% | 24\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| LU | 500 | 26\% | 12\% | 8\% | 22\% | 26\% | 1\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| HU | 1000 | 21\% | 21\% | 7\% | 15\% | 31\% | 1\% | 4\% |  |
| MT | 500 | 25\% | 23\% | 9\% | 16\% | 22\% | 1\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| NL | 996 | 41\% | 13\% | 7\% | 27\% | 8\% | 1\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 13\% | 17\% | 8\% | 31\% | 23\% | 1\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| PL | 1000 | 13\% | 21\% | 7\% | 18\% | 30\% | 1\% | 8\% | 2\% |
| PT | 1051 | 14\% | 23\% | 7\% | 17\% | 32\% | 1\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| RO | 1013 | 23\% | 20\% | 9\% | 7\% | 31\% | 1\% | 6\% | 3\% |
| SI | 1025 | 17\% | 18\% | 5\% | 25\% | 25\% | 2\% | 7\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 31\% | 26\% | 19\% | 23\% | - | - | 1\% | - |
| FI | 1008 | 42\% | 19\% | 5\% | 29\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| SE | 1007 | 43\% | 7\% | 8\% | 33\% | 8\% |  | 1\% | \% |
| UK | 1331 | 14\% | 6\% | 6\% | 17\% | 40\% | 1\% | 14\% | 2\% |

QA4 Et diriez-vous que la pauvreté en (NOTRE PAYS) est ... ?
QA4 And would you say that poverty in (OUR COUNTRY) is ...?

|  | TOTAL | Très répandue / Very widespread | Plutôt répandue / Fairly widespread | Pas très répandue / Not very widespread | Pas du tout répandue / Not at all widespread | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { NSP } / \\ \text { DK } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Répandue / Widespread | ```Pas répandue / Not widespread``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 20\% | 53\% | 23\% | 2\% | 2\% | 73\% | 25\% |


| BE | 1005 | $21 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - | $75 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $48 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $6 \%$ | - | $2 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $8 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $4 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $68 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $17 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $17 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $19 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $31 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - | $84 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $13 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $32 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $26 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $13 \%$ | - | $1 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $15 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $4 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $65 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $42 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $10 \%$ | - | $1 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $24 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $19 \%$ | - | $2 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $11 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $42 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $51 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $4 \%$ | - | - | $96 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $16 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $8 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $7 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $16 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $34 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - | $88 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $44 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $5 \%$ | - | $5 \%$ | $90 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $15 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $23 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $4 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $2 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $61 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $17 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $30 \%$ |

QA5 A votre avis, quelle proportion de la population est pauvre en (NOTRE PAYS) ?
QA5 In your opinion, in (OUR COUNTRY), what proportion of the total population is poor?

|  | TOTAL | 1 personne sur 3 ou plus <br> (environ 30\% ou plus) / <br> 1 person out of 3 or more (around 30\% or more) | 1 personne sur 5 (environ 20\%) / <br> 1 person out of 5 (around $20 \%$ ) | 1 personne sur 10 (environ10\%) / <br> 1 person out of 10 (around $10 \%$ ) | 1 personne sur 20 (environ 5\%) / <br> 1 person out of 20 (around 5\%) | Moins de 5\% / Less than 5\% | $\text { NSP } /$ DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 21\% | 27\% | 23\% | 14\% | 8\% | 7\% |


| BE | 1005 | 16\% | 31\% | 33\% | 15\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 54\% | 22\% | 11\% | 5\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 14\% | 21\% | 22\% | 18\% | 22\% | 3\% |
| DK | 1020 | 2\% | 12\% | 25\% | 31\% | 28\% | 2\% |
| DE | 1549 | 17\% | 31\% | 26\% | 13\% | 9\% | 4\% |
| EE | 1000 | 24\% | 30\% | 24\% | 10\% | 4\% | 8\% |
| IE | 1001 | 18\% | 25\% | 20\% | 15\% | 11\% | 11\% |
| EL | 1000 | 39\% | 29\% | 18\% | 9\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| ES | 1026 | 14\% | 20\% | 24\% | 16\% | 14\% | 12\% |
| FR | 1027 | 24\% | 34\% | 25\% | 13\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| IT | 1039 | 16\% | 29\% | 22\% | 14\% | 9\% | 10\% |
| CY | 508 | 12\% | 18\% | 22\% | 24\% | 17\% | 7\% |
| LV | 1011 | 44\% | 29\% | 16\% | 6\% | 1\% | 4\% |
| LT | 1023 | 33\% | 27\% | 21\% | 9\% | 4\% | 6\% |
| LU | 500 | 7\% | 21\% | 33\% | 21\% | 12\% | 6\% |
| HU | 1000 | 54\% | 33\% | 10\% | 2\% | - | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 17\% | 19\% | 24\% | 12\% | 14\% | 14\% |
| NL | 996 | 7\% | 18\% | 32\% | 24\% | 16\% | 3\% |
| AT | 1007 | 5\% | 19\% | 31\% | 23\% | 17\% | 5\% |
| PL | 1000 | 31\% | 28\% | 18\% | 11\% | 5\% | 7\% |
| PT | 1051 | 36\% | 30\% | 13\% | 6\% | 1\% | 14\% |
| RO | 1013 | 52\% | 25\% | 9\% | 4\% | 3\% | 7\% |
| SI | 1025 | 29\% | 29\% | 22\% | 11\% | 6\% | 3\% |
| SK | 1050 | 22\% | 32\% | 21\% | 17\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| FI | 1008 | 5\% | 25\% | 34\% | 24\% | 10\% | 2\% |
| SE | 1007 | 5\% | 16\% | 28\% | 29\% | 20\% | 2\% |
| UK | 1331 | 14\% | 26\% | 25\% | 16\% | 8\% | 11\% |

QA6 Pourriez-vous me dire si des personnes vivent dans la pauvreté là où vous habitez ? Diriez-vous qu'il y a beaucoup de personnes, quelques personnes, peu de personnes ou personne qui vit dans la pauvreté?

QA6 In the area where you live, please tell me if there are people who live in poverty? Would you say there are many people, some people, a few people or none who live in poverty?

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup de personnes / Many people | Quelques personnes / Some people | Peude personnes / A few people | Personne / None | NSP / DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 12\% | 34\% | 33\% | 16\% | 5\% |
| BE | 1005 | 6\% | 24\% | 44\% | 24\% | 2\% |
| BG | 1015 | 42\% | 39\% | 14\% | 1\% | 4\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 4\% | 31\% | 53\% | 11\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 3\% | 17\% | 42\% | 36\% | 2\% |
| DE | 1549 | 8\% | 32\% | 36\% | 19\% | 5\% |
| EE | 1000 | 23\% | 39\% | 24\% | 9\% | 5\% |
| IE | 1001 | 8\% | 24\% | 35\% | 19\% | 14\% |
| EL | 1000 | 19\% | 40\% | 34\% | 5\% | 2\% |
| ES | 1026 | 9\% | 37\% | 37\% | 15\% | 2\% |
| FR | 1027 | 10\% | 37\% | 31\% | 16\% | 6\% |
| IT | 1039 | 9\% | 41\% | 28\% | 13\% | 9\% |
| CY | 508 | 4\% | 21\% | 44\% | 25\% | 6\% |
| LV | 1011 | 42\% | 38\% | 15\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| LT | 1023 | 21\% | 46\% | 24\% | 5\% | 4\% |
| LU | 500 | 3\% | 23\% | 36\% | 35\% | 3\% |
| HU | 1000 | 50\% | 37\% | 10\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| MT | 500 | 3\% | 14\% | 37\% | 28\% | 18\% |
| NL | 996 | 3\% | 12\% | 50\% | 31\% | 4\% |
| AT | 1007 | 6\% | 37\% | 39\% | 13\% | 5\% |
| PL | 1000 | 15\% | 40\% | 30\% | 9\% | 6\% |
| PT | 1051 | 22\% | 48\% | 21\% | 5\% | 4\% |
| RO | 1013 | 34\% | 40\% | 18\% | 3\% | 5\% |
| SI | 1025 | 9\% | 36\% | 35\% | 18\% | 2\% |
| SK | 1050 | 13\% | 41\% | 39\% | 5\% | 2\% |
| FI | 1008 | 5\% | 25\% | 41\% | 24\% | 5\% |
| SE | 1007 | 3\% | 24\% | 41\% | 30\% | 2\% |
| UK | 1331 | 9\% | 26\% | 37\% | 23\% | 5\% |

QA7.1 En général, diriez-vous que la pauvreté a fortement augmenté, plutôt augmenté, plutôt diminué ou fortement diminué au cours des trois dernières années ... ? Là où vous vivez

QA7.1 Generally speaking, would you say that poverty has strongly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or strongly decreased in the last three years in ...? The area where you live

|  | TOTAL | Fortement augmenté / Strongly increased | Plutôt augmenté / Somewhat increased | Plutôt diminué / Somewhat decreased | Fortement diminué / Strongly decreased | Est restée à peu près la même (SPONTANE) / Stayed about the same <br> (SPONTANEOUS) | NSP / DK | Augmenté / Increased | Diminué / Decreased |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 11\% | 42\% | 9\% | 2\% | 28\% | 8\% | 53\% | 11\% |


| BE | 1005 | 10\% | 39\% | 8\% | 2\% | 37\% | 4\% | 49\% | 10\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 29\% | 43\% | 5\% | 1\% | 16\% | 6\% | 72\% | 6\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 9\% | 57\% | 22\% | 3\% | 6\% | 3\% | 66\% | 25\% |
| DK | 1020 | 2\% | 34\% | 13\% | 1\% | 45\% | 5\% | 36\% | 14\% |
| DE | 1549 | 9\% | 36\% | 8\% | 1\% | 34\% | 12\% | 45\% | 9\% |
| EE | 1000 | 24\% | 46\% | 4\% | 1\% | 19\% | 6\% | 70\% | 5\% |
| IE | 1001 | 12\% | 46\% | 4\% | 3\% | 23\% | 12\% | 58\% | 7\% |
| EL | 1000 | 31\% | 42\% | 2\% | 1\% | 22\% | 2\% | 73\% | 3\% |
| ES | 1026 | 11\% | 46\% | 3\% | 2\% | 35\% | 3\% | 57\% | 5\% |
| FR | 1027 | 11\% | 46\% | 6\% | - | 25\% | 12\% | 57\% | 6\% |
| IT | 1039 | 8\% | 49\% | 5\% | 2\% | 28\% | 8\% | 57\% | 7\% |
| CY | 508 | 4\% | 32\% | 5\% | 2\% | 49\% | 8\% | 36\% | 7\% |
| LV | 1011 | 34\% | 52\% | 3\% | - | 8\% | 3\% | 86\% | 3\% |
| LT | 1023 | 18\% | 57\% | 4\% | 1\% | 16\% | 4\% | 75\% | 5\% |
| LU | 500 | 5\% | 33\% | 9\% | 1\% | 38\% | 14\% | 38\% | 10\% |
| HU | 1000 | 34\% | 51\% | 3\% | - | 10\% | 2\% | 85\% | 3\% |
| MT | 500 | 7\% | 29\% | 7\% | 7\% | 33\% | 17\% | 36\% | 14\% |
| NL | 996 | 5\% | 35\% | 12\% | 1\% | 40\% | 7\% | 40\% | 13\% |
| AT | 1007 | 14\% | 41\% | 6\% | 2\% | 31\% | 6\% | 55\% | 8\% |
| PL | 1000 | 9\% | 33\% | 20\% | 2\% | 27\% | 9\% | 42\% | 22\% |
| PT | 1051 | 21\% | 44\% | 8\% | 1\% | 19\% | 7\% | 65\% | 9\% |
| RO | 1013 | 23\% | 39\% | 6\% | 2\% | 23\% | 7\% | 62\% | 8\% |
| SI | 1025 | 13\% | 51\% | 2\% | 1\% | 30\% | 3\% | 64\% | 3\% |
| SK | 1050 | 23\% | 61\% | 10\% | 1\% | 3\% | 2\% | 84\% | 11\% |
| FI | 1008 | 2\% | 38\% | 12\% | 1\% | 38\% | 9\% | 40\% | 13\% |
| SE | 1007 | 3\% | 39\% | 14\% | 2\% | 34\% | 8\% | 42\% | 16\% |
| UK | 1331 | 8\% | 43\% | 12\% | 2\% | 25\% | 10\% | 51\% | 14\% |

QA7.2 En général, diriez-vous que la pauvreté a fortement augmenté, plutôt augmenté, plutôt diminué ou fortement diminué au cours des trois dernières années ...? En (NOTRE PAYS)

QA7.2 Generally speaking, would you say that poverty has strongly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or strongly decreased in the last three years in ...? (OUR COUNTRY)

|  | TOTAL | Fortement <br> augmenté / <br> Strongly <br> increased | Plutôt <br> augmenté / <br> Somewhat <br> increased | Plutôt <br> diminué / <br> Somewhat <br> decreased | Fortement <br> diminué / <br> Strongly <br> decreased | Est restée à peu près la <br> même (SPONTANE) / <br> Stayed about the same <br> (SPONTANEOUS) | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 Increased |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Incent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| BE | 1005 | 23\% | 63\% | 5\% | 1\% | 7\% | 1\% | 86\% | 6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 39\% | 44\% | 3\% | - | 8\% | 6\% | 83\% | 3\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 17\% | 64\% | 14\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 81\% | 16\% |
| DK | 1020 | 5\% | 60\% | 14\% | 2\% | 17\% | 2\% | 65\% | 16\% |
| DE | 1549 | 33\% | 56\% | 4\% | 1\% | 4\% | 2\% | 89\% | 5\% |
| EE | 1000 | 41\% | 46\% | 4\% | 1\% | 5\% | 3\% | 87\% | 5\% |
| IE | 1001 | 36\% | 45\% | 4\% | 2\% | 5\% | 8\% | 81\% | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 54\% | 37\% | 1\% | - | 7\% | 1\% | 91\% | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 32\% | 59\% | 2\% | 1\% | 4\% | 2\% | 91\% | 3\% |
| FR | 1027 | 36\% | 57\% | 2\% | - | 3\% | 2\% | 93\% | 2\% |
| IT | 1039 | 18\% | 65\% | 4\% | 1\% | 9\% | 3\% | 83\% | 5\% |
| CY | 508 | 11\% | 54\% | 4\% | 2\% | 23\% | 6\% | 65\% | 6\% |
| LV | 1011 | 62\% | 35\% | 1\% | - | 1\% | 1\% | 97\% | 1\% |
| LT | 1023 | 36\% | 54\% | 4\% | - | 3\% | 3\% | 90\% | 4\% |
| LU | 500 | 19\% | 62\% | 7\% | 1\% | 8\% | 3\% | 81\% | 8\% |
| HU | 1000 | 64\% | 33\% | 2\% | - | 1\% | - | 97\% | 2\% |
| MT | 500 | 16\% | 52\% | 9\% | 5\% | 10\% | 8\% | 68\% | 14\% |
| NL | 996 | 19\% | 61\% | 11\% | 1\% | 7\% | 1\% | 80\% | 12\% |
| AT | 1007 | 24\% | 51\% | 7\% | 1\% | 14\% | 3\% | 75\% | 8\% |
| PL | 1000 | 12\% | 49\% | 18\% | - | 12\% | 9\% | 61\% | 18\% |
| PT | 1051 | 41\% | 43\% | 7\% | 2\% | 3\% | 4\% | 84\% | 9\% |
| RO | 1013 | 40\% | 42\% | 4\% | 2\% | 7\% | 5\% | 82\% | 6\% |
| SI | 1025 | 30\% | 58\% | 2\% | - | 7\% | 3\% | 88\% | 2\% |
| SK | 1050 | 38\% | 53\% | 7\% | - | 1\% | 1\% | 91\% | 7\% |
| FI | 1008 | 13\% | 71\% | 7\% | - | 7\% | 2\% | 84\% | 7\% |
| SE | 1007 | 11\% | 70\% | 11\% | - | 6\% | 2\% | 81\% | 11\% |
| UK | 1331 | 19\% | 55\% | 12\% | 2\% | 7\% | 5\% | 74\% | 14\% |

QA7.3 En général, diriez-vous que la pauvreté a fortement augmenté, plutôt augmenté, plutôt diminué ou fortement diminué au cours des trois dernières années ... ? Dans l'Union européenne

QA7.3 Generally speaking, would you say that poverty has strongly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or strongly decreased in

|  | TOTAL | Fortement augmenté / Strongly increased | Plutôt augmenté / Somewhat increased | Plutôt diminué / Somewhat decreased | Fortement diminué / Strongly decreased | Est restée à peu près la même (SPONTANE) / Stayed about the same (SPONTANEOUS) | NSP / DK | Augmenté / Increased | Diminué / Decreased |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 21\% | 51\% | 9\% | 1\% | 6\% | 12\% | 72\% | 10\% |
| BE | 1005 | \% | 56\% |  |  | 6\% | 2\% | 3\% | 9\% |
| BG | 1015 | 6\% | 28\% | 9\% | 3\% | 13\% | 41\% | 34\% | 12\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 16\% | 58\% | 18\% | 2\% | 2\% | 4\% | 74\% | 20\% |
| DK | 1020 | 10\% | 62\% | 14\% | 1\% | 6\% | 7\% | 72\% | 15\% |
| DE | 1549 | 28\% | 54\% | 6\% | 1\% | 5\% | 6\% | 82\% | 7\% |
| EE | 1000 | 21\% | 50\% | 6\% | 1\% | 8\% | 14\% | 71\% | 7\% |
| IE | 1001 | 23\% | 41\% | 6\% | 2\% | 6\% | 22\% | 64\% | 8\% |
| EL | 1000 | 43\% | 43\% | 2\% | - | 8\% | 4\% | 86\% | 2\% |
| ES | 1026 | 23\% | 58\% | 3\% | 1\% | 5\% | 10\% | 81\% | 4\% |
| FR | 1027 | 28\% | 52\% | 5\% | - | 2\% | 13\% | 80\% | 5\% |
| IT | 1039 | 15\% | 63\% | 6\% | 2\% | 8\% | 6\% | 78\% | 8\% |
| CY | 508 | 28\% | 49\% | 2\% | - | 4\% | 17\% | 77\% | 2\% |
| LV | 1011 | 14\% | 56\% | 6\% | 1\% | 8\% | 15\% | 70\% | 7\% |
| LT | 1023 | 15\% | 58\% | 6\% | - | 6\% | 15\% | 73\% | 6\% |
| LU | 500 | 40\% | 48\% | 4\% | 1\% | 3\% | 4\% | 88\% | 5\% |
| HU | 1000 | 27\% | 57\% | 5\% | - | 6\% | 5\% | 84\% | 5\% |
| MT | 500 | 18\% | 43\% | 6\% | 4\% | 8\% | 21\% | 61\% | 10\% |
| NL | 996 | 22\% | 51\% | 17\% | 2\% | 5\% | 3\% | 73\% | 19\% |
| AT | 1007 | 38\% | 43\% | 7\% | 1\% | 6\% | 5\% | 81\% | 8\% |
| PL | 1000 | 4\% | 37\% | 22\% | 2\% | 12\% | 23\% | 41\% | 24\% |
| PT | 1051 | 30\% | 44\% | 6\% | 1\% | 4\% | 15\% | 74\% | 7\% |
| RO | 1013 | 15\% | 35\% | 10\% | 3\% | 10\% | 27\% | 50\% | 13\% |
| SI | 1025 | 29\% | 58\% | 2\% | - | 6\% | 5\% | 87\% | 2\% |
| SK | 1050 | 28\% | 58\% | 8\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 86\% | 9\% |
| FI | 1008 | 15\% | 66\% | 9\% | - | 5\% | 5\% | 81\% | 9\% |
| SE | 1007 | 14\% | 60\% | 18\% | - | 3\% | 5\% | 74\% | 18\% |
| UK | 1331 | 14\% | 47\% | 13\% | 2\% | 6\% | 18\% | 61\% | 15\% |

QA7.4 En général, diriez-vous que la pauvreté a fortement augmenté, plutôt augmenté, plutôt diminué ou fortement diminué au cours des trois dernières années ... ? Dans le monde

QA7.4 Generally speaking, would you say that poverty has strongly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or strongly decreased in the last three years in ...? The world

|  | TOTAL | Fortement augmenté / Strongly increased | Plutôt augmenté / Somewhat increased | Plutôt diminué / Somewhat decreased | Fortement diminué / Strongly decreased | Est restée à peu près la même (SPONTANE) / Stayed about the same (SPONTANEOUS) | NSP / DK | Augmenté / Increased | Diminué / <br> Decreased |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 37\% | 45\% | 6\% | 1\% | 4\% | 7\% | 82\% | 7\% |


| BE | 1005 | 40\% | 51\% | 4\% | 1\% | 3\% | 1\% | 91\% | 5\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 12\% | 35\% | 7\% | 1\% | 9\% | 36\% | 47\% | 8\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 35\% | 51\% | 10\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 86\% | 11\% |
| DK | 1020 | 22\% | 56\% | 11\% | 1\% | 5\% | 5\% | 78\% | 12\% |
| DE | 1549 | 51\% | 40\% | 4\% | - | 2\% | 3\% | 91\% | 4\% |
| EE | 1000 | 35\% | 43\% | 4\% | 1\% | 6\% | 11\% | 78\% | 5\% |
| IE | 1001 | 40\% | 32\% | 5\% | 1\% | 5\% | 17\% | $72 \%$ | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 60\% | 30\% | 1\% | - | 5\% | 4\% | 90\% | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 50\% | 40\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 4\% | 90\% | 3\% |
| FR | 1027 | 48\% | 43\% | 3\% | - | 1\% | 5\% | 91\% | 3\% |
| IT | 1039 | 28\% | 57\% | 5\% | 2\% | 5\% | 3\% | 85\% | 7\% |
| CY | 508 | 43\% | 42\% | 1\% | - | 3\% | 11\% | 85\% | 1\% |
| LV | 1011 | 19\% | 57\% | 4\% | - | 6\% | 14\% | 76\% | 4\% |
| LT | 1023 | 23\% | 55\% | 4\% | - | 5\% | 13\% | 78\% | 4\% |
| LU | 500 | 61\% | 30\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 91\% | 4\% |
| HU | 1000 | 45\% | 46\% | 1\% | - | 3\% | 5\% | 91\% | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 34\% | 41\% | 3\% | 1\% | 5\% | 16\% | 75\% | 4\% |
| NL | 996 | 37\% | 42\% | 12\% | 1\% | 5\% | 3\% | 79\% | 13\% |
| AT | 1007 | 55\% | 33\% | 4\% | 1\% | 5\% | 2\% | 88\% | 5\% |
| PL | 1000 | 8\% | 52\% | 13\% | 1\% | 9\% | 17\% | 60\% | 14\% |
| PT | 1051 | 40\% | 42\% | 5\% | 1\% | 4\% | 8\% | 82\% | 6\% |
| RO | 1013 | 22\% | 36\% | 8\% | 2\% | 7\% | 25\% | 58\% | 10\% |
| SI | 1025 | 39\% | 49\% | 1\% | - | 7\% | 4\% | 88\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 43\% | 49\% | 5\% | - | 1\% | 2\% | 92\% | 5\% |
| FI | 1008 | 32\% | 56\% | 5\% | - | 4\% | 3\% | 88\% | 5\% |
| SE | 1007 | 29\% | 49\% | 15\% | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% | 78\% | 17\% |
| UK | 1331 | 34\% | 45\% | 9\% | 1\% | 4\% | 7\% | 79\% | 10\% |

QA8 A votre avis, pourquoi y a-t-il des personnes qui vivent dans la pauvreté ? Voici quatre opinions : laquelle est la plus proche de la vôtre ? (ROTATION)
QA8 why in your opinion are there people who live in poverty? Here are four opinions: which is closest to yours? (ROTATE)

|  | TOTAL | Car elles ont été malchanceuses / Because they have been unlucky | Car elles sont paresseuses et manquent de volonté / Because of laziness and lack willpower | Car il y a beaucoup d'injustice dans notre société / Because there is much injustice in our society | Car c'est une partie inévitable du progrès / Because it's an inevitable part of progress | Aucune (SPONTANE) / None (SPONTANEOUS) | $\text { NSP } /$ DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 13\% | 16\% | 47\% | 16\% | 5\% | 3\% |
| BE | 1005 | 16\% | 14\% | 43\% | 20\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| BG | 1015 | 9\% | 11\% | 63\% | 9\% | 4\% | 4\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 19\% | 27\% | 33\% | 18\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 32\% | 13\% | 27\% | 22\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| DE | 1549 | 8\% | 15\% | 54\% | 14\% | 6\% | 3\% |
| EE | 1000 | 13\% | 19\% | 38\% | 24\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| IE | 1001 | 20\% | 12\% | 43\% | 14\% | 5\% | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 9\% | 13\% | 53\% | 19\% | 6\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 13\% | 11\% | 53\% | 13\% | 6\% | 4\% |
| FR | 1027 | 10\% | 11\% | 55\% | 20\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| IT | 1039 | 17\% | 10\% | 44\% | 16\% | 9\% | 4\% |
| CY | 508 | 10\% | 25\% | 36\% | 26\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| LV | 1011 | 10\% | 16\% | 56\% | 11\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| LT | 1023 | 10\% | 23\% | 51\% | 12\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| LU | 500 | 11\% | 15\% | 46\% | 20\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| HU | 1000 | 11\% | 10\% | 66\% | 7\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 15\% | 29\% | 31\% | 21\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| NL | 996 | 17\% | 13\% | 32\% | 26\% | 11\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 17\% | 13\% | 46\% | 15\% | 8\% | 1\% |
| PL | 1000 | 12\% | 27\% | 40\% | 10\% | 4\% | 7\% |
| PT | 1051 | 17\% | 20\% | 44\% | 13\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| RO | 1013 | 9\% | 19\% | 51\% | 12\% | 3\% | 6\% |
| SI | 1025 | 7\% | 16\% | 54\% | 15\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| SK | 1050 | 18\% | 22\% | 45\% | 12\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| FI | 1008 | 13\% | 12\% | 53\% | 21\% | 1\% | - |
| SE | 1007 | 10\% | 4\% | 49\% | 30\% | 5\% | 2\% |
| UK | 1331 | 14\% | 26\% | 33\% | 16\% | 6\% | 5\% |

QAga A votre avis, quelles sont les deux choses parmi les suivantes qui pourraient le mieux expliquer pourquoi des personnes sont pauvres ? (ROTATION)
QAga in your opinion, which two of the following things in society might best explain why people are poor? (ROTATE - MAX. 2 ANSWERS)


QA9b Thinking now about poor people themselves, in your opinion, which two of the following reasons best explain why they are poor? (ROTATE - MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

|  | total | Elles n'ont pas reçu l'aide enecessaire de leur famille et de leurs proches $/$ They haven't received enough support in times of need from their family and friends | Elles ont grandi dans une famille pauvrel They grew up in a poor family | Elles sont l'objet de discrimination / They are being discriminated against |  | Elles souffrent de problemes de santé mentale / They suffer from mental health problems | Elles souffrent d'une addiction (alcool, drogue ou d'autres types de dépendance) / addiction (alcohol, drugs, or other types of addiction) | Elles doivent subvenir aux besoins de beaucoup d'enfants / They have many children to provide for | Elles manquent d'instruction, de formation ou de compétences / They do not have the necessary level of education training or skills | Leurs <br> responsabilités privées les empêchent de travailler / responsibilities prevent them from working | leurs moyen 1 f live beyond their means | $=\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Autre } \\ \text { (SPONTANE) } \\ \text { Other } \\ \text { OPONTANEO } \\ \text { US) } \end{array}\right.$ |  |  | NSP / |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 14\% | 25\% | 12\% | 18\% | 5\% | 23\% | 13\% | 37\% | 5\% | 20\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| ${ }^{\text {BE }}$ BG | 1005 1015 | 9\% | $\frac{30 \%}{27 \%}$ | 11\% | 23\% | 6\% | 19\% | ${ }^{7 \%}$ | ${ }^{41 \%}$ | 5\% | 29\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% |  |
| ${ }^{\text {BG }}$ | 1015 |  | 27\% | 21\% | 34\%\% | 6\% | 8\% | 10\% | 29\% | 7\% | 5\% | 4\% | 3\% | $\frac{2 \%}{10}$ | 4\% |
| DK | 1020 | 13\% | 16\% | 4\% | 28\% | 15\% | 44\% | 4\% | 51\% | 2\% | 13\% | 1\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 9\% | 26\% | 15\% | 13\% | 5\% | 25\% | 13\% | 51\% | 6\% | 21\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| EE | 1000 | 7\% | 9\% | 4\% | 18\% | 4\% | 46\% | 9\% | 39\% | 3\% | 36\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| IE | 1001 | 18\% | 28\% | 14\% | 19\% | 6\% | 26\% | 9\% | 36\% | 7\% | 15\% | 5\% | 2\% | 0\% | 2\% |
| EL | 1000 | 20\% | 39\% | 16\% | 21\% | ${ }^{7 \%}$ | 15\% | 12\% | 23\% | 7\% | 14\% | 5\% | $\frac{2 \%}{2 \%}$ | 2\% | 0\% |
| ES | 1026 | 25\% | 37\% | 17\% | 9\% | 5\% | 20\% | 11\% | 23\% | $\frac{1 \%}{1 \%}$ | 14\% | 6\% | 2\% | 0\% | 3\% |
| $\stackrel{\text { FR }}{\text { IT }}$ | 1027 1039 | 15\% | 21\% | 13\% | 16\% | $\frac{2 \%}{6 \%}$ | 15\% | 13\% | 46\% | 8\% | 14\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% | $\frac{2 \%}{5 \%}$ |
| Cr | 508 | 30\% | 44\% | 9\% | 17\% | 5\% | 12\% | 24\% | 24\% | 4\% | 23\% | 2\% | 1\% |  |  |
| LV | 1011 | 10\% | 11\% | 8\% | 19\% | 4\% | 37\% | 11\% | 35\% | 2\% | 16\% | 10\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| LT | 1023 | 9\% | 18\% | 6\% | 19\% | 5\% | 55\% | 10\% | 31\% | 4\% | 20\% | 3\% | 0\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| Lu | 500 | 13\% | 30\% | 8\% | 13\% | 6\% | 20\% | 5\% | 46\% | 2\% | 39\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| HU | 1000 | 15\% | $32 \%$ | 13\% | 14\% | 4\% | 19\% | 15\% | 38\% | 4\% | 25\% | 5\% | $\frac{1 \%}{1 \%}$ | $\frac{1 \%}{0 \%}$ | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 13\% | 20\% | 12\% | 19\% | 2\% | 33\% | 9\% | 27\% | 6\% | 35\% | 3\% | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| NL | 996 | 4\% | 15\% | 3\% | 26\% | 14\% | 27\% | 5\% | 53\% | 5\% | 31\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% |
| ${ }^{\text {AT }}$ | 1007 | 15\% | 22\% | 14\% | 21\% | 11\% | 30\% | 14\% | 30\% | 7\% | 24\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | $\frac{1 \%}{4 \%}$ |
| $\frac{\mathrm{PL}}{\text { PT }}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1000}$ | 11\% | 20\% | 5\% | $\frac{22 \%}{16 \%}$ | 6\% | 19\% | 26\% | 219\% | 5\% | 5\% | - ${ }^{3 \%}$ | $\stackrel{3 \%}{2 \%}$ | 0\% | 4\% |
| RO | 1013 | 12\% | 40\% | 13\% | 20\% | 4\% | 15\% | 21\% | 21\% | 4\% | 16\% | 3\% | 4\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| SK | 1025 1050 | 12\% | 18\% | 8\% | 26\% | 11\% | 24\% | 9\% | 29\% | 5\% | 26\% | ${ }^{7 \%}$ | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| FI | 1008 | 10\% | 9\% | 7\% | 35\% | 11\% | 46\% | 5\% | 32\% | 2\% | 27\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| SE | 1007 | 5\% | 16\% | 9\% | 41\% | 9\% | 42\% | 2\% | 36\% | 2\% | 21\% | 2\% | 0\% | 1\% | 2\% |

QA1O In your opinion, among the following groups of the population in (OUR COUNTRY), which are those most at risk of poverty? (MAX. 4 ANSWERS)



QA12.1 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ... ? D'avoir accès à un logement décent

QA12.1 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? Having access to

| TOTAL | Beaucoup $/$ <br> Very much | Plutôt/ <br> Somewhat | Pas <br> beaucoup / <br> Not very <br> much | Pas du tout / Not at all <br> NSP | NSR <br> DK |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\triangle E 27 / E U 27$ | 26719 | $48 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 49\% | 42\% | 7\% | 2\% | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 72\% | 21\% | 2\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 65\% | 25\% | 7\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 36\% | 49\% | 11\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 26\% | 50\% | 16\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| EE | 1000 | 71\% | 20\% | 5\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| IE | 1001 | 42\% | 41\% | 10\% | 4\% | 3\% |
| EL | 1000 | 52\% | 41\% | 7\% | - | - |
| ES | 1026 | 75\% | 19\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| FR | 1027 | 53\% | 37\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| IT | 1039 | 41\% | 47\% | 8\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| CY | 508 | 69\% | 22\% | 7\% | 2\% | - |
| LV | 1011 | 70\% | 24\% | 5\% | 1\% | - |
| LT | 1023 | 66\% | 23\% | 5\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| LU | 500 | 59\% | 29\% | 9\% | 3\% | - |
| HU | 1000 | 74\% | 20\% | 3\% | $3 \%$ | - |
| MT | 500 | 38\% | 49\% | 11\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| NL | 996 | 29\% | 53\% | 12\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 38\% | 44\% | 14\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| PL | 1000 | 56\% | 35\% | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| PT | 1051 | 60\% | 32\% | 7\% | 1\% | - |
| RO | 1013 | 67\% | 24\% | 5\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| SI | 1025 | 48\% | 42\% | 7\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 65\% | 27\% | 7\% | 1\% | - |
| FI | 1008 | $36 \%$ | 53\% | 8\% | 3\% | - |
| SE | 1007 | 34\% | 55\% | 9\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| UK | 1331 | 36\% | 44\% | 14\% | 5\% | 1\% |

QA12.2 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ... ? D'avoir une bonne éducation scolaire de base

QA12.2 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? Getting good basic school education

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup / <br> Yery much | Plutot / <br> Somewhat | Pas beaucoup / <br> Not very much | Pas du tout / <br> Not at all | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{U} 27 / \mathrm{EU} 27$ | 26719 | $23 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $1 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 26\% | 38\% | 25\% | 11\% | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 26\% | 37\% | 23\% | 11\% | 3\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 11\% | 28\% | 28\% | 32\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 16\% | 27\% | 27\% | 29\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 22\% | 43\% | 19\% | 15\% | 1\% |
| EE | 1000 | 11\% | 22\% | 29\% | 37\% | 1\% |
| IE | 1001 | 31\% | 36\% | 22\% | 8\% | 3\% |
| EL | 1000 | 31\% | 32\% | 30\% | 7\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 20\% | 33\% | 25\% | 20\% | 2\% |
| FR | 1027 | 28\% | 34\% | 23\% | 14\% | 1\% |
| IT | 1039 | 29\% | 44\% | 20\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| CY | 508 | 10\% | 17\% | 35\% | 38\% | - |
| LV | 1011 | 41\% | 32\% | 18\% | 9\% | - |
| LT | 1023 | 23\% | 44\% | 18\% | 12\% | 3\% |
| LU | 500 | 18\% | 28\% | 38\% | 15\% | 1\% |
| HU | 1000 | 26\% | 44\% | 18\% | 12\% | - |
| MT | 500 | 22\% | 29\% | 36\% | 12\% | 1\% |
| NL | 996 | 9\% | 21\% | 22\% | 47\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 24\% | 42\% | 26\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| PL | 1000 | 19\% | 41\% | 24\% | 14\% | 2\% |
| PT | 1051 | 35\% | 38\% | 22\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| RO | 1013 | 43\% | 40\% | 12\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| SI | 1025 | 15\% | 26\% | 30\% | 28\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 13\% | 31\% | 29\% | 27\% | - |
| FI | 1008 | 5\% | 34\% | $38 \%$ | 23\% | - |
| SE | 1007 | 13\% | 27\% | 32\% | 27\% | 1\% |
| UK | 1331 | 19\% | 32\% | 30\% | 17\% | 2\% |

QA12.3 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu’un ...? De faire des études supérieures ou des formations
QA12.3 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? Getting higher education or adult learning

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup <br> Very much | Plutôt $/$ <br> Somewhat | Pas beaucoup $/$ <br> Not very much | Pas du tout / <br> Not at all | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\triangle E 27 / \mathrm{EU} 27$ | 26719 | $41 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $2 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 41\% | 42\% | 12\% | 5\% | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 47\% | 36\% | 10\% | 3\% | 4\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 38\% | 39\% | 16\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 22\% | 39\% | 23\% | 15\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 40\% | 38\% | 13\% | 8\% | 1\% |
| EE | 1000 | 47\% | 34\% | 12\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| IE | 1001 | 45\% | 36\% | 11\% | 3\% | 5\% |
| EL | 1000 | 53\% | 39\% | 7\% | 1\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 41\% | 38\% | 13\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| FR | 1027 | 47\% | 34\% | 14\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| IT | 1039 | 40\% | 45\% | 11\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| CY | 508 | 43\% | 28\% | 20\% | 9\% | - |
| LV | 1011 | 76\% | 17\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| LT | 1023 | 64\% | 23\% | 6\% | 4\% | 3\% |
| LU | 500 | 28\% | 34\% | 29\% | 8\% | 1\% |
| HU | 1000 | 55\% | 31\% | 9\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 25\% | 39\% | 26\% | 7\% | 3\% |
| NL | 996 | 29\% | 45\% | 15\% | 10\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 39\% | 37\% | 17\% | 5\% | 2\% |
| PL | 1000 | 45\% | 40\% | 9\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| PT | 1051 | 53\% | 34\% | 11\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| RO | 1013 | 52\% | 30\% | 10\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| SI | 1025 | 39\% | 42\% | 13\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 47\% | 33\% | 15\% | 5\% | - |
| FI | 1008 | 16\% | 53\% | 21\% | 9\% | 1\% |
| SE | 1007 | 20\% | 49\% | 21\% | 9\% | 1\% |
| UK | 1331 | 29\% | 42\% | 19\% | 9\% | 1\% |

QA12.4 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ...? De trouver un emploi

QA12.4 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? Finding a job

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup/ <br> Very much | Plutôt/ <br> Somewhat | Pas beaucoup/ <br> Not very much | Pas du tout / <br> Not at all | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{UE} 27 / \mathrm{EU} 27$ | 26719 | $35 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $33 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $8 \%$ | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $34 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $29 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $17 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $40 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $22 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $40 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $32 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $6 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1026 | $53 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $30 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $33 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $14 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $49 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $44 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $17 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $51 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $22 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $40 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $31 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $40 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $48 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $29 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $9 \%$ | - |
| SK | 1050 | $46 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $6 \%$ | - |
| FI | 1008 | $12 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $9 \%$ | - |
| SE | 1007 | $22 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $7 \%$ | - |
| UK | 1331 | $25 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $1 \%$ |

QA12.5 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ...? D'entretenir un réseau d'amis et de connaissances

QA12.5 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? Maintaining a network of friends and acquaintances

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup / Very much | Plutôt / Somewhat | Pas beaucoup / Not very much | Pas du tout / Not at all | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { NSP / } \\ \hline \text { DK } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 16\% | 38\% | 27\% | 17\% | 2\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BE | 1005 | 21\% | 45\% | 24\% | 10\% | - |
| BG | 1015 | 21\% | 38\% | 25\% | 12\% | 4\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 16\% | 37\% | 28\% | 18\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 18\% | 44\% | 26\% | 11\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 10\% | 35\% | 27\% | 26\% | 2\% |
| EE | 1000 | 11\% | 35\% | 30\% | 22\% | 2\% |
| IE | 1001 | 16\% | 27\% | 32\% | 19\% | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 19\% | 28\% | 41\% | 11\% | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 16\% | 36\% | 20\% | 25\% | 3\% |
| FR | 1027 | 18\% | 36\% | 28\% | 16\% | 2\% |
| IT | 1039 | 21\% | 44\% | 23\% | 9\% | 3\% |
| CY | 508 | 6\% | 16\% | 37\% | 39\% | 2\% |
| LV | 1011 | 21\% | 37\% | 25\% | 16\% | 1\% |
| LT | 1023 | 22\% | 43\% | 19\% | 12\% | 4\% |
| LU | 500 | 11\% | 26\% | 44\% | 16\% | 3\% |
| HU | 1000 | 14\% | 36\% | 31\% | 19\% | - |
| MT | 500 | 14\% | 30\% | 33\% | 15\% | 8\% |
| NL | 996 | 17\% | 46\% | 22\% | 14\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 18\% | 36\% | 31\% | 12\% | 3\% |
| PL | 1000 | 16\% | 42\% | 26\% | 13\% | 3\% |
| PT | 1051 | 23\% | 37\% | 27\% | 11\% | 2\% |
| RO | 1013 | 26\% | 33\% | 27\% | 7\% | 7\% |
| SI | 1025 | 14\% | 36\% | 31\% | 18\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 13\% | 38\% | 28\% | 21\% | - |
| FI | 1008 | 6\% | 46\% | 29\% | 18\% | 1\% |
| SE | 1007 | 12\% | 54\% | 23\% | 10\% | 1\% |
| UK | 1331 | 11\% | 34\% | 33\% | 20\% | 2\% |

QA12.6 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ... ? De bénéficier de soins médicaux quand nécessaire

QA12.6 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? Having medical care when

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup / <br> Very much | Plutôt / <br> Somewhat | Pas beaucoup / <br> Not very much | Pas du tout / $/$ <br> Not at all | NSP / <br> DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $U E 27 / \mathrm{EU} 27$ | 26719 | $24 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $1 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $38 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $5 \%$ | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $50 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $17 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $16 \%$ | - |
| DK | 1020 | $15 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $15 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $30 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $30 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $41 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1026 | $15 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $29 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $32 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $25 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| LU | 1011 | $77 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - |
| LT | 1023 | $35 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $13 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $26 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $10 \%$ | - |
| MT | 500 | $25 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $13 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $24 \%$ | - |
| AT | 1007 | $11 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $27 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $40 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $44 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $25 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $11 \%$ | - |
| SK | 1050 | $19 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $8 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $16 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $15 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $2 \%$ |

QA12.7 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ... ? De manger au moins un repas chaud par jour

QA12.7 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? Eating at least one hot meal a day

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup / <br> Yery much | Plutôt/ <br> Somewhat | Pas beaucoup $/$Pas du tout / very much <br> Not at allNSP / <br> DK |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\triangle E 27 / \mathrm{EU} 27$ | 26719 | $22 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $1 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 26\% | 53\% | 17\% | 4\% | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 30\% | 46\% | 18\% | 1\% | 5\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 15\% | 43\% | 31\% | 10\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 17\% | 45\% | 26\% | 11\% | 1\% |
| D-W | 1037 | 13\% | 40\% | 26\% | 20\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 12\% | 40\% | 27\% | 20\% | 1\% |
| D-E | 512 | 10\% | 40\% | 30\% | 19\% | 1\% |
| EE | 1000 | 22\% | 46\% | 20\% | 11\% | 1\% |
| IE | 1001 | 25\% | 37\% | 26\% | 8\% | 4\% |
| EL | 1000 | 28\% | 38\% | 32\% | 2\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 28\% | 42\% | 23\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| FR | 1027 | 32\% | 51\% | 12\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| IT | 1039 | 21\% | 48\% | 26\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| CY | 508 | 7\% | 25\% | 48\% | 19\% | 1\% |
| LV | 1011 | 46\% | 34\% | 15\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| LT | 1023 | 23\% | 48\% | 16\% | 10\% | 3\% |
| LU | 500 | 13\% | 44\% | 28\% | 14\% | 1\% |
| HU | 1000 | 29\% | 52\% | 14\% | 5\% | - |
| MT | 500 | 25\% | 41\% | 27\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| NL | 996 | 16\% | 53\% | 20\% | 10\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 11\% | 42\% | 39\% | 7\% | 1\% |
| PL | 1000 | 22\% | 53\% | 19\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| PT | 1051 | 38\% | 40\% | 20\% | 2\% | - |
| RO | 1013 | 32\% | 43\% | 18\% | 3\% | 4\% |
| SI | 1025 | 21\% | 44\% | 23\% | 11\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 14\% | 43\% | 31\% | 12\% | - |
| FI | 1008 | 12\% | 58\% | 22\% | 8\% | - |
| SE | 1007 | 17\% | 49\% | 25\% | 8\% | 1\% |
| UK | 1331 | 21\% | 44\% | 26\% | 8\% | 1\% |

QA12.8 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ... ? D'avoir accès à un compte bancaire de base

QA12.8 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? Having access to a basic bank account

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup $/$ <br> Very much | Plutôt / <br> Somewhat | Pas beaucoup / <br> Not very much | Pas du tout / <br> Not at all | NSP $/ 7$ <br> DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\sqcup E 27 / \mathrm{EU} 27$ | 26719 | $28 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $4 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 21\% | 42\% | 24\% | 12\% | 1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 46\% | 27\% | 10\% | 6\% | 11\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 22\% | 30\% | 27\% | 18\% | 3\% |
| DK | 1020 | 12\% | 39\% | 22\% | 23\% | 4\% |
| DE | 1549 | 17\% | 39\% | 23\% | 17\% | 4\% |
| EE | 1000 | 13\% | 22\% | 24\% | 37\% | 4\% |
| IE | 1001 | 29\% | 33\% | 20\% | 8\% | 10\% |
| EL | 1000 | 50\% | 28\% | 16\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 29\% | 35\% | 19\% | 13\% | 4\% |
| FR | 1027 | $33 \%$ | 39\% | 17\% | 8\% | 3\% |
| IT | 1039 | 38\% | 44\% | 12\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| CY | 508 | 43\% | 33\% | 17\% | 4\% | 3\% |
| LV | 1011 | 34\% | 25\% | 24\% | 13\% | 4\% |
| LT | 1023 | 28\% | 32\% | 16\% | 19\% | 5\% |
| LU | 500 | 16\% | 39\% | 28\% | 12\% | 5\% |
| HU | 1000 | 22\% | 31\% | 25\% | 18\% | 4\% |
| MT | 500 | 35\% | 35\% | 19\% | 6\% | 5\% |
| NL | 996 | 11\% | 37\% | 23\% | 25\% | 4\% |
| AT | 1007 | 19\% | 42\% | 28\% | 7\% | 4\% |
| PL | 1000 | 30\% | 35\% | 18\% | 11\% | 6\% |
| PT | 1051 | 38\% | 36\% | 20\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| RO | 1013 | 52\% | 23\% | 14\% | 3\% | 8\% |
| SI | 1025 | 14\% | 26\% | 34\% | 24\% | 2\% |
| SK | 1050 | 19\% | 36\% | 29\% | 14\% | 2\% |
| FI | 1008 | 6\% | 36\% | 32\% | 23\% | 3\% |
| SE | 1007 | 30\% | 33\% | 20\% | 13\% | 4\% |
| UK | 1331 | 21\% | 37\% | 26\% | 13\% | 3\% |

QA12.9 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ... ? D'avoir accès à des moyens de communication tels que le téléphone ou Internet

QA12.9 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...? Having access to means of communication, such as a telephone or the Internet

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup / <br> Yery much | Plutôt/ <br> Somewhat | Pas beaucoup <br> Not very much | Pas du tout / <br> Not at all | NSP $/ \mathbf{~ D K ~}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $U E 27 / \mathrm{EU} 27$ | 26719 | $30 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 27\% | 44\% | 22\% | 7\% | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 50\% | 28\% | 10\% | 4\% | 8\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 31\% | 41\% | 19\% | 7\% | 2\% |
| DK | 1020 | 22\% | 47\% | 22\% | 8\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 14\% | 38\% | 29\% | 17\% | 2\% |
| EE | 1000 | 32\% | 44\% | 15\% | 8\% | 1\% |
| IE | 1001 | 27\% | 36\% | 20\% | 10\% | 7\% |
| EL | 1000 | 37\% | 39\% | 19\% | 5\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 42\% | 39\% | 11\% | 4\% | 4\% |
| FR | 1027 | 36\% | 40\% | 17\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| IT | 1039 | 32\% | 47\% | 17\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| CY | 508 | 15\% | 30\% | 40\% | 14\% | 1\% |
| LV | 1011 | 49\% | 37\% | 10\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| LT | 1023 | 34\% | 44\% | 13\% | 7\% | 2\% |
| LU | 500 | 18\% | 45\% | 28\% | 7\% | 2\% |
| HU | 1000 | 37\% | 39\% | 16\% | 7\% | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 34\% | 36\% | 23\% | 4\% | 3\% |
| NL | 996 | 22\% | 52\% | 17\% | 8\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 16\% | 45\% | 29\% | 7\% | 3\% |
| PL | 1000 | 37\% | 43\% | 14\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| PT | 1051 | 37\% | 40\% | 18\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| RO | 1013 | 43\% | 34\% | 15\% | 3\% | 5\% |
| SI | 1025 | 23\% | 45\% | 24\% | 7\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 32\% | 41\% | 18\% | 9\% | - |
| FI | 1008 | 13\% | 63\% | 16\% | 7\% | 1\% |
| SE | 1007 | 32\% | 54\% | 11\% | 3\% | - |
| UK | 1331 | 22\% | 47\% | 22\% | 8\% | 1\% |

QA12.10 En (NOTRE PAYS) de nos jours, diriez-vous que le fait d'être pauvre réduit beaucoup, plutôt, pas beaucoup ou pas du tout les chances de quelqu'un ...? De démarrer sa propre affaire
QA12.10 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much,

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup / <br> Yery much | Plutôt / <br> Somewhat | Pas beaucoup / <br> Not very much | Pas du tout / / <br> Not at all | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{UE} 27 / \mathrm{EU} 27$ | 26719 | $58 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $58 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $7 \%$ | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $74 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $60 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $62 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $47 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $66 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $57 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $75 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1026 | $78 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $57 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $60 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $77 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $82 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $73 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $54 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $71 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $53 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $51 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $46 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $56 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $64 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $60 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $49 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $71 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $53 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $51 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $49 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

QA13.1 En général, pensez-vous que financièrement ... ? La vie de ceux qui sont enfants aujourd'hui sera plus, moins ou ni plus ni moins sûre que la vôtre

QA13.1 Generally speaking, would you say that financially ...? The life of those who are children today will be more, less or neither more nor less secure than yours

|  | TOTAL | Plus sûre / <br> More secure | Moins sûre $/$Ni plus ni moins sûre $/$ <br> Less secure <br> Neither more secure <br> nor less secureNSP $/$ <br> DK |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\triangle E 27 / E \cup 27$ | 26719 | $17 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $5 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $9 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $28 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $13 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $37 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $10 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $35 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $21 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $11 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $30 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $4 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $8 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $21 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $40 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $26 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $14 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $12 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $24 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $12 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $16 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $36 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $24 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $15 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $13 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $8 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $29 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $12 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $28 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

QA13.2 En général, pensez-vous que financièrement ... ? La vie des personnes de votre génération est plus, moins ou ni plus ni moins sûre que la vie de ceux de la génération de vos parents

QA13.2 Generally speaking, would you say that financially ...? The life of people from your own generation is more, less or neither more nor less secure than the life of those from your parents' generation

|  | TOTAL | Plus sûre / <br> More secure | Moins sûre / <br> Less secure | Ni plus ni moins sûre / <br> Neither more secure nor <br> less secure | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $37 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $3 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 33\% | 46\% | 21\% | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 19\% | 58\% | 17\% | 6\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 22\% | 53\% | 24\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 68\% | 11\% | 19\% | 2\% |
| DE | 1549 | 34\% | 48\% | 16\% | 2\% |
| EE | 1000 | 43\% | 31\% | 22\% | 4\% |
| IE | 1001 | 43\% | 28\% | 19\% | 10\% |
| EL | 1000 | 27\% | 55\% | 17\% | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 49\% | 33\% | 15\% | 3\% |
| FR | 1027 | 28\% | 48\% | 22\% | 2\% |
| IT | 1039 | 23\% | 52\% | 22\% | 3\% |
| CY | 508 | 56\% | 32\% | 10\% | 2\% |
| LV | 1011 | 52\% | 25\% | 20\% | 3\% |
| LT | 1023 | 34\% | 50\% | 13\% | 3\% |
| LU | 500 | 44\% | 33\% | 22\% | 1\% |
| HU | 1000 | 25\% | 57\% | 17\% | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 51\% | 30\% | 16\% | 3\% |
| NL | 996 | 48\% | 31\% | 20\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 32\% | 34\% | 32\% | 2\% |
| PL | 1000 | 45\% | 25\% | 23\% | 7\% |
| PT | 1051 | 40\% | 40\% | 14\% | 6\% |
| RO | 1013 | 15\% | 53\% | 24\% | 8\% |
| SI | 1025 | 34\% | 43\% | 20\% | 3\% |
| SK | 1050 | 13\% | 64\% | 22\% | 1\% |
| FI | 1008 | 54\% | 27\% | 17\% | 2\% |
| SE | 1007 | 50\% | 32\% | 17\% | 1\% |
| UK | 1331 | 54\% | 30\% | 14\% | 2\% |

QA13.3 En général, pensez-vous que financièrement ... ? La vie de vos parents était plus, moins ou ni plus ni moins sûre que la vie de vos grands-parents

QA13.3 Generally speaking, would you say that financially ...? The life of your parents has been more, less or neither more nor less secure than the life of your grand-parents

|  | TOTAL | Plus sûre / <br> More secure | Moins sûre / <br> Less secure | Ni plus ni moins sûre / <br> Neither more secure nor <br> less secure | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $52 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $6 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 58\% | 22\% | 18\% | 2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 50\% | 18\% | 19\% | 13\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 43\% | 25\% | 27\% | 5\% |
| DK | 1020 | 70\% | 10\% | 17\% | 3\% |
| DE | 1549 | 46\% | 30\% | 20\% | 4\% |
| EE | 1000 | 46\% | 21\% | 23\% | 10\% |
| IE | 1001 | 46\% | 19\% | 18\% | 17\% |
| EL | 1000 | 39\% | 33\% | 26\% | 2\% |
| ES | 1026 | 50\% | 24\% | 18\% | 8\% |
| FR | 1027 | 58\% | 17\% | 20\% | 5\% |
| IT | 1039 | 50\% | 24\% | 22\% | 4\% |
| CY | 508 | 59\% | 24\% | 8\% | 9\% |
| LV | 1011 | 56\% | 17\% | 17\% | 10\% |
| LT | 1023 | 51\% | 24\% | 15\% | 10\% |
| LU | 500 | 54\% | 18\% | 21\% | 7\% |
| HU | 1000 | 36\% | 35\% | 24\% | 5\% |
| MT | 500 | 56\% | 25\% | 11\% | 8\% |
| NL | 996 | 69\% | 15\% | 12\% | 4\% |
| AT | 1007 | 35\% | 30\% | 29\% | 6\% |
| PL | 1000 | 46\% | 18\% | 25\% | 11\% |
| PT | 1051 | 43\% | 27\% | 18\% | 12\% |
| RO | 1013 | 42\% | 25\% | 21\% | 12\% |
| SI | 1025 | 51\% | 19\% | 24\% | 6\% |
| SK | 1050 | 39\% | 29\% | 30\% | 2\% |
| FI | 1008 | 55\% | 24\% | 17\% | 4\% |
| SE | 1007 | 70\% | 12\% | 14\% | 4\% |
| UK | 1331 | 65\% | 16\% | 13\% | 6\% |

QA14.1 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes, veuillez me dire si vous êtes... La pauvreté en (NOTRE PAYS) est un problème qui requiert une action urgente du Gouvernement

QA14.1 For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you... Poverty in (OUR COUNTRY) is a problem that needs urgent action by the Government

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally agree | Plutôt <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> agree | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / <br> DK | D'accord / <br> Agree | Pas d'accord <br> / Disagree |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $52 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $9 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 49\% | 43\% | 6\% | 2\% | - | 92\% | 8\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 78\% | 18\% | 1\% | - | 3\% | 96\% | 1\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 24\% | 38\% | 29\% | 7\% | 2\% | 62\% | 36\% |
| DK | 1020 | 28\% | 36\% | 25\% | 8\% | 3\% | 64\% | 33\% |
| DE | 1549 | 66\% | 27\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 93\% | 6\% |
| EE | 1000 | 59\% | 32\% | 7\% | 1\% | 1\% | 91\% | 8\% |
| IE | 1001 | 49\% | 39\% | 6\% | - | 6\% | 88\% | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 78\% | 18\% | 4\% | - | - | 96\% | 4\% |
| ES | 1026 | 54\% | 37\% | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% | 91\% | 7\% |
| FR | 1027 | 50\% | 42\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% | 92\% | 6\% |
| IT | 1039 | 46\% | 43\% | 7\% | 2\% | 2\% | 89\% | 9\% |
| CY | 508 | 71\% | 21\% | 6\% | 2\% | - | 92\% | 8\% |
| LV | 1011 | 80\% | 15\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 95\% | 4\% |
| LT | 1023 | 64\% | 29\% | 4\% | 1\% | 2\% | 93\% | 5\% |
| LU | 500 | 48\% | 38\% | 10\% | 2\% | 2\% | 86\% | 12\% |
| HU | 1000 | 71\% | 24\% | 4\% | - | 1\% | 95\% | 4\% |
| MT | 500 | 47\% | 39\% | 12\% | 1\% | 1\% | 86\% | 13\% |
| NL | 996 | 29\% | 43\% | 22\% | 5\% | 1\% | 72\% | 27\% |
| AT | 1007 | 43\% | 47\% | 8\% | 1\% | 1\% | 90\% | 9\% |
| PL | 1000 | 48\% | 41\% | 5\% | 1\% | 5\% | 89\% | 6\% |
| PT | 1051 | 53\% | 38\% | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% | 91\% | 7\% |
| RO | 1013 | 67\% | 25\% | 4\% | 1\% | 3\% | 92\% | 5\% |
| SI | 1025 | 62\% | 28\% | 7\% | 2\% | 1\% | 90\% | 9\% |
| SK | 1050 | 46\% | 42\% | 10\% | 1\% | 1\% | 88\% | 11\% |
| FI | 1008 | 48\% | 42\% | 8\% | 1\% | 1\% | 90\% | 9\% |
| SE | 1007 | 22\% | 40\% | 31\% | 6\% | 1\% | 62\% | 37\% |
| UK | 1331 | 43\% | 42\% | 11\% | 2\% | 2\% | 85\% | 13\% |

QA14.2 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes, veuillez me dire si vous êtes ... De nos jours, les différences de revenus entre les personnes sont beaucoup trop importantes en (NOTRE PAYS)

QA14.2 For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you ... Nowadays in (OUR COUNTRY) income differences between people are far too large

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally agree | Plutôt <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> agree | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / <br> DK | D'accord / <br> Agree | Pas d'accord <br> / Disagree |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $52 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $10 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 46\% | 40\% | 10\% | 3\% | 1\% | 86\% | 13\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 72\% | 23\% | 2\% | - | 3\% | 95\% | 2\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 55\% | 38\% | 6\% | 1\% | - | 93\% | 7\% |
| DK | 1020 | 27\% | 36\% | 26\% | 9\% | 2\% | 63\% | 35\% |
| DE | 1549 | 62\% | 30\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | 92\% | 7\% |
| EE | 1000 | 75\% | 17\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | 92\% | 7\% |
| IE | 1001 | 46\% | 37\% | 9\% | 1\% | 7\% | 83\% | 10\% |
| EL | 1000 | 72\% | 23\% | 5\% | - | - | 95\% | 5\% |
| ES | 1026 | 47\% | 40\% | 8\% | 1\% | 4\% | 87\% | 9\% |
| FR | 1027 | 58\% | 34\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% | 92\% | 6\% |
| IT | 1039 | 39\% | 48\% | 10\% | 2\% | 1\% | 87\% | 12\% |
| CY | 508 | 69\% | 25\% | 5\% | - | 1\% | 94\% | 5\% |
| LV | 1011 | 82\% | 14\% | 3\% | 1\% | - | 96\% | 4\% |
| LT | 1023 | 70\% | 23\% | 4\% | 1\% | 2\% | 93\% | 5\% |
| LU | 500 | 51\% | 33\% | 12\% | 1\% | 3\% | 84\% | 13\% |
| HU | 1000 | 77\% | 18\% | 4\% | 1\% | - | 95\% | 5\% |
| MT | 500 | 35\% | 36\% | 17\% | 2\% | 10\% | 71\% | 19\% |
| NL | 996 | 36\% | 33\% | 22\% | 7\% | 2\% | 69\% | 29\% |
| AT | 1007 | 38\% | 49\% | 10\% | 2\% | 1\% | 87\% | 12\% |
| PL | 1000 | 53\% | 36\% | 6\% | 2\% | 3\% | 89\% | 8\% |
| PT | 1051 | 52\% | 41\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 93\% | 6\% |
| RO | 1013 | 65\% | 26\% | 4\% | 1\% | 4\% | 91\% | 5\% |
| SI | 1025 | 76\% | 20\% | 4\% | - | - | 96\% | 4\% |
| SK | 1050 | 59\% | 36\% | 4\% | 1\% | - | 95\% | 5\% |
| FI | 1008 | 53\% | 35\% | 10\% | 2\% | - | 88\% | 12\% |
| SE | 1007 | 41\% | 35\% | 19\% | 4\% | 1\% | 76\% | 23\% |
| UK | 1331 | 39\% | 43\% | 13\% | 2\% | 3\% | 82\% | 15\% |

QA14.3 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes, veuillez me dire si vous êtes ... Le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) devrait s'assurer que les richesses du pays sont redistribuées de façon équitable entre tous les citoyens

QA14.3 For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you ... The (NATIONALITY) Government should ensure that the wealth of the country is redistributed in a fair way to all citizens

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally agree | Plutôt <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> agree | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / <br> DK | D'accord / <br> Agree | Pas <br> d'accord / <br> Disagree |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $45 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $15 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 44\% | 36\% | 14\% | 5\% | 1\% | 80\% | 19\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 55\% | 28\% | 8\% | 3\% | 6\% | 83\% | 11\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 26\% | 40\% | 21\% | 10\% | 3\% | 66\% | 31\% |
| DK | 1020 | 32\% | 40\% | 19\% | 8\% | 1\% | 72\% | 27\% |
| DE | 1549 | 46\% | 35\% | 12\% | 5\% | 2\% | 81\% | 17\% |
| EE | 1000 | 47\% | 27\% | 16\% | 8\% | 2\% | 74\% | 24\% |
| IE | 1001 | 51\% | 36\% | 4\% | 2\% | 7\% | 87\% | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 79\% | 18\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | 97\% | 3\% |
| ES | 1026 | 51\% | 39\% | 6\% | 1\% | 3\% | 90\% | 7\% |
| FR | 1027 | 49\% | 36\% | 9\% | 3\% | 3\% | 85\% | 12\% |
| IT | 1039 | 42\% | 44\% | 10\% | 2\% | 2\% | 86\% | 12\% |
| CY | 508 | 68\% | 22\% | 6\% | 2\% | 2\% | 90\% | 8\% |
| LV | 1011 | 62\% | 23\% | 9\% | 3\% | 3\% | 85\% | 12\% |
| LT | 1023 | 52\% | 29\% | 9\% | 5\% | 5\% | 81\% | 14\% |
| LU | 500 | 45\% | 36\% | 13\% | 4\% | 2\% | 81\% | 17\% |
| HU | 1000 | 73\% | 21\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 94\% | 5\% |
| MT | 500 | 58\% | 33\% | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% | 91\% | 7\% |
| NL | 996 | 34\% | 35\% | 20\% | 10\% | 1\% | 69\% | 30\% |
| AT | 1007 | 44\% | 45\% | 8\% | 2\% | 1\% | 89\% | 10\% |
| PL | 1000 | 36\% | 42\% | 12\% | 4\% | 6\% | 78\% | 16\% |
| PT | 1051 | 45\% | 47\% | 5\% | - | 3\% | 92\% | 5\% |
| RO | 1013 | 55\% | 31\% | 6\% | 1\% | 7\% | 86\% | 7\% |
| SI | 1025 | 59\% | 27\% | 10\% | 3\% | 1\% | 86\% | 13\% |
| SK | 1050 | 34\% | 43\% | 15\% | 5\% | 3\% | 77\% | 20\% |
| FI | 1008 | 54\% | 35\% | 8\% | 2\% | 1\% | 89\% | 10\% |
| SE | 1007 | 54\% | 30\% | 12\% | 3\% | 1\% | 84\% | 15\% |
| UK | 1331 | 35\% | 39\% | 17\% | 6\% | 3\% | 74\% | 23\% |

QA14.4 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes, veuillez me dire si vous êtes ... Les personnes aisées devraient payer plus d'impôts de façon à ce que le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) dispose de plus de moyens pour lutter contre la pauvreté

QA14.4 For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you ... People who are well-off should pay higher taxes so the (NATIONALITY) Government has more means to fight poverty

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree | Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree | Plutôt pas d'accord/ Tend to disagree | Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree | NSP / DK | D'accord / Agree | Pas d'accord / Disagree |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 40\% | 35\% | 15\% | 6\% | 4\% | 75\% | 21\% |
| BE | 1005 | 34\% | 36\% | 18\% | 11\% | 1\% | 70\% | 29\% |
| BG | 1015 | 68\% | 20\% | 5\% | 2\% | 5\% | 88\% | 7\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 34\% | 37\% | 19\% | 8\% | 2\% | 71\% | 27\% |
| DK | 1020 | 30\% | 35\% | 20\% | 13\% | 2\% | 65\% | 33\% |
| DE | 1549 | 41\% | 34\% | 17\% | 6\% | 2\% | 75\% | 23\% |
| EE | 1000 | 48\% | 27\% | 15\% | 8\% | 2\% | 75\% | 23\% |
| IE | 1001 | 53\% | 30\% | 9\% | 2\% | 6\% | 83\% | 11\% |
| EL | 1000 | 78\% | 16\% | 5\% | 1\% | - | 94\% | 6\% |
| ES | 1026 | 49\% | 34\% | 7\% | 3\% | 7\% | 83\% | 10\% |
| FR | 1027 | 39\% | 35\% | 16\% | 7\% | 3\% | 74\% | 23\% |
| IT | 1039 | 40\% | 41\% | 11\% | 5\% | 3\% | 81\% | 16\% |
| CY | 508 | 77\% | 15\% | 4\% | 3\% | 1\% | 92\% | 7\% |
| LV | 1011 | 57\% | 23\% | 12\% | 6\% | 2\% | 80\% | 18\% |
| LT | 1023 | 46\% | 30\% | 13\% | 8\% | 3\% | 76\% | 21\% |
| LU | 500 | 38\% | 36\% | 16\% | 7\% | 3\% | 74\% | 23\% |
| HU | 1000 | 62\% | 26\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | 88\% | 11\% |
| MT | 500 | 43\% | 31\% | 16\% | 5\% | 5\% | 74\% | 21\% |
| NL | 996 | 33\% | 33\% | 20\% | 13\% | 1\% | 66\% | 33\% |
| AT | 1007 | 39\% | 37\% | 14\% | 6\% | 4\% | 76\% | 20\% |
| PL | 1000 | 31\% | 35\% | 19\% | 7\% | 8\% | 66\% | 26\% |
| PT | 1051 | 38\% | 46\% | 9\% | 2\% | 5\% | 84\% | 11\% |
| RO | 1013 | 43\% | 31\% | 12\% | 6\% | 8\% | 74\% | 18\% |
| SI | 1025 | 60\% | 24\% | 11\% | 3\% | 2\% | 84\% | 14\% |
| SK | 1050 | 28\% | 39\% | 19\% | 12\% | 2\% | 67\% | 31\% |
| FI | 1008 | 43\% | 39\% | 13\% | 4\% | 1\% | 82\% | 17\% |
| SE | 1007 | 40\% | 36\% | 17\% | 6\% | 1\% | 76\% | 23\% |
| UK | 1331 | 28\% | 37\% | 22\% | 10\% | 3\% | 65\% | 32\% |

QA14.5 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes, veuillez me dire si vous êtes ... Quand un pays connaît une croissance économique, la pauvreté disparaît d'elle-même

QA14.5 For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you ... When there is economic growth in a country, poverty disappears automatically by itself

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally agree | Plutôt <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to agree | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / <br> DK | D'accord / <br> Agree | Pas d'accord <br> / Disagree |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $9 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $61 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 9\% | 28\% | 38\% | 24\% | 1\% | 37\% | 62\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 27\% | 31\% | 21\% | 10\% | 11\% | 58\% | 31\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 5\% | 27\% | 45\% | 21\% | 2\% | 32\% | 66\% |
| DK | 1020 | 3\% | 16\% | 40\% | 39\% | 2\% | 19\% | 79\% |
| DE | 1549 | 6\% | 19\% | 39\% | 34\% | 2\% | 25\% | 73\% |
| EE | 1000 | 7\% | 17\% | 37\% | 37\% | 2\% | 24\% | 74\% |
| IE | 1001 | 10\% | 24\% | 28\% | 25\% | 13\% | 34\% | 53\% |
| EL | 1000 | 30\% | 32\% | 22\% | 15\% | 1\% | 62\% | 37\% |
| ES | 1026 | 7\% | 24\% | 31\% | 31\% | 7\% | 31\% | 62\% |
| FR | 1027 | 5\% | 23\% | 41\% | 27\% | 4\% | 28\% | 68\% |
| IT | 1039 | 11\% | 39\% | 33\% | 13\% | 4\% | 50\% | 46\% |
| CY | 508 | 14\% | 22\% | 35\% | 25\% | 4\% | 36\% | 60\% |
| LV | 1011 | 21\% | 33\% | 29\% | 15\% | 2\% | 54\% | 44\% |
| LT | 1023 | 26\% | 39\% | 22\% | 8\% | 5\% | 65\% | 30\% |
| LU | 500 | 10\% | 29\% | 32\% | 26\% | 3\% | 39\% | 58\% |
| HU | 1000 | 9\% | 25\% | 36\% | 28\% | 2\% | 34\% | 64\% |
| MT | 500 | 23\% | 28\% | 28\% | 10\% | 11\% | 51\% | 38\% |
| NL | 996 | 7\% | 27\% | 41\% | 25\% | - | 34\% | 66\% |
| AT | 1007 | 10\% | 31\% | 34\% | 21\% | 4\% | 41\% | 55\% |
| PL | 1000 | 8\% | 28\% | 39\% | 16\% | 9\% | 36\% | 55\% |
| PT | 1051 | 8\% | 38\% | 33\% | 10\% | 11\% | 46\% | 43\% |
| RO | 1013 | 27\% | 32\% | 22\% | 8\% | 11\% | 59\% | 30\% |
| SI | 1025 | 9\% | 17\% | 41\% | 29\% | 4\% | 26\% | 70\% |
| SK | 1050 | 5\% | 30\% | 39\% | 23\% | 3\% | 35\% | 62\% |
| FI | 1008 | 5\% | 17\% | 40\% | 37\% | 1\% | 22\% | 77\% |
| SE | 1007 | 1\% | 10\% | 42\% | 46\% | 1\% | 11\% | 88\% |
| UK | 1331 | 4\% | 19\% | 44\% | 27\% | 6\% | 23\% | 71\% |

QA14.6 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes, veuillez me dire si vous êtes ... Cela ne sert à rien de lutter contre la pauvreté car elle existera toujours

QA14.6 For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you ... There is no point in trying to fight poverty, it will always exist

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally agree | Plutôt <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> agree | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / <br> DK | D'accord / <br> Agree | Pas d'accord <br> / Disagree |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $10 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $62 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 16\% | 27\% | 30\% | 27\% | - | 43\% | 57\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 9\% | 15\% | 38\% | 32\% | 6\% | 24\% | 70\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 11\% | 42\% | 32\% | 14\% | 1\% | 53\% | 46\% |
| DK | 1020 | 19\% | 32\% | 27\% | 20\% | 2\% | 51\% | 47\% |
| DE | 1549 | 8\% | 13\% | 36\% | 42\% | 1\% | 21\% | 78\% |
| EE | 1000 | 16\% | 29\% | 34\% | 20\% | 1\% | 45\% | 54\% |
| IE | 1001 | 11\% | 26\% | 33\% | 20\% | 10\% | 37\% | 53\% |
| EL | 1000 | 8\% | 10\% | 29\% | 51\% | 2\% | 18\% | 80\% |
| ES | 1026 | 12\% | 26\% | 32\% | 25\% | 5\% | 38\% | 57\% |
| FR | 1027 | 10\% | 28\% | 28\% | 33\% | 1\% | 38\% | 61\% |
| IT | 1039 | 10\% | 33\% | 32\% | 21\% | 4\% | 43\% | 53\% |
| CY | 508 | 20\% | 18\% | 34\% | 26\% | 2\% | 38\% | 60\% |
| LV | 1011 | 11\% | 25\% | 35\% | 28\% | 1\% | 36\% | 63\% |
| LT | 1023 | 9\% | 26\% | 39\% | 21\% | 5\% | 35\% | 60\% |
| LU | 500 | 11\% | 21\% | 24\% | 42\% | 2\% | 32\% | 66\% |
| HU | 1000 | 10\% | 21\% | 35\% | 33\% | 1\% | 31\% | 68\% |
| MT | 500 | 23\% | 45\% | 20\% | 8\% | 4\% | 68\% | 28\% |
| NL | 996 | 10\% | 23\% | 34\% | 32\% | 1\% | 33\% | 66\% |
| AT | 1007 | 7\% | 25\% | 37\% | 29\% | 2\% | 32\% | 66\% |
| PL | 1000 | 8\% | 19\% | 39\% | 28\% | 6\% | 27\% | 67\% |
| PT | 1051 | 8\% | 33\% | 36\% | 20\% | 3\% | 41\% | 56\% |
| RO | 1013 | 14\% | 25\% | 31\% | 21\% | 9\% | 39\% | 52\% |
| SI | 1025 | 12\% | 16\% | 38\% | 33\% | 1\% | 28\% | 71\% |
| SK | 1050 | 10\% | 30\% | 40\% | 19\% | 1\% | 40\% | 59\% |
| FI | 1008 | 9\% | 18\% | 39\% | 33\% | 1\% | 27\% | 72\% |
| SE | 1007 | 5\% | 15\% | 29\% | 50\% | 1\% | 20\% | 79\% |
| UK | 1331 | 12\% | 31\% | 31\% | 24\% | 2\% | 43\% | 55\% |

QA14.7 Pour chacune des affirmations suivantes, veuillez me dire si vous êtes ... Les inégalités de revenus sont nécessaires au développement économique

QA14.7 For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you ... Income inequalities are necessary for economic development

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally agree | Plutôt <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> agree | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / <br> DK | D'accord / <br> Agree |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| d'accord / <br> Disagree |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $12 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $44 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 15\% | 35\% | 31\% | 17\% | 2\% | 50\% | 48\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 9\% | 19\% | 31\% | 26\% | 15\% | 28\% | 57\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 10\% | 35\% | 38\% | 13\% | 4\% | 45\% | 51\% |
| DK | 1020 | 24\% | 44\% | 18\% | 10\% | 4\% | 68\% | 28\% |
| DE | 1549 | 19\% | 40\% | 26\% | 12\% | 3\% | 59\% | 38\% |
| EE | 1000 | 21\% | 34\% | 25\% | 13\% | 7\% | 55\% | 38\% |
| IE | 1001 | 10\% | 32\% | 25\% | 13\% | 20\% | 42\% | 38\% |
| EL | 1000 | 7\% | 12\% | 34\% | 43\% | 4\% | 19\% | 77\% |
| ES | 1026 | 9\% | 26\% | 31\% | 27\% | 7\% | 35\% | 58\% |
| FR | 1027 | 6\% | 31\% | 31\% | 27\% | 5\% | 37\% | 58\% |
| IT | 1039 | 8\% | 22\% | 36\% | 27\% | 7\% | 30\% | 63\% |
| CY | 508 | 10\% | 14\% | 38\% | 31\% | 7\% | 24\% | 69\% |
| LV | 1011 | 19\% | 32\% | 24\% | 15\% | 10\% | 51\% | 39\% |
| LT | 1023 | 17\% | 34\% | 27\% | 10\% | 12\% | 51\% | 37\% |
| LU | 500 | 14\% | 39\% | 20\% | 20\% | 7\% | 53\% | 40\% |
| HU | 1000 | 10\% | 28\% | 34\% | 25\% | 3\% | 38\% | 59\% |
| MT | 500 | 17\% | 31\% | 23\% | 9\% | 20\% | 48\% | 32\% |
| NL | 996 | 20\% | 40\% | 22\% | 13\% | 5\% | 60\% | 35\% |
| AT | 1007 | 10\% | 26\% | 38\% | 23\% | 3\% | 36\% | 61\% |
| PL | 1000 | 9\% | 32\% | 32\% | 12\% | 15\% | 41\% | 44\% |
| PT | 1051 | 11\% | 33\% | 31\% | 17\% | 8\% | 44\% | 48\% |
| RO | 1013 | 15\% | 24\% | 28\% | 21\% | 12\% | 39\% | 49\% |
| SI | 1025 | 18\% | 38\% | 26\% | 14\% | 4\% | 56\% | 40\% |
| SK | 1050 | 9\% | 32\% | 37\% | 17\% | 5\% | 41\% | 54\% |
| FI | 1008 | 8\% | 31\% | 35\% | 21\% | 5\% | 39\% | 56\% |
| SE | 1007 | 19\% | 42\% | 23\% | 13\% | 3\% | 61\% | 36\% |
| UK | 1331 | 13\% | 44\% | 22\% | 10\% | 11\% | 57\% | 32\% |

QA15.1 Dans tous les pays, il existe parfois des tensions entre les différents groupes sociaux. Selon vous, entre chacun des groupes sociaux suivants, y a-t-il beaucoup de tension, un peu de tension ou pas de tension dans (NOTRE PAYS) ? Les pauvres et les riches

QA15.1 In all countries there sometimes exists tension between social groups. In your opinion, how much tension is there between each of the following groups in (OUR COUNTRY)? Poor and rich people

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup de <br> tension / A <br> lot of tension | Un peu de <br> tension / <br> Some <br> tension | Pas de <br> tension / No <br> tension | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $32 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $3 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $29 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $13 \%$ | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $24 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $42 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $8 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $36 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $40 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $23 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $42 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $18 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1026 | $27 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $44 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $27 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $15 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $35 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $47 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $29 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $71 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $30 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $14 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $25 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $30 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $20 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $35 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $46 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $40 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $19 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $19 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $10 \%$ | - |
| UK | 1331 | $24 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $2 \%$ |

QA15.2 Dans tous les pays, il existe parfois des tensions entre les différents groupes sociaux. Selon vous, entre chacun des groupes sociaux suivants, y a-t-il beaucoup de tension, un peu de tension ou pas de tension dans (NOTRE PAYS) ? Les dirigeants d'entreprise et les salariés

QA15.2 In all countries there sometimes exists tension between social groups. In your opinion, how much tension is there between each of the following groups in (OUR COUNTRY)? Management and workers

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup de <br> tension / A <br> lot of tension | Un peu de <br> tension / <br> Some tension | Pas de <br> tension / <br> No tension | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $33 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $4 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $27 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $16 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $35 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $5 \%$ | $62 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $39 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $32 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $18 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $50 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $12 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1026 | $34 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $55 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $30 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $15 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $21 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $34 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $33 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $55 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $33 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $18 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $26 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $28 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $29 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $36 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $50 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $36 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $16 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $12 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $19 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $4 \%$ |

QA15.3 Dans tous les pays, il existe parfois des tensions entre les différents groupes sociaux Selon vous, entre chacun des groupes sociaux suivants, y a-t-il beaucoup de tension, un peu de tension ou pas de tension dans (NOTRE PAYS) ? Les personnes âgées et les jeunes

QA15.3 In all countries there sometimes exists tension between social groups. In your opinion, how much tension is there between each of the following groups in (OUR COUNTRY)? Old people and young people

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup de <br> tension / A lot <br> of tension | Un peu de <br> tension / <br> Some tension | Pas de <br> tension / No <br> tension | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $15 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $3 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $14 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $9 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $19 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $4 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $15 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $19 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $9 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $17 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $41 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1026 | $15 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $13 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $15 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $12 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $12 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $16 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $16 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $29 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $18 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $13 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $14 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $18 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $10 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $19 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $26 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $14 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $6 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $9 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $18 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $2 \%$ |

QA15.4 Dans tous les pays, il existe parfois des tensions entre les différents groupes sociaux. Selon vous, entre chacun des groupes sociaux suivants, y a-t-il beaucoup de tension, un peu de tension ou pas de tension dans (NOTRE PAYS) ? Les différents groupes raciaux et ethniques

QA15.4 In all countries there sometimes exists tension between social groups. In your opinion, how much tension is there between each of the following groups in (OUR COUNTRY)? Different racial and ethnic groups

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup de <br> tension / A <br> lot of tension | Un peu de <br> tension / <br> Some tension | Pas de <br> tension / No <br> tension | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $40 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $50 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $13 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $58 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $58 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $36 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $19 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $31 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $39 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $14 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1027 | $36 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| FR | 1039 | $49 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| IT | 508 | $41 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| CY | 1011 | $15 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LV | 1023 | $12 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| LT | 500 | $31 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| LU | 1000 | $68 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| HU | 500 | $63 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| MT | 996 | $55 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| NL | 1007 | $47 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| AT | 1000 | $19 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| PL | 1051 | $25 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| PT | 1013 | $29 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| RO | 1025 | $38 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| SI | 1050 | $57 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $1 \%$ |  |
| SK | 1008 | $39 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $4 \%$ | - |
| FI | 1007 | $45 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 1331 | $41 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $2 \%$ | - |
| UK |  |  | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ |  |

QA16.1 D'une manière générale, dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous pensez pouvoir faire confiance aux gens. Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 ' signifie que vous ne pouvez "pas du tout leur faire confiance" et '10' signifie que vous pouvez "leur faire tout à fait confiance".

QA16.1 Generally speaking, would you say that most people can be trusted, or that you can't be too careful in dealing with people? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 , where ' 1 ' means that (you can't be too careful" and '10' means that "most people can be trusted".

|  | TOTAL | 1. Pas du tout confiance / <br> 1. You can't be too careful | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. Tout à fait confiance / 10. Most people can be trusted | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 10\% | 6\% | 10\% | 11\% | 20\% | 14\% | 15\% | 9\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 4.9 |


| BE | 1005 | 8\% | 4\% | 8\% | 9\% | 20\% | 18\% | 20\% | 11\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | 5.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 14\% | 12\% | 17\% | 15\% | 18\% | 8\% | 7\% | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 4.1 |
| CZ | 1007 | 25\% | 5\% | 16\% | 10\% | 17\% | 8\% | 11\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% | - | 4.0 |
| DK | 1020 | 5\% | 2\% | 5\% | 7\% | 13\% | 11\% | 19\% | 21\% | 7\% | 10\% | - | 6.5 |
| DE | 1549 | 16\% | 7\% | 13\% | 12\% | 19\% | 10\% | 11\% | 8\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | 4.5 |
| EE | 1000 | 13\% | 6\% | 13\% | 10\% | 20\% | 14\% | 13\% | 8\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | 4.7 |
| IE | 1001 | 8\% | 5\% | 8\% | 9\% | 15\% | 16\% | 17\% | 12\% | 6\% | 4\% | - | 5.6 |
| EL | 1000 | 11\% | 12\% | 16\% | 14\% | 17\% | 11\% | 12\% | 6\% | 1\% | - | - | 4.3 |
| ES | 1026 | 7\% | 5\% | 10\% | 9\% | 24\% | 18\% | 15\% | 8\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 5.1 |
| FR | 1027 | 4\% | 4\% | 7\% | 10\% | 24\% | 16\% | 20\% | 11\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | 5.5 |
| IT | 1039 | 7\% | 7\% | 8\% | 15\% | 21\% | 21\% | 12\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4.9 |
| CY | 508 | 60\% | 13\% | 13\% | 3\% | 6\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | - | - | 2.1 |
| LV | 1011 | 27\% | 9\% | 13\% | 10\% | 19\% | 8\% | 6\% | 4\% | 1\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3.8 |
| LT | 1023 | 15\% | 5\% | 8\% | 8\% | 29\% | 11\% | 11\% | 7\% | 1\% | 4\% | 1\% | 4.8 |
| LU | 500 | 5\% | 3\% | 6\% | 9\% | 30\% | 18\% | 13\% | 11\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 5.5 |
| HU | 1000 | 15\% | 7\% | 15\% | 17\% | 19\% | 9\% | 10\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% | - | 4.3 |
| MT | 500 | 12\% | 8\% | 10\% | 8\% | 23\% | 15\% | 13\% | 7\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4.8 |
| NL | 996 | 4\% | 3\% | 5\% | 7\% | 13\% | 16\% | 29\% | 17\% | 3\% | 3\% | - | 6.1 |
| AT | 1007 | 13\% | 6\% | 12\% | 11\% | 19\% | 13\% | 13\% | 9\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | 4.8 |
| PL | 1000 | 15\% | 7\% | 14\% | 13\% | 21\% | 9\% | 12\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% | 1\% | 4.4 |
| PT | 1051 | 15\% | 16\% | 20\% | 15\% | 17\% | 8\% | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | - | 3.6 |
| RO | 1013 | 9\% | 7\% | 12\% | 13\% | 18\% | 13\% | 12\% | 10\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4.9 |
| SI | 1025 | 14\% | 4\% | 8\% | 12\% | 21\% | 10\% | 14\% | 11\% | 3\% | 3\% | - | 5.0 |
| SK | 1050 | 17\% | 7\% | 13\% | 11\% | 18\% | 11\% | 10\% | 8\% | 2\% | 3\% | - | 4.5 |
| FI | 1008 | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 5\% | 8\% | 14\% | 31\% | 27\% | 6\% | 2\% | - | 6.7 |
| SE | 1007 | 6\% | 2\% | 7\% | 7\% | 14\% | 12\% | 20\% | 19\% | 5\% | 8\% | - | 6.2 |
| UK | 1331 | 10\% | 5\% | 7\% | 10\% | 24\% | 13\% | 16\% | 10\% | 3\% | 2\% | - | 5.2 |

QA16.2 D'une manière générale, dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous pensez pouvoir faire confiance aux gens. Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 ' signifie que vous ne pouvez "pas du tout leur faire confiance" et '10' signifie que vous pouvez "leur faire tout à fait confiance".

QA16.2 Generally speaking, would you say that most people can be trusted, or that you can't be too careful in dealing with people? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 , where ' 1 ' means that (you can't be too careful" and '10' means that "most people can be trusted".

|  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust | Ni I'un ni I'autre <br> / Neither trust <br> nor distrust | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust | NSP / <br> DK | Moyenne / <br> Average |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $27 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.9 |


| BE | 1005 | $33 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $29 \%$ | - | 5.3 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $15 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.1 |
| CZ | 1007 | $19 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $56 \%$ | - | 4.0 |
| DK | 1020 | $57 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $19 \%$ | - | 6.5 |
| DE | 1549 | $23 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $49 \%$ | - | 4.5 |
| EE | 1000 | $24 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $42 \%$ | - | 4.7 |
| IE | 1001 | $39 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $30 \%$ | - | 5.6 |
| EL | 1000 | $19 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $53 \%$ | - | 4.3 |
| ES | 1026 | $26 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.1 |
| FR | 1027 | $34 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $25 \%$ | - | 5.5 |
| IT | 1039 | $19 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 4.9 |
| CY | 508 | $4 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $88 \%$ | - | 2.1 |
| LV | 1011 | $14 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 3.8 |
| LT | 1023 | $24 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.8 |
| LU | 500 | $28 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.5 |
| HU | 1000 | $18 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $55 \%$ | - | 4.3 |
| MT | 500 | $24 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.8 |
| NL | 996 | $51 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $20 \%$ | - | 6.1 |
| AT | 1007 | $26 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $42 \%$ | - | 4.8 |
| PL | 1000 | $20 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.4 |
| PT | 1051 | $8 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $66 \%$ | - | 3.6 |
| RO | 1013 | $26 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 4.9 |
| SI | 1025 | $31 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $38 \%$ | - | 5.0 |
| SK | 1050 | $23 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $48 \%$ | - | 4.5 |
| FI | 1008 | $66 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $12 \%$ | - | 6.7 |
| SE | 1007 | $53 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $21 \%$ | - | 6.2 |
| UK | 1331 | $31 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $32 \%$ | - | 5.2 |

QA17.1 Pouvez-vous indiquer quel degré de confiance vous avez personnellement dans les institutions suivantes. Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10, où ' 1 ' signifie que "vous n'avez aucune confiance" et '10' signifie que "vous avez totalement confiance" dans cette institution. Le parlement (NATIONALITE)

QA17.1 Please tell me how much you personally trust each of the following institutions using a scale from 1 to 10 where ' 1 ' means "you do not trust the institution at all" and '10' means "you trust it completely". The (NATIONALITY) parliament


| BE | 1005 | 9\% | 5\% | 11\% | 11\% | 26\% | 17\% | 13\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 22\% | 12\% | 11\% | 10\% | 14\% | 9\% | 6\% | 4\% | 2\% | 3\% | 7\% | 4.0 |
| CZ | 1007 | 35\% | 8\% | 16\% | 11\% | 13\% | 5\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3.3 |
| DK | 1020 | 3\% | 2\% | 5\% | 7\% | 18\% | 14\% | 18\% | 19\% | 8\% | 6\% | - | 6.4 |
| DE | 1549 | 16\% | 7\% | 10\% | 10\% | 20\% | 11\% | 13\% | 7\% | 2\% | 3\% | 1\% | 4.6 |
| EE | 1000 | 21\% | 10\% | 14\% | 11\% | 18\% | 8\% | 8\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3.9 |
| IE | 1001 | 26\% | 7\% | 9\% | 10\% | 16\% | 8\% | 9\% | 5\% | 2\% | 2\% | 6\% | 4.0 |
| EL | 1000 | 31\% | 14\% | 11\% | 11\% | 15\% | 7\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | 3.4 |
| ES | 1026 | 14\% | 7\% | 12\% | 14\% | 23\% | 13\% | 9\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 4.3 |
| FR | 1027 | 12\% | 8\% | 13\% | 14\% | 23\% | 12\% | 9\% | 4\% | 1\% | - | 4\% | 4.3 |
| IT | 1039 | 14\% | 9\% | 12\% | 13\% | 21\% | 18\% | 7\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4.2 |
| CY | 508 | 18\% | 4\% | 9\% | 7\% | 23\% | 8\% | 9\% | 11\% | 3\% | 3\% | 5\% | 4.7 |
| LV | 1011 | 57\% | 11\% | 10\% | 8\% | 6\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | 1\% | 2\% | 2.2 |
| LT | 1023 | 46\% | 11\% | 13\% | 7\% | 13\% | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | 1\% | 1\% | 2.7 |
| LU | 500 | 5\% | 3\% | 5\% | 6\% | 21\% | 17\% | 18\% | 14\% | 3\% | 3\% | 5\% | 5.8 |
| HU | 1000 | 33\% | 14\% | 15\% | 12\% | 14\% | 5\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3.0 |
| MT | 500 | 17\% | 6\% | 7\% | 5\% | 21\% | 9\% | 14\% | 11\% | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% | 4.9 |
| NL | 996 | 6\% | 4\% | 6\% | 10\% | 16\% | 23\% | 21\% | 10\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 5.5 |
| AT | 1007 | 7\% | 3\% | 7\% | 11\% | 20\% | 14\% | 16\% | 15\% | 2\% | 4\% | 1\% | 5.5 |
| PL | 1000 | 37\% | 14\% | 17\% | 9\% | 14\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | - | 3\% | 2.7 |
| PT | 1051 | 15\% | 10\% | 15\% | 8\% | 24\% | 10\% | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | 9\% | 3.9 |
| RO | 1013 | 32\% | 12\% | 10\% | 10\% | 14\% | 8\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% | - | 4\% | 3.3 |
| SI | 1025 | 21\% | 11\% | 16\% | 12\% | 21\% | 6\% | 6\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3.7 |
| SK | 1050 | 21\% | 9\% | 13\% | 13\% | 20\% | 10\% | 7\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4.0 |
| FI | 1008 | 4\% | 4\% | 6\% | 8\% | 14\% | 19\% | 27\% | 14\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 5.8 |
| SE | 1007 | 3\% | 3\% | 8\% | 7\% | 18\% | 14\% | 21\% | 16\% | 4\% | 6\% | - | 6.1 |
| UK | 1331 | 22\% | 10\% | 14\% | 11\% | 19\% | 9\% | 7\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3.8 |

QA17.1 Pouvez-vous indiquer quel degré de confiance vous avez personnellement dans les institutions suivantes. Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 ' signifie que "vous n'avez aucune confiance" et '10' signifie que "vous avez totalement confiance" dans cette institution. Le parlement (NATIONALITE)

QA17.1 Please tell me how much you personally trust each of the following institutions using a scale from 1 to 10 where ' 1 ' means "you do not trust the institution at all" and '10' means "you trust it completely". The (NATIONALITY) parliament

|  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust | Ni I'un ni <br> I'autre / <br> Neither trust <br> nor distrust | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust | NSP / <br> DK | Moyenne / <br> Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $16 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 4.1 |


| BE | 1005 | $19 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $16 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $7 \%$ | 4.0 |
| CZ | 1007 | $11 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 3.3 |
| DK | 1020 | $51 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 6.4 |
| DE | 1549 | $25 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.6 |
| EE | 1000 | $16 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 3.9 |
| IE | 1001 | $17 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $6 \%$ | 4.0 |
| EL | 1000 | $11 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $68 \%$ | - | 3.4 |
| ES | 1026 | $14 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 4.3 |
| FR | 1027 | $14 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 4.3 |
| IT | 1039 | $10 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 4.2 |
| CY | 508 | $26 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 4.7 |
| LV | 1011 | $4 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 2.2 |
| LT | 1023 | $5 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 2.7 |
| LU | 500 | $38 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 5.8 |
| HU | 1000 | $6 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 3.0 |
| MT | 500 | $30 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 4.9 |
| NL | 996 | $33 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.5 |
| AT | 1007 | $37 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.5 |
| PL | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 2.7 |
| PT | 1051 | $9 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $9 \%$ | 3.9 |
| RO | 1013 | $10 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 3.3 |
| SI | 1025 | $11 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 3.7 |
| SK | 1050 | $13 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.0 |
| FI | 1008 | $44 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $22 \%$ | - | 5.8 |
| SE | 1007 | $48 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $21 \%$ | - | 6.1 |
| UK | 1331 | $12 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 3.8 |

QA17.5 Pouvez-vous indiquer quel degré de confiance vous avez personnellement dans les institutions suivantes. Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 signifie que "vous n'avez aucune confiance" et '10' signifie que "vous avez totalement confiance" dans cette institution. Le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)

QA17.5 Please tell me how much you personally trust each of the following institutions using a scale from 1 to 10 where ' 1 ' means "you do not trust the institution at all" and '10' means "you trust it completely". The (NATIONALITY) Government

|  | TOTAL | 1 Aucune confiance / 1 Do not trust at all | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 Totalement confiance / 10 Trust completely | $\begin{gathered} \text { NSP / } \\ \text { DK } \end{gathered}$ | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 20\% | 9\% | 12\% | 11\% | 18\% | 11\% | 9\% | 5\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4.1 |


| BE | 1005 | 10\% | 7\% | 10\% | 12\% | 25\% | 15\% | 13\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 18\% | 9\% | 10\% | 8\% | 15\% | 9\% | 9\% | 6\% | 4\% | 5\% | 7\% | 4.6 |
| CZ | 1007 | 33\% | 9\% | 14\% | 11\% | 13\% | 6\% | 6\% | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | 3.4 |
| DK | 1020 | 4\% | 5\% | 7\% | 9\% | 16\% | 12\% | 18\% | 16\% | 7\% | 5\% | 1\% | 5.9 |
| DE | 1549 | 17\% | 8\% | 11\% | 10\% | 20\% | 11\% | 11\% | 7\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 4.5 |
| EE | 1000 | 21\% | 9\% | 14\% | 11\% | 16\% | 10\% | 8\% | 7\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4.1 |
| IE | 1001 | 31\% | 9\% | 9\% | 9\% | 14\% | 8\% | 8\% | 4\% | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% | 3.7 |
| EL | 1000 | 36\% | 17\% | 9\% | 7\% | 13\% | 5\% | 7\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% | - | 3.2 |
| ES | 1026 | 16\% | 7\% | 13\% | 13\% | 21\% | 13\% | 9\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4.3 |
| FR | 1027 | 15\% | 9\% | 13\% | 13\% | 20\% | 12\% | 9\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4.3 |
| IT | 1039 | 19\% | 10\% | 9\% | 14\% | 18\% | 17\% | 8\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4.1 |
| CY | 508 | 17\% | 3\% | 8\% | 7\% | 19\% | 7\% | 10\% | 13\% | 6\% | 6\% | 4\% | 5.2 |
| LV | 1011 | 55\% | 12\% | 10\% | 7\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | - | - | 2\% | 2.2 |
| LT | 1023 | 38\% | 11\% | 13\% | 8\% | 13\% | 6\% | 4\% | 4\% | 1\% | - | 2\% | 3.1 |
| LU | 500 | 5\% | 4\% | 4\% | 5\% | 16\% | 18\% | 18\% | 18\% | 3\% | 5\% | 4\% | 6.1 |
| HU | 1000 | 39\% | 15\% | 15\% | 9\% | 11\% | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2.8 |
| MT | 500 | 18\% | 6\% | 6\% | 6\% | 20\% | 8\% | 10\% | 13\% | 3\% | 5\% | 5\% | 4.9 |
| NL | 996 | 6\% | 4\% | 7\% | 8\% | 16\% | 23\% | 24\% | 9\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 5.5 |
| AT | 1007 | 7\% | 4\% | 6\% | 10\% | 19\% | 16\% | 16\% | 14\% | 3\% | 4\% | 1\% | 5.6 |
| PL | 1000 | 34\% | 12\% | 16\% | 11\% | 16\% | 4\% | 3\% | 2\% | - | - | 2\% | 3.0 |
| PT | 1051 | 18\% | 12\% | 13\% | 10\% | 22\% | 11\% | 5\% | 3\% | - | - | 6\% | 3.8 |
| RO | 1013 | 32\% | 12\% | 10\% | 10\% | 14\% | 9\% | 5\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 3.3 |
| SI | 1025 | 21\% | 10\% | 15\% | 12\% | 19\% | 9\% | 6\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3.9 |
| SK | 1050 | 21\% | 9\% | 13\% | 12\% | 17\% | 11\% | 8\% | 5\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4.1 |
| FI | 1008 | 4\% | 4\% | 7\% | 8\% | 16\% | 19\% | 23\% | 15\% | 3\% | - | 1\% | 5.8 |
| SE | 1007 | 5\% | 4\% | 8\% | 9\% | 16\% | 14\% | 19\% | 15\% | 6\% | 4\% | - | 5.9 |
| UK | 1331 | 25\% | 11\% | 14\% | 12\% | 17\% | 8\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3.6 |

QA17.5 Pouvez-vous indiquer quel degré de confiance vous avez personnellement dans les institutions suivantes. Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 ' signifie que "vous n'avez aucune confiance" et '10' signifie que "vous avez totalement confiance" dans cette institution. Le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)

QA17.5 Please tell me how much you personally trust each of the following institutions using a scale from 1 to 10 where ' 1 ' means "you do not trust the institution at all" and ' 10 ' means "you trust it completely". The (NATIONALITY) Government

|  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust | Ni I'un ni <br> I'autre / <br> Neither trust <br> nor distrust | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust | NSP / <br> DK | Moyenne / <br> Average |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $16 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 4.1 |


| BE | 1005 | $20 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $24 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $7 \%$ | 4.6 |
| CZ | 1007 | $14 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $67 \%$ | - | 3.4 |
| DK | 1020 | $45 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.9 |
| DE | 1549 | $22 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.5 |
| EE | 1000 | $19 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.1 |
| IE | 1001 | $16 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 3.7 |
| EL | 1000 | $12 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $70 \%$ | - | 3.2 |
| ES | 1026 | $15 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 4.3 |
| FR | 1027 | $16 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 4.3 |
| IT | 1039 | $12 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.1 |
| CY | 508 | $34 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 5.2 |
| LV | 1011 | $4 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 2.2 |
| LT | 1023 | $9 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 3.1 |
| LU | 500 | $45 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 6.1 |
| HU | 1000 | $6 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 2.8 |
| MT | 500 | $31 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 4.9 |
| NL | 996 | $35 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.5 |
| AT | 1007 | $37 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.6 |
| PL | 1000 | $5 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 3.0 |
| PT | 1051 | $8 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $7 \%$ | 3.8 |
| RO | 1013 | $10 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 3.3 |
| SI | 1025 | $13 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 3.9 |
| SK | 1050 | $17 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.1 |
| FI | 1008 | $42 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.8 |
| SE | 1007 | $44 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.9 |
| UK | $13 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $62 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 3.6 |  |

QA18.1 Pour chacun des éléments de la liste suivante, pourriez vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en son action contre la pauvreté. L'Union européenne

QA18.1 For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not with regard to their action in combating poverty. The European Union

|  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust <br> it | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust it | NSP / <br> DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $45 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $10 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $52 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $64 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $51 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $50 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $37 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $59 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $56 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| EL | 1026 | $44 \%$ | $56 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1027 | $54 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| FR | 1039 | $40 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| IT | 508 | $53 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| CY | 1011 | $37 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| LV | 1023 | $59 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| LT | 500 | $46 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| LU | 1000 | $54 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| HU | 500 | $59 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| MT | 996 | $48 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| NL | 1007 | $37 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| AT | 1000 | $52 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| PL | 1051 | $55 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| PT | 1013 | $60 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| RO | 1025 | $44 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| SI | 1050 | $60 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| SK | 1008 | $45 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| FI | 1007 | $43 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| SE | 1331 | $33 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| UK |  |  | $53 \%$ | $14 \%$ |

QA18.2 For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not Government
Government

QA18.2 Pour chacun des éléments de la liste suivante, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en son action contre la pauvreté. Le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)

$\left.$|  |  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust <br> it | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust it |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | NSP / |
| :---: |
| DK | \right\rvert\,


|  |  |  |  | 1005 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BE | $45 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $2 \%$ |  |
| BG | 1015 | $49 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $24 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $59 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $40 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $37 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $31 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $23 \%$ | $77 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1026 | $40 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $35 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $27 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $58 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $14 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $27 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $74 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $22 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $50 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $57 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $56 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $25 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $42 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $24 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $32 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $35 \%$ | $62 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $52 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $53 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $36 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

QA18.3 For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not with regard to their action in combating poverty Regional or local authorities

QA18.3 Pour chacun des éléments de la liste suivante, pourriezvous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en son action contre la pauvreté. Les autorités publiques régionales ou locales

|  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust <br> it | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust it | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $50 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $6 \%$ |


|  | 1005 | $64 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $34 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $54 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $64 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $56 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $55 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $45 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $35 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $51 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $65 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $32 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $48 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $42 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $33 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $69 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $56 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $47 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $60 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $67 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $42 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $57 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $39 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $42 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $44 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $67 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $61 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $49 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $5 \%$ |

QA18.4 For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not with regard to their action in combating poverty. NGOs or charities

QA18.4 Pour chacun des éléments de la liste suivante, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en son action contre la pauvreté. Les ONG ou les organisations caritatives

|  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust <br> it | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust it | NSP / DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $63 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $7 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $71 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $19 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $61 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $70 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $68 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $64 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $59 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $46 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $67 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| FR | 1039 | $74 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| IT | 508 | $46 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| CY | 1011 | $53 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| LV | 1023 | $58 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| LT | 500 | $79 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| LU | 1000 | $59 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| HU | 500 | $79 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| MT | 996 | $72 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| NL | 1007 | $76 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| AT | 1000 | $60 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| PL | 1051 | $62 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| PT | 1013 | $40 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| RO | 1025 | $50 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| SI | 1050 | $50 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SK | 1008 | $75 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| FI | 1007 | $75 \%$ | $23 \%$ |  |
| SE | 1331 | $75 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| UK |  |  | $4 \%$ |  |

QA18.5 For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not with regard to their action in combating poverty. Religious institutions

QA18.5 Pour chacun des éléments de la liste suivante, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en son action contre la pauvreté. Les institutions religieuses

|  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust <br> it | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust it | NSP / DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $51 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $7 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 47\% | 50\% | 3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 22\% | 60\% | 18\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 38\% | 56\% | 6\% |
| DK | 1020 | 65\% | 30\% | 5\% |
| DE | 1549 | 55\% | 41\% | 4\% |
| EE | 1000 | 39\% | 48\% | 13\% |
| IE | 1001 | 42\% | 43\% | 15\% |
| EL | 1000 | 41\% | 59\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 45\% | 49\% | 6\% |
| FR | 1027 | 49\% | 42\% | 9\% |
| IT | 1039 | 45\% | 44\% | 11\% |
| CY | 508 | 55\% | 38\% | 7\% |
| LV | 1011 | 40\% | 46\% | 14\% |
| LT | 1023 | 48\% | 43\% | 9\% |
| LU | 500 | 46\% | 48\% | 6\% |
| HU | 1000 | 47\% | 47\% | 6\% |
| MT | 500 | 73\% | 20\% | 7\% |
| NL | 996 | 60\% | 35\% | 5\% |
| AT | 1007 | 52\% | 43\% | 5\% |
| PL | 1000 | 53\% | 39\% | 8\% |
| PT | 1051 | 61\% | 30\% | 9\% |
| RO | 1013 | 57\% | 34\% | 9\% |
| SI | 1025 | 29\% | 67\% | 4\% |
| SK | 1050 | 49\% | 48\% | 3\% |
| FI | 1008 | 62\% | 34\% | 4\% |
| SE | 1007 | 56\% | 40\% | 4\% |
| UK | 1331 | 57\% | 38\% | 5\% |

QA18.6 For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not with regard to their action in combating poverty. Private companies

QA18.6 Pour chacun des éléments de la liste suivante, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en son action contre la pauvreté. Les entreprises privées

|  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust <br> it | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust it | NSP / DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $32 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $9 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $41 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $17 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $34 \%$ | $62 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $47 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $35 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $38 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $42 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| EL | 1026 | $19 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| ES | 1027 | $32 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| FR | 1039 | $36 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| IT | 1011 | $28 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| CY | 1023 | $34 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| LV | 500 | $31 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| LT | 1000 | $33 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $35 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| HU | 996 | 1007 | $43 \%$ | $58 \%$ |
| MT | 1000 | $46 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| NL | 1051 | $31 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| AT | 1013 | $28 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| PL | 1025 | $31 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| PT | 1050 | $28 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| RO | 1008 | $44 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| SI | 1007 | $29 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| SK | 1331 | $27 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| FI |  |  | $65 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| SE | UK |  |  |  |

QA18.7 For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not with regard to their action in combating poverty. Citizens themselves

QA18.7 Pour chacun des éléments de la liste suivante, pourriez-vous me dire si vous avez plutôt confiance ou plutôt pas confiance en son action contre la pauvreté. Les citoyens eux-mêmes

|  | TOTAL | Plutôt <br> confiance / <br> Tend to trust <br> it | Plutôt pas <br> confiance / <br> Tend not to <br> trust it | NSP / DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $57 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $7 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $61 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $41 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $55 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $64 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $62 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $61 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $69 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| EL | 1026 | $54 \%$ | $46 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1027 | $69 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| FR | 1039 | $59 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| IT | 508 | $43 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| CY | 1011 | $45 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| LV | 1023 | $54 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| LT | 100 | $53 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $36 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $53 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| HU | 996 | $51 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| MT | 1007 | $59 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| NL | 1000 | $66 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| AT | 1051 | $64 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| PL | 1013 | $44 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| PT | 1025 | $60 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| RO | 1050 | $55 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| SI | 1008 | $68 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| SK | 1007 | $54 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| FI | 1331 | $60 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SE |  |  | $35 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| UK |  |  |  |  |

QA19 From the following list, which are, in your opinion, the two main factors generating poverty in (OUR COUNTRY)? (ROTATE - MAX. 2 ANS WERS)

QA19 Parmi la liste suivante, quels sont, d'après vous, les deux facteurs qui sont le plus responsables de la pauvreté en (NOTRE PAYS) ? (ROTATION - MAX. 2 REPONSES)

|  | TOTAL | E 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |  |  |  |  | L'immigration / Immigration |  |  |  | $\underbrace{\frac{2}{0}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| BE | 1005 | $23 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $6 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - | $4 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $10 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | - | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $18 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $23 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $7 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $11 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $27 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $18 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $29 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $0 \%$ | - | $1 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $14 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $28 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $4 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $4 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $35 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $12 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $16 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $9 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $25 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $4 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $14 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $11 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $20 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $8 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - | - |
| FI | 1008 | $15 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $7 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $8 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $5 \%$ |

QA20 A votre avis, qui est principalement responsable de la réduction de la pauvreté ou de la prévention contre la pauvreté en (NOTRE PAYS) ? (ROTATION)

|  | TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{y}{0} \\ & \frac{a}{n} \\ & \mathbf{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 9\% | 53\% | 7\% | 7\% | 2\% | 3\% | 13\% | 1\% | 5\% |


| BE | 1005 | 12\% | 36\% | 10\% | 13\% | 2\% | 4\% | 18\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 3\% | 85\% | 3\% | - | - | 1\% | 4\% | - | 4\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 10\% | 49\% | 7\% | 7\% | - | 5\% | 19\% | - | 3\% |
| DK | 1020 | 5\% | 64\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | 22\% | - | 2\% |
| DE | 1549 | 6\% | 51\% | 6\% | 6\% | 2\% | 6\% | 17\% | 1\% | 5\% |
| EE | 1000 | 2\% | 64\% | 9\% | 1\% | - | 1\% | 19\% | - | 4\% |
| IE | 1001 | 13\% | 63\% | 4\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 8\% | 1\% | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 23\% | 65\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | 1\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 14\% | 67\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| FR | 1027 | 7\% | 24\% | 10\% | 26\% | 1\% | 4\% | 20\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| IT | 1039 | 14\% | 46\% | 10\% | 8\% | 4\% | 3\% | 7\% | - | 8\% |
| CY | 508 | 17\% | 70\% | - | - | 1\% | - | 10\% | - | 2\% |
| LV | 1011 | 6\% | 77\% | 3\% | 1\% | - | 1\% | 10\% | - | 2\% |
| LT | 1023 | 6\% | 73\% | 3\% | 1\% | - | 1\% | 13\% | - | 3\% |
| LU | 500 | 20\% | 54\% | 3\% | 6\% | - | 1\% | 10\% | - | 6\% |
| HU | 1000 | 6\% | 80\% | 3\% | 1\% | - | 1\% | 5\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| MT | 500 | 9\% | 70\% | 1\% | 3\% | - | 1\% | 12\% | - | 4\% |
| NL | 996 | 5\% | 52\% | 8\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 27\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| AT | 1007 | 16\% | 38\% | 11\% | 9\% | 5\% | 4\% | 10\% | 2\% | 5\% |
| PL | 1000 | 8\% | 51\% | 10\% | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% | 14\% | - | 8\% |
| PT | 1051 | 14\% | 63\% | 4\% | 3\% | 1\% | 3\% | 5\% | - | 7\% |
| RO | 1013 | 13\% | 64\% | 5\% | 2\% | - | 2\% | 6\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| SI | 1025 | 7\% | 68\% | 5\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 11\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| SK | 1050 | 12\% | 56\% | 4\% | 3\% | 1\% | 6\% | 16\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| FI | 1008 | 5\% | 61\% | 6\% | 3\% | - | 1\% | 22\% | - | 2\% |
| SE | 1007 | 5\% | 69\% | 6\% | - | - | 1\% | 18\% | - | 1\% |
| UK | 1331 | 3\% | 64\% | 3\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 18\% | 1\% | 5\% |

QA21 En règle générale, selon vous, dans quelle mesure le rôle de l'Union européenne est-il important dans la lutte contre la pauvreté ?

|  | TOTAL | Très <br> important / <br> Very <br> important | Plutôt <br> important / <br> Somewhat <br> important | Pas très <br> important / <br> Not very <br> important | Pas du tout <br> important / <br> Not at all <br> important | NSP / DK | ImportantPas <br> important / <br> Not <br> important |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $28 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $74 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 38\% | 44\% | 11\% | 5\% | 2\% | 82\% | 16\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 42\% | 40\% | 8\% | 1\% | 9\% | 82\% | 9\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 32\% | 48\% | 15\% | 3\% | 2\% | 80\% | 18\% |
| DK | 1020 | 19\% | 45\% | 23\% | 5\% | 8\% | 64\% | 28\% |
| DE | 1549 | 26\% | 42\% | 20\% | 6\% | 6\% | 68\% | 26\% |
| EE | 1000 | 24\% | 52\% | 16\% | 2\% | 6\% | 76\% | 18\% |
| IE | 1001 | 43\% | 42\% | 4\% | 2\% | 9\% | 85\% | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 30\% | 38\% | 21\% | 9\% | 2\% | 68\% | 30\% |
| ES | 1026 | 30\% | 50\% | 11\% | 2\% | 7\% | 80\% | 13\% |
| FR | 1027 | 17\% | 44\% | 22\% | 8\% | 9\% | 61\% | 30\% |
| IT | 1039 | 25\% | 53\% | 14\% | 3\% | 5\% | 78\% | 17\% |
| CY | 508 | 35\% | 41\% | 13\% | 6\% | 5\% | 76\% | 19\% |
| LV | 1011 | 27\% | 43\% | 20\% | 6\% | 4\% | 70\% | 26\% |
| LT | 1023 | 32\% | 46\% | 14\% | 3\% | 5\% | 78\% | 17\% |
| LU | 500 | 40\% | 40\% | 13\% | 5\% | 2\% | 80\% | 18\% |
| HU | 1000 | 42\% | 45\% | 10\% | 2\% | 1\% | 87\% | 12\% |
| MT | 500 | 61\% | 32\% | 3\% | 2\% | 2\% | 93\% | 5\% |
| NL | 996 | 34\% | 42\% | 15\% | 5\% | 4\% | 76\% | 20\% |
| AT | 1007 | 25\% | 47\% | 18\% | 6\% | 4\% | 72\% | 24\% |
| PL | 1000 | 25\% | 55\% | 9\% | 2\% | 9\% | 80\% | 11\% |
| PT | 1051 | 35\% | 48\% | 8\% | 1\% | 8\% | 83\% | 9\% |
| RO | 1013 | 32\% | 44\% | 12\% | 3\% | 9\% | 76\% | 15\% |
| SI | 1025 | 29\% | 47\% | 16\% | 4\% | 4\% | 76\% | 20\% |
| SK | 1050 | 46\% | 45\% | 7\% | 2\% | - | 91\% | 9\% |
| FI | 1008 | 17\% | 58\% | 18\% | 3\% | 4\% | 75\% | 21\% |
| SE | 1007 | 47\% | 38\% | 11\% | 3\% | 1\% | 85\% | 14\% |
| UK | 1331 | 28\% | 43\% | 14\% | 6\% | 9\% | 71\% | 20\% |

QA22 In your opinion, from the following, which are the areas the (NATIONALITY) Government should prioritise to help people out of poverty? (ROTATE - MAX. 4 ANSWERS)
QA22 D'après vous, auxquels des domaines suivants le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE) devrait-il donner la priorité pour aider les gens à sortir de la pauvreté ? (ROTATION - MAX. 4 REPONSES)


QA23 Would you say public policies and programmes aim at improving the condition of poor people in (OUR COUNTRY) are generally ...?

QA23 Diriez-vous qu'en général les politiques et programmes publiques destinés à améliorer la situation des gens pauvres en (NOTRE PAYS) ...?

|  | TOTAL | Améliorent les <br> choses / <br> Making things <br> better | N'ont pas beaucoup <br> d'effet / Not having <br> much impact | Agravent les <br> choses / <br> Making things <br> worse | NSP / DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $18 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $8 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 22\% | 71\% | 5\% | 2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 11\% | 69\% | 7\% | 13\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 19\% | 65\% | 11\% | 5\% |
| DK | 1020 | 25\% | 62\% | 7\% | 6\% |
| DE | 1549 | 15\% | 65\% | 10\% | 10\% |
| EE | 1000 | 20\% | 64\% | 9\% | 7\% |
| IE | 1001 | 23\% | 51\% | 8\% | 18\% |
| EL | 1000 | 16\% | 69\% | 14\% | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 28\% | 53\% | 11\% | 8\% |
| FR | 1027 | 11\% | 78\% | 7\% | 4\% |
| IT | 1039 | 10\% | 59\% | 21\% | 10\% |
| CY | 508 | 45\% | 42\% | 6\% | 7\% |
| LV | 1011 | 5\% | 58\% | 32\% | 5\% |
| LT | 1023 | 8\% | 62\% | 18\% | 12\% |
| LU | 500 | 50\% | 40\% | 2\% | 8\% |
| HU | 1000 | 18\% | 67\% | 12\% | 3\% |
| MT | 500 | 20\% | 56\% | 12\% | 12\% |
| NL | 996 | 26\% | 63\% | 5\% | 6\% |
| AT | 1007 | 33\% | 55\% | 6\% | 6\% |
| PL | 1000 | 23\% | 58\% | 9\% | 10\% |
| PT | 1051 | 14\% | 60\% | 12\% | 14\% |
| RO | 1013 | 15\% | 62\% | 12\% | 11\% |
| SI | 1025 | 17\% | 70\% | 8\% | 5\% |
| SK | 1050 | 19\% | 64\% | 12\% | 5\% |
| FI | 1008 | 25\% | 66\% | 3\% | 6\% |
| SE | 1007 | 45\% | 42\% | 3\% | 10\% |
| UK | 1331 | 18\% | 69\% | 6\% | 7\% |

QA24 Do you think that (OUR COUNTRY) is spending ... to help people out of poverty?
QA24 Pensez-vous que (NOTRE PAYS) dépense ... pour aider les gens à sortir de la pauvreté?

|  | TOTAL | Trop / <br> Too much | Un montant à peu <br> près suffisant / <br> About the right <br> amount | Trop peu / <br> Too little | NSP/DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{UE} 27 / \mathrm{EU} 27$ | 26719 | $4 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $10 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $2 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $3 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $4 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $62 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $1 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $3 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $4 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $4 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $7 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $3 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $10 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $6 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $5 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $3 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $5 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $7 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $3 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $3 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $6 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $1 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $4 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $7 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $2 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $2 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $7 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $13 \%$ |

QA25a People think differently on what steps should be taken to help solving social and economic problems in
(OUR COUNTRY). I'm going to read you two contradictory statements on this topic. Please tell me which one comes closest to your view.
QA25a Les gens ont un avis différent sur les actions qui devraient être prises pour aider à résoudre les problèmes sociaux et économiques en (NOTRE PAYS). Je vais vous lire deux affirmations contradictoires à ce sujet. Pourriez vous me dire celle qui se rapproche le plus de votre opinion

|  | TOTAL | C'est principalement au <br> Gouvernement <br> (NATIONALITE) de <br> proposer des emplois aux <br> chômeurs / <br> It is primarily up to the <br> (NATI ONALITY) <br> Government to provide <br> jobs for the unemployed | Proposer des emplois <br> devrait rester surtout <br> rester un rôle des <br> entreprises privées et des <br> marchés en général / <br> Providing jobs should rest <br> primarily on private <br> companies and markets in <br> general | Cela dépend <br> (SPONTANE) / <br> It depends <br> (SPONTANEOUS) | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $54 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $9 \%$ |  |


| BE | 1005 | 47\% | 41\% | 11\% | 1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 68\% | 20\% | 9\% | 3\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 60\% | 37\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 57\% | 37\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 43\% | 47\% | 8\% | 2\% |
| EE | 1000 | 50\% | 28\% | 19\% | 3\% |
| IE | 1001 | 55\% | 19\% | 17\% | 9\% |
| EL | 1000 | 87\% | 7\% | 6\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 60\% | 21\% | 17\% | 2\% |
| FR | 1027 | 30\% | 61\% | 5\% | 4\% |
| IT | 1039 | 57\% | 24\% | 16\% | 3\% |
| CY | 508 | 85\% | 10\% | 5\% | - |
| LV | 1011 | 73\% | 19\% | 6\% | 2\% |
| LT | 1023 | 52\% | 35\% | 9\% | 4\% |
| LU | 500 | 45\% | 42\% | 10\% | 3\% |
| HU | 1000 | 69\% | 25\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| MT | 500 | 65\% | 20\% | 12\% | 3\% |
| NL | 996 | 48\% | 44\% | 7\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 52\% | 29\% | 17\% | 2\% |
| PL | 1000 | 70\% | 20\% | 5\% | 5\% |
| PT | 1051 | 55\% | 23\% | 16\% | 6\% |
| RO | 1013 | 56\% | 26\% | 9\% | 9\% |
| SI | 1025 | 39\% | 46\% | 13\% | 2\% |
| SK | 1050 | 68\% | 30\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| FI | 1008 | 51\% | 43\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| SE | 1007 | 49\% | 41\% | 8\% | 2\% |
| UK | 1331 | 57\% | 32\% | 8\% | 3\% |

QA25b And which of these two statements comes closest to your view?
QA25b Et laquelle de ces deux affirmations se rapproche le plus de votre opinion ?

|  | TOTAL | L'enseignement devrait être entièrement gratuit, même si cela signifie qu'il pourrait être de moins bonne qualité / Education should be totally free, even if this means that the quality might be lower | Les droits d'inscription sont <br> nécessaires à un enseignement de haute qualité, même si cela implique que certaines personnes ne peuvent se le payer/Tuition fees are necessary for providing high quality education, even if this means that some people won't be able to afford it | Cela dépend (SPONTANE) / It depends (SPONTANEOUS) | $\begin{array}{\|c} \mathbf{N S P} / \\ \text { DK } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 60\% | 23\% | 12\% | 5\% |
| BE | 1005 | 48\% | 35\% | 14\% | 3\% |
| BG | 1015 | 59\% | 24\% | 12\% | 5\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 59\% | 35\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 65\% | 26\% | 7\% | 2\% |
| DE | 1549 | 66\% | 24\% | 7\% | 3\% |
| EE | 1000 | 53\% | 27\% | 17\% | 3\% |
| IE | 1001 | 58\% | 14\% | 20\% | 8\% |
| EL | 1000 | 62\% | 10\% | 20\% | 8\% |
| ES | 1026 | 57\% | 16\% | 19\% | 8\% |
| FR | 1027 | 61\% | 22\% | 9\% | 8\% |
| IT | 1039 | 50\% | 19\% | 24\% | 7\% |
| CY | 508 | 70\% | 20\% | 9\% | 1\% |
| LV | 1011 | 61\% | 24\% | 11\% | 4\% |
| LT | 1023 | 59\% | 26\% | 11\% | 4\% |
| LU | 500 | 61\% | 19\% | 13\% | 7\% |
| HU | 1000 | 61\% | 25\% | 9\% | 5\% |
| MT | 500 | 61\% | 20\% | 16\% | 3\% |
| NL | 996 | 36\% | 47\% | 13\% | 4\% |
| AT | 1007 | 38\% | 41\% | 18\% | 3\% |
| PL | 1000 | 69\% | 17\% | 8\% | 6\% |
| PT | 1051 | 54\% | 22\% | 17\% | 7\% |
| RO | 1013 | 56\% | 19\% | 15\% | 10\% |
| SI | 1025 | 68\% | 21\% | 9\% | 2\% |
| SK | 1050 | 69\% | 28\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| FI | 1008 | 65\% | 31\% | 3\% | 1\% |
| SE | 1007 | 60\% | 30\% | 7\% | 3\% |
| UK | 1331 | 69\% | 21\% | 7\% | 3\% | (OUR COUNTRY), which of these two statements comes closest to your view?

QA25c Et toujours à propos des actions qui devraient être prises pour aider à résoudre les problèmes sociaux
économiques en (NOTRE PAYS), laquelle de ces deux affirmations se rapproche le plus de votre opinion?


QA25d And which of these two statements comes closest to your view?
QA25d Et laquelle de ces deux affirmations se rapproche le plus de votre opinion ?

|  | TOTAL | Le Gouvernement ( NATI ONALITE) devrait prendre plus de responsabilités pour que tout le monde ait de quoi s'en sortir / The <br> (NATI ONALI TY) <br> Government should take more responsibility to ensure that everyone is provided for | Les gens devraient mieux se prendre en charge pour s'en sortir seuls / People should take more responsibility to provide for themselves | Cela dépend (SPONTANE) / It depends (SPONTANEOU S) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { NSP } \\ \text { / DK } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 55\% | 34\% | 8\% | 3\% |


| BE | 1005 | $43 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $66 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $56 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $44 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $53 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $50 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $60 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $82 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $67 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $54 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $69 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $73 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $63 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $30 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $44 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $71 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $55 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $25 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $54 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $58 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $59 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $57 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $39 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $65 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $51 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $37 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $40 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ |

QA25e And please tell me whether you ... with the following statement: A minimum reasonable wage should be guaranteed in (OUR COUNTRY), even if this would lead to fewer jobs available.

QA25e Et pouvez-vous me dire si vous êtes ... avec l'affirmation suivante : un salaire minimum devrait être garanti en (NOTRE PAYS), même si cela diminuerait le nombre d'emplois disponibles.


| BE | 1005 | 26\% | 40\% | 25\% | 7\% | 2\% | 66\% | 32\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 21\% | 37\% | 21\% | 8\% | 13\% | 58\% | 29\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 19\% | 45\% | 27\% | 4\% | 5\% | 64\% | 31\% |
| DK | 1020 | 40\% | 42\% | 12\% | 4\% | 2\% | 82\% | 16\% |
| DE | 1549 | 46\% | 30\% | 14\% | 7\% | 3\% | 76\% | 21\% |
| EE | 1000 | 31\% | 33\% | 24\% | 8\% | 4\% | 64\% | 32\% |
| IE | 1001 | 24\% | 41\% | 14\% | 9\% | 12\% | 65\% | 23\% |
| EL | 1000 | 20\% | 28\% | 28\% | 20\% | 4\% | 48\% | 48\% |
| ES | 1026 | 23\% | 32\% | 21\% | 13\% | 11\% | 55\% | 34\% |
| FR | 1027 | 17\% | 34\% | 29\% | 11\% | 9\% | 51\% | 40\% |
| IT | 1039 | 15\% | 37\% | 29\% | 9\% | 10\% | 52\% | 38\% |
| CY | 508 | 25\% | 25\% | 25\% | 10\% | 15\% | 50\% | 35\% |
| LV | 1011 | 28\% | 30\% | 24\% | 11\% | 7\% | 58\% | 35\% |
| LT | 1023 | 27\% | 34\% | 23\% | 8\% | 8\% | 61\% | 31\% |
| LU | 500 | 29\% | 33\% | 23\% | 10\% | 5\% | 62\% | 33\% |
| HU | 1000 | 29\% | 33\% | 23\% | 9\% | 6\% | 62\% | 32\% |
| MT | 500 | 28\% | 28\% | 19\% | 9\% | 16\% | 56\% | 28\% |
| NL | 996 | 26\% | 44\% | 22\% | 4\% | 4\% | 70\% | 26\% |
| AT | 1007 | 24\% | 39\% | 25\% | 8\% | 4\% | 63\% | 33\% |
| PL | 1000 | 20\% | 38\% | 22\% | 7\% | 13\% | 58\% | 29\% |
| PT | 1051 | 18\% | 49\% | 15\% | 2\% | 16\% | 67\% | 17\% |
| RO | 1013 | 27\% | 37\% | 17\% | 9\% | 10\% | 64\% | 26\% |
| SI | 1025 | 11\% | 30\% | 32\% | 18\% | 9\% | 41\% | 50\% |
| SK | 1050 | 18\% | 42\% | 29\% | 7\% | 4\% | 60\% | 36\% |
| FI | 1008 | 27\% | 44\% | 23\% | 4\% | 2\% | 71\% | 27\% |
| SE | 1007 | 19\% | 42\% | 28\% | 8\% | 3\% | 61\% | 36\% |
| UK | 1331 | 26\% | 46\% | 19\% | 4\% | 5\% | 72\% | 23\% |

QA25f. 1 Please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.
You are ontimistic about the future

QA25f. 1 Pouvez-vous me dire vous êtes tout à fait d'accord, plutôt d'accord, plutôt pas d'accord ou pas du tout d'accord avec chacune des affirmations suivantes

Vous êtes optimiste quant au futur

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> agree | Plutôt <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> agree | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / <br> DK | D'accord / <br> Agree | Pas <br> d'accord / <br> Disagree |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $17 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $37 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 15\% | 48\% | 28\% | 9\% | - | 63\% | 37\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 22\% | 40\% | 20\% | 16\% | 2\% | 62\% | 36\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 8\% | 42\% | 37\% | 11\% | 2\% | 50\% | 48\% |
| DK | 1020 | 48\% | 40\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | 88\% | 11\% |
| DE | 1549 | 26\% | 45\% | 23\% | 5\% | 1\% | 71\% | 28\% |
| EE | 1000 | 39\% | 45\% | 11\% | 4\% | 1\% | 84\% | 15\% |
| IE | 1001 | 24\% | 51\% | 16\% | 6\% | 3\% | 75\% | 22\% |
| EL | 1000 | 10\% | 36\% | 34\% | 20\% | - | 46\% | 54\% |
| ES | 1026 | 18\% | 45\% | 25\% | 8\% | 4\% | 63\% | 33\% |
| FR | 1027 | 8\% | 32\% | 42\% | 16\% | 2\% | 40\% | 58\% |
| IT | 1039 | 5\% | 41\% | 41\% | 9\% | 4\% | 46\% | 50\% |
| CY | 508 | 22\% | 40\% | 27\% | 9\% | 2\% | 62\% | 36\% |
| LV | 1011 | 28\% | 42\% | 21\% | 7\% | 2\% | 70\% | 28\% |
| LT | 1023 | 30\% | 46\% | 18\% | 4\% | 2\% | 76\% | 22\% |
| LU | 500 | 23\% | 43\% | 26\% | 6\% | 2\% | 66\% | 32\% |
| HU | 1000 | 11\% | 35\% | 37\% | 17\% | - | 46\% | 54\% |
| MT | 500 | 20\% | 47\% | 18\% | 7\% | 8\% | 67\% | 25\% |
| NL | 996 | 24\% | 53\% | 18\% | 4\% | 1\% | 77\% | 22\% |
| AT | 1007 | 19\% | 54\% | 21\% | 4\% | 2\% | 73\% | 25\% |
| PL | 1000 | 18\% | 52\% | 21\% | 4\% | 5\% | 70\% | 25\% |
| PT | 1051 | 6\% | 46\% | 34\% | 9\% | 5\% | 52\% | 43\% |
| RO | 1013 | 20\% | 33\% | 27\% | 17\% | 3\% | 53\% | 44\% |
| SI | 1025 | 25\% | 46\% | 21\% | 7\% | 1\% | 71\% | 28\% |
| SK | 1050 | 17\% | 48\% | 27\% | 7\% | 1\% | 65\% | 34\% |
| FI | 1008 | 39\% | 51\% | 9\% | 1\% | - | 90\% | 10\% |
| SE | 1007 | 35\% | 53\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | 88\% | 11\% |
| UK | 1331 | 20\% | 51\% | 22\% | 5\% | 2\% | 71\% | 27\% |

QA25f. 2 Please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements. You feel left out of society

QA25f. 2 Pouvez-vous me dire vous êtes tout à fait d'accord, plutôt d'accord, plutôt pas d'accord ou pas du tout d'accord avec chacune des affirmations suivantes.
Vous vous sentez en marge de la société

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally agree | Plutôt <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> agree | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / DK | D'accord / <br> Agree | Pas d'accord <br> / Disagree |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $3 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $83 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 3\% | 13\% | 26\% | 58\% | - | 16\% | 84\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 11\% | 19\% | 30\% | 34\% | 6\% | 30\% | 64\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 7\% | 29\% | 40\% | 22\% | 2\% | 36\% | 62\% |
| DK | 1020 | 2\% | 6\% | 12\% | 80\% | - | 8\% | 92\% |
| DE | 1549 | 3\% | 7\% | 22\% | 68\% | - | 10\% | 90\% |
| EE | 1000 | 3\% | 7\% | 23\% | 66\% | 1\% | 10\% | 89\% |
| IE | 1001 | 3\% | 12\% | 22\% | 60\% | 3\% | 15\% | 82\% |
| EL | 1000 | 4\% | 11\% | 26\% | 59\% | - | 15\% | 85\% |
| ES | 1026 | 3\% | 10\% | 24\% | 62\% | 1\% | 13\% | 86\% |
| FR | 1027 | 3\% | 16\% | 25\% | 54\% | 2\% | 19\% | 79\% |
| IT | 1039 | 2\% | 15\% | 37\% | 44\% | 2\% | 17\% | 81\% |
| CY | 508 | 5\% | 5\% | 11\% | 78\% | 1\% | 10\% | 89\% |
| LV | 1011 | 4\% | 9\% | 28\% | 58\% | 1\% | 13\% | 86\% |
| LT | 1023 | 3\% | 8\% | 27\% | 61\% | 1\% | 11\% | 88\% |
| LU | 500 | 3\% | 9\% | 16\% | 67\% | 5\% | 12\% | 83\% |
| HU | 1000 | 3\% | 14\% | 31\% | 51\% | 1\% | 17\% | 82\% |
| MT | 500 | 2\% | 4\% | 24\% | 68\% | 2\% | 6\% | 92\% |
| NL | 996 | 5\% | 8\% | 19\% | 67\% | 1\% | 13\% | 86\% |
| AT | 1007 | 4\% | 22\% | 30\% | 39\% | 5\% | 26\% | 69\% |
| PL | 1000 | 2\% | 11\% | 40\% | 44\% | 3\% | 13\% | 84\% |
| PT | 1051 | 4\% | 18\% | 32\% | 43\% | 3\% | 22\% | 75\% |
| RO | 1013 | 4\% | 8\% | 24\% | 60\% | 4\% | 12\% | 84\% |
| SI | 1025 | 2\% | 6\% | 20\% | 72\% | - | 8\% | 92\% |
| SK | 1050 | 3\% | 8\% | 32\% | 57\% | - | 11\% | 89\% |
| FI | 1008 | 2\% | 5\% | 17\% | 76\% | - | 7\% | 93\% |
| SE | 1007 | 1\% | 7\% | 12\% | 80\% | - | 8\% | 92\% |
| UK | 1331 | 3\% | 13\% | 35\% | 48\% | 1\% | 16\% | 83\% |

QA26a. 1 Please tell me if you find it difficult or not to get access to the following financial services.
A basic bank account

QA26a. 1 Dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous trouvez qu'il est difficile ou pas d'avoir accès aux services financiers suivants.
Un compte en banque de base

|  | TOTAL | Très difficile <br> / Very <br> difficult | Plutôt <br> difficile / <br> Fairly <br> difficult | Plutôt pas <br> difficile / <br> Not very <br> difficult | Pas du tout <br> difficile / <br> Not at all <br> difficult | NSP / DK | Difficile / <br> Difficult | Pas difficile <br> / Not <br> difficult |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $5 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $80 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 3\% | 8\% | 32\% | 57\% | - | 11\% | 89\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 10\% | 10\% | 25\% | 45\% | 10\% | 20\% | 70\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 2\% | 7\% | 26\% | 62\% | 3\% | 9\% | 88\% |
| DK | 1020 | 2\% | 11\% | 34\% | 52\% | 1\% | 13\% | 86\% |
| DE | 1549 | 2\% | 4\% | 20\% | 73\% | 1\% | 6\% | 93\% |
| EE | 1000 | 3\% | 5\% | 10\% | 80\% | 2\% | 8\% | 90\% |
| IE | 1001 | 4\% | 8\% | 27\% | 57\% | 4\% | 12\% | 84\% |
| EL | 1000 | 12\% | 17\% | 30\% | 41\% | - | 29\% | 71\% |
| ES | 1026 | 7\% | 19\% | 43\% | 28\% | 3\% | 26\% | 71\% |
| FR | 1027 | 2\% | 16\% | 44\% | 34\% | 4\% | 18\% | 78\% |
| IT | 1039 | 8\% | 18\% | 35\% | 34\% | 5\% | 26\% | 69\% |
| CY | 508 | 12\% | 16\% | 26\% | 44\% | 2\% | 28\% | 70\% |
| LV | 1011 | 4\% | 7\% | 29\% | 51\% | 9\% | 11\% | 80\% |
| LT | 1023 | 3\% | 9\% | 18\% | 64\% | 6\% | 12\% | 82\% |
| LU | 500 | 6\% | 10\% | 24\% | 58\% | 2\% | 16\% | 82\% |
| HU | 1000 | 8\% | 15\% | 28\% | 43\% | 6\% | 23\% | 71\% |
| MT | 500 | 8\% | 7\% | 30\% | 52\% | 3\% | 15\% | 82\% |
| NL | 996 | - | 2\% | 17\% | 80\% | 1\% | 2\% | 97\% |
| AT | 1007 | 2\% | 10\% | 34\% | 53\% | 1\% | 12\% | 87\% |
| PL | 1000 | 6\% | 8\% | 28\% | 52\% | 6\% | 14\% | 80\% |
| PT | 1051 | 7\% | 19\% | 41\% | 27\% | 6\% | 26\% | 68\% |
| RO | 1013 | 13\% | 20\% | 26\% | 21\% | 20\% | 33\% | 47\% |
| SI | 1025 | 4\% | 3\% | 19\% | 71\% | 3\% | 7\% | 90\% |
| SK | 1050 | 2\% | 10\% | 45\% | 41\% | 2\% | 12\% | 86\% |
| FI | 1008 | - | 3\% | 17\% | 79\% | 1\% | 3\% | 96\% |
| SE | 1007 | 1\% | 5\% | 21\% | 71\% | 2\% | 6\% | 92\% |
| UK | 1331 | 3\% | 5\% | 22\% | 68\% | 2\% | 8\% | 90\% |

QA26a. 2 Please tell me if you find it difficult or not to get access to the following financial services.
A bank card/ payment card

QA26a. 2 Dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous trouvez qu'il est difficile ou pas d'avoir accès aux services financiers suivants.
Une carte de banque/ de paiement

|  | TOTAL | Très <br> difficile <br> / Very <br> difficult | Plutôt <br> difficile <br> / Fairly <br> difficult | Plutôt <br> pas <br> difficile <br> / Not <br> very <br> difficult | Pas du <br> tout <br> difficile | Not at <br> all <br> difficult | NSP / <br> DK | Difficile / <br> Difficult |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pas difficile <br> / Not <br> difficult |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $6 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $77 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $3 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $87 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $9 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $71 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $4 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $85 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $3 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $3 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $90 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $91 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $5 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $12 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $70 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $17 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $54 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $2 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $74 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $7 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $69 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $13 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $67 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $4 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $82 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $4 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $6 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $78 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $8 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $71 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $7 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | - | $2 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $97 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $3 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $85 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $6 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $77 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $5 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $73 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $11 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $88 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $3 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $82 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $95 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $94 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $3 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $88 \%$ |

QA26a. 3 Please tell me if you find it difficult or not to get access to the following financial services.
A credit card
QA26a. 3 Dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous trouvez qu'il est difficile ou pas d'avoir accès aux services financiers suivants.

|  | TOTAL | Très <br> difficile / <br> Very <br> difficult | Plutôt <br> difficile / <br> Fairly <br> difficult | Plutôt pas <br> difficile / <br> Not very <br> difficult | Pas du tout <br> difficile / <br> Not at all <br> difficult | NSP / <br> DK | Difficile / <br> Difficult | Pas difficile <br> / Not <br> difficult |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $9 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $65 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 7\% | 17\% | 31\% | 42\% | 3\% | 24\% | 73\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 17\% | 18\% | 19\% | 27\% | 19\% | 35\% | 46\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 7\% | 14\% | 33\% | 41\% | 5\% | 21\% | 74\% |
| DK | 1020 | 5\% | 22\% | 34\% | 35\% | 4\% | 27\% | 69\% |
| DE | 1549 | 8\% | 13\% | 23\% | 49\% | 7\% | 21\% | 72\% |
| EE | 1000 | 11\% | 10\% | 16\% | 50\% | 13\% | 21\% | 66\% |
| IE | 1001 | 7\% | 11\% | 22\% | 47\% | 13\% | 18\% | 69\% |
| EL | 1000 | 17\% | 19\% | 28\% | 35\% | 1\% | 36\% | 63\% |
| ES | 1026 | 22\% | 33\% | 30\% | 11\% | 4\% | 55\% | 41\% |
| FR | 1027 | 3\% | 18\% | 41\% | 32\% | 6\% | 21\% | 73\% |
| IT | 1039 | 9\% | 22\% | 32\% | 30\% | 7\% | 31\% | 62\% |
| CY | 508 | 13\% | 17\% | 23\% | 41\% | 6\% | 30\% | 64\% |
| LV | 1011 | 9\% | 13\% | 28\% | 36\% | 14\% | 22\% | 64\% |
| LT | 1023 | 11\% | 17\% | 18\% | 39\% | 15\% | 28\% | 57\% |
| LU | 500 | 7\% | 24\% | 22\% | 43\% | 4\% | 31\% | 65\% |
| HU | 1000 | 14\% | 23\% | 30\% | 23\% | 10\% | 37\% | 53\% |
| MT | 500 | 6\% | 8\% | 29\% | 46\% | 11\% | 14\% | 75\% |
| NL | 996 | 5\% | 7\% | 20\% | 62\% | 6\% | 12\% | 82\% |
| AT | 1007 | 8\% | 22\% | 36\% | 29\% | 5\% | 30\% | 65\% |
| PL | 1000 | 9\% | 14\% | 27\% | 40\% | 10\% | 23\% | 67\% |
| PT | 1051 | 12\% | 34\% | 30\% | 15\% | 9\% | 46\% | 45\% |
| RO | 1013 | 14\% | 21\% | 24\% | 18\% | 23\% | 35\% | 42\% |
| SI | 1025 | 10\% | 11\% | 24\% | 49\% | 6\% | 21\% | 73\% |
| SK | 1050 | 7\% | 22\% | 41\% | 25\% | 5\% | 29\% | 66\% |
| FI | 1008 | 3\% | 10\% | 28\% | 55\% | 4\% | 13\% | 83\% |
| SE | 1007 | 3\% | 9\% | 26\% | 56\% | 6\% | 12\% | 82\% |
| UK | 1331 | 7\% | 10\% | 22\% | 54\% | 7\% | 17\% | 76\% |

QA26a. 4 Please tell me if you find it difficult or not to get access to the following financial services.
Consumer loans
QA26a. 4 Dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous trouvez qu'il est difficile ou pas d'avoir accès aux services financiers suivants.
Des crédits à la consommation

|  | TOTAL | Très <br> difficile / <br> Very <br> difficult | Plutôt <br> difficile / <br> Fairly <br> difficult | Plutôt pas <br> difficile / <br> Not very <br> difficult | Pas du <br> tout <br> difficile / <br> Not at all <br> difficult | NSP / <br> DK | Difficile / <br> Difficult | difficile / <br> Not <br> difficult |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $13 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $57 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $7 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $69 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $27 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $32 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $11 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $64 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $13 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $11 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $69 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $9 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $23 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $54 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $40 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $6 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $69 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $10 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $23 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $20 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $34 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $16 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $11 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $56 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $16 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $49 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $6 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $53 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $6 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $72 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $9 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $58 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $10 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $61 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $11 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $49 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $18 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $33 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $17 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $57 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $14 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $2 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $4 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $76 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $8 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $67 \%$ |

QA26a. 5 Please tell me if you find it difficult or not to get access to the following financial services.
A mortgage

QA26a. 5 Dites-moi dans quelle mesure vous trouvez qu'il est difficile ou pas d'avoir accès aux services financiers suivants.

|  | TOTAL | Très <br> difficile / <br> Very <br> difficult | Plutôt <br> difficile / <br> Fairly <br> difficult | Plutôt pas <br> difficile / Not <br> very difficult | Pas du tout <br> difficile / Not <br> at all difficult | NSP / <br> DK | Difficile / <br> Difficult | Pas difficile <br> / Not <br> difficult |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $24 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $38 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 18\% | 33\% | 21\% | 23\% | 5\% | 51\% | 44\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 30\% | 20\% | 12\% | 11\% | 27\% | 50\% | 23\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 32\% | 31\% | 16\% | 11\% | 10\% | 63\% | 27\% |
| DK | 1020 | 15\% | 37\% | 26\% | 14\% | 8\% | 52\% | 40\% |
| DE | 1549 | 21\% | 22\% | 16\% | 29\% | 12\% | 43\% | 45\% |
| EE | 1000 | 18\% | 12\% | 18\% | 27\% | 25\% | 30\% | 45\% |
| IE | 1001 | 13\% | 11\% | 15\% | 37\% | 24\% | 24\% | 52\% |
| EL | 1000 | 24\% | 25\% | 25\% | 25\% | 1\% | 49\% | 50\% |
| ES | 1026 | 66\% | 24\% | 5\% | 1\% | 4\% | 90\% | 6\% |
| FR | 1027 | 10\% | 35\% | 20\% | 10\% | 25\% | 45\% | 30\% |
| IT | 1039 | 18\% | 26\% | 26\% | 21\% | 9\% | 44\% | 47\% |
| CY | 508 | 28\% | 23\% | 18\% | 24\% | 7\% | 51\% | 42\% |
| LV | 1011 | 31\% | 22\% | 13\% | 7\% | 27\% | 53\% | 20\% |
| LT | 1023 | 24\% | 22\% | 13\% | 22\% | 19\% | 46\% | 35\% |
| LU | 500 | 28\% | 28\% | 15\% | 21\% | 8\% | 56\% | 36\% |
| HU | 1000 | 26\% | 33\% | 21\% | 10\% | 10\% | 59\% | 31\% |
| MT | 500 | 10\% | 15\% | 17\% | 31\% | 27\% | 25\% | 48\% |
| NL | 996 | 11\% | 18\% | 19\% | 42\% | 10\% | 29\% | 61\% |
| AT | 1007 | 17\% | 32\% | 26\% | 15\% | 10\% | 49\% | 41\% |
| PL | 1000 | 23\% | 25\% | 20\% | 18\% | 14\% | 48\% | 38\% |
| PT | 1051 | 39\% | 36\% | 13\% | 4\% | 8\% | 75\% | 17\% |
| RO | 1013 | 31\% | 21\% | 10\% | 9\% | 29\% | 52\% | 19\% |
| SI | 1025 | 21\% | 17\% | 16\% | 29\% | 17\% | 38\% | 45\% |
| SK | 1050 | 28\% | 40\% | 19\% | 7\% | 6\% | 68\% | 26\% |
| FI | 1008 | 4\% | 16\% | 30\% | 44\% | 6\% | 20\% | 74\% |
| SE | 1007 | 6\% | 23\% | 26\% | 37\% | 8\% | 29\% | 63\% |
| UK | 1331 | 18\% | 16\% | 14\% | 37\% | 15\% | 34\% | 51\% |

QA26b Please tell me how much you feel you are at risk of being over-indebted.

QA26b Veuillez me dire dans quelle mesure vous pensez qu'il y ait un risque que vous deveniez surendetté(e).


| BE | 1005 | 8\% | 19\% | 36\% | 37\% | - | 27\% | 73\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 7\% | 18\% | 39\% | 27\% | 9\% | 25\% | 66\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 3\% | 19\% | 34\% | 43\% | 1\% | 22\% | 77\% |
| DK | 1020 | 3\% | 6\% | 35\% | 55\% | 1\% | 9\% | 90\% |
| DE | 1549 | 3\% | 9\% | 28\% | 58\% | 2\% | 12\% | 86\% |
| EE | 1000 | 10\% | 20\% | 27\% | 42\% | 1\% | 30\% | 69\% |
| IE | 1001 | 7\% | 21\% | 32\% | 28\% | 12\% | 28\% | 60\% |
| EL | 1000 | 7\% | 16\% | 34\% | 42\% | 1\% | 23\% | 76\% |
| ES | 1026 | 14\% | 35\% | 24\% | 22\% | 5\% | 49\% | 46\% |
| FR | 1027 | 6\% | 23\% | 29\% | 40\% | 2\% | 29\% | 69\% |
| IT | 1039 | 4\% | 20\% | 35\% | 36\% | 5\% | 24\% | 71\% |
| CY | 508 | 9\% | 16\% | 22\% | 47\% | 6\% | 25\% | 69\% |
| LV | 1011 | 25\% | 26\% | 25\% | 22\% | 2\% | 51\% | 47\% |
| LT | 1023 | 4\% | 19\% | 23\% | 51\% | 3\% | 23\% | 74\% |
| LU | 500 | 8\% | 19\% | 24\% | 46\% | 3\% | 27\% | 70\% |
| HU | 1000 | 20\% | 33\% | 29\% | 17\% | 1\% | 53\% | 46\% |
| MT | 500 | 8\% | 13\% | 25\% | 49\% | 5\% | 21\% | 74\% |
| NL | 996 | 3\% | 10\% | 42\% | 45\% | - | 13\% | 87\% |
| AT | 1007 | 5\% | 22\% | 34\% | 36\% | 3\% | 27\% | 70\% |
| PL | 1000 | 4\% | 17\% | 37\% | 37\% | 5\% | 21\% | 74\% |
| PT | 1051 | 4\% | 23\% | 32\% | 37\% | 4\% | 27\% | 69\% |
| RO | 1013 | 11\% | 29\% | 29\% | 20\% | 11\% | 40\% | 49\% |
| SI | 1025 | 3\% | 8\% | 32\% | 56\% | 1\% | 11\% | 88\% |
| SK | 1050 | 4\% | 16\% | 50\% | 27\% | 3\% | 20\% | 77\% |
| FI | 1008 | 2\% | 12\% | 22\% | 64\% | - | 14\% | 86\% |
| SE | 1007 | 3\% | 7\% | 28\% | 62\% | - | 10\% | 90\% |
| UK | 1331 | 9\% | 26\% | 24\% | 39\% | 2\% | 35\% | 63\% |

QA27.1 And please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.
Poor people should get easy access to interest free loans
QA27.1 Et veuillez me dire si vous êtes tout à fait d'accord, plutôt d'accord, plutôt pas d'accord ou pas du tout d'accord avec chacune des propositions suivantes.
Les personnes pauvres devraient avoir accès à des crédits sans intérêts

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> agree | Plutot <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> agree | Plutot pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / <br> DK | D'accord / <br> Agree | Pas d'accord |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| / Disagree |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| BE | 1005 | 18\% | 34\% | 30\% | 16\% | 2\% | 52\% | 46\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 32\% | 41\% | 11\% | 5\% | 11\% | 73\% | 16\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 13\% | 41\% | 27\% | 16\% | 3\% | 54\% | 43\% |
| DK | 1020 | 11\% | 24\% | 38\% | 24\% | 3\% | 35\% | 62\% |
| DE | 1549 | 10\% | 24\% | 35\% | 27\% | 4\% | 34\% | 62\% |
| EE | 1000 | 16\% | 25\% | 31\% | 23\% | 5\% | 41\% | 54\% |
| IE | 1001 | 22\% | 36\% | 19\% | 10\% | 13\% | 58\% | 29\% |
| EL | 1000 | 49\% | 36\% | 10\% | 5\% | - | 85\% | 15\% |
| ES | 1026 | 27\% | 43\% | 15\% | 5\% | 10\% | 70\% | 20\% |
| FR | 1027 | 25\% | 39\% | 23\% | 9\% | 4\% | 64\% | 32\% |
| IT | 1039 | 25\% | 49\% | 15\% | 4\% | 7\% | 74\% | 19\% |
| CY | 508 | 65\% | 20\% | 9\% | 4\% | 2\% | 85\% | 13\% |
| LV | 1011 | 22\% | 27\% | 29\% | 17\% | 5\% | 49\% | 46\% |
| LT | 1023 | 22\% | 32\% | 23\% | 16\% | 7\% | 54\% | 39\% |
| LU | 500 | 27\% | 34\% | 26\% | 10\% | 3\% | 61\% | 36\% |
| HU | 1000 | 30\% | 38\% | 21\% | 8\% | 3\% | 68\% | 29\% |
| MT | 500 | 28\% | 30\% | 26\% | 9\% | 7\% | 58\% | 35\% |
| NL | 996 | 9\% | 23\% | 36\% | 31\% | 1\% | 32\% | 67\% |
| AT | 1007 | 20\% | 43\% | 26\% | 6\% | 5\% | 63\% | 32\% |
| PL | 1000 | 21\% | 41\% | 20\% | 6\% | 12\% | 62\% | 26\% |
| PT | 1051 | 20\% | 54\% | 13\% | 3\% | 10\% | 74\% | 16\% |
| RO | 1013 | 30\% | 29\% | 18\% | 12\% | 11\% | 59\% | 30\% |
| SI | 1025 | 33\% | 28\% | 25\% | 11\% | 3\% | 61\% | 36\% |
| SK | 1050 | 20\% | 51\% | 21\% | 6\% | 2\% | 71\% | 27\% |
| FI | 1008 | 11\% | 30\% | 38\% | 18\% | 3\% | 41\% | 56\% |
| SE | 1007 | 9\% | 31\% | 41\% | 16\% | 3\% | 40\% | 57\% |
| UK | 1331 | 13\% | 31\% | 35\% | 16\% | 5\% | 44\% | 51\% |

QA27.2 And please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.
Credit institutions should check much more thoroughly the financial capacity of potential borrowers

QA27.2 Et veuillez me dire si vous êtes tout à fait d'accord, plutôt d'accord, plutôt pas d'accord ou pas du tout d'accord avec hacune des propositions suivantes
Les institutions de crédit devraient mieux vérifier la capacité financière des emprunteurs potentiels


| BE | 1005 | $61 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $46 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $47 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $50 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| D-W | 1037 | $49 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $49 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| D-E | 512 | $48 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $70 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| II | 1001 | $51 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| EL | 100 | $54 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $90 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $36 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $67 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $24 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $77 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $61 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $50 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $58 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $45 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $50 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $3 \%$ | - | $6 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $76 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $37 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $39 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $34 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $39 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $57 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $44 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $45 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $13 \%$ |  |
| SE | 1007 | $60 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $56 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $6 \%$ |

QA27.3 And please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.
Unemployed people who want to start up a business activity should have easier access to loans

QA27.3 Et veuillez me dire si vous êtes tout à fait d'accord, plutôt d'accord, plutôt pas d'accord ou pas du tout d'accord avec chacune des propositions suivantes.
Les personnes sans emploi qui désirent commencer une affaire devraient avoir un accès plus facile au crédit


| BE | 1005 | $27 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $35 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $14 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $36 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $20 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $30 \%$ |
| DE | 1559 | $23 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $19 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $31 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $54 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - | $94 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $40 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $36 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $31 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $64 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $90 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $32 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| LU | 100 | $29 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $33 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $35 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $23 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $18 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| PL | 100 | $33 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $28 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $36 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $46 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $25 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $18 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $19 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $18 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $28 \%$ |

QA27.4 And please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.
Poor people should have free personalised financial advice, given by an official source

QA27.4 Et veuillez me dire si vous êtes tout à fait d'accord, plutôt d'accord, plutôt pas d'accord ou pas du tout d'accord avec chacune des propositions suivantes.
Les personnes pauvres devraient recevoir des conseils personnalisés et gratuits d'une source officielle

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait d'accord/ Totally agree | Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree | Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree | Pas du tout d'accord/ Totally disagree | NSP / DK | D'accord / Agree | Pas d'accord <br> / Disagree |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 47\% | 41\% | 6\% | 2\% | 4\% | 88\% | 8\% |
| BE | 1005 | 64\% | 31\% | 4\% | 1\% | - | 95\% | 5\% |
| BG | 1015 | 52\% | 37\% | 2\% | 1\% | 8\% | 89\% | 3\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 33\% | 50\% | 12\% | 3\% | 2\% | 83\% | 15\% |
| DK | 1020 | 53\% | 38\% | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% | 91\% | 8\% |
| DE | 1549 | 63\% | 29\% | 3\% | 3\% | 2\% | 92\% | 6\% |
| EE | 1000 | 58\% | 31\% | 5\% | 3\% | 3\% | 89\% | 8\% |
| IE | 1001 | 44\% | 43\% | 3\% | 1\% | 9\% | 87\% | 4\% |
| EL | 1000 | 63\% | 30\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 93\% | 6\% |
| ES | 1026 | 42\% | 44\% | 6\% | 2\% | 6\% | 86\% | 8\% |
| FR | 1027 | 52\% | 42\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% | 94\% | 4\% |
| IT | 1039 | 29\% | 53\% | 9\% | 4\% | 5\% | 82\% | 13\% |
| CY | 508 | 87\% | 10\% | 1\% | - | 2\% | 97\% | 1\% |
| LV | 1011 | 62\% | 31\% | 3\% | 1\% | 3\% | 93\% | 4\% |
| LT | 1023 | 51\% | 34\% | 6\% | 2\% | 7\% | 85\% | 8\% |
| LU | 500 | 64\% | 32\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 96\% | 3\% |
| HU | 1000 | 46\% | 38\% | 9\% | 4\% | 3\% | 84\% | 13\% |
| MT | 500 | 53\% | 40\% | 4\% | 1\% | 2\% | 93\% | 5\% |
| NL | 996 | 66\% | 27\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% | 93\% | 6\% |
| AT | 1007 | 51\% | 40\% | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% | 91\% | 7\% |
| PL | 1000 | 46\% | 42\% | 5\% | 2\% | 5\% | 88\% | 7\% |
| PT | 1051 | 29\% | 57\% | 6\% | 1\% | 7\% | 86\% | 7\% |
| RO | 1013 | 44\% | 37\% | 7\% | 2\% | 10\% | 81\% | 9\% |
| SI | 1025 | 58\% | 28\% | 9\% | 3\% | 2\% | 86\% | 12\% |
| SK | 1050 | 33\% | 53\% | 10\% | 2\% | 2\% | 86\% | 12\% |
| FI | 1008 | 46\% | 40\% | 9\% | 3\% | 2\% | 86\% | 12\% |
| SE | 1007 | 53\% | 38\% | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% | 91\% | 8\% |
| UK | 1331 | 38\% | 49\% | 8\% | 2\% | 3\% | 87\% | 10\% |

QA27.5 And please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.
Every financial institution in (OUR COUNTRY) should commit to allow every individual to open a basic bank account

QA27.5 Et veuillez me dire si vous êtes tout à fait d'accord, plutôt d'accord, plutôt pas d'accord ou pas du tout d'accord avec
chacune des propositions suivantes.
Chaque institution financière en (NOTRE PAYS) devrait s'engager à permettre à toute personne d'ouvrir un compte en banque de

|  | TOTAL | Tout à fait <br> d'accord / <br> Totally agree | Plutôt <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> agree | Plutôt pas <br> d'accord / <br> Tend to <br> disagree | Pas du tout <br> d'accord / <br> Totally <br> disagree | NSP / <br> DK | D'accord / <br> Agree | Pas d'accord / <br> Disagree |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $39 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $80 \%$ |  |


| BE | 1005 | 48\% | 37\% | 11\% | 3\% | 1\% | 85\% | 14\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 38\% | 35\% | 6\% | 3\% | 18\% | 73\% | 9\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 19\% | 45\% | 24\% | 8\% | 4\% | 64\% | 32\% |
| DK | 1020 | 53\% | 29\% | 12\% | 5\% | 1\% | 82\% | 17\% |
| DE | 1549 | 61\% | 29\% | 6\% | 2\% | 2\% | 90\% | 8\% |
| EE | 1000 | 61\% | 25\% | 5\% | 4\% | 5\% | 86\% | 9\% |
| IE | 1001 | 42\% | 39\% | 6\% | 1\% | 12\% | 81\% | 7\% |
| EL | 1000 | 44\% | 38\% | 11\% | 4\% | 3\% | 82\% | 15\% |
| ES | 1026 | 32\% | 41\% | 11\% | 4\% | 12\% | 73\% | 15\% |
| FR | 1027 | 45\% | 46\% | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% | 91\% | 7\% |
| IT | 1039 | 23\% | 52\% | 13\% | 4\% | 8\% | 75\% | 17\% |
| CY | 508 | 48\% | 24\% | 12\% | 6\% | 10\% | 72\% | 18\% |
| LV | 1011 | 45\% | 37\% | 8\% | 3\% | 7\% | 82\% | 11\% |
| LT | 1023 | 36\% | 34\% | 14\% | 6\% | 10\% | 70\% | 20\% |
| LU | 500 | 53\% | 36\% | 7\% | 2\% | 2\% | 89\% | 9\% |
| HU | 1000 | 37\% | 37\% | 14\% | 6\% | 6\% | 74\% | 20\% |
| MT | 500 | 34\% | 45\% | 9\% | 2\% | 10\% | 79\% | 11\% |
| NL | 996 | 54\% | 28\% | 11\% | 4\% | 3\% | 82\% | 15\% |
| AT | 1007 | 34\% | 46\% | 13\% | 4\% | 3\% | 80\% | 17\% |
| PL | 1000 | 24\% | 44\% | 14\% | 4\% | 14\% | 68\% | 18\% |
| PT | 1051 | 17\% | 59\% | 11\% | 1\% | 12\% | 76\% | 12\% |
| RO | 1013 | 32\% | 41\% | 12\% | 5\% | 10\% | 73\% | 17\% |
| SI | 1025 | 51\% | 30\% | 10\% | 4\% | 5\% | 81\% | 14\% |
| SK | 1050 | 22\% | 46\% | 21\% | 7\% | 4\% | 68\% | 28\% |
| FI | 1008 | 56\% | 32\% | 7\% | 4\% | 1\% | 88\% | 11\% |
| SE | 1007 | 41\% | 32\% | 15\% | 8\% | 4\% | 73\% | 23\% |
| UK | 1331 | 40\% | 45\% | 9\% | 2\% | 4\% | 85\% | 11\% |

QA28 Diriez-vous que trouver un logement décent à un prix raisonnable là où vous vivez est ... ?

|  | TOTAL | Très facile / Very easy | Plutôt facile / Fairly easy | Plutôt difficile / Fairly difficult | Très difficile / Very difficult | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { NSP / } \\ \text { DK } \end{array}$ | Facile / Easy | Difficile / Difficult |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 5\% | 22\% | 41\% | 26\% | 6\% | 27\% | 67\% |
| BE | 1005 | 3\% | 18\% | 51\% | 27\% | 1\% | 21\% | 78\% |
| BG | 1015 | 3\% | 15\% | 39\% | 28\% | 15\% | 18\% | 67\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 1\% | 9\% | 51\% | 38\% | 1\% | 10\% | 89\% |
| DK | 1020 | 10\% | 39\% | 32\% | 17\% | 2\% | 49\% | 49\% |
| DE | 1549 | 12\% | 36\% | 34\% | 11\% | 7\% | 48\% | 45\% |
| EE | 1000 | 3\% | 31\% | 42\% | 19\% | 5\% | 34\% | 61\% |
| IE | 1001 | 5\% | 25\% | 29\% | 33\% | 8\% | 30\% | 62\% |
| EL | 1000 | 3\% | 30\% | 42\% | 24\% | 1\% | 33\% | 66\% |
| ES | 1026 | 5\% | 14\% | 42\% | 35\% | 4\% | 19\% | 77\% |
| FR | 1027 | 2\% | 19\% | 51\% | 25\% | 3\% | 21\% | 76\% |
| IT | 1039 | 4\% | 20\% | 43\% | 30\% | 3\% | 24\% | 73\% |
| CY | 508 | 1\% | 8\% | 28\% | 61\% | 2\% | 9\% | 89\% |
| LV | 1011 | 6\% | 29\% | 40\% | 18\% | 7\% | 35\% | 58\% |
| LT | 1023 | 3\% | 22\% | 41\% | 23\% | 11\% | 25\% | 64\% |
| LU | 500 | 2\% | 9\% | 43\% | 43\% | 3\% | 11\% | 86\% |
| HU | 1000 | 7\% | 28\% | 40\% | 22\% | 3\% | 35\% | 62\% |
| MT | 500 | 2\% | 9\% | 41\% | 45\% | 3\% | 11\% | 86\% |
| NL | 996 | 8\% | 29\% | 37\% | 18\% | 8\% | 37\% | 55\% |
| AT | 1007 | 2\% | 27\% | 49\% | 16\% | 6\% | 29\% | 65\% |
| PL | 1000 | 2\% | 12\% | 43\% | 33\% | 10\% | 14\% | 76\% |
| PT | 1051 | 4\% | 25\% | 40\% | 24\% | 7\% | 29\% | 64\% |
| RO | 1013 | 1\% | 12\% | 38\% | 37\% | 12\% | 13\% | 75\% |
| SI | 1025 | 1\% | 14\% | 39\% | 39\% | 7\% | 15\% | 78\% |
| SK | 1050 | 1\% | 14\% | 50\% | 34\% | 1\% | 15\% | 84\% |
| FI | 1008 | 4\% | 41\% | 40\% | 11\% | 4\% | 45\% | 51\% |
| SE | 1007 | 7\% | 32\% | 40\% | 18\% | 3\% | 39\% | 58\% |
| UK | 1331 | 3\% | 24\% | 39\% | 28\% | 6\% | 27\% | 67\% |

QA29 In the area where you live, please tell me if there are people who are homeless? Would you say there are many people, some people, a few people or none who is homeless?

QA29 Veuillez me dire s'il y a des personnes sans abri là où vous vivez ? Diriez-vous qu'il y a beaucoup de personnes, quelques personnes, peu de personnes ou aucune personne sans abri ?

|  | TOTAL | Beaucoup de <br> personnes / <br> Many people | Quelques <br> personnes / <br> Some people | Peu de <br> personnes / A <br> few people | Aucune <br> personne / <br> None | NSP / <br> DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $3 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $10 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | 3\% | 11\% | 24\% | 59\% | 3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 4\% | 19\% | 39\% | 27\% | 11\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 3\% | 16\% | 56\% | 24\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 1\% | 9\% | 30\% | 56\% | 4\% |
| DE | 1549 | 1\% | 12\% | 19\% | 56\% | 12\% |
| EE | 1000 | 10\% | 28\% | 22\% | 34\% | 6\% |
| IE | 1001 | 3\% | 16\% | 29\% | 36\% | 16\% |
| EL | 1000 | 2\% | 13\% | 37\% | 40\% | 8\% |
| ES | 1026 | 7\% | 24\% | 26\% | 37\% | 6\% |
| FR | 1027 | 4\% | 18\% | 20\% | 50\% | 8\% |
| IT | 1039 | 3\% | 25\% | 23\% | 29\% | 20\% |
| CY | 508 | - | 1\% | 10\% | 80\% | 9\% |
| LV | 1011 | 10\% | 20\% | 34\% | 32\% | 4\% |
| LT | 1023 | 9\% | 32\% | 19\% | 33\% | 7\% |
| LU | 500 | 1\% | 8\% | 15\% | 71\% | 5\% |
| HU | 1000 | 9\% | 32\% | 25\% | 31\% | 3\% |
| MT | 500 | 1\% | 1\% | 13\% | 62\% | 23\% |
| NL | 996 | 1\% | 5\% | 22\% | 66\% | 6\% |
| AT | 1007 | 3\% | 20\% | 28\% | 43\% | 6\% |
| PL | 1000 | 3\% | 21\% | 28\% | 37\% | 11\% |
| PT | 1051 | 4\% | 25\% | 24\% | 38\% | 9\% |
| RO | 1013 | 5\% | 28\% | 30\% | 27\% | 10\% |
| SI | 1025 | 2\% | 14\% | 32\% | 48\% | 4\% |
| SK | 1050 | 3\% | 22\% | 50\% | 22\% | 3\% |
| FI | 1008 | 1\% | 7\% | 17\% | 69\% | 6\% |
| SE | 1007 | 2\% | 5\% | 28\% | 59\% | 6\% |
| UK | 1331 | 3\% | 19\% | 31\% | 36\% | 11\% |

QA30.1 Generally speaking, would you say that the number of homeless people has strongly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or strongly decreased in the last 3 years in ...?
The area where you live

QA30.1 D'une manière générale, diriez-vous que le nombre de personnes sans abri a fortement augmenté, plutôt augmenté, plutôt diminué, fortement diminué ces dernières années ...?
Là où vous vivez

|  | TOTAL | Fortement augmenté / Strongly increased | Plutôt augmenté / Somewhat increased | Plutôt diminué / Somewhat decreased | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Fortement diminué } \\ \text { / Strongly } \\ \text { decreased } \end{array}\right\|$ | Est resté le même (SPONTANE) / Stayed the same (SPONTANEOUS) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { NSP / } \\ \text { DK } \end{array}$ | Augmenté / I ncreased | Diminué / <br> Decreased |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 5\% | 25\% | 8\% | 3\% | 42\% | 17\% | 30\% | 11\% |
| BE | 1005 | 4\% | 21\% | 7\% | 2\% | 60\% | 6\% | 25\% | 9\% |
| BG | 1015 | 4\% | 21\% | 5\% | 4\% | 39\% | 27\% | 25\% | 9\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 6\% | 47\% | 20\% | 6\% | 15\% | 6\% | 53\% | 26\% |
| DK | 1020 | 1\% | 20\% | 11\% | 4\% | 54\% | 10\% | 21\% | 15\% |
| DE | 1549 | 2\% | 18\% | 8\% | 3\% | 46\% | 23\% | 20\% | 11\% |
| EE | 1000 | 7\% | 29\% | 5\% | 2\% | 38\% | 19\% | 36\% | 7\% |
| IE | 1001 | 6\% | 23\% | 4\% | 4\% | 41\% | 22\% | 29\% | 8\% |
| EL | 1000 | 9\% | 26\% | 2\% | 6\% | 48\% | 9\% | 35\% | 8\% |
| ES | 1026 | 7\% | 30\% | 3\% | 1\% | 52\% | 7\% | 37\% | 4\% |
| FR | 1027 | 5\% | 23\% | 6\% | 2\% | 43\% | 21\% | 28\% | 8\% |
| IT | 1039 | 5\% | 25\% | 7\% | 2\% | 40\% | 21\% | 30\% | 9\% |
| CY | 508 | 1\% | 8\% | 1\% | 2\% | 69\% | 19\% | 9\% | 3\% |
| LV | 1011 | 13\% | 35\% | 4\% | 3\% | 31\% | 14\% | 48\% | 7\% |
| LT | 1023 | 8\% | 37\% | 5\% | 1\% | 36\% | 13\% | 45\% | 6\% |
| LU | 500 | 2\% | 14\% | 4\% | 2\% | 55\% | 23\% | 16\% | 6\% |
| HU | 1000 | 8\% | 35\% | 4\% | 2\% | 44\% | 7\% | 43\% | 6\% |
| MT | 500 | 2\% | 13\% | 5\% | 9\% | 48\% | 23\% | 15\% | 14\% |
| NL | 996 | 2\% | 14\% | 8\% | 3\% | 58\% | 15\% | 16\% | 11\% |
| AT | 1007 | 6\% | 29\% | 6\% | 3\% | 44\% | 12\% | 35\% | 9\% |
| PL | 1000 | 3\% | 21\% | 13\% | 5\% | 40\% | 18\% | 24\% | 18\% |
| PT | 1051 | 5\% | 32\% | 9\% | 2\% | 39\% | 13\% | 37\% | 11\% |
| RO | 1013 | 7\% | 24\% | 9\% | 9\% | 40\% | 11\% | 31\% | 18\% |
| SI | 1025 | 3\% | 24\% | 3\% | 2\% | 55\% | 13\% | 27\% | 5\% |
| SK | 1050 | 9\% | 56\% | 14\% | 3\% | 13\% | 5\% | 65\% | 17\% |
| FI | 1008 | - | 12\% | 11\% | 3\% | 58\% | 16\% | 12\% | 14\% |
| SE | 1007 | 2\% | 23\% | 7\% | 3\% | 51\% | 14\% | 25\% | 10\% |
| UK | 1331 | 4\% | 31\% | 11\% | 3\% | 28\% | 23\% | 35\% | 14\% |

QA30.2 Generally speaking, would you say that the number of homeless people has strongly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or strongly decreased in the last 3 years in ...?
(OUR COUNTRY)
QA30.2 D'une manière générale, diriez-vous que le nombre de personnes sans abri a fortement augmenté, plutôt augmenté, plutôt diminué, fortement diminué ces dernières années ?
En (NOTRE PAYS)

|  | TOTAL | Fortement augmenté / Strongly increased | Plutôt augmenté / Somewhat increased | Plutôt diminué / Somewhat decreased | Fortement diminué / Strongly decreased | Est resté le même (SPONTANE) / Stayed the same (SPONTANEOUS) | NSP / DK | Augmenté / Increased | Diminué / Decreased |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 20\% | 53\% | 6\% | 1\% | 9\% | 11\% | 73\% | 7\% |


| BE | 1005 | 16\% | 62\% | 6\% | 1\% | 12\% | 3\% | 78\% | 7\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 14\% | 42\% | 3\% | 1\% | 11\% | 29\% | 56\% | 4\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 15\% | 62\% | 13\% | 1\% | 6\% | 3\% | 77\% | 14\% |
| DK | 1020 | 6\% | 59\% | 10\% | 1\% | 18\% | 6\% | 65\% | 11\% |
| DE | 1549 | 17\% | 56\% | 6\% | - | 9\% | 12\% | 73\% | 6\% |
| EE | 1000 | 24\% | 52\% | 4\% | 1\% | 10\% | 9\% | 76\% | 5\% |
| IE | 1001 | 27\% | 42\% | 5\% | 1\% | 11\% | 14\% | 69\% | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 32\% | 43\% | 2\% | - | 18\% | 5\% | 75\% | 2\% |
| ES | 1026 | 25\% | 60\% | 2\% | - | 5\% | 8\% | 85\% | 2\% |
| FR | 1027 | 35\% | 55\% | 3\% | - | 3\% | 4\% | 90\% | 3\% |
| IT | 1039 | 13\% | 54\% | 6\% | 2\% | 12\% | 13\% | 67\% | 8\% |
| CY | 508 | 3\% | 22\% | 2\% | 2\% | 51\% | 20\% | 25\% | 4\% |
| LV | 1011 | 44\% | 40\% | 2\% | - | 4\% | 10\% | 84\% | 2\% |
| LT | 1023 | 19\% | 61\% | 3\% | - | 6\% | 11\% | 80\% | 3\% |
| LU | 500 | 24\% | 56\% | 4\% | - | 7\% | 9\% | 80\% | 4\% |
| HU | 1000 | 44\% | 45\% | 2\% | - | 5\% | 4\% | 89\% | 2\% |
| MT | 500 | 7\% | 38\% | 10\% | 7\% | 18\% | 20\% | 45\% | 17\% |
| NL | 996 | 10\% | 56\% | 14\% | 2\% | 10\% | 8\% | 66\% | 16\% |
| AT | 1007 | 11\% | 53\% | 7\% | 1\% | 16\% | 12\% | 64\% | 8\% |
| PL | 1000 | 10\% | 43\% | 13\% | 1\% | 15\% | 18\% | 53\% | 14\% |
| PT | 1051 | 23\% | 45\% | 8\% | 1\% | 9\% | 14\% | 68\% | 9\% |
| RO | 1013 | 29\% | 39\% | 5\% | 3\% | 10\% | 14\% | 68\% | 8\% |
| SI | 1025 | 11\% | 60\% | 2\% | 1\% | 11\% | 15\% | 71\% | 3\% |
| SK | 1050 | 27\% | 59\% | 8\% |  | 3\% | 3\% | 86\% | 8\% |
| FI | 1008 | 3\% | 61\% | 12\% | 1\% | 11\% | 12\% | 64\% | 13\% |
| SE | 1007 | 14\% | 67\% | 6\% | 1\% | 5\% | 7\% | 81\% | 7\% |
| UK | 1331 | 16\% | 56\% | 7\% | - | 5\% | 16\% | 72\% | 7\% |

QA31.1 Do you think that ... is spending too much, about the fair amount, not very much or not at all to help homeless people?
The (NATIONALITY) Government
QA31.1 Pensez-vous que ... dépense(nt) trop, à peu près assez, pas beaucoup ou rien du tout pour aider les personnes sans abri ?
Le Gouvernement (NATIONALITE)

|  | TOTAL | Trop / Too <br> much | A peu près <br> assez / <br> About the <br> fair amount | Pas <br> beaucoup / <br> Not very <br> much | Rien du <br> tout / Not <br> at all | NSP / DK <br> DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $2 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $14 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $2 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $2 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $4 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $1 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $1 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $2 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | - | $8 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $3 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $2 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $3 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $10 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $1 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $1 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $4 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $2 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $3 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $1 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $5 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $2 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $2 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $3 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $2 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | - | $22 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $3 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $18 \%$ |

QA31.2 Do you think that ... is spending too much, about the fair amount, not very much or not at all to help homeless people?
The local or regional authorities

QA31.2 Pensez-vous que ... dépense(nt) trop, à peu près assez, pas beaucoup ou rien du tout pour aider les personnes sans abri ?
Les autorités locales ou régionales


| BE | 1005 | $2 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $2 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $3 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | - | $45 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $1 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $1 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | - | $9 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $2 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $1 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $3 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $2 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | - | $15 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $1 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $1 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $1 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $3 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $2 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $4 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $2 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $2 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $4 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $1 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $1 \%$ | $3 \% \%$ | $55 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $3 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $22 \%$ |

QA32 In your opinion, which three of the following reasons best explain why people become homeless? (ROTATE - MAX. 3 ANSWERS)
QA32 Selon vous, quelles sont parmi les suivantes les trois raisons qui expliquent le mieux pourquoi certaines personnes deviennent sans abri ? (ROTATION - MAX. 3 REPONSES)


QA33 How likely is it that you could ever become homeless, yourself?

QA33 A votre avis, quelle est la probabilité que vous deveniez un jour sans abri ?


| BE | 1005 | 1\% | 6\% | 29\% | 63\% | 1\% | 7\% | 92\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 1\% | 4\% | 27\% | 57\% | 11\% | 5\% | 84\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 2\% | 5\% | 40\% | 50\% | 3\% | 7\% | 90\% |
| DK | 1020 | 1\% | 2\% | 18\% | 78\% | 1\% | 3\% | 96\% |
| DE | 1549 | 1\% | 1\% | 23\% | 72\% | 3\% | 2\% | 95\% |
| EE | 1000 | 2\% | 9\% | 41\% | 46\% | 2\% | 11\% | 87\% |
| IE | 1001 | 2\% | 6\% | 27\% | 58\% | 7\% | 8\% | 85\% |
| EL | 1000 | 2\% | 5\% | 22\% | 69\% | 2\% | 7\% | 91\% |
| ES | 1026 | 1\% | 6\% | 39\% | 49\% | 5\% | 7\% | 88\% |
| FR | 1027 | 1\% | 6\% | 39\% | 51\% | 3\% | 7\% | 90\% |
| IT | 1039 | 2\% | 8\% | 23\% | 61\% | 6\% | 10\% | 84\% |
| CY | 508 | 2\% | 4\% | 15\% | 75\% | 4\% | 6\% | 90\% |
| LV | 1011 | 5\% | 12\% | 35\% | 43\% | 5\% | 17\% | 78\% |
| LT | 1023 | 3\% | 14\% | 34\% | 43\% | 6\% | 17\% | 77\% |
| LU | 500 | - | 5\% | 29\% | 60\% | 6\% | 5\% | 89\% |
| HU | 1000 | 1\% | 6\% | 37\% | 53\% | 3\% | 7\% | 90\% |
| MT | 500 | - | 8\% | 35\% | 42\% | 15\% | 8\% | 77\% |
| NL | 996 | - | 1\% | 18\% | 81\% | - | 1\% | 99\% |
| AT | 1007 | 1\% | 5\% | 32\% | 57\% | 5\% | 6\% | 89\% |
| PL | 1000 | 2\% | 6\% | 37\% | 47\% | 8\% | 8\% | 84\% |
| PT | 1051 | 1\% | 10\% | 27\% | 55\% | 7\% | 11\% | 82\% |
| RO | 1013 | 2\% | 7\% | 21\% | 55\% | 15\% | 9\% | 76\% |
| SI | 1025 | 1\% | 2\% | 22\% | 75\% | - | 3\% | 97\% |
| SK | 1050 | 1\% | 4\% | 41\% | 51\% | 3\% | 5\% | 92\% |
| FI | 1008 | - | 1\% | 26\% | 73\% | - | 1\% | 99\% |
| SE | 1007 | - | - | 21\% | 78\% | 1\% | 0\% | 99\% |
| UK | 1331 | 2\% | 7\% | 40\% | 49\% | 2\% | 9\% | 89\% |

QA34 Do you ever help poor people by doing any of the following? (ROTATE - MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)
QA34 Vous arrive-t-il d'aider des personnes pauvres en faisant une ou plusieurs des actions suivantes ? (ROTATION - PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)


QA35 A household may have different sources of income and more than one household member may contribute to it. Thinking of your household's total monthly income, is your household able to make ends meet...?

QA35 Un menage peut avoir differentes sources de revenus et plus d'un membre du menage peut contribuer à ces revenus. En pensant aux revenus mensuels de votre ménage, direz-vous que votre ménage arrive à boucler ses fins de mois ...?


QA36.1 There are some things that many people cannot afford, even if they would like them. For each of the following things on this card, can I just check whether your household can afford it if you want it? Keepina vour home adeauatelv warm
QA36.1 II y a des choses que beaucoup de gens ne peuvent pas se payer, même si elles en ont envie. Pour chacune de ces
 Garder une bonne température dans votre logement


QA36.2 There are some things that many people cannot afford, even if they would like them. For each of the following things on this card, can I just check whether your household can
afford it if you want it?

Paying for a week's annual holiday away from home (not staying with relatives)
QA36.2 II y a des choses que beaucoup de gens ne peuvent pas se payer, même si elles en ont envie. Pour chacune de ces choses, puis-je verifier si votre ménage peut se l'offrir ou non ? Vous payer une semaine de vacances par an en dehors de chez vous (pas chez des amis ou des parents

|  | TOTAL | Oui, peut se l'offrir/ Yes, can afford if want | Non, ne peut pas se l'offrir / No, cannot afford it | NSP / |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 65\% | 33\% | 2\% |
| BE | 1005 | 76\% | 24\% | - |
| BG | 1015 | 31\% | 66\% | 3\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 67\% | 32\% | 1\% |
| DK | 1020 | 86\% | 13\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 73\% | 26\% | 1\% |
| EE | 1000 | 51\% | 47\% | 2\% |
| IE | 1001 | 66\% | 29\% | 5\% |
| EL | 1000 | 54\% | 46\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 58\% | 38\% | 4\% |
| FR | 1027 | 75\% | 24\% | 1\% |
| IT | 1039 | 66\% | 29\% | 5\% |
| CY | 508 | 60\% | 39\% | 1\% |
| LV | 1011 | 35\% | 62\% | 3\% |
| LT | 1023 | 47\% | 49\% | 4\% |
| LU | 500 | 83\% | 16\% | 1\% |
| HU | 1000 | 26\% | 73\% | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 46\% | 47\% | 7\% |
| NL | 996 | 89\% | 10\% | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 78\% | 21\% | 1\% |
| PL | 1000 | 50\% | 48\% | 2\% |
| PT | 1051 | 51\% | 46\% | 3\% |
| RO | 1013 | 37\% | 58\% | 5\% |
| SI | 1025 | 73\% | 26\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 48\% | 51\% | 1\% |
| FI | 1008 | 83\% | 16\% | 1\% |
| SE | 1007 | 85\% | 14\% | 1\% |
| UK | 1331 | 69\% | 29\% | 2\% |

QA36.4 There are some things that many people cannot afford, even if they would like them. For each of the following things on this card, can I just check whether your household can afford it if you want it? A meal with meat, chicken or fish every second day if you wanted it

QA36.4 II y a des choses que beaucoup de gens ne peuvent pas se payer, même si elles en ont envie. Pour chacune de ces choses, puis-je verifier si votre ménage peut se l'offrir ou non ?
Faire un repas avec de la viande, du poulet ou du poisson tous les deux jours si vous le souhaitez

|  | TOTAL | Oui, peut se <br> l'offrir / Yes, can <br> afford if want | Non, ne peut pas <br> se l'offrir / No, <br> cannot afford it | NSP / <br> DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $90 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $1 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $95 \%$ | $5 \%$ | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $51 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $86 \%$ | $14 \%$ | - |
| DK | 1020 | $98 \%$ | $2 \%$ | - |
| DE | 1549 | $94 \%$ | $6 \%$ | - |
| EE | 1000 | $85 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $95 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $85 \%$ | $15 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1026 | $93 \%$ | $7 \%$ | - |
| FR | 1027 | $95 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $90 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $94 \%$ | $6 \%$ | - |
| LV | 1011 | $78 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $84 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $96 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $56 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $90 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $99 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - |
| AT | 1007 | $91 \%$ | $9 \%$ | - |
| PL | 1000 | $85 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $93 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $78 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $93 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $77 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $98 \%$ | $2 \%$ | - |
| SE | 1007 | $97 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $93 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $2 \%$ | actuellement?



| BE | 1005 | 56\% | 28\% | 11\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 6\% | 40\% | 34\% | 14\% | 5\% | 1\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 35\% | 37\% | 19\% | 5\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| DK | 1020 | 74\% | 19\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 51\% | 32\% | 13\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| EE | 1000 | 41\% | 33\% | 18\% | 4\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| IE | 1001 | 36\% | 43\% | 11\% | 3\% | 2\% | 5\% |
| EL | 1000 | 13\% | 29\% | 43\% | 11\% | 4\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 40\% | 36\% | 18\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| FR | 1027 | 47\% | 34\% | 15\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| IT | 1039 | 40\% | 35\% | 18\% | 3\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| CY | 508 | 15\% | 41\% | 36\% | 5\% | 3\% |  |
| LV | 1011 | 24\% | 35\% | 24\% | 9\% | 4\% | 4\% |
| LT | 1023 | 46\% | 29\% | 19\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| LU | 500 | 53\% | 33\% | 9\% | 2\% | - | 3\% |
| HU | 1000 | 20\% | 40\% | 23\% | 10\% | 6\% | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 24\% | 40\% | 25\% | 6\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| NL | 996 | 72\% | 21\% | 4\% | 2\% |  | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 49\% | 33\% | 13\% | 4\% | 1\% | - |
| PL | 1000 | 48\% | 32\% | 11\% | 5\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| PT | 1051 | 14\% | 42\% | 36\% | 3\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| RO | 1013 | 17\% | 50\% | 23\% | 4\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| SI | 1025 | 43\% | 37\% | 12\% | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| SK | 1050 | 39\% | 35\% | 18\% | 5\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| FI | 1008 | 63\% | 28\% | 6\% | 2\% | - | 1\% |
| SE | 1007 | 70\% | 25\% | 3\% | 1\% | - | 1\% |
| UK | 1331 | 53\% | 30\% | 10\% | 2\% | 1\% | 4\% |

QA38 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be ... when it comes to the financial situation of your household?

QA38 Quelles sont vos attentes pour les douze prochains mois: les douze prochains mois seront-ils ... en ce qui concerne la situation financière de votre foyer?


| BE | 1005 | $22 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $10 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $24 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $13 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $30 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $14 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $17 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| ES | 1027 | $23 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| FR | 1039 | $17 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| IT | 508 | $17 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| CY | 1011 | $15 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| LV | 1023 | $19 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| LT | 500 | $22 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| LU | 1000 | $9 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| HU | 500 | $13 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| MT | 996 | $20 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| NL | 1007 | $15 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| AT | 1000 | $21 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| PL | 1051 | $18 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| PT | 1013 | $21 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| RO | 1025 | $17 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| SI | 1050 | $15 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| SK | 1008 | $21 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $72 \%$ | - |
| FI | 1007 | $24 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SE | 1331 | $28 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| UK |  |  |  |  |  |

QA39.1 Looking at the next 12 months, would you say there is a high risk, some risk, not much of a risk or no risk at all of falling behind with ...?

QA39.1 En pensant aux trois prochains mois, diriez-vous qu'il existe un grand risque, quelques risques, pas beaucoup de risques ou pas du tout de risque que vous ne soyez pas en mesure de ...?
Payer votre loyer à temps

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

QA39.2 Looking at the next 12 months, would you say there is a high risk, some risk, not much of a risk or no risk at all of falling behind with ...?
Paying your mortgage on time

QA39.2 En pensant aux trois prochains mois, diriez-vous qu'il existe un grand risque, quelques risques, pas beaucoup de risques ou pas du tout de risque que vous ne soyez pas en mesure de ...?

Payer votre prêt hypothécaire à temps


| BE | 1005 | $1 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $8 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $73 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $7 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | - | $3 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $88 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $2 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $71 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $4 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $37 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $2 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $48 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $7 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $58 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $67 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $6 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $62 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $5 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $59 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $9 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $48 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $3 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $61 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $1 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $11 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $2 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | - | $3 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $77 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $2 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $74 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $6 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $59 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $3 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $53 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $6 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $6 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | - | $3 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $94 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $1 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $78 \%$ |

QA39.3 Looking at the next 12 months, would you say there is a high risk, some risk, not much of a risk or no risk at all of falling behind with Being able to cope with an unexpected expense of ( $60 \%$ OF THE NATIONAL AT RISK OF POVERTY THRESHOLD) $€$

QA39.3 En pensant aux trois prochains mois, diriez-vous qu'il existe un grand risque, quelques risques, pas beaucoup de risques ou pas du tout de risque que vous ne soyez pas en mesure de ...?
Faire face à une dépense inattendue d'un montant de ( $60 \%$ DU MONTANT DU SEUIL DE PAUVRETE NATIONAL) €


QA39.4 Looking at the next 12 months, would you say there is a high risk, some risk, not much of a risk or no risk at all of falling behind with ...?
Repaying consumer loans (to buy electrical appliances, furniture, etc.) on time
QA39.4 En pensant aux trois prochains mois, diriez-vous qu'il existe un grand risque, quelques risques, pas beaucoup de risques ou pas du tout de risque que vous ne soyez pas en mesure de ...?
Rembourser vos crédits à la consommation (pour acheter des appareils électriques, des meubles, etc.) à temps

|  | TOTAL | Un grand risque / High risk | Quelques risques / Some risk | Pas <br> beaucoup de risques / Not much of a risk | Pas du tout de risque / No risk at all | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { NSP / } \\ \text { DK } \end{array}$ | Un risque / A risk | Pas de risque / Not a risk |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 4\% | 14\% | 21\% | 50\% | 11\% | 18\% | 71\% |


| BE | 1005 | 2\% | 10\% | 19\% | 58\% | 11\% | 12\% | 77\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 7\% | 9\% | 15\% | 52\% | 17\% | 16\% | 67\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 5\% | 25\% | 29\% | 32\% | 9\% | 30\% | 61\% |
| DK | 1020 | 3\% | 5\% | 14\% | 76\% | 2\% | 8\% | 90\% |
| DE | 1549 | 2\% | 7\% | 14\% | 66\% | 11\% | 9\% | 80\% |
| EE | 1000 | 3\% | 13\% | 15\% | 31\% | 38\% | 16\% | 46\% |
| IE | 1001 | 7\% | 15\% | 26\% | 38\% | 14\% | 22\% | 64\% |
| EL | 1000 | 7\% | 20\% | 17\% | 35\% | 21\% | 27\% | 52\% |
| ES | 1026 | 8\% | 23\% | 27\% | 32\% | 10\% | 31\% | 59\% |
| FR | 1027 | 3\% | 9\% | 23\% | 53\% | 12\% | 12\% | 76\% |
| IT | 1039 | 6\% | 21\% | 25\% | 39\% | 9\% | 27\% | 64\% |
| CY | 508 | 15\% | 29\% | 25\% | 25\% | 6\% | 44\% | 50\% |
| LV | 1011 | 8\% | 11\% | 21\% | 33\% | 27\% | 19\% | 54\% |
| LT | 1023 | 3\% | 11\% | 10\% | 52\% | 24\% | 14\% | 62\% |
| LU | 500 | 1\% | 6\% | 15\% | 65\% | 13\% | 7\% | 80\% |
| HU | 1000 | 12\% | 28\% | 18\% | 27\% | 15\% | 40\% | 45\% |
| MT | 500 | 5\% | 11\% | 20\% | 53\% | 11\% | 16\% | 73\% |
| NL | 996 | 1\% | 3\% | 11\% | 69\% | 16\% | 4\% | 80\% |
| AT | 1007 | 3\% | 16\% | 25\% | 52\% | 4\% | 19\% | 77\% |
| PL | 1000 | 5\% | 16\% | 21\% | 44\% | 14\% | 21\% | 65\% |
| PT | 1051 | 4\% | 17\% | 24\% | 29\% | 26\% | 21\% | 53\% |
| RO | 1013 | 8\% | 18\% | 22\% | 34\% | 18\% | 26\% | 56\% |
| SI | 1025 | 3\% | 9\% | 18\% | 63\% | 7\% | 12\% | 81\% |
| SK | 1050 | 5\% | 26\% | 31\% | 31\% | 7\% | 31\% | 62\% |
| FI | 1008 | - | 5\% | 19\% | 75\% | 1\% | 5\% | 94\% |
| SE | 1007 | 1\% | 1\% | 14\% | 77\% | 7\% | 2\% | 91\% |
| UK | 1331 | 2\% | 11\% | 21\% | 58\% | 8\% | 13\% | 79\% |

QA39.5 Looking at the next 12 months, would you say there is a high risk, some risk, not much of a risk or no risk at all of falling behind with ...?
Paying utility bills (electricity, water, gas, etc.) on time
QA39.5 En pensant aux trois prochains mois, diriez-vous qu'il existe un grand risque, quelques risques, pas
beaucoup de risques ou pas du tout de risque que vous ne soyez pas en mesure de ... ?
Payer vos factures liées à votre logement (électricité, eau, gaz, etc.)


| BE | 1005 | 2\% | 11\% | 25\% | 61\% | 1\% | 13\% | 86\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 12\% | 23\% | 31\% | 30\% | 4\% | 35\% | 61\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 2\% | 21\% | 39\% | 36\% | 2\% | 23\% | 75\% |
| DK | 1020 | 1\% | 2\% | 11\% | 86\% | - | 3\% | 97\% |
| DE | 1549 | 1\% | 6\% | 19\% | 73\% | 1\% | 7\% | 92\% |
| EE | 1000 | 3\% | 23\% | 28\% | 45\% | 1\% | 26\% | 73\% |
| IE | 1001 | 6\% | 14\% | 31\% | 42\% | 7\% | 20\% | 73\% |
| EL | 1000 | 7\% | 21\% | 29\% | 43\% | - | 28\% | 72\% |
| ES | 1026 | 5\% | 19\% | 35\% | 38\% | 3\% | 24\% | 73\% |
| FR | 1027 | 2\% | 11\% | 31\% | 54\% | 2\% | 13\% | 85\% |
| IT | 1039 | 5\% | 21\% | 30\% | 41\% | 3\% | 26\% | 71\% |
| CY | 508 | 4\% | 17\% | 30\% | 46\% | 3\% | 21\% | 76\% |
| LV | 1011 | 9\% | 16\% | 39\% | 34\% | 2\% | 25\% | 73\% |
| LT | 1023 | 5\% | 25\% | 26\% | 42\% | 2\% | 30\% | 68\% |
| LU | 500 | 1\% | 6\% | 17\% | 72\% | 4\% | 7\% | 89\% |
| HU | 1000 | 11\% | 41\% | 28\% | 18\% | 2\% | 52\% | 46\% |
| MT | 500 | 8\% | 21\% | 24\% | 42\% | 5\% | 29\% | 66\% |
| NL | 996 | - | 4\% | 19\% | 75\% | 2\% | 4\% | 94\% |
| AT | 1007 | 2\% | 13\% | 29\% | 55\% | 1\% | 15\% | 84\% |
| PL | 1000 | 4\% | 20\% | 30\% | 42\% | 4\% | 24\% | 72\% |
| PT | 1051 | 4\% | 20\% | 36\% | 37\% | 3\% | 24\% | 73\% |
| RO | 1013 | 8\% | 27\% | 30\% | 29\% | 6\% | 35\% | 59\% |
| SI | 1025 | 3\% | 12\% | 28\% | 55\% | 2\% | 15\% | 83\% |
| SK | 1050 | 3\% | 24\% | 40\% | 32\% | 1\% | 27\% | 72\% |
| FI | 1008 | - | 4\% | 20\% | 75\% | 1\% | 4\% | 95\% |
| SE | 1007 | - | 2\% | 15\% | 81\% | 2\% | 2\% | 96\% |
| UK | 1331 | 2\% | 15\% | 28\% | 53\% | 2\% | 17\% | 81\% |

QA39.6 Looking at the next 12 months, would you say there is a high risk, some risk, not much of a risk or no risk at all of falling behind with ...?
Paying for food or other daily consumer items

QA39.6 En pensant aux trois prochains mois, diriez-vous qu'il existe un grand risque, quelques risques, pas
beaucoup de risques ou pas du tout de risque que vous ne soyez pas en mesure de ...?
Payer la nourriture ou d'autres biens de consommation courante

|  | TOTAL | Un grand <br> risque / <br> High risk | Quelques <br> risques / <br> Some risk | Pas <br> beaucoup <br> de risques / <br> Not much of <br> a risk | Pas du tout <br> de risque / <br> No risk at <br> all | NSP / <br> DK | Un <br> risque / <br> A risk | Pas de <br> risque / <br> Not a risk |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $2 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $85 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $1 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $89 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $9 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $71 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $1 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $83 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $95 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $1 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $75 \%$ | - | $8 \%$ | $92 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $77 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $3 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $83 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $54 \%$ | - | $13 \%$ | $87 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $3 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $1 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $90 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $3 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $1 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $91 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $6 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $3 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $74 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $93 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $6 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $64 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $2 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $84 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | - | $4 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $95 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $1 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $61 \%$ | - | $12 \%$ | $88 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $4 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $74 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $5 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $70 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $3 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $88 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $2 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $39 \%$ | - | $20 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | - | $3 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $96 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | - | $1 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $97 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $1 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $88 \%$ |

QA40 How confident would you say you are in your ability to keep your job in the coming months? Are you...? (IF 'CURRENTLY WORK', CODE 5 TO 18 IN D15a)

QA40 Dans quelle mesure êtes-vous confiant(e) ou pas de pouvoir garder votre emploi dans les mois à venir ? Etes-vous ... ? (SI 'TRAVAILLE ACTUELLEMENT', CODE 5 A 18 EN D15a)

|  | TOTAL | Très <br> confiant(e) <br> / Very <br> confident | Plutôt <br> confiant(e) <br> / Fairly <br> confident | Plutôt pas <br> confiant(e) <br> / Not very <br> confident | Pas du tout <br> confiant(e) <br> / Not at all <br> confident | NSP / <br> DK | Confiant(e) / <br> Confident | Pas confiant(e) <br> / Not confident |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 12943 | $37 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $78 \%$ |  |


| BE | 471 | 50\% | 36\% | 8\% | 4\% | 2\% | 86\% | 12\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 470 | 13\% | 45\% | 22\% | 10\% | 10\% | 58\% | 32\% |
| CZ | 550 | 29\% | 55\% | 10\% | 3\% | 3\% | 84\% | 13\% |
| DK | 564 | 59\% | 31\% | 8\% | 2\% | - | 90\% | 10\% |
| DE | 722 | 55\% | 30\% | 7\% | 4\% | 4\% | 85\% | 11\% |
| EE | 495 | 25\% | 44\% | 20\% | 8\% | 3\% | 69\% | 28\% |
| IE | 470 | 32\% | 44\% | 10\% | 3\% | 11\% | 76\% | 13\% |
| EL | 458 | 22\% | 38\% | 22\% | 15\% | 3\% | 60\% | 37\% |
| ES | 439 | 25\% | 50\% | 16\% | 3\% | 6\% | 75\% | 19\% |
| FR | 520 | 38\% | 42\% | 10\% | 7\% | 3\% | 80\% | 17\% |
| IT | 566 | 25\% | 51\% | 16\% | 3\% | 5\% | 76\% | 19\% |
| CY | 270 | 42\% | 33\% | 14\% | 6\% | 5\% | 75\% | 20\% |
| LV | 478 | 21\% | 40\% | 29\% | 8\% | 2\% | 61\% | 37\% |
| LT | 461 | 19\% | 33\% | 35\% | 12\% | 1\% | 52\% | 47\% |
| LU | 229 | 57\% | 35\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% | 92\% | 6\% |
| HU | 417 | 15\% | 48\% | 28\% | 7\% | 2\% | 63\% | 35\% |
| MT | 202 | 53\% | 35\% | 5\% | 5\% | 2\% | 88\% | 10\% |
| NL | 538 | 57\% | 27\% | 11\% | 4\% | 1\% | 84\% | 15\% |
| AT | 557 | 38\% | 46\% | 10\% | 3\% | 3\% | 84\% | 13\% |
| PL | 412 | 30\% | 45\% | 15\% | 3\% | 7\% | 75\% | 18\% |
| PT | 454 | 15\% | 61\% | 16\% | 3\% | 5\% | 76\% | 19\% |
| RO | 492 | 24\% | 41\% | 16\% | 7\% | 12\% | 65\% | 23\% |
| SI | 476 | 42\% | 40\% | 11\% | 5\% | 2\% | 82\% | 16\% |
| SK | 598 | 13\% | 46\% | 32\% | 7\% | 2\% | 59\% | 39\% |
| FI | 532 | 51\% | 32\% | 10\% | 4\% | 3\% | 83\% | 14\% |
| SE | 579 | 66\% | 26\% | 4\% | 3\% | 1\% | 92\% | 7\% |
| UK | 648 | 47\% | 40\% | 9\% | 3\% | 1\% | 87\% | 12\% |

QA41.2 How often has each of the following happened to you during the last year?
It has been difficult for you to fulfil your family responsibilities because of the amount of time you spend on the job
(IF 'CURRENTLY WORK', CODE 5 TO 18 IN D15a)
QA41.2 Combien de fois les choses suivantes vous sont-elles arrives au cours de l'année passée ?
II vous a été difficile de remplir vos responsabilités familiales parce que vous passez trop de temps à

|  | TOTAL | Plusieurs <br> fois par <br> semaine / <br> Several <br> times a <br> week | Plusieurs <br> fois par <br> mois / <br> Several <br> times a <br> month | Plusieurs <br> fois dans <br> l'année / <br> Several <br> times a year | Moins <br> souvent/ <br> rarement / <br> Less often/ <br> rarely | Jamais / <br> Never | NSP / <br> DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 12943 | $7 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $2 \%$ |


| BE | 471 | $10 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 470 | $6 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| CZ | 550 | $10 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| DK | 564 | $7 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ | - |
| DE | 722 | $10 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| EE | 495 | $8 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| IE | 470 | $3 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| EL | 458 | $12 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $18 \%$ | - |
| ES | 439 | $6 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FR | 520 | $7 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IT | 566 | $5 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| CY | 270 | $9 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LV | 478 | $15 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| LT | 461 | $11 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LU | 229 | $9 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| HU | 417 | $6 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| MT | 202 | $13 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| NL | 538 | $7 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| AT | 557 | $6 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| PL | 412 | $8 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| PT | 454 | $2 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| RO | 492 | $9 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| SI | 476 | $9 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $38 \%$ | - |
| SK | 598 | $7 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| FI | 532 | $4 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 579 | $6 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| UK | 648 | $6 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

QA42 A votre avis, quel serait le revenu net mensuel le plus bas que votre foyer devrait avoir afin d'atteindre le niveau minimum acceptable de vie, étant donné les circonstances présentes et la composition de votre foyer ? Le revenu net est obtenu après déduction des impôts et de la contribution à la sécurité sociale, et après avoir ajouté toutes les prestations sociales dont vous bénéficiez.

|  | TOTAL | Moins de 500 euros/ Less than 500 euros | ```De 500 à 999 euros / From 500 to 999 euros``` | De 1.000 à 1.499 euros / From 1.000 to 1.499 euros | De 1.500 à 1.999 euros / From 1.500 to 1.999 euros | De 2.000 à 2.499 euros / From 2.000 to 2.499 euros | De 2.500 à 2.999 euros / From 2.500 to 2.999 euros | $\begin{aligned} & 3.000 \text { euros et } \\ & \text { plus / } 3.000 \\ & \text { euros and more } \end{aligned}$ | Refus / Refusal | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { NSP / } \\ \text { DK } \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 7\% | 15\% | 17\% | 15\% | 12\% | 6\% | 9\% | 3\% | 16\% | 1593.6 |


| BE | 1005 | - | 5\% | 24\% | 24\% | 18\% | 10\% | 9\% | 1\% | 9\% | 1807.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 5\% | 24\% | 24\% | 17\% | 12\% | 4\% | 7\% | 2\% | 5\% | 1400.2 |
| CZ | 1007 | 12\% | 44\% | 19\% | 11\% | 1\% | 1\% |  | 4\% | 8\% | 961.4 |
| DK | 1020 | 1\% | 19\% | 18\% | 9\% | 12\% | 8\% | 14\% | 4\% | 15\% | 1924.1 |
| DE | 1549 | - | 7\% | 22\% | 23\% | 16\% | 8\% | 9\% | 1\% | 14\% | 1787.5 |
| EE | 1000 | 26\% | 50\% | 11\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | - | 5\% | 785.6 |
| IE | 1001 | 1\% | 4\% | 11\% | 11\% | 16\% | 7\% | 14\% | 5\% | 31\% | 2198.7 |
| EL | 1000 |  | 5\% | 17\% | 20\% | 24\% | 12\% | 18\% | 1\% | 3\% | 1998.7 |
| ES | 1026 | 1\% | 13\% | 24\% | 18\% | 12\% | 5\% | 9\% | 3\% | 15\% | 1618.2 |
| FR | 1027 | 1\% | 7\% | 16\% | 21\% | 16\% | 11\% | 14\% |  | 14\% | 1962.5 |
| IT | 1039 | - | 1\% | 8\% | 15\% | 16\% | 12\% | 22\% | 5\% | 21\% | 2377.3 |
| CY | 508 | - | 11\% | 11\% | 13\% | 23\% | 11\% | 22\% | 1\% | 8\% | 2109.2 |
| LV | 1011 | 44\% | 36\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% | 578.6 |
| LT | 1023 | 38\% | 37\% | 12\% | 3\% | 1\% | - | - | - | 9\% | 679.6 |
| LU | 500 | - | - | 2\% | 9\% | 13\% | 11\% | 40\% | 4\% | 21\% | 2994.1 |
| HU | 1000 | 24\% | 44\% | 23\% | 4\% | - |  | - | 1\% | 4\% | 819.2 |
| MT | 500 | 7\% | 23\% | 24\% | 8\% | 4\% | 1\% | - | 4\% | 29\% | 1048.1 |
| NL | 996 | 1\% | 5\% | 19\% | 21\% | 15\% | 7\% | 10\% | 3\% | 19\% | 1850.5 |
| AT | 1007 | - | 14\% | 29\% | 17\% | 11\% | 5\% | 3\% | 9\% | 12\% | 1457.4 |
| PL | 1000 | 35\% | 38\% | 11\% | 1\% | 1\% |  | 1\% | 2\% | 11\% | 747.4 |
| PT | 1051 | 3\% | 26\% | 25\% | 11\% | 8\% | 2\% | 2\% | 2\% | 21\% | 1208.4 |
| RO | 1013 | 43\% | 27\% | 3\% | - | - | - | 1\% | - | 26\% | 558.7 |
| SI | 1025 | 2\% | 22\% | 23\% | 18\% | 12\% | 2\% | 7\% | 5\% | 9\% | 1421.9 |
| SK | 1050 | 14\% | 38\% | 18\% | 6\% | 2\% | - | 1\% | 4\% | 17\% | 885.4 |
| FI | 1008 | 1\% | 13\% | 20\% | 14\% | 17\% | 8\% | 15\% | 1\% | 11\% | 1824.7 |
| SE | 1007 | 1\% | 17\% | 24\% | 23\% | 9\% | 7\% | 4\% | - | 15\% | 1769.4 |
| UK | 1331 | 5\% | 16\% | 20\% | 12\% | 8\% | 4\% | 5\% | 8\% | 22\% | 1396.9 |

QA43 Is the total net monthly income of your household ... as this figure?
QA43 Le revenu total net mensuel de votre foyer est-il ...à celui-ci ?

|  | TOTAL | Vraiment <br> supérieur / <br> Much higher | Un peu <br> supérieur / <br> Somewhat <br> higher | A peu près <br> équivalent / <br> More or less <br> the same | Un peu <br> inférieur / <br> Somewhat <br> lower | Vraiment <br> inférieur / <br> Much lower | NSP / <br> DK | Supérieur / <br> Higher |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inférieur / |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lower |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| BE | 900 | 17\% | 42\% | 19\% | 12\% | 8\% | 2\% | 59\% | 20\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 941 | - | 2\% | 11\% | 28\% | 58\% | 1\% | 2\% | 86\% |
| CZ | 885 | 4\% | 28\% | 27\% | 27\% | 13\% | 1\% | 32\% | 40\% |
| DK | 819 | 18\% | 50\% | 26\% | 5\% | 1\% | - | 68\% | 6\% |
| DE | 1318 | 16\% | 42\% | 18\% | 10\% | 11\% | 3\% | 58\% | 21\% |
| EE | 953 | 4\% | 27\% | 30\% | 22\% | 16\% | 1\% | 31\% | 38\% |
| IE | 641 | 11\% | 33\% | 30\% | 16\% | 6\% | 4\% | 44\% | 22\% |
| EL | 958 | 1\% | 4\% | 36\% | 40\% | 19\% | - | 5\% | 59\% |
| ES | 834 | 2\% | 27\% | 31\% | 23\% | 14\% | 3\% | 29\% | 37\% |
| FR | 880 | 16\% | 34\% | 17\% | 15\% | 15\% | 3\% | 50\% | 30\% |
| IT | 764 | 2\% | 13\% | 29\% | 28\% | 25\% | 3\% | 15\% | 53\% |
| CY | 465 | 4\% | 17\% | 32\% | 33\% | 12\% | 2\% | 21\% | 45\% |
| LV | 941 | 2\% | 12\% | 21\% | 38\% | 26\% | 1\% | 14\% | 64\% |
| LT | 932 | 2\% | 23\% | 26\% | 32\% | 16\% | 1\% | 25\% | 48\% |
| LU | 374 | 28\% | 30\% | 13\% | 13\% | 11\% | 5\% | 58\% | 24\% |
| HU | 955 | 2\% | 6\% | 9\% | 27\% | 55\% | 1\% | 8\% | 82\% |
| MT | 335 | 4\% | 27\% | 34\% | 22\% | 10\% | 3\% | 31\% | 32\% |
| NL | 780 | 34\% | 38\% | 13\% | 6\% | 6\% | 3\% | 72\% | 12\% |
| AT | 799 | 10\% | 59\% | 21\% | 8\% | 2\% | - | 69\% | 10\% |
| PL | 868 | 5\% | 19\% | 17\% | 25\% | 31\% | 3\% | 24\% | 56\% |
| PT | 807 | 2\% | 17\% | 23\% | 31\% | 24\% | 3\% | 19\% | 55\% |
| RO | 748 | 2\% | 12\% | 16\% | 25\% | 43\% | 2\% | 14\% | 68\% |
| SI | 883 | 7\% | 25\% | 20\% | 25\% | 22\% | 1\% | 32\% | 47\% |
| SK | 823 | 8\% | 35\% | 21\% | 18\% | 17\% | 1\% | 43\% | 35\% |
| FI | 885 | 12\% | 55\% | 21\% | 10\% | 2\% | - | 67\% | 12\% |
| SE | 852 | 22\% | 51\% | 14\% | 7\% | 4\% | 2\% | 73\% | 11\% |
| UK | 926 | 7\% | 42\% | 27\% | 17\% | 5\% | 2\% | 49\% | 22\% |

QA44.1 On this card, please select the letter that would best describe the situation of your household.
QA44.1 Sur cette carte, veuillez sélectionner la lettre qui décrit le mieux la situation de votre ménage.

|  | TOTAL | 1. E Très <br> pauvre / 1. <br> E Very <br> poor | 2. B | 3. V | 4. Z | 5. R | 6. P | 7. A | 8. G | 9. 0 | 10. T Très riche / 10. T Very wealthy | Refus / <br> Refusal | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 1\% | 2\% | 6\% | 11\% | 26\% | 25\% | 17\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% | 5.5 |


| BE | 1005 | - | 1\% | 3\% | 7\% | 21\% | 32\% | 25\% | 8\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | 6.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 6\% | 12\% | 20\% | 22\% | 20\% | 11\% | 6\% | 2\% | - | - | - | 1\% | 4.0 |
| CZ | 1007 | 1\% | 3\% | 8\% | 14\% | 28\% | 21\% | 15\% | 5\% | 1\% | - | 3\% | 1\% | 5.3 |
| DK | 1020 | - | 1\% | 3\% | 8\% | 23\% | 30\% | 22\% | 9\% | 1\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | 6.0 |
| DE | 1549 | 1\% | 2\% | 6\% | 11\% | 28\% | 22\% | 19\% | 7\% | 2\% | - | 1\% | 1\% | 5.6 |
| EE | 1000 | 1\% | 3\% | 8\% | 12\% | 24\% | 29\% | 14\% | 7\% | 1\% | - | - | 1\% | 5.4 |
| IE | 1001 | 1\% | 1\% | 7\% | 13\% | 18\% | 22\% | 18\% | 9\% | 3\% | 1\% | 7\% | - | 5.7 |
| EL | 1000 | 2\% | 3\% | 9\% | 14\% | 21\% | 21\% | 18\% | 10\% | 2\% | - | - | - | 5.4 |
| ES | 1026 | 1\% | 1\% | 5\% | 11\% | 27\% | 30\% | 17\% | 4\% | - | - | 2\% | 2\% | 5.5 |
| FR | 1027 | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% | 12\% | 31\% | 29\% | 15\% | 4\% | - | - | - | 1\% | 5.4 |
| IT | 1039 | - | 2\% | 3\% | 7\% | 20\% | 35\% | 20\% | 6\% | 1\% | - | 5\% | 1\% | 5.8 |
| CY | 508 | 2\% | 3\% | 6\% | 10\% | 34\% | 18\% | 17\% | 7\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | 5.4 |
| LV | 1011 | 4\% | 4\% | 8\% | 9\% | 25\% | 18\% | 17\% | 8\% | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 5.4 |
| LT | 1023 | 1\% | 4\% | 9\% | 12\% | 29\% | 16\% | 16\% | 10\% | 2\% | - | - | 1\% | 5.4 |
| LU | 500 | - | 1\% | 2\% | 6\% | 28\% | 28\% | 24\% | 7\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 5.9 |
| HU | 1000 | 3\% | 9\% | 16\% | 20\% | 29\% | 13\% | 7\% | 2\% | - | - | - | 1\% | 4.4 |
| MT | 500 | - | 1\% | 5\% | 9\% | 25\% | 27\% | 19\% | 8\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 5.8 |
| NL | 996 | - | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% | 15\% | 24\% | 31\% | 17\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | 1\% | 6.4 |
| AT | 1007 | 1\% | 2\% | 6\% | 9\% | 21\% | 24\% | 20\% | 8\% | 1\% | - | 6\% | 2\% | 5.7 |
| PL | 1000 | 3\% | 2\% | 11\% | 16\% | 26\% | 17\% | 13\% | 4\% | - | - | 4\% | 4\% | 5.0 |
| PT | 1051 | 1\% | 6\% | 13\% | 21\% | 30\% | 14\% | 7\% | 1\% | - | - | 4\% | 3\% | 4.6 |
| RO | 1013 | 2\% | 3\% | 9\% | 13\% | 23\% | 17\% | 17\% | 10\% | 3\% | - | 1\% | 2\% | 5.5 |
| SI | 1025 | 1\% | 3\% | 5\% | 11\% | 26\% | 30\% | 13\% | 8\% | 1\% | - | 2\% | - | 5.5 |
| SK | 1050 | 1\% | 3\% | 7\% | 11\% | 27\% | 22\% | 18\% | 8\% | 1\% | - | 1\% | 1\% | 5.5 |
| FI | 1008 | - | 1\% | 3\% | 9\% | 23\% | 23\% | 26\% | 12\% | 2\% | - | 1\% | - | 6.0 |
| SE | 1007 | - | 1\% | 3\% | 7\% | 22\% | 26\% | 25\% | 11\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | 2\% | 6.1 |
| UK | 1331 | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 10\% | 31\% | 28\% | 15\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4\% | 2\% | 5.6 |

QA44.2 On this card, please select the letter that would best describe the situation of your household.

QA44.2 Sur cette carte, veuillez sélectionner la lettre qui décrit le mieux la situation de votre ménage.


| BE | 1005 | $11 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - | 6.0 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $60 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $8 \%$ | - | $1 \%$ | 4.0 |
| CZ | 1007 | $26 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.3 |
| DK | 1020 | $12 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $1 \%$ | - | 6.0 |
| DE | 1549 | $20 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.6 |
| EE | 1000 | $24 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $22 \%$ | - | $1 \%$ | 5.4 |
| IE | 1001 | $23 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $7 \%$ | - | 5.7 |
| EL | 1000 | $28 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $30 \%$ | - | - | 5.4 |
| ES | 1026 | $17 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.5 |
| FR | 1027 | $19 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $19 \%$ | - | $1 \%$ | 5.4 |
| IT | 1039 | $12 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.8 |
| CY | 508 | $21 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.4 |
| LV | 1011 | $25 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.4 |
| LT | 1023 | $26 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $28 \%$ | - | $1 \%$ | 5.4 |
| LU | 500 | $9 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.9 |
| HU | 1000 | $48 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $9 \%$ | - | $1 \%$ | 4.4 |
| MT | 500 | $16 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.8 |
| NL | 996 | $8 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $52 \%$ | - | $1 \%$ | 6.4 |
| AT | 1007 | $18 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.7 |
| PL | 1000 | $32 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 5.0 |
| PT | 1051 | $41 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 4.6 |
| RO | 1013 | $27 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.5 |
| SI | 1025 | $20 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $2 \%$ | - | 5.5 |
| SK | 1050 | $22 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.5 |
| FI | 1008 | $13 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $41 \%$ | - | - | 6.0 |
| SE | 1007 | $11 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $39 \%$ | - | $2 \%$ | 6.1 |
| UK | 1331 | $15 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.6 |

QA45.1 Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general interest if you, or people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last 12 months? Long-term care services, that is services for dependent people because of age, chronic illness or disability

QA45.1 Pourriez-vous me dire, pour chacun des services sociaux d'intérêt général suivants, si vous ou des personnes dont vous êtes proche, les utilisez, les avez utilisés ou pas utilisés au cours des 12 derniers mois
Les services de soins à long terme, qui sont des services pour les personnes dépendantes en raison de leur âge, d'une maladie chronique ou d'un handicap

|  | TOTAL | Les utilisez / Is <br> using it | Les avez utilisés au <br> cours des $\mathbf{1 2}$ <br> derniers mois / <br> Has used in the <br> last 12 months | Ne les avez pas <br> utilisés au cours <br> des 12 derniers <br> mois / Has not <br> used it in the last <br> $\mathbf{1 2 ~ m o n t h s ~}$ | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $3 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $14 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $95 \%$ | - |
| DK | 1020 | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $4 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $9 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $13 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $3 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $9 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $12 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $28 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $3 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $5 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $95 \%$ | - |
| FI | 1008 | $6 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $87 \%$ | - |
| SE | 1007 | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $88 \%$ | - |
| UK | 1331 | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

QA45.2 Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general interest if you
or people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last 12 months?
Child care services, that is services whereby under school age children are looked after by
professional staff usually during working hours

QA45.2 Pourriez-vous me dire, pour chacun des services sociaux d'interêt general suivants, si vous u des personnes dont vous êtes proche, les utilisez, les avez utilisés ou pas utilisés au cours des 12 derniers mois.
Les services de garde d'enfants, qui sont des services dans lesquels un personnel professionnel s'occupe des enfants en bas âge pendant les heures de travail

|  | TOTAL | Les utilisez / Is using it | Les avez utilisés au cours des 12 derniers mois / Has used in the last 12 months | Ne les avez pas utilisés au cours des 12 derniers mois / Has not used it in the last 12 months | $\begin{gathered} \text { NSP / } \\ \text { DK } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 7\% | 4\% | 86\% | 3\% |
| BE | 1005 | 11\% | 4\% | 83\% | 2\% |
| BG | 1015 | 1\% | 2\% | 94\% | 3\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 4\% | 3\% | 93\% | - |
| DK | 1020 | 14\% | 8\% | 77\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1549 | 10\% | 3\% | 86\% | 1\% |
| EE | 1000 | 8\% | 5\% | 84\% | 3\% |
| IE | 1001 | 5\% | 5\% | 80\% | 10\% |
| EL | 1000 | 2\% | 3\% | 95\% | - |
| ES | 1026 | 2\% | 2\% | 94\% | 2\% |
| FR | 1027 | 8\% | 5\% | 86\% | 1\% |
| IT | 1039 | 6\% | 4\% | 82\% | 8\% |
| CY | 508 | 10\% | 2\% | 83\% | 5\% |
| LV | 1011 | 10\% | 4\% | 83\% | 3\% |
| LT | 1023 | 6\% | 1\% | 89\% | 4\% |
| LU | 500 | 11\% | 7\% | 80\% | 2\% |
| HU | 1000 | 7\% | 4\% | 87\% | 2\% |
| MT | 500 | 2\% | 3\% | 92\% | 3\% |
| NL | 996 | 28\% | 11\% | 57\% | 4\% |
| AT | 1007 | 4\% | 9\% | 86\% | 1\% |
| PL | 1000 | 7\% | 3\% | 88\% | 2\% |
| PT | 1051 | 7\% | 5\% | 84\% | 4\% |
| RO | 1013 | 3\% | 8\% | 81\% | 8\% |
| SI | 1025 | 11\% | 4\% | 84\% | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 5\% | 3\% | 92\% | \% |
| FI | 1008 | 13\% | 5\% | 82\% | - |
| SE | 1007 | 18\% | 5\% | 77\% | - |
| UK | 1331 | 6\% | 3\% | 88\% | 3\% |

QA45.3 Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general interest if you, or people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last 12
months?
Public employment services, that is services to fight against unemployment by proposing
obs, traininas, etc.
QA45.3 Pourriez-vous me dire, pour chacun des services sociaux d'intérêt général suivants, si vous ou des personnes dont vous êtes proche, les utilisez, les avez utilisés ou pas utilisés
au cours des 12 derniers mois.
Les services publics pour l'emploi, qui sont destinés à lutter contre le chômage en proposant

|  |  |  | Les avez utilisés <br> au cours des 12 <br> derniers mois / <br> Has used in the <br> last 12 months | Ne les avez pas <br> utilisés au cours <br> des 12 derniers <br> mois / Has not <br> TOSAL it in the last <br> $\mathbf{1 2 ~ m o n t h s ~}$ | NSP / <br> Les utilisez / <br> Is using it |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $8 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $3 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $12 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $94 \%$ | - |
| DK | 1020 | $5 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $12 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $6 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $5 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $94 \%$ | - |
| ES | 1026 | $5 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $11 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $4 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $10 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $13 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $4 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $4 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $13 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $5 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $6 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $2 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $10 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $3 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $92 \%$ | - |
| FI | 1008 | $8 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $82 \%$ | - |
| SE | 1007 | $11 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $8 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

QA45.4 Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general interest
if you, or people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last 12
months?
Social housing services, that is accommodation for people with low to moderate incomes

QA45.4 Pourriez-vous me dire, pour chacun des services sociaux d'intérêt général suivants si vous ou des personnes dont vous êtes proche, les utilisez, les avez utilisés ou pas utilisés au cours des 12 derniers mois
Les services de logement social, qui sont destinés à fournir un logement aux personnes a faible revenu

|  | TOTAL | Les utilisez / Is <br> using it | Les avez utilisés <br> au cours des 12 <br> derniers mois / <br> Has used in the <br> last 12 months | Ne les avez pas <br> utilisés au cours <br> des 12 derniers <br> mois / Has not <br> used it in the <br> last 12 months | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $6 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $3 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $10 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | - | - | $96 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $98 \%$ | - |
| DK | 1020 | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $9 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | - | $1 \%$ | $98 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $90 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $3 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $90 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $17 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $97 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $98 \%$ | - |
| FI | 1008 | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $97 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $11 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $3 \%$ |

QA45.5 Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general
nterest if you, or people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last
2 months?
Social assistance, that is cash benefits and social welfare services provided to low-
income, unemployed or inactive people
QA45.5 Pourriez-vous me dire, pour chacun des services sociaux d'intérêt général
suivants, si vous ou des personnes dont vous êtes proche, les utilisez, les avez utilisés ou pas utilisés au cours des 12 derniers mois.
L'assistance sociale, qui est une aide en espèces et des services sociaux fournis aux
personnes à faible revenu, aux chômeurs ou aux personnes sans emploi

|  |  |  | Les avez utilisés <br> au cours des 12 <br> derniers mois / <br> Has used in the <br> last $\mathbf{1 2}$ months | Ne les avez pas <br> utilisés au cours <br> des 12 derniers <br> mois / Has not <br> used it in the last <br> $\mathbf{1 2}$ months | NSP / <br> DK |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Les utilisez / |  |  |  |  |  |
| Is using it |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1005 | $12 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BE | 1015 | $3 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $3 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CZ | 1007 | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $88 \%$ | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DK | 1020 | $5 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DE | 1549 | $13 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EE | 1000 | $6 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $2 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IE | 1001 | $17 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $9 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EL | 1000 | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ES | 1026 | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $2 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FR | 1027 | $10 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $2 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IT | 1039 | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $12 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CY | 508 | $11 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LV | 1011 | $9 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $2 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LT | 1023 | $10 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $4 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LU | 500 | $3 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $2 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HU | 1000 | $9 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $2 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MT | 500 | $14 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $3 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NL | 996 | $25 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AT | 1007 | $4 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PL | 1000 | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PT | 1051 | $14 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $4 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RO | 1013 | $2 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $11 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SI | 1025 | $7 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SK | 1050 | $6 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $89 \%$ | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FI | 1008 | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $88 \%$ | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SE | 1007 | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UK | 1331 | $18 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $3 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

QA46.1 Thinking now about the quality of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good,
fairly bad or very bad?
Long term care services

QA46.1 En pensant à la qualité des ... en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'elle est très bonne, plutôt bonne, plutôt mauvaise ou très mauvaise ?
Services de soins à long terme

|  | TOTAL | Très <br> bonne / <br> Very <br> good | Plutôt <br> bonne / <br> Fairly <br> good | Plutôt <br> mauvaise / <br> Fairly bad | Très <br> mauvaise / <br> Very bad | NSP / DK | Bonne / <br> Good | Mauvaise / <br> Bad |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE2 / EU27 | 26719 | $4 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $33 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $12 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $1 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $6 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $32 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $9 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $37 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $3 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $6 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $73 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $3 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $4 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $2 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $7 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $1 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $34 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $1 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $18 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $41 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $20 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $9 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $8 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $29 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $43 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $1 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $1 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $5 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $2 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $48 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $2 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $5 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $33 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $5 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $24 \%$ |

QA46.2 Thinking now about the quality of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad?
Childcare services
QA46.2 En pensant à la qualité des ... en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'elle est très bonne, plutôt bonne, plutôt mauvaise ou très mauvaise ?
Services de garde d'enfants


| BE | 1005 | 13\% | 63\% | 13\% | 1\% | 10\% | 76\% | 14\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 2\% | 28\% | 24\% | 6\% | 40\% | 30\% | 30\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 12\% | 60\% | 16\% | 2\% | 10\% | 72\% | 18\% |
| DK | 1020 | 16\% | 65\% | 10\% | 1\% | 8\% | 81\% | 11\% |
| DE | 1549 | 7\% | 55\% | 25\% | 3\% | 10\% | 62\% | 28\% |
| EE | 1000 | 4\% | 41\% | 16\% | 3\% | 36\% | 45\% | 19\% |
| IE | 1001 | 6\% | 36\% | 16\% | 4\% | 38\% | 42\% | 20\% |
| EL | 1000 | 4\% | 43\% | 28\% | 14\% | 11\% | 47\% | 42\% |
| ES | 1026 | 3\% | 49\% | 14\% | 2\% | 32\% | 52\% | 16\% |
| FR | 1027 | 4\% | 51\% | 18\% | 2\% | 25\% | 55\% | 20\% |
| IT | 1039 | 2\% | 43\% | 32\% | 6\% | 17\% | 45\% | 38\% |
| CY | 508 | 8\% | 53\% | 8\% | 1\% | 30\% | 61\% | 9\% |
| LV | 1011 | 2\% | 36\% | 24\% | 6\% | 32\% | 38\% | 30\% |
| LT | 1023 | 3\% | 39\% | 21\% | 2\% | 35\% | 42\% | 23\% |
| LU | 500 | 16\% | 50\% | 7\% | 1\% | 26\% | 66\% | 8\% |
| HU | 1000 | 5\% | 43\% | 26\% | 7\% | 19\% | 48\% | 33\% |
| MT | 500 | 19\% | 50\% | 5\% | 1\% | 25\% | 69\% | 6\% |
| NL | 996 | 12\% | 59\% | 9\% | 2\% | 18\% | 71\% | 11\% |
| AT | 1007 | 20\% | 57\% | 13\% | 3\% | 7\% | 77\% | 16\% |
| PL | 1000 | 2\% | 47\% | 22\% | 4\% | 25\% | 49\% | 26\% |
| PT | 1051 | 2\% | 42\% | 27\% | 6\% | 23\% | 44\% | 33\% |
| RO | 1013 | 1\% | 29\% | 27\% | 11\% | 32\% | 30\% | 38\% |
| SI | 1025 | 16\% | 53\% | 13\% | 3\% | 15\% | 69\% | 16\% |
| SK | 1050 | 9\% | 66\% | 18\% | 3\% | 4\% | 75\% | 21\% |
| FI | 1008 | 14\% | 69\% | 5\% | - | 12\% | 83\% | 5\% |
| SE | 1007 | 28\% | 56\% | 5\% | - | 11\% | 84\% | 5\% |
| UK | 1331 | 6\% | 45\% | 11\% | 2\% | 36\% | 51\% | 13\% |

QA46.3 Thinking now about the quality of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good, fairly bad
or very bad?
Public employment services

QA46.3 En pensant à la qualité des ... en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'elle est très bonne, plutôt bonne, plutôt mauvaise ou très mauvaise?
Services publics pour l'emploi

|  | TOTAL | Très bonne <br> / Very good | Plutôt <br> bonne / <br> Fairly good | Plutôt <br> mauvaise / <br> Fairly bad | Très <br> mauvaise / <br> Very bad | NSP / <br> DK | Bonne / <br> Good | Mauv <br> aise / <br> Bad |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $2 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $42 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $7 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | - | $13 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $3 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $6 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $29 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $2 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $57 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $38 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $5 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $70 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $3 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $28 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $1 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $47 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $1 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $6 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $1 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $47 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $1 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $42 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $11 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $7 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $5 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $8 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $37 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $1 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $49 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $1 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $51 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $5 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $33 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $1 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $4 \%$ | $62 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $3 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $46 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $3 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $23 \%$ |

QA46.4 Thinking now about the quality of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good fairly bad or very bad?
Social housing services

QA46.4 En pensant à la qualité des ... en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'elle est très bonne, plutôt bonne, plutôt mauvaise ou très mauvaise?
Services de logements sociaux

|  | TOTAL | Très bonne <br> /Very good | Plutôt <br> bonne / <br> Fairly good | Plutôt <br> mauvaise / <br> Fairly bad | Très <br> mauvaise / <br> Very bad | NSP / <br> DK | Bonne / <br> Good | Mauvaise <br> / Bad |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $2 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $38 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $8 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $30 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | - | $5 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $49 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $3 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $46 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $5 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $3 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $27 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $29 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $6 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $71 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $2 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $1 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $41 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $1 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $3 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | $1 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | - | $12 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $45 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $6 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $48 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $6 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $6 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $8 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $27 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $57 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $2 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | $1 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $5 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $2 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $59 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $2 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $4 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $4 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $22 \%$ |

QA46.5 Thinking now about the quality of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad?
Social assistance services

QA46.5 En pensant à la qualité des ... en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'elle est très bonne, lutôt bonne, plutôt mauvaise ou très mauvaise ?
Services d'assistance sociale

|  | TOTAL | Très bonne <br> / Very <br> good | Plutôt <br> bonne / <br> Fairly good | Plutôt <br> mauvaise / <br> Fairly bad | Très <br> mauvaise / <br> Very bad | NSP / <br> DK | Bonne / <br> Good | Mauvaise / <br> Bad |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $4 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $33 \%$ |


| BE | 1005 | $10 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $82 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | - | $13 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $55 \%$ |
| CZ | 1007 | $3 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| DK | 1020 | $9 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| DE | 1549 | $4 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| EE | 1000 | - | $33 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $38 \%$ |
| IE | 1001 | $7 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| EL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $71 \%$ |
| ES | 1026 | $3 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| FR | 1027 | $3 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| IT | 1039 | $1 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| CY | 508 | $4 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| LV | 1011 | - | $25 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $43 \%$ |
| LT | 1023 | $1 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $43 \%$ |
| LU | 500 | $10 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| HU | 1000 | $3 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| MT | 500 | $11 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $27 \%$ |
| NL | 996 | $7 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| AT | 1007 | $10 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| PL | 1000 | $1 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| PT | 1051 | $1 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $47 \%$ |
| RO | 1013 | - | $14 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| SI | 1025 | $6 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $34 \%$ |
| SK | 1050 | $1 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $57 \%$ |
| FI | 1008 | $4 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| SE | 1007 | $5 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| UK | 1331 | $5 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $19 \%$ |

QA47.1 And thinking now about the affordability of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they are ...?
Long term care services

QA47.1 Et en pensant au prix des ... en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'ils sont ...?
Services de soins à long terme


| BE | 1005 | 3\% | 47\% | 38\% | 6\% | - | 6\% | 50\% | 44\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 1\% | 7\% | 20\% | 27\% | 3\% | 42\% | 8\% | 47\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 2\% | 36\% | 39\% | 11\% | - | 12\% | 38\% | 50\% |
| DK | 1020 | 8\% | 38\% | 14\% | 3\% | 22\% | 15\% | 46\% | 17\% |
| DE | 1549 | 1\% | 20\% | 45\% | 17\% | 4\% | 13\% | 21\% | 62\% |
| EE | 1000 |  | 10\% | 31\% | 23\% | 1\% | 35\% | 10\% | 54\% |
| IE | 1001 | 1\% | 12\% | 28\% | 28\% | 3\% | 28\% | 13\% | 56\% |
| EL | 1000 | 1\% | 11\% | 35\% | 36\% | 11\% | 6\% | 12\% | 71\% |
| ES | 1026 | 2\% | 28\% | 22\% | 11\% | 5\% | 32\% | 30\% | 33\% |
| FR | 1027 | 3\% | 32\% | 28\% | 9\% | 5\% | 23\% | 35\% | 37\% |
| IT | 1039 | 2\% | 23\% | 34\% | 13\% | 3\% | 25\% | 25\% | 47\% |
| CY | 508 | 5\% | 21\% | 26\% | 16\% | 6\% | 26\% | 26\% | 42\% |
| LV | 1011 | 1\% | 18\% | 40\% | 4\% | 3\% | 34\% | 19\% | 44\% |
| LT | 1023 | 1\% | 16\% | 32\% | 7\% | 8\% | 36\% | 17\% | 39\% |
| LU | 500 | 8\% | 45\% | 21\% | 5\% | 1\% | 20\% | 53\% | 26\% |
| HU | 1000 | 1\% | 21\% | 32\% | 11\% | 9\% | 26\% | 22\% | 43\% |
| MT | 500 | 3\% | 17\% | 32\% | 21\% | 12\% | 15\% | 20\% | 53\% |
| NL | 996 | 5\% | 40\% | 35\% | 5\% | 2\% | 13\% | 45\% | 40\% |
| AT | 1007 | 4\% | 34\% | 33\% | 18\% | 1\% | 10\% | 38\% | 51\% |
| PL | 1000 | 2\% | 29\% | 34\% | 7\% | 3\% | 25\% | 31\% | 41\% |
| PT | 1051 | 1\% | 27\% | 32\% | 21\% | 3\% | 16\% | 28\% | 53\% |
| RO | 1013 | 1\% | 15\% | 36\% | 15\% | 2\% | 31\% | 16\% | 51\% |
| SI | 1025 | 2\% | 14\% | 36\% | 27\% | 2\% | 19\% | 16\% | 63\% |
| SK | 1050 | 3\% | 40\% | 45\% | 7\% | - | 5\% | 43\% | 52\% |
| FI | 1008 | 2\% | 26\% | 42\% | 14\% | - | 16\% | 28\% | 56\% |
| SE | 1007 | 7\% | 41\% | 17\% | 4\% | 1\% | 30\% | 48\% | 21\% |
| UK | 1331 | 2\% | 25\% | 32\% | 8\% | 5\% | 28\% | 27\% | 40\% |

QA47.2 Et en pensant au prix des ...en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'ils sont ...?
Services de garde d'enfants


| BE | 1005 | 3\% | 52\% | 29\% | 5\% | 1\% | 10\% | 55\% | 34\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 2\% | 16\% | 13\% | 17\% | 3\% | 49\% | 18\% | 30\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 5\% | 54\% | 24\% | 3\% | 2\% | 12\% | 59\% | 27\% |
| DK | 1020 | 4\% | 55\% | 25\% | 4\% | 1\% | 11\% | 59\% | 29\% |
| DE | 1549 | 4\% | 46\% | 32\% | 4\% | 4\% | 10\% | 50\% | 36\% |
| EE | 1000 | 2\% | 27\% | 29\% | 8\% | 1\% | 33\% | 29\% | 37\% |
| IE | 1001 | 1\% | 14\% | 31\% | 19\% | 2\% | 33\% | 15\% | 50\% |
| EL | 1000 | 2\% | 21\% | 34\% | 24\% | 10\% | 9\% | 23\% | 58\% |
| ES | 1026 | 2\% | 35\% | 22\% | 9\% | 4\% | 28\% | 37\% | 31\% |
| FR | 1027 | 1\% | 32\% | 31\% | 5\% | 2\% | 29\% | 33\% | 36\% |
| IT | 1039 | 3\% | 37\% | 32\% | 7\% | 4\% | 17\% | 40\% | 39\% |
| CY | 508 | 2\% | 26\% | 30\% | 6\% | 1\% | 35\% | 28\% | 36\% |
| LV | 1011 | 3\% | 26\% | 42\% | 4\% | 3\% | 22\% | 29\% | 46\% |
| LT | 1023 | 3\% | 32\% | 25\% | 2\% | 6\% | 32\% | 35\% | 27\% |
| LU | 500 | 9\% | 43\% | 17\% | 3\% | 1\% | 27\% | 52\% | 20\% |
| HU | 1000 | 3\% | 35\% | 24\% | 7\% | 11\% | 20\% | 38\% | 31\% |
| MT | 500 | 3\% | 22\% | 20\% | 10\% | 16\% | 29\% | 25\% | 30\% |
| NL | 996 | 5\% | 35\% | 34\% | 6\% | 1\% | 19\% | 40\% | 40\% |
| AT | 1007 | 9\% | 54\% | 24\% | 4\% | 1\% | 8\% | 63\% | 28\% |
| PL | 1000 | 4\% | 48\% | 22\% | 3\% | 4\% | 19\% | 52\% | 25\% |
| PT | 1051 | 1\% | 33\% | 30\% | 13\% | 2\% | 21\% | 34\% | 43\% |
| RO | 1013 | 2\% | 26\% | 31\% | 12\% | 2\% | 27\% | 28\% | 43\% |
| SI | 1025 | 4\% | 29\% | 36\% | 14\% | 1\% | 16\% | 33\% | 50\% |
| SK | 1050 | 9\% | 69\% | 18\% | 2\% | - | 2\% | 78\% | 20\% |
| FI | 1008 | 4\% | 45\% | 30\% | 4\% | 1\% | 16\% | 49\% | 34\% |
| SE | 1007 | 19\% | 51\% | 8\% | 1\% | - | 21\% | 70\% | 9\% |
| UK | 1331 | 2\% | 28\% | 29\% | 4\% | 4\% | 33\% | 30\% | 33\% |

QA47.3 And thinking now about the affordability of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they are ...?
Public employment services

QA47.3 Et en pensant au prix des ... en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'ils sont ... ? Services publics pour l'emploi


| BE | 1005 | 11\% | 60\% | 11\% | 1\% | 9\% | 8\% | 71\% | 12\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 1\% | 10\% | 15\% | 11\% | 10\% | 53\% | 11\% | 26\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 6\% | 42\% | 27\% | 4\% | 6\% | 15\% | 48\% | 31\% |
| DK | 1020 | 7\% | 27\% | 7\% | 1\% | 41\% | 17\% | 34\% | 8\% |
| DE | 1549 | 14\% | 35\% | 16\% | 4\% | 17\% | 14\% | 49\% | 20\% |
| EE | 1000 | 3\% | 19\% | 20\% | 7\% | 15\% | 36\% | 22\% | 27\% |
| IE | 1001 | 3\% | 19\% | 17\% | 7\% | 9\% | 45\% | 22\% | 24\% |
| EL | 1000 | 2\% | 14\% | 25\% | 18\% | 31\% | 10\% | 16\% | 43\% |
| ES | 1026 | 5\% | 34\% | 18\% | 9\% | 14\% | 20\% | 39\% | 27\% |
| FR | 1027 | 5\% | 28\% | 13\% | 1\% | 24\% | 29\% | 33\% | 14\% |
| IT | 1039 | 3\% | 31\% | 32\% | 10\% | 6\% | 18\% | 34\% | 42\% |
| CY | 508 | 3\% | 22\% | 12\% | 5\% | 11\% | 47\% | 25\% | 17\% |
| LV | 1011 | 4\% | 30\% | 39\% | 5\% | 3\% | 19\% | 34\% | 44\% |
| LT | 1023 | 3\% | 17\% | 22\% | 3\% | 13\% | 42\% | 20\% | 25\% |
| LU | 500 | 9\% | 40\% | 7\% | 1\% | 8\% | 35\% | 49\% | 8\% |
| HU | 1000 | 2\% | 19\% | 19\% | 6\% | 23\% | 31\% | 21\% | 25\% |
| MT | 500 | 2\% | 14\% | 17\% | 9\% | 22\% | 36\% | 16\% | 26\% |
| NL | 996 | 6\% | 40\% | 12\% | 1\% | 13\% | 28\% | 46\% | 13\% |
| AT | 1007 | 12\% | 50\% | 16\% | 3\% | 10\% | 9\% | 62\% | 19\% |
| PL | 1000 | 10\% | 40\% | 17\% | 2\% | 16\% | 15\% | 50\% | 19\% |
| PT | 1051 | 2\% | 28\% | 24\% | 8\% | 16\% | 22\% | 30\% | 32\% |
| RO | 1013 | 1\% | 12\% | 33\% | 19\% | 1\% | 34\% | 13\% | 52\% |
| SI | 1025 | 8\% | 15\% | 6\% | 2\% | 52\% | 17\% | 23\% | 8\% |
| SK | 1050 | 3\% | 46\% | 41\% | 5\% | - | 5\% | 49\% | 46\% |
| FI | 1008 | 22\% | 34\% | 9\% | 2\% | 17\% | 16\% | 56\% | 11\% |
| SE | 1007 | 4\% | 33\% | 17\% | 8\% | 6\% | 32\% | 37\% | 25\% |
| UK | 1331 | 4\% | 35\% | 13\% | 1\% | 13\% | 34\% | 39\% | 14\% |

QA47.4 And thinking now about the affordability of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they are ...? Social housing services

QA47.4 Et en pensant au prix des ... en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'ils sont . . ?
Services de logements sociaux

|  | TOTAL | Très abordables / Very affordable | Plutôt abordables / Fairly affordable | Pas très abordables / Not very affordable | Pas du tout abordables / Not at all affordable | Rien à payer/ Gratuits (SPONTANE) / Nothing to pay/ free (SPONTANEOUS) | NSP / DK | Abordable / Affordable | Pas abordable / Not affordable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 3\% | 34\% | 26\% | 8\% | 5\% | 24\% | 37\% | 34\% |
| BE | 1005 | 6\% | 60\% | 23\% | 2\% | 2\% | 7\% | 66\% | 25\% |
| BG | 1015 | 1\% | 6\% | 13\% | 18\% | 3\% | 59\% | 7\% | 31\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 2\% | 40\% | 32\% | 7\% | 1\% | 18\% | 42\% | 39\% |
| DK | 1020 | 6\% | 30\% | 8\% | 1\% | 37\% | 18\% | 36\% | 9\% |
| DE | 1549 | 4\% | 55\% | 20\% | 2\% | 6\% | 13\% | 59\% | 22\% |
| EE | 1000 | 1\% | 22\% | 20\% | 8\% | 1\% | 48\% | 23\% | 28\% |
| IE | 1001 | 3\% | 30\% | 16\% | 8\% | 4\% | 39\% | 33\% | 24\% |
| EL | 1000 | 1\% | 12\% | 27\% | 23\% | 21\% | 16\% | 13\% | 50\% |
| ES | 1026 | 2\% | 26\% | 28\% | 14\% | 4\% | 26\% | 28\% | 42\% |
| FR | 1027 | 3\% | 33\% | 21\% | 3\% | 10\% | 30\% | 36\% | 24\% |
| IT | 1039 | 1\% | 20\% | 39\% | 18\% | 3\% | 19\% | 21\% | 57\% |
| CY | 508 | 1\% | 21\% | 14\% | 6\% | 8\% | 50\% | 22\% | 20\% |
| LV | 1011 | 1\% | 15\% | 42\% | 7\% | 3\% | 32\% | 16\% | 49\% |
| LT | 1023 | 1\% | 16\% | 27\% | 8\% | 9\% | 39\% | 17\% | 35\% |
| LU | 500 | 5\% | 33\% | 13\% | 3\% | 7\% | 39\% | 38\% | 16\% |
| HU | 1000 | 2\% | 34\% | 22\% | 7\% | 7\% | 28\% | 36\% | 29\% |
| MT | 500 | 2\% | 12\% | 19\% | 12\% | 20\% | 35\% | 14\% | 31\% |
| NL | 996 | 7\% | 49\% | 23\% | 3\% | 2\% | 16\% | 56\% | 26\% |
| AT | 1007 | 7\% | 57\% | 20\% | 3\% | 2\% | 11\% | 64\% | 23\% |
| PL | 1000 | 2\% | 22\% | 37\% | 13\% | 3\% | 23\% | 24\% | 50\% |
| PT | 1051 | 2\% | 29\% | 31\% | 11\% | 2\% | 25\% | 31\% | 42\% |
| RO | 1013 | 1\% | 9\% | 32\% | 24\% | 1\% | 33\% | 10\% | 56\% |
| SI | 1025 | 3\% | 27\% | 25\% | 14\% | 4\% | 27\% | 30\% | 39\% |
| SK | 1050 | 1\% | 30\% | 53\% | 12\% | - | 4\% | 31\% | 65\% |
| FI | 1008 | 4\% | 42\% | 25\% | 2\% | 2\% | 25\% | 46\% | 27\% |
| SE | 1007 | 3\% | 37\% | 10\% | 4\% | 1\% | 45\% | 40\% | 14\% |
| UK | 1331 | 3\% | 40\% | 18\% | 2\% | 6\% | 31\% | 43\% | 20\% |

QA47.5 And thinking now about the affordability of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they are ...?
Social assistance services

QA47.5 Et en pensant au prix des ...en (NOTRE PAYS), diriez-vous qu'ils sont ...?
Services d'assistance sociale


| BE | 1005 | 8\% | 68\% | 11\% | 1\% | 6\% | 6\% | 76\% | 12\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 1\% | 7\% | 15\% | 15\% | 12\% | 50\% | 8\% | 30\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 3\% | 43\% | 31\% | 6\% | 3\% | 14\% | 46\% | 37\% |
| DK | 1020 | 7\% | 28\% | 8\% | 2\% | 39\% | 16\% | 35\% | 10\% |
| DE | 1549 | 4\% | 40\% | 26\% | 3\% | 11\% | 16\% | 44\% | 29\% |
| EE | 1000 | 1\% | 20\% | 27\% | 8\% | 7\% | 37\% | 21\% | 35\% |
| IE | 1001 | 3\% | 25\% | 16\% | 8\% | 8\% | 40\% | 28\% | 24\% |
| EL | 1000 | 2\% | 12\% | 27\% | 18\% | 32\% | 9\% | 14\% | 45\% |
| ES | 1026 | 3\% | 38\% | 19\% | 8\% | 9\% | 23\% | 41\% | 27\% |
| FR | 1027 | 4\% | 36\% | 13\% | 2\% | 17\% | 28\% | 40\% | 15\% |
| IT | 1039 | 3\% | 32\% | 32\% | 9\% | 5\% | 19\% | 35\% | 41\% |
| CY | 508 | 2\% | 24\% | 16\% | 4\% | 13\% | 41\% | 26\% | 20\% |
| LV | 1011 | 2\% | 24\% | 44\% | 4\% | 2\% | 24\% | 26\% | 48\% |
| LT | 1023 | 1\% | 19\% | 26\% | 5\% | 12\% | 37\% | 20\% | 31\% |
| LU | 500 | 7\% | 36\% | 7\% | 2\% | 9\% | 39\% | 43\% | 9\% |
| HU | 1000 | 1\% | 21\% | 20\% | 7\% | 25\% | 26\% | 22\% | 27\% |
| MT | 500 | 2\% | 16\% | 19\% | 17\% | 18\% | 28\% | 18\% | 36\% |
| NL | 996 | 5\% | 51\% | 16\% | 1\% | 8\% | 19\% | 56\% | 17\% |
| AT | 1007 | 6\% | 50\% | 21\% | 3\% | 8\% | 12\% | 56\% | 24\% |
| PL | 1000 | 4\% | 38\% | 24\% | 5\% | 12\% | 17\% | 42\% | 29\% |
| PT | 1051 | 1\% | 32\% | 27\% | 9\% | 12\% | 19\% | 33\% | 36\% |
| RO | 1013 | 1\% | 14\% | 34\% | 16\% | 2\% | 33\% | 15\% | 50\% |
| SI | 1025 | 6\% | 20\% | 14\% | 6\% | 37\% | 17\% | 26\% | 20\% |
| SK | 1050 | 2\% | 41\% | 46\% | 7\% | - | 4\% | 43\% | 53\% |
| FI | 1008 | 8\% | 43\% | 21\% | 2\% | 6\% | 20\% | 51\% | 23\% |
| SE | 1007 | 4\% | 46\% | 14\% | 5\% | 2\% | 29\% | 50\% | 19\% |
| UK | 1331 | 3\% | 37\% | 17\% | 1\% | 10\% | 32\% | 40\% | 18\% |

A48a Imaginons qu'un père ou une mère âgé(e) qui habite seul(e) ne peut plus vivre sans une aide reguliere, a cause de son etat de sante physique ou mentale. A

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{6} \\ & \stackrel{0}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \bar{y} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 吕 } \\ & \frac{0}{n} \\ & \text { n } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 30\% | 24\% | 27\% | 13 |  | 4\% |  | 2\% |


| BE | 1005 | 16\% | 25\% | 35\% | 19\% | . | 5\% | . |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 47\% | 35\% | 9\% | 7\% | - | 1\% | - | 1\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 38\% | 30\% | 13\% | 19\% | . |  | . |  |
| DK | 1020 | 4\% | 12\% | 48\% | 35\% |  | 1\% |  |  |
| DE | 1549 | 26\% | 28\% | 25\% | 14\% | - | 6\% | . | 1\% |
| EE | 1000 | 31\% | 36\% | 13\% | 9\% | - | 9\% |  | 2\% |
| E | 1001 | 23\% | 23\% | 26\% | 10\% |  | 10\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| EL | 1000 | 33\% | 48\% | 15\% | 3\% |  | 1\% |  |  |
| ES | 1026 | 51\% | 16\% | 13\% | 12\% | 1\% | 4\% | - | 3\% |
| FR | 1027 | 18\% | 17\% | 44\% | 17\% |  | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| IT | 1039 | 30\% | 19\% | 34\% | 9\% |  | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| CY | 508 | 26\% | 40\% | 28\% | 4\% | 1\% |  |  | 1\% |
| LV | 1011 | 41\% | 28\% | 13\% | 10\% |  | 7\% |  | 1\% |
| LT | 1023 | 47\% | 28\% | 10\% | 11\% |  | 2\% |  | 2\% |
| LU | 500 | 28\% | 23\% | 30\% | 15\% | - | 3\% | - | 1\% |
| HU | 1000 | 34\% | 37\% | 14\% | 10\% |  | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| MT | 500 | 26\% | 24\% | 24\% | 22\% | 1\% | 3\% |  |  |
| NL | 996 | $4 \%$ | 20\% | 53\% | 19\% |  | 3\% |  | 1\% |
| AT | 1007 | 22\% | 27\% | 31\% | 12\% | . | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| PL | 1000 | 50\% | 27\% | 9\% | 7\% |  | 4\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| PT | 1051 | 42\% | 21\% | 22\% | 10\% |  | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| RO | 1013 | 54\% | 23\% | 11\% | 7\% | 1\% | 1\% |  | 3\% |
| S1 | 1025 | 31\% | 13\% | 16\% | 34\% | 1\% | 4\% | . | 1\% |
| SK | 1050 | 39\% | 30\% | 17\% | 13\% |  | 1\% | - |  |
| F | 1008 | 8\% | 26\% | 45\% | 18\% |  | 3\% | - | - |
| SE | 1007 | 5\% | 11\% | 55\% | 27\% | 1\% | 1\% |  |  |
| UK | 1331 | 19\% | 30\% | 32\% | 10\% |  | 6\% | 1\% | 2\% |

QA48b I magine an elderly father or mother who lives alone and can no longer manage to live without regular help because of her or his physical or mental health condition? In your opinion, what would be the best option for people in this situation? And secondly?

QA48b Imaginons qu'un père ou une mère âgé(e) qui habite seul(e) ne peut plus vivre sans une aide régulière, à cause de son état de santé physique ou mentale. A votre avis, quelle serait la meilleure option pour une personne dans ce cas ? Et en deuxième ?

|  | TOTAL | I ls devraient vivre avec un de leurs enfants / They should live with one of their children | L'un de leurs enfants devrait régulièrement leur rendre visite pour fournir les soins nécessaires/ One of their children should regularly visit their home, in order to provide them with the necessary care | Des services d'aide publics ou privés devraient se rendre chez eux pour leur fournir l'aide et les soins appropriés / Public or private service providers should visit their home and provide them with appropriate help and | Ils devraient aller vivre dans une maison de repos ou un foyer pour personnes âgées / They should move to a nursing home or sheltered housing | Autre (SPONTANE) / Other (SPONTANEOUS) | Cela dépend (SPONTANE)/ It depends (SPONTANEOUS) | Aucune (SPONTANE) <br> / None (SPONTANEOUS) | NSP / DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26189 | 14\% | 33\% | 26\% | 20\% | - | 4\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| BE | 998 | 10\% | 29\% | 28\% | 25\% | 1\% | 5\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| BG | 1002 | 15\% | 34\% | 29\% | 19\% | - | 1\% |  | 2\% |
| CZ | 1005 | 19\% | 37\% | 25\% | 19\% | - |  | - |  |
| DK | 1016 | 4\% | 16\% | 37\% | 39\% |  | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| DE | 1530 | 15\% | 31\% | 29\% | 18\% | 1\% | 5\% | 1\% | - |
| EE | 978 | 20\% | 32\% | 22\% | 11\% |  | 3\% |  | 12\% |
| IE | 923 | 13\% | 32\% | 25\% | 14\% | 1\% | 3\% | 1\% | 11\% |
| EL | 1000 | 14\% | 34\% | 40\% | 9\% |  | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| ES | 993 | 13\% | 32\% | 22\% | 24\% | 1\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| FR | 1008 | 10\% | 30\% | 26\% | 26\% |  | 2\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| IT | 1018 | 15\% | 34\% | 24\% | 16\% | 1\% | 4\% | 4\% | 2\% |
| CY | 505 | 9\% | 32\% | 40\% | 17\% | 1\% |  |  | 1\% |
| LV | 1002 | 19\% | 36\% | 21\% | 10\% |  | 6\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| LT | 1003 | 21\% | 42\% | 17\% | 14\% | 1\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| LU | 495 | 8\% | 23\% | 28\% | 33\% | 1\% | 2\% |  | 5\% |
| HU | 986 | 23\% | 35\% | 19\% | 17\% | - | 3\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| MT | 499 | 12\% | 17\% | 27\% | 32\% | - | 5\% | 1\% | 6\% |
| NL | 985 | 6\% | 31\% | 29\% | 28\% | 1\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| AT | 994 | 12\% | 29\% | 29\% | 22\% | 1\% | 6\% | 1\% |  |
| PL | 972 | 18\% | 48\% | 17\% | 8\% | - | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% |
| PT | 1027 | 13\% | 29\% | 33\% | 20\% | - | 3\% | - | 2\% |
| RO | 979 | 14\% | 36\% | 26\% | 17\% |  | 2\% |  | 5\% |
| SI | 1012 | 11\% | 23\% | 31\% | 26\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 3\% |
| SK | 1050 | 20\% | 37\% | 25\% | 17\% | 1\% |  |  |  |
| FI | 1007 | 5\% | 23\% | 33\% | 33\% |  | 2\% |  | 4\% |
| SE | 1002 | 3\% | 16\% | 33\% | 44\% | . | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| UK | 1293 | 12\% | 31\% | 29\% | 18\% | - | 8\% | 1\% | 1\% |

QA48T Meilleure option pour un parent habitant seul et ayant besoin d'une aide régulière ? - TOTAL


QA49 Les gardes d＇enfants de 0 à 3 ans peuvent être organisées de différentes façons，en combinant plusieurs options ou en n＇en choisissant qu＇une seule．A votre avis，quelle est la meilleure manière d＇organiser les gardes des enfants de 0 à 3 ans？（PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES）

|  | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{a}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27／EU27 | 26719 | 44\％ | 12\％ | 16\％ | 33\％ | 7\％ | 39\％ | 23\％ | 1\％ | 0\％ | 5\％ |
| BE | 1005 | 53\％ | 14\％ | 31\％ | 25\％ | 9\％ | 32\％ | 35\％ | 1\％ | 1\％ | 3\％ |
| BG | 1015 | 54\％ | 13\％ | 7\％ | 49\％ | 4\％ | 42\％ | 27\％ | － | 0\％ | 3\％ |
| CZ | 1007 | 24\％ | 8\％ | 8\％ | 68\％ | 8\％ | 37\％ | 20\％ | － | － | 1\％ |
| DK | 1020 | 71\％ | 18\％ | 60\％ | 16\％ | 3\％ | 28\％ | 10\％ | － | 0\％ | 3\％ |
| DE | 1549 | 34\％ | 9\％ | 12\％ | 38\％ | 7\％ | 49\％ | 20\％ | 0\％ | 0\％ | 3\％ |
| EE | 1000 | 16\％ | 6\％ | 5\％ | 42\％ | 8\％ | 60\％ | 23\％ | 0\％ | － | 5\％ |
| IE | 1001 | 37\％ | 14\％ | 25\％ | 46\％ | 20\％ | 27\％ | 26\％ | 1\％ | 0\％ | 15\％ |
| EL | 1000 | 55\％ | 13\％ | 11\％ | 44\％ | 5\％ | 40\％ | 34\％ | 0\％ | － | 1\％ |
| ES | 1026 | 57\％ | 7\％ | 11\％ | 22\％ | 11\％ | 53\％ | 26\％ | 1\％ | 0\％ | 4\％ |
| FR | 1027 | 59\％ | 15\％ | 39\％ | 21\％ | 5\％ | 22\％ | 18\％ | 1\％ | 1\％ | 5\％ |
| IT | 1039 | 51\％ | 15\％ | 12\％ | 35\％ | 5\％ | 25\％ | 24\％ | 1\％ | 1\％ | 4\％ |
| CY | 508 | 60\％ | 10\％ | 15\％ | 58\％ | 16\％ | 48\％ | 52\％ | 1\％ | － | 2\％ |
| LV | 1011 | 23\％ | 6\％ | 4\％ | 37\％ | 3\％ | 49\％ | 16\％ | － | － | 4\％ |
| LT | 1023 | 12\％ | 8\％ | 2\％ | 57\％ | 14\％ | 39\％ | 13\％ | 0\％ | 0\％ | 7\％ |
| LU | 500 | 47\％ | 11\％ | 16\％ | 47\％ | 20\％ | 46\％ | 46\％ | 0\％ | － | 2\％ |
| HU | 1000 | 22\％ | 7\％ | 4\％ | 55\％ | 3\％ | 42\％ | 20\％ | 0\％ | 1\％ | 2\％ |
| MT | 500 | 44\％ | 4\％ | 11\％ | 34\％ | 10\％ | 74\％ | 29\％ | 0\％ | － | 4\％ |
| NL | 996 | 47\％ | 18\％ | 21\％ | 18\％ | 7\％ | 52\％ | 34\％ | 1\％ | 0\％ | 4\％ |
| AT | 1007 | 28\％ | 12\％ | 17\％ | 53\％ | 12\％ | 48\％ | $32 \%$ | 0\％ | 0\％ | 2\％ |
| PL | 1000 | 46\％ | 14\％ | 5\％ | 37\％ | 7\％ | 37\％ | 22\％ | 1\％ | 0\％ | 5\％ |
| PT | 1051 | 52\％ | 9\％ | 8\％ | 26\％ | 3\％ | 24\％ | 17\％ | － | 0\％ | 2\％ |
| RO | 1013 | 47\％ | 18\％ | 15\％ | 35\％ | 5\％ | 44\％ | 26\％ | 1\％ | － | 5\％ |
| SI | 1025 | 56\％ | 6\％ | 8\％ | 30\％ | 12\％ | 38\％ | 35\％ | 0\％ | 0\％ | 1\％ |
| SK | 1050 | 29\％ | 13\％ | 9\％ | 59\％ | 9\％ | 40\％ | 23\％ | － | － | 0\％ |
| FI | 1008 | 32\％ | 3\％ | 30\％ | 37\％ | 9\％ | 55\％ | 13\％ | 1\％ | 0\％ | 1\％ |
| SE | 1007 | 67\％ | 16\％ | 16\％ | 12\％ | 4\％ | 56\％ | 15\％ | 0\％ | 0\％ | 3\％ |
| UK | 1331 | 30\％ | 7\％ | 14\％ | 27\％ | 8\％ | 40\％ | 20\％ | 1\％ | 1\％ | 13\％ | aged 3-6? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

QA50 Les gardes d'enfants de 3 à 6 ans peuvent être organisées de différentes façons, en combinant plusieurs options ou en n'en choisissant qu'une seule. A votre avis, quelle est la meilleure manière d'organiser les gardes des enfants de 3 à 6 ans? (PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)


QA51 Do you think that having access to pre-school education before primary school is ...?

QA51 Pensez-vous que pouvoir aller à l'école maternelle, avant l'école primaire est ...?


QA52 Selon vous, parmi les suivants, quels groupes devraient obtenir une assistance sociale en priorité ? (PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)


QA53 Selon vous, quels groupes parmi les suivants devraient obtenir des logements sociaux en priorité ? (PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)


QA54 Selon vous, à peu près quel pourcentage des revenus totaux d'un ménage est-il raisonnable de payer pour la prise en charge de ses parents ?

|  | TOTAL | 0 \% | De 1 à $19 \% /$ From 1 to 19 \% | De 20 \% à 29 \% / From 20 to 29 \% | De $30 \%$ à 49 \% / From 30 to 49 \% | $50 \%$ et plus / 50 \% and more | Refus / Refusal | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 9\% | 26\% | 15\% | 9\% | 4\% | 3\% | 34\% | 17.6 |
| BE | 1005 | 13\% | 40\% | 17\% | 8\% | 5\% | 2\% | 15\% | 16.2 |
| BG | 1015 | 1\% | 19\% | 20\% | 18\% | 5\% | 1\% | 36\% | 23.6 |
| CZ | 1007 | 8\% | 39\% | 12\% | 4\% | 1\% | 3\% | 33\% | 11.9 |
| DK | 1020 | 41\% | 28\% | 4\% | 2\% | 1\% | 4\% | 20\% | 5.2 |
| DE | 1549 | 10\% | 26\% | 15\% | 10\% | 6\% | 4\% | 29\% | 18.5 |
| EE | 1000 | 8\% | 28\% | 19\% | 10\% | 3\% | 3\% | 29\% | 17.4 |
| IE | 1001 | 9\% | 29\% | 8\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 48\% | 12.0 |
| EL | 1000 | 7\% | 39\% | 24\% | 9\% | 3\% | 1\% | 17\% | 16.4 |
| ES | 1026 | 7\% | 34\% | 19\% | 8\% | 3\% | 1\% | 28\% | 16.5 |
| FR | 1027 | 5\% | 29\% | 17\% | 8\% | 4\% | 1\% | 36\% | 19.8 |
| IT | 1039 | 3\% | 21\% | 16\% | 13\% | 4\% | 4\% | 39\% | 22.0 |
| CY | 508 | 7\% | 42\% | 14\% | 5\% | 2\% | 2\% | 28\% | 13.4 |
| LV | 1011 | 7\% | 19\% | 18\% | 13\% | 6\% | 3\% | 34\% | 22.3 |
| LT | 1023 | 7\% | 25\% | 16\% | 12\% | 5\% | 1\% | 34\% | 18.7 |
| LU | 500 | 2\% | 25\% | 16\% | 9\% | 4\% | 1\% | 43\% | 19.4 |
| HU | 1000 | 2\% | 32\% | 21\% | 14\% | 5\% | 3\% | 23\% | 20.4 |
| MT | 500 | 21\% | 15\% | 8\% | 3\% | 7\% | 1\% | 45\% | 16.8 |
| NL | 996 | 20\% | 43\% | 7\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 25\% | 8.4 |
| AT | 1007 | 9\% | 31\% | 17\% | 11\% | 4\% | 7\% | 21\% | 17.9 |
| PL | 1000 | 16\% | 13\% | 13\% | 11\% | 5\% | 2\% | 40\% | 18.3 |
| PT | 1051 | 2\% | 18\% | 11\% | 9\% | 4\% | 2\% | 54\% | 21.6 |
| RO | 1013 | 2\% | 19\% | 14\% | 15\% | 7\% | - | 43\% | 24.3 |
| SI | 1025 | 9\% | 33\% | 16\% | 11\% | 2\% | 5\% | 24\% | 15.5 |
| SK | 1050 | 7\% | 28\% | 13\% | 10\% | 6\% | 2\% | 34\% | 19.6 |
| FI | 1008 | 22\% | 41\% | 11\% | 4\% | 3\% | - | 19\% | 12.0 |
| SE | 1007 | 23\% | 39\% | 9\% | 1\% | 2\% | 1\% | 25\% | 8.7 |
| UK | 1331 | 12\% | 23\% | 13\% | 4\% | 3\% | 4\% | 41\% | 14.9 |

QA55 Et à peu près quel pourcentage des revenus totaux d'un ménage pensez-vous qu'il soit raisonnable de payer pour la prise en charge de ses enfants ?

|  | TOTAL | 0 \% | De 1 à $19 \% /$ From 1 to 19 \% | De 20 \% à 29 \% / From 20 to 29 \% | De $30 \%$ à 49 \% / From 30 to 49 \% | 50 \% et plus / 50 \% and more | Refus / Refusal | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 5\% | 18\% | 13\% | 17\% | 14\% | 2\% | 31\% | 27.7 |
| BE | 1005 | 5\% | 27\% | 19\% | 18\% | 16\% | 1\% | 14\% | 26.1 |
| BG | 1015 | 1\% | 2\% | 8\% | 31\% | 33\% | 1\% | 24\% | 42.2 |
| CZ | 1007 | 5\% | 35\% | 13\% | 9\% | 3\% | 4\% | 31\% | 15.9 |
| DK | 1020 | 11\% | 56\% | 4\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 24\% | 7.2 |
| DE | 1549 | 6\% | 24\% | 15\% | 14\% | 11\% | 4\% | 26\% | 23.9 |
| EE | 1000 | 4\% | 29\% | 14\% | 12\% | 10\% | 2\% | 29\% | 22.3 |
| IE | 1001 | 6\% | 24\% | 10\% | 7\% | 3\% | 2\% | 48\% | 17.9 |
| EL | 1000 | 6\% | 16\% | 14\% | 30\% | 19\% | 1\% | 14\% | 30.8 |
| ES | 1026 | 6\% | 26\% | 18\% | 17\% | 4\% | 2\% | 27\% | 20.4 |
| FR | 1027 | 1\% | 10\% | 18\% | 24\% | 16\% | 1\% | 30\% | 32.7 |
| IT | 1039 | 1\% | 4\% | 5\% | 26\% | 28\% | 3\% | 33\% | 42.8 |
| CY | 508 | 3\% | 18\% | 8\% | 18\% | 26\% | 1\% | 26\% | 34.3 |
| LV | 1011 | 4\% | 18\% | 16\% | 16\% | 10\% | 2\% | 34\% | 26.0 |
| LT | 1023 | 4\% | 26\% | 14\% | 13\% | 6\% | 2\% | 35\% | 20.1 |
| LU | 500 | 1\% | 16\% | 16\% | 17\% | 14\% | 1\% | 35\% | 30.4 |
| HU | 1000 | - | 9\% | 16\% | 32\% | 24\% | 2\% | 17\% | 36.5 |
| MT | 500 | 17\% | 12\% | 4\% | 6\% | 18\% | 1\% | 42\% | 31.4 |
| NL | 996 | 9\% | 29\% | 17\% | 11\% | 4\% | 1\% | 29\% | 17.6 |
| AT | 1007 | 6\% | 25\% | 18\% | 19\% | 7\% | 6\% | 19\% | 22.3 |
| PL | 1000 | 11\% | 9\% | 10\% | 17\% | 14\% | 2\% | 37\% | 27.4 |
| PT | 1051 | 1\% | 13\% | 15\% | 11\% | 4\% | 2\% | 54\% | 24.2 |
| RO | 1013 | 2\% | 7\% | 11\% | 20\% | 23\% | - | 37\% | 37.2 |
| SI | 1025 | 4\% | 45\% | 15\% | 6\% | 2\% | 4\% | 24\% | 14.7 |
| SK | 1050 | 2\% | 29\% | 12\% | 14\% | 10\% | 2\% | 31\% | 24.6 |
| FI | 1008 | 4\% | 49\% | 14\% | 8\% | 4\% | , | 21\% | 15.9 |
| SE | 1007 | 9\% | 45\% | 11\% | 5\% | 4\% | 1\% | 25\% | 13.6 |
| UK | 1331 | 6\% | 16\% | 14\% | 10\% | 11\% | 4\% | 39\% | 26.1 |

QA56.1 When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing ... outside your family circle?
Long-term care services

QA56.1 En termes de services sociaux, selon vous, qui devrait être principalement responsable de la fourniture de ...en dehors du cercle familial ?

|  | TOTAL | Le secteur public au niveau national / The public sector at national level | Le secteur public au niveau régional ou local / The public sector at regional or local level | Le secteur privé (les entreprises privées) / The private sector (private firms) | Les ONGs, les organisations caritatives / <br> NGOs, charities | NSP / DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| BE | 1005 | 51\% | 41\% | 4\% | 1\% | 3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 62\% | 29\% | - | 2\% | 7\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 35\% | 50\% | 4\% | 8\% | 3\% |
| DK | 1020 | 20\% | 74\% | 3\% | - | 3\% |
| DE | 1549 | 35\% | 44\% | 7\% | 10\% | 4\% |
| EE | 1000 | 30\% | 60\% | 1\% | 2\% | 7\% |
| IE | 1001 | 38\% | 34\% | 4\% | - | 24\% |
| EL | 1000 | 75\% | 24\% | - | - | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 52\% | 38\% | 2\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| FR | 1027 | 51\% | 39\% | 2\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| IT | 1039 | 36\% | 52\% | 3\% | 2\% | 7\% |
| CY | 508 | 76\% | 18\% | 2\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| LV | 1011 | 43\% | 43\% | 3\% | 2\% | 9\% |
| LT | 1023 | 36\% | 43\% | 2\% | 4\% | 15\% |
| LU | 500 | 65\% | 20\% | 3\% | 4\% | 8\% |
| HU | 1000 | 44\% | 44\% | 2\% | 6\% | 4\% |
| MT | 500 | 87\% | 7\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| NL | 996 | 52\% | 38\% | 5\% | 1\% | 4\% |
| AT | 1007 | 39\% | 38\% | 2\% | 18\% | 3\% |
| PL | 1000 | 28\% | 55\% | 2\% | 6\% | 9\% |
| PT | 1051 | 63\% | 29\% | 2\% | - | 6\% |
| RO | 1013 | 43\% | 31\% | 4\% | 3\% | 19\% |
| SI | 1025 | 39\% | 52\% | 3\% | 2\% | 4\% |
| SK | 1050 | 45\% | 43\% | 5\% | 5\% | 2\% |
| FI | 1008 | 30\% | 64\% | 3\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| SE | 1007 | 27\% | 69\% | 2\% |  | 2\% |
| UK | 1331 | 35\% | 52\% | 2\% | 1\% | 10\% |

QA56.2 When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing .
outside your family circle?
Childcare services

QA56.2 En termes de services sociaux, selon vous, qui devrait être principalement responsable de la fourniture de ...en dehors du cercle familial ?
Services de garde d'enfants

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

QA56.3 When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing .. outside your family circle?
Public employment services

QA56.3 En termes de services sociaux, selon vous, qui devrait être principalement responsable de la fourniture de $\ldots$...en dehors du cercle familial
Services public pour l'emploi

|  | TOTAL | Le secteur public au niveau national / The public sector at national level | Le secteur public au niveau régional ou local / The public sector at regional or local level | Le secteur privé (les entreprises privées) / The private sector (private firms) | Les ONGs, les organisations caritatives / NGOs, charities | NSP / DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 45\% | 43\% | 4\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| BE | 1005 | 51\% | 41\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| BG | 1015 | 47\% | 38\% | 6\% |  | 9\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 45\% | 44\% | 4\% | 2\% | 5\% |
| DK | 1020 | 30\% | 60\% | 5\% | - | 5\% |
| DE | 1549 | 47\% | 43\% | 5\% | 1\% | 4\% |
| EE | 1000 | 53\% | 38\% | 1\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| IE | 1001 | 37\% | 36\% | 2\% | 1\% | 24\% |
| EL | 1000 | 71\% | 27\% | 1\% | - | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 60\% | 31\% | 3\% | 1\% | 5\% |
| FR | 1027 | 46\% | 40\% | 6\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| IT | 1039 | 35\% | 53\% | 4\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| CY | 508 | 84\% | 12\% | 1\% |  | 3\% |
| LV | 1011 | 54\% | 37\% | 1\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| LT | 1023 | 44\% | 39\% | 2\% | 1\% | 14\% |
| LU | 500 | 63\% | 22\% | 5\% | 1\% | 9\% |
| HU | 1000 | 62\% | 28\% | 1\% | 1\% | 8\% |
| MT | 500 | 77\% | 11\% | 3\% | - | 9\% |
| NL | 996 | 46\% | 43\% | 5\% | - | 6\% |
| AT | 1007 | 52\% | 39\% | 4\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| PL | 1000 | 29\% | 59\% | 2\% | 2\% | 8\% |
| PT | 1051 | 63\% | 28\% | 2\% | - | 7\% |
| RO | 1013 | 37\% | 35\% | 7\% | 1\% | 20\% |
| SI | 1025 | 64\% | 32\% | 1\% | - | 3\% |
| SK | 1050 | 55\% | 38\% | 4\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| FI | 1008 | 51\% | 44\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| SE | 1007 | 53\% | 39\% | 5\% | - | 3\% |
| UK | 1331 | 41\% | 45\% | 2\% | 1\% | 11\% |

QA56.4 When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing ... outside your family circle?
Social housing services

QA56.4 En termes de services sociaux, selon vous, qui devrait être principalement responsable de la fourniture de ... en dehors du cercle familial?
Services de logement social


QA56.5 When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing . outside your family circle?
Social assistance services

QA56.5 En termes de services sociaux, selon vous, qui devrait être principalement responsable de la fourniture de en dehors du cercle familial ?
Services d'assistance sociale

|  | TOTAL | Le secteur public au niveau national / The public sector at national level | Le secteur public au niveau régional ou local / The public sector at regional or local level | Le secteur privé (les entreprises privées) / The private sector (private firms) | Les ONGs, les organisations caritatives / NGOs, charities | NSP / DK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 41\% | 49\% | 2\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| BE | 1005 | 41\% | 52\% | 3\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| BG | 1015 | 47\% | 44\% | - | 2\% | 7\% |
| CZ | 1007 | 40\% | 48\% | 3\% | 6\% | 3\% |
| DK | 1020 | 27\% | 69\% | 1\% | - | 3\% |
| DE | 1549 | 47\% | 47\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| EE | 1000 | 31\% | 61\% | - | 2\% | 6\% |
| IE | 1001 | 37\% | 38\% | 2\% | - | 23\% |
| EL | 1000 | 69\% | 28\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| ES | 1026 | 52\% | 40\% | 2\% | 1\% | 5\% |
| FR | 1027 | 37\% | 53\% | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% |
| IT | 1039 | 35\% | 55\% | 2\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| CY | 508 | 87\% | 11\% | - | - | 2\% |
| LV | 1011 | 40\% | 50\% | 2\% | 2\% | 6\% |
| LT | 1023 | 38\% | 46\% | 1\% | 3\% | 12\% |
| LU | 500 | 62\% | 25\% | 1\% | 3\% | 9\% |
| HU | 1000 | 48\% | 46\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4\% |
| MT | 500 | 87\% | 8\% | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| NL | 996 | 40\% | 52\% | 3\% | 1\% | 4\% |
| AT | 1007 | 48\% | 34\% | 1\% | 15\% | 2\% |
| PL | 1000 | 28\% | 61\% | 1\% | 3\% | 7\% |
| PT | 1051 | 59\% | 32\% | 1\% | 1\% | 7\% |
| RO | 1013 | 34\% | 38\% | 4\% | 6\% | 18\% |
| SI | 1025 | 51\% | 44\% | - | 2\% | 3\% |
| SK | 1050 | 51\% | 41\% | 3\% | 3\% | 2\% |
| FI | 1008 | 31\% | 65\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| SE | 1007 | 31\% | 66\% |  | 1\% | 2\% |
| UK | 1331 | 38\% | 50\% | 1\% | 1\% | 10\% |

QA57.1 In general, how would you rate the quality of each of the following PUBLIC services in (OUR COUNTRY)? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 , where ' 1 ' means "very bad" and ' 10 ' means "very good".
Health services

QA57.1 D'une manière générale, quelle note donneriez-vous à la qualité de chacun des services PUBLICS suivants en (NOTRE PAYS) ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 ' signifie que leur qualité est "très faible" et '10' signifie que leur qualité est "très bonne".
Les services de santé

|  | TOTAL | 1 Qualité très faible / 1 Very bad | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 Qualité très bonne / 10 Very good | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 5\% | 4\% | 7\% | 9\% | 17\% | 15\% | 20\% | 15\% | 4\% | 3\% | 1\% | 5.8 |


| BE | 1005 | - | - | - | 2\% | 10\% | 12\% | 29\% | 33\% | 9\% | 5\% | - | 7.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 14\% | 17\% | 21\% | 17\% | 14\% | 7\% | 3\% | 2\% | - | 1\% | 4\% | 3.5 |
| CZ | 1007 | 4\% | 1\% | 6\% | 11\% | 19\% | 11\% | 20\% | 18\% | 5\% | 5\% | - | 6.1 |
| DK | 1020 | 1\% | 1\% | 4\% | 6\% | 12\% | 14\% | 26\% | 22\% | 9\% | 4\% | 1\% | 6.7 |
| DE | 1549 | 3\% | 3\% | 9\% | 11\% | 19\% | 14\% | 18\% | 16\% | 4\% | 2\% | 1\% | 5.7 |
| EE | 1000 | 3\% | 4\% | 9\% | 14\% | 22\% | 15\% | 13\% | 12\% | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% | 5.5 |
| IE | 1001 | 12\% | 7\% | 8\% | 9\% | 17\% | 16\% | 14\% | 6\% | 2\% | 3\% | 6\% | 4.9 |
| EL | 1000 | 16\% | 14\% | 15\% | 14\% | 19\% | 11\% | 6\% | 4\% | 1\% | - | - | 3.9 |
| ES | 1026 | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 5\% | 12\% | 18\% | 30\% | 19\% | 7\% | 3\% | - | 6.6 |
| FR | 1027 |  |  | 3\% | 3\% | 17\% | 15\% | 30\% | 23\% | 5\% | 3\% | 1\% | 6.7 |
| IT | 1039 | 6\% | 5\% | 8\% | 12\% | 21\% | 24\% | 15\% | 6\% | 1\% | - | 2\% | 5.2 |
| CY | 508 | 7\% | 3\% | 4\% | 8\% | 25\% | 12\% | 18\% | 12\% | 3\% | 4\% | 4\% | 5.6 |
| LV | 1011 | 14\% | 11\% | 13\% | 12\% | 20\% | 13\% | 9\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 4.2 |
| LT | 1023 | 6\% | 4\% | 10\% | 11\% | 26\% | 15\% | 14\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 5.2 |
| LU | 500 | 1\% | - | 2\% | 2\% | 13\% | 10\% | 25\% | 27\% | 8\% | 9\% | 3\% | 7.2 |
| HU | 1000 | 8\% | 9\% | 16\% | 16\% | 22\% | 10\% | 9\% | 7\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | 4.5 |
| MT | 500 | 2\% | - | 2\% | 5\% | 15\% | 12\% | 22\% | 23\% | 10\% | 7\% | 2\% | 6.9 |
| NL | 996 | 1\% | - | 1\% | 3\% | 8\% | 15\% | 40\% | 25\% | 5\% | 2\% | - | 6.9 |
| AT | 1007 | - | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% | 10\% | 9\% | 20\% | 27\% | 12\% | 14\% | 1\% | 7.3 |
| PL | 1000 | 13\% | 9\% | 18\% | 14\% | 22\% | 10\% | 8\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4.2 |
| PT | 1051 | 8\% | 7\% | 12\% | 15\% | 28\% | 14\% | 10\% | 5\% | - | - | 1\% | 4.6 |
| RO | 1013 | 15\% | 9\% | 12\% | 15\% | 16\% | 12\% | 8\% | 8\% | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4.3 |
| SI | 1025 | 2\% | 3\% | 7\% | 9\% | 20\% | 14\% | 16\% | 17\% | 5\% | 6\% | 1\% | 6.1 |
| SK | 1050 | 8\% | 4\% | 10\% | 12\% | 20\% | 16\% | 16\% | 10\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | 5.2 |
| FI | 1008 | - | 1\% | 3\% | 4\% | 7\% | 12\% | 28\% | 33\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | 7.0 |
| SE | 1007 | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% | 5\% | 9\% | 12\% | 26\% | 27\% | 11\% | 5\% | - | 6.9 |
| UK | 1331 | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 6\% | 14\% | 16\% | 24\% | 20\% | 8\% | 5\% | 3\% | 6.7 |

QA57.1 In general, how would you rate the quality of each of the following PUBLIC services in (OUR COUNTRY) ? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 , where ' 1 ' means "very bad" and ' 10 ' means "very good" Health services

QA57.1 D'une manière générale, quelle note donneriez-vous à la qualité de chacun des services
PUBLICS suivants en (NOTRE PAYS) ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10, où '1' signifie que leur
qualité est "très faible" et '10' signifie que leur qualité est "très bonne".
Les services de santé


| BE | 1005 | $3 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $75 \%$ | - | 7.2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $69 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 3.5 |
| CZ | 1007 | $22 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $48 \%$ | - | 6.1 |
| DK | 1020 | $12 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 6.7 |
| DE | 1549 | $26 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 5.7 |
| EE | 1000 | $30 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.5 |
| IE | 1001 | $36 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $6 \%$ | 4.9 |
| EL | 1000 | $58 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $12 \%$ | - | 3.9 |
| ES | 1026 | $10 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $60 \%$ | - | 6.6 |
| FR | 1027 | $7 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 6.7 |
| IT | 1039 | $30 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.2 |
| CY | 508 | $23 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 5.6 |
| LV | 1011 | $50 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 4.2 |
| LT | 1023 | $31 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.2 |
| LU | 500 | $5 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 7.2 |
| HU | 1000 | $49 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $19 \%$ | - | 4.5 |
| MT | 500 | $9 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $62 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 6.9 |
| NL | 996 | $6 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $72 \%$ | - | 6.9 |
| AT | 1007 | $8 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 7.3 |
| PL | 1000 | $54 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.2 |
| PT | 1051 | $42 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 4.6 |
| RO | 1013 | $52 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 4.3 |
| SI | 1025 | $21 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 6.1 |
| SK | 1050 | $34 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $30 \%$ | - | 5.2 |
| FI | 1008 | $8 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $73 \%$ | - | 7.0 |
| SE | 1007 | $10 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $68 \%$ | - | 6.9 |
| UK | 1331 | $10 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 6.7 |

QA57.2 In general, how would you rate the quality of each of the following PUBLIC services in (OUR COUNTRY)? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 , where ' 1 ' means "very bad" and 10' means "very good"
State pension system

A57.2 D'une manière générale, quelle note donneriez-vous à la qualité de chacun des services PUBLICS suivants en (NOTRE PAYS) ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 signifie que leur qualité est "très faible" et ' 10 ' signifie que leur qualité est "très bonne".
e système des retraites

|  | TOTAL | 1 Qualité très faible / 1 Very bad | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 Qualité très bonne / 10 Very good | NSP / DK | Moyenne / Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | 7\% | 6\% | 11\% | 13\% | 20\% | 15\% | 12\% | 7\% | 1\% | 1\% | 7\% | 4.8 |


| BE | 1005 | 1\% | 2\% | 7\% | 9\% | 19\% | 20\% | 24\% | 13\% | 1\% | 2\% | 2\% | 5.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | 20\% | 20\% | 21\% | 14\% | 9\% | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | - | 11\% | 2.9 |
| CZ | 1007 | 12\% | 7\% | 12\% | 13\% | 17\% | 14\% | 13\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | 4\% | 4.6 |
| DK | 1020 | 3\% | 3\% | 8\% | 9\% | 21\% | 17\% | 18\% | 11\% | 3\% | 1\% | 6\% | 5.6 |
| DE | 1549 | 7\% | 6\% | 12\% | 14\% | 20\% | 13\% | 13\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | 5.0 |
| EE | 1000 | 5\% | 5\% | 13\% | 15\% | 23\% | 13\% | 9\% | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% | 8\% | 4.8 |
| IE | 1001 | 5\% | 4\% | 8\% | 10\% | 15\% | 15\% | 11\% | 9\% | 3\% | 2\% | 18\% | 5.3 |
| EL | 1000 | 30\% | 18\% | 19\% | 11\% | 11\% | 6\% | 3\% | 1\% | - | - | 1\% | 2.9 |
| ES | 1026 | 3\% | 4\% | 10\% | 14\% | 23\% | 18\% | 13\% | 5\% | 1\% | - | 9\% | 5.1 |
| FR | 1027 | 1\% | 3\% | 7\% | 13\% | 24\% | 20\% | 15\% | 9\% | 2\% | 1\% | 5\% | 5.5 |
| IT | 1039 | 4\% | 5\% | 8\% | 15\% | 24\% | 24\% | 10\% | 4\% | - | - | 6\% | 4.9 |
| CY | 508 | 5\% | 6\% | 9\% | 10\% | 23\% | 11\% | 13\% | 10\% | 1\% | 2\% | 10\% | 5.2 |
| LV | 1011 | 27\% | 16\% | 17\% | 13\% | 14\% | 6\% | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | 3\% | 3.0 |
| LT | 1023 | 7\% | 6\% | 11\% | 13\% | 21\% | 12\% | 11\% | 7\% | 1\% | 2\% | 9\% | 4.9 |
| LU | 500 | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 3\% | 13\% | 13\% | 23\% | 19\% | 5\% | 6\% | 13\% | 6.8 |
| HU | 1000 | 15\% | 12\% | 17\% | 15\% | 20\% | 11\% | 4\% | 2\% | - | - | 4\% | 3.8 |
| MT | 500 | 4\% | 4\% | 7\% | 11\% | 19\% | 19\% | 15\% | 8\% | 2\% | 2\% | 9\% | 5.4 |
| NL | 996 | 1\% | - | 2\% | 4\% | 8\% | 20\% | 32\% | 19\% | 3\% | 2\% | 9\% | 6.6 |
| AT | 1007 | 4\% | 2\% | 5\% | 9\% | 18\% | 14\% | 20\% | 16\% | 4\% | 5\% | 3\% | 6.1 |
| PL | 1000 | 18\% | 13\% | 18\% | 14\% | 18\% | 7\% | 5\% | 2\% | 1\% | - | 4\% | 3.6 |
| PT | 1051 | 16\% | 18\% | 21\% | 16\% | 20\% | 4\% | 1\% | - | - | - | 4\% | 3.3 |
| RO | 1013 | 17\% | 11\% | 11\% | 13\% | 17\% | 11\% | 7\% | 4\% | 2\% | - | 7\% | 4.0 |
| SI | 1025 | 8\% | 7\% | 10\% | 15\% | 22\% | 11\% | 10\% | 6\% | 3\% | 2\% | 6\% | 4.8 |
| SK | 1050 | 10\% | 7\% | 14\% | 14\% | 22\% | 13\% | 10\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 4.5 |
| FI | 1008 | 1\% | 1\% | 3\% | 6\% | 12\% | 20\% | 28\% | 19\% | 5\% | - | 5\% | 6.4 |
| SE | 1007 | 4\% | 4\% | 9\% | 12\% | 21\% | 17\% | 17\% | 5\% | 1\% | 2\% | 8\% | 5.3 |
| UK | 1331 | 6\% | 4\% | 9\% | 12\% | 19\% | 15\% | 10\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% | 17\% | 5.0 |

QA57.2 In general, how would you rate the quality of each of the following PUBLIC services in (OUR COUNTRY)? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 , where ' 1 ' means "very bad" and ' 10 ' means "very good". State pension system

QA57.2 D'une manière générale, quelle note donneriez-vous à la qualité de chacun des services PUBLICS suivants en (NOTRE PAYS) ? Merci d'utiliser une échelle de 1 à 10 , où ' 1 ' signifie que leur qualité est "très faible" et '10' signifie que leur qualité est "très bonne".
Le système des retraites

|  | TOTAL | Faible / Bad | Ni bonne ni <br> faible / <br> Neither good <br> nor bad | Bonne / <br> Good | NSP / DK | Moyenne / <br> Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UE27 / EU27 | 26719 | $37 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $7 \%$ | 4.8 |


| BE | 1005 | $19 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 5.9 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 1015 | $75 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $11 \%$ | 2.9 |
| CZ | 1007 | $44 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 4.6 |
| DK | 1020 | $23 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $6 \%$ | 5.6 |
| DE | 1549 | $39 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 5.0 |
| EE | 1000 | $38 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $9 \%$ | 4.8 |
| IE | 1001 | $27 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $18 \%$ | 5.3 |
| EL | 1000 | $78 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ | 2.9 |
| ES | 1026 | $31 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $9 \%$ | 5.1 |
| FR | 1027 | $25 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 5.5 |
| IT | 1039 | $32 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $6 \%$ | 4.9 |
| CY | 508 | $30 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $10 \%$ | 5.2 |
| LV | 1011 | $73 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ | 3.0 |
| LT | 1023 | $37 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $9 \%$ | 4.9 |
| LU | 500 | $8 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $12 \%$ | 6.8 |
| HU | 1000 | $59 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 3.8 |
| MT | 500 | $26 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $9 \%$ | 5.4 |
| NL | 996 | $7 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $9 \%$ | 6.6 |
| AT | 1007 | $20 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 6.1 |
| PL | 1000 | $63 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 3.6 |
| PT | 1051 | $70 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 3.3 |
| RO | 1013 | $52 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $7 \%$ | 4.0 |
| SI | 1025 | $40 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $6 \%$ | 4.8 |
| SK | 1050 | $45 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $2 \%$ | 4.5 |
| FI | 1008 | $12 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $5 \%$ | 6.4 |
| SE | 1007 | $29 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $8 \%$ | 5.3 |
| UK | 1331 | $31 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $17 \%$ | 5.0 |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ http://ec.europa.eu/public opinion/archives/ebs/ebs 279 en.pdf - 5 -

[^1]:    2 http://ec.europa.eu/public_opinion/index_en.htm
    ${ }^{3}$ The results tables are included in the annex. It should be noted that the total of the percentages in the tables of this report may exceed $100 \%$ when the respondent can give several answers to the same question. - 6 -

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ QA3 There are different ways of defining when people are poor in (OUR COUNTRY). Which of the following statements would best corresponds to your definition of being poor? People are poor when... (ROTATE)

[^3]:    ${ }^{5}$ QA4 And would you say that poverty in (OUR COUNTRY) is ...?

[^4]:    6 QA7 Generally speaking, would you say that poverty has strongly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or strongly decreased in the last three years in ...?

    - 16 -

[^5]:    ${ }^{7}$ QA5 In your opinion, in (OUR COUNTRY), what proportion of the total population is poor?

[^6]:    ${ }^{8}$ QA6 In the area where you live, please tell me if there are people who live in poverty? Would you say there are many people, some people, a few people or none who live in poverty?

[^7]:    ${ }^{9}$ QA28 Would you say that finding decent housing at reasonable price in the area where you live is ...?

[^8]:    ${ }^{10}$ QA29 In the area where you live, please tell me if there are people who are homeless? Would you say there are many people, some people, a few people or none who is homeless?

[^9]:    ${ }^{11}$ QA30 Generally speaking, would you say that the number of homeless people has strongly increased, somewhat increased, somewhat decreased or strongly decreased in the last 3 years in ...?

    - 27 -

[^10]:    ${ }^{12}$ QA10 In your opinion, among the following groups of the population in (OUR COUNTRY), which are those most at risk of poverty? (MAX. 4 ANSWERS)

[^11]:    ${ }^{13}$ QA26b Please tell me how much you feel you are at risk of being over-indebted.

[^12]:    ${ }^{14}$ QA39 Looking at the next 12 months, would you say there is a high risk, some risk, not much of a risk or no risk at all of falling behind with ...?
    ${ }^{15}$ The amount respondents were asked about is the equivalent of $60 \%$ of the national "at risk of poverty threshold" in each country.

[^13]:    ${ }^{16}$ QA33 How likely is it that you could ever become homeless, yourself?

[^14]:    ${ }^{17}$ QA1 All things considered, how satisfied would you say you are with your life these days? Please use a scale from 1 to 10 where ' 1 ' means "very dissatisfied" and '10' means "very satisfied".
    ${ }_{18}$ Measured by the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) per capita and expressed in terms of the Purchasing Power Standard. See also Second European Quality of Life Survey, Overview Report: European Foundation, Dublin. http://www.eurofound.europa.eu/areas/qualityoflife/eqls/2007/index.htm.

[^15]:    ${ }^{19}$ QA26a Please tell me if you find it difficult or not to get access to the following financial services.

[^16]:    ${ }^{20}$ QA25f. 1 Please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements. You are optimistic about the future.

[^17]:    ${ }^{21}$ QA25f. 2 Please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements. You feel left out of society.

    - 47 -

[^18]:    ${ }^{22}$ QA12 In (OUR COUNTRY) nowadays, would you say that being poor hampers very much, somewhat, not very much or not at all people's chances of ...?.

[^19]:    ${ }^{23}$ QA8 Why in your opinion are there people who live in need? Here are four opinions: which is closest to yours?

[^20]:    ${ }^{24}$ QA19 From the following list, which are, in your opinion, the two main factors generating poverty in (OUR COUNTRY)? (ROTATE - MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

[^21]:    ${ }^{25}$ QA9a In your opinion, which two of the following things in society might best explain why people are poor? (ROTATE - MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

    - 59 -

[^22]:    ${ }^{26}$ QA9b Thinking now about poor people themselves, in your opinion, which two of the following reasons best explain why they are poor? (ROTATE - MAX. 2 ANSWERS)

[^23]:    ${ }^{27}$ QA32 In your opinion, which three of the following reasons best explain why people become homeless? - 62 -

[^24]:    ${ }^{28}$ QA44 On this card, please select the letter that would best describe the situation of your household. The letters represent a scale from 1 to 10 , where 1 is very poor and 10 is very rich.

[^25]:    ${ }^{29}$ QA35 A household may have different sources of income and more than one household member may contribute to it. Thinking of your household's total monthly income, is your household able to make ends meet...?

[^26]:    ${ }^{30}$ QA37 Looking at this card, which of the following best describes how your household is keeping up with all its bills and credit commitments at present?
    ${ }^{31}$ Eurobarometer wave 67.1 - QB4.

[^27]:    ${ }^{32}$ QA36 There are some things that many people cannot afford, even if they would like them. For each of the following things on this card, can I just check whether your household can afford it if you want it?

[^28]:    ${ }^{33}$ QA38 What are your expectations for the next twelve months: will the next twelve months be ... when it comes to the financial situation of your household?

[^29]:    34 The Autumn 2009 Standard Eurobarometer, published in December 2009, presents a detailed analysis of the developments in public opinion since Spring 2009.
    See http://ec.europa.eu/public_opinion/index_en.htm.

[^30]:    ${ }^{35}$ QA40 How confident would you say you are in your ability to keep your job in the coming months? Are you...?

[^31]:    ${ }^{36}$ This brief inspection highlights shifts of 5 percentage points or more in the proportion "confident" and "not confident". The Autumn 2009 Standard Eurobarometer will present a more thorough analysis of shifts since Spring 2009.
    ${ }^{37}$ QA45.5 Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general interest if you, or people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last 12 months? Social assistance, that is cash benefits and social welfare services provided to low-income, unemployed or inactive people

[^32]:    ${ }^{38}$ QA14 For each of the following statements, please tell me whether you ...

    - 85 -

[^33]:    ${ }^{39}$ QA23 Would you say public policies and programmes aim at improving the condition of poor people in (OUR COUNTRY) are generally ...?

    - 88 -

[^34]:    ${ }^{40}$ QA25 People think differently on what steps should be taken to help solving social and economic problems in (OUR COUNTRY). I'm going to read you two contradictory statements on this topic. Please tell me which one comes closest to your view.

[^35]:    ${ }^{41}$ QA52 In your opinion, which of the following groups should be prioritised in receiving social assistance? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

[^36]:    ${ }^{42}$ QA53 In your opinion, which of the following groups should be prioritised when it comes to having access to social housing? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

[^37]:    ${ }^{43}$ QA27 And please tell me whether you totally agree, tend to agree, tend to disagree or totally disagree with each of the following statements.

    - 102 -

[^38]:    ${ }^{44}$ QA18 For each of the following, please tell me if you tend to trust it or not with regard to their action in combating poverty.

    - 105 -

[^39]:    ${ }^{45}$ QA20 In your opinion, from the following list, who is primarily responsible for reducing or preventing poverty in (OUR COUNTRY)? (ROTATE).

[^40]:    ${ }^{46}$ QA22 In your opinion, from the following, which are the areas the (NATIONALITY) Government should prioritise to help people out of poverty? (ROTATE - MAX. 4 ANSWERS)

    - 111 -

[^41]:    ${ }^{47}$ QA24 Do you think that (OUR COUNTRY) is spending ... to help people out of poverty? - 114 -

[^42]:    ${ }^{48}$ QA31 Do you think that ... is spending too much, about the fair amount, not very much or not at all to help homeless people?

[^43]:    ${ }^{49}$ QA21 Overall, how important would you say is the role of the European Union in the fight against poverty? - 119 -

[^44]:    ${ }^{50}$ QA34 Do you ever help poor people by doing any of the following? (ROTATE - MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

    - 122 -

[^45]:    ${ }^{51}$ QA46 Thinking now about the quality of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad?

    - 125 -

[^46]:    ${ }^{52}$ QA47 And thinking now about the affordability of ... in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they are ...?

    - 126 -

[^47]:    ${ }^{53}$ QA46.1 Thinking now about the quality of long-term care services in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad?

    - 128 -

[^48]:    ${ }^{54}$ QA47.1 And thinking now about the affordability of long-term care services in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they are ...?

    - 129 -

[^49]:    ${ }^{55}$ QA56.1 When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing long-term care services outside your family circle?

    - 131 -

[^50]:    ${ }^{56}$ QA45.1 Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general interest if you, or people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last 12 months? Long-term care services, that is services for dependent people because of age, chronic illness or disability.

[^51]:    57 QA54 In your opinion, approximately what percentage of the total income of one's household is reasonable to pay for the care of one's parents?
    ${ }^{58}$ Full results can be found in the Annexes. This question is not further analysed due to a high level of "don't know" responses which range from 15\% in Belgium to $54 \%$ in Portugal (with an EU average of $34 \%$ ).
    ${ }^{59}$ QA48 Imagine an elderly father or mother who lives alone and can no longer manage to live without regular help because of her or his physical or mental health condition? In your opinion, what would be the best option for people in this situation? Firstly? And Secondly? The sum of both answers is described. Full results are presented in the Annexes.

    - 135 -

[^52]:    ${ }^{60}$ QA46.2 Thinking now about the quality of childcare services in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that it is very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad?

    - 138 -

[^53]:    ${ }^{61}$ QA47.2 And thinking now about the affordability of childcare services in (OUR COUNTRY), would you say that they are ...?

    - 140 -

[^54]:    ${ }^{62}$ QA56.2 When it comes to social services, in your opinion who should be primarily responsible for providing childcare services outside your family circle?

    - 141 -

[^55]:    ${ }^{63}$ QA45.2 Could you please tell me for each of the following social services of general interest if you, or people you are close to, are using it, have used or not used it in the last 12 months? Child-care services, that is services whereby school age children are looked after by professional staff usually during working hours.

[^56]:    ${ }^{64}$ QA55 And approximately what percentage of the total income of one's household do you think is reasonable to pay for the care of one's children? The average for the Netherlands is $18 \%$ vs. an EU average of $28 \%$. Full results can be found in the Annexes but the results are not analyses further as $31 \%$ of respondents answered "don't know".
    ${ }^{65}$ QA51 Do you think that having access to pre-school education before primary school is ...?

[^57]:    ${ }^{66}$ QA49 Childcare for children aged $0-3$ can be organised in different ways, by combining several options or by relying on only one option. In your opinion, what is the best way of organising childcare for children aged $0-3$ ? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

[^58]:    ${ }^{67}$ QA50 Childcare for children aged 3-6 can be organised in different ways, by combining several options or by relying on only one option. In your opinion, what is the best way of organising childcare for pre-school children aged 3-6? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

[^59]:    (DF) EQLS Q56 TREND MODIFIED

