

MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD

Christian name  
for reference only

Age last birthday

1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
<i>Edward</i>	<i>Mary</i>	<i>Patricia</i>	<i>Collette</i>	<i>Paul</i>	<i>Margaret</i>				
65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66				
54	49	19	16	13	11				

2659

X152

QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES  
&  
STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE UNITED KINGDOM  
1967-68


- I Housing and Living Facilities
- II Employment
- III Occupational Facilities and Fringe Benefits
- IV Current Monetary Income
- V Assets and Savings
- VI Health and Disability
- VII Social Services
- VIII Private Income in Kind
- IX Style of Living

A Survey carried out from the University of Essex  
and the University of London (L.S.E.)

Queries should be addressed to: Miss Sheila Benson  
Skepper House  
13 Endsleigh Street  
London WC1

B

FOR OFFICE USE	<i>WR 9/7</i>	<i>Queries 9/7</i>	
<i>1 SRC1 **</i>	<i>TSI AH</i>	<i>FP</i>	<i>BP</i>
<i>2 SRC1 *</i>	<i>TS2 G</i>		
<i>3 SRC1</i>	<i>C C</i>	<i>C C C</i>	<i>C</i>

*M 14*  
*m7 m7*  
*AH AH*  
*14 m7 m7*

*CB*  
*(5) 379*



265

C.I.C.

Name of Interviewer E. W. Ganett.

SERIAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	X	5	2	2	6	5	9	0	1

Date(s) of interview(s) 10-6-68.  
or contacts

Length of interview(s) 2 1/2 hrs

Total actual interviewing time 2 hrs

**Form of introduction**

"My name is X. I'm from Essex/London University. We're preparing a report (writing a book) about standards of living in Britain today and how families manage. We think it's important for the Government and everyone else to know what the facts really are. We're hoping to talk to about 3,000 families throughout the country and I'd be very grateful if you could help us by answering some questions. All our information is, of course, strictly confidential."

**SUMMARY : COMPLETE AFTER INTERVIEW**

		Write Section 1, 2, 3, etc.		
1. Interview carried out at first call at second call at third or later call	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 10	3. Which sections were answered in whole or in part by which persons on the household?  Informant <u>1-2-3-4-5-6-8</u>	13	5. Number of other households at address →  None <u>0</u>
	X Y <u>0</u>		14	
2. Information for household — — complete skip to Q. 3 incomplete—answer 2a	11	2nd member <u>4-1-9</u> *	15	6. Household living on  ground basement floor 1st floor 2nd floor 3rd floor 4th floor 5th or above Specify
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> X <input type="radio"/> Y	3rd	16	
(a) Sections incomplete	1	CODE ALL THAT APPLY AS LISTED IN Q'AIRE (Some Sections may be listed twice)	17	Answer 6a { (a) Is there a lift in the building? Yes No
	2		18	
3	19		7. Is there an internal or external flight of at least 4 steps or stairs to the dwelling entrance? Yes No	
4	20			
5	21		8 9	
6	22			
7	23			
8	24			
9	25			
(b) Reasons if incomplete —	12	6th	26	
— ill/disabled does not know information unwilling to give information other (specify)	X Y 0 1	Other (specify)	27	
		4. Semi or detached house or bungalow Ter. h'se or bungalow Self-con. flat in block Self-con. flat in house Self-con. flat attached to shop/business Room(s): furnished Other (specify)	X Y 0 1 2 3 4	

25



## CURRENT MONETARY INCOME

### General

This section asks questions in turn of the employed, the self-employed and then everyone, including those who are not employed. Our object is to obtain reliable estimates of income, before and after tax, for each income unit in the household, both for "last week" and "the last 12 months".

### Income Unit

This is any person aged 15 or over, or if in full-time education any person aged 19 or over, together with wife or husband (if she or he has one) and children under 15 (or aged 16-18 if in full-time education), if any. According to this definition a man, wife, and children aged under 15 count as one income unit, but a middle-aged widow and a son who is a university student, or an elderly widow and a single daughter of 40, count as two income units. A household consisting of man and wife with three single children who are all over 15 years of age and who are at work counts as four income units.

### Allocating Income

Usually amounts of income can be entered in the appropriate column, according to the person receiving it. Do not enter any income twice. Do not, for example, enter a particular amount both for the wife and the husband. Nor need you split up any amount part of which is payable for a dependent wife or child. Thus, do not attempt to divide up the total of family allowances; enter the total in the wife's column. And enter an amount for sickness benefit, say, even if it includes sums for the wife and children, in the husband's column (if indeed it is he who receives it).

### Gross and Net

In the first question you carefully ask for the last pay net of deductions and go on in the second question to establish what these deductions are. The answers to both questions effectively give gross and net earnings for the last period for which pay was received and you can build up further information in the questions that follow. You should be conscious of this distinction throughout the section. It will not always be possible to get information both for income after tax and income before tax. Remember that if you cannot get an answer for one you may be able to get it for the other. Make a note whenever you can. We can calculate in the office.

### Last 12 months

Though you start by finding what was the last amount of pay received it is very important also to find what was the average pay during the previous 12 months and gradually build up the total income received by the income unit and the household in those months. You have already filled in a work-record and this will help you to answer several of the questions in the section.

### QUESTION 1 Last earnings

Remember to check earnings for each member of the household, even those of a wife who had a job for only a few weeks in the year, a young son who works only on Saturdays, and a retired man with a part-time job. Second or subsidiary earnings are dealt with in Q. 14. Note that each digit is ruled off from the next. Insert "0" in any column which does not apply. Please note also that we have allowed wider columns on these income pages so that you have enough room to write in figures. But note that you will have to indicate which member of the household received any income if you are obliged to use a fifth or sixth column.

### QUESTION 2 Deductions

Don't forget that a total is better than nothing. If the informant is uncertain say, "I believe it is on your pay slip" and encourage him or her to check. We have asked you to put a tick if in fact you are shown a slip or the informant reads off the amounts. As before, the small boxes on the left are for you to identify the member of the household: "Inf." "2nd" "3rd", etc.

#### National Insurance contributions

A male employee ordinarily pays 15s. 8d. and a female employee 13s. 2d. per week, although note that a married woman can elect to pay only 7d. per week to cover industrial injuries benefits. Boys under 18 pay 10s. 1d. and girls 8s. 5d. per week. Persons over 18 who are contracted out of the graduated pension scheme pay a higher flat rate insurance contribution of 18s. 1d. (men), 14s. 8d. (women).

#### Graduated pension contributions

The employee contributes 4½ per cent of each pound of gross weekly earnings between the ninth and the eighteenth, i.e. approximately 11½d. for each of these pounds, plus ½ per cent for each pound between the 19th and the 30th, i.e. rather more than 1d. for each of these pounds. In fact a man with gross weekly earnings of 59 pays nothing, one with £13 pays 4s. 0d., one with £21 pays 9s. 0d., and one with £30, 9s. 9d. About one person in every five, however, is contracted out of the graduated pension scheme, but such persons nonetheless pay ½ per cent on each pound of gross earnings between the ninth and the 30th, or a maximum of 2s. 1d.

### QUESTION 3 Highest and lowest

Check the number of weeks worked by turning up the work record. Some people's earnings will have varied only in one or two weeks of the year and it will not be difficult for you to establish an average in (b). Remember Q. 3(b) is very important. Other people's earnings may have varied widely, either because of changes of job or variations in overtime. Do not include variations due to holidays or sickness. If it is difficult to arrive at an average write in the box or in the margins, e.g. 10 weeks @ £15 10s., six weeks @ £18 15s. and 23 weeks @ £24 11s. We will work out the rest. Do not include weeks of holiday or sickness, which are explored later.

### QUESTION 4 Bonuses

If a commission or bonus has been included in Q. 3 do not now amend the answer to that question. If the information is given for the first time write the amount in the box and also strike out "Before" or "After" Tax as appropriate.

*see information  
note*



Tax + Pension  
 Case adjusted  
 it was  
 only remembered  
 which give  
 deductions  
 11 - 9  
 he only  
 usual  
 J.H.

Basic rate  
 1st person  
 for -  
 the 3rd person  
 the basic rate  
 less  
 Q. 2.  
 J.H.

Holiday pay =  
 This makes  
 the 3rd person  
 the basic rate  
 less  
 J.H.

**QUESTION 8**

Obtain an estimate of total cost by the normal transport used. Some people who drive cars will offer their estimate of real cost but in such cases write in as indicated the average weekly mileage to and from work (not during work). In other instances assume 6d. per mile for all small cars (i.e. under 12 h.p.) and 8d. per mile for larger vehicles.

5 miles @ 6d. = 2s. 6d.	5 miles @ 8d. = 3s. 4d.
10 miles @ 6d. = 5s. 0d.	10 miles @ 8d. = 6s. 8d.
50 miles @ 6d. = 25s. 0d.	50 miles @ 8d. = 33s. 4d.
100 miles @ 6d. = 50s. 0d.	100 miles @ 8d. = 66s. 8d.

**QUESTION 9 Holiday pay**

Be careful not to include pay received simultaneously with holiday pay for any week of work. Remember that many wage earners only receive the basic wage during holidays, which is usually much lower than average earnings.

**QUESTION 10 Sick pay**

There are several practices. (1) Some employers (e.g. public services) automatically deduct national insurance sickness benefit for the worker and his dependants from pay during sickness (or sometimes expect him to report what sickness benefit he receives so that it may be deducted from later amounts of sick pay or even from the first weeks of earnings after recovery from sickness). (2) Others (mainly smaller private firms) deduct only the sickness benefit for the worker, ignoring what he may get for his dependants. (3) Still others deduct nothing for any sickness benefit for which a worker may be eligible. In the last two cases it might seem that the worker will be better off in sickness than at work. This is true for some, particularly salaried earners, but remember that if any employer pays anything to a wage-earner in sickness rarely does it exceed the basic wage. His average earnings may be much higher. (4) When the level of sick pay is small no deductions may be made for any sickness benefit.

Changes in sick pay after the first weeks  
 In rare instances of persons who have been sick more than a few weeks the rate of sick pay will have changed. If the average is difficult to estimate write in the amounts thus: 4 weeks @ £10, 4 @ £5 10s., etc. After deductions of tax, etc. Note if only the amount of pay before deductions is known.

**QUESTION 11 Income of self-employed**

The income of the self-employed is sometimes difficult to ascertain. Four alternative methods of questioning that have been found to be helpful in previous research are listed. Our first aim is to find the figure for **annual income before tax**. Thus Q. 11 A (iv) is the crucial one and if you can get the answer to this do not press unduly for the answers to the preceding questions, but they are helpful in establishing that (iv) is in fact the figure you want. The alternative aim (if you cannot achieve the first) is to seek the amount obtained from the business, either **Method B** — net profit including money taken out for own use, or **Method C**, the sums actually taken out for personal use. Method D should only be tried if all else fails, and frankly, is not of much help. An accurate figure for income is important and you should if necessary take time to establish it. Method D "**Turnover**" = total receipts from sale of goods and services, less any discount allowed.



**QUESTION 14 Second job**

This will have been established in the earlier section on Employment. Repeat the question because earnings from subsidiary occupations tend to be forgotten. For example, painters and decorators may have done one remunerative weekend job for a few weeks several months earlier in the year. A gardener may have done some intensive paid work for various local people in the evenings and weekends of the summer months. Or a university lecturer may have had a remunerative consultancy or a series of well-paid broadcasts at some point in the year. Remember that extra earnings from a source other than usual employment may not be thought of as a second job. You should probe for all kinds of additional earnings, depending on the nature of the usual employment.

**QUESTION 15**

This is laid out as concisely as possible on one page and you are asked to ring 01, 02, 03, etc., as appropriate and then to enter the rates per week and amounts below, carefully writing in the code "01" (i.e. Family Allowances) "02" (i.e. Retirement Pension) and so on so that we are clearly aware of the allowances to which the amounts refer.

Amounts will sometimes be joint—e.g. retirement pension for man and wife—or will be for several members of the household—e.g. sickness benefit for man and wife and children. In these instances the amount should be entered (if necessary, after the interview) in one column only, under that member of household receiving the payment. Wherever possible encourage informants (especially when elderly) to show you the allowance or pension book.

**CODE 01 Family Allowances**

	First child	Second	Third	Fourth & subsequent
up to April 1968	nil	8s.	10s.	15s.
after April 1968	nil	15s.	17s.	17s.

counting children under 15 or up to 19 if still in full-time education or college or an apprentice on low wages.

**CODE 02 Retirement Pension**

Note that the actual amounts vary widely. Increased pensions are paid if retirement is deferred. There are now in addition small graduated state pensions (averaging about 3s.) and pensions may be reduced because of earnings or a deficient contribution record. Note that some of these points also apply to other benefits. Pensions and supplementary benefits can be combined in a single payment. You will be prompting for supplementary benefit and wherever possible we should like you to list the amount separately (as well as the fact that it is being received). But whenever the rate given to you exceeds the standard rate below you should check the reason.

Single person (husband)	£4 10s. 0d.
Wife's income	£2 16s. 0d.
1st dependent child	£1 5s. 0d.
2nd dependent child	17s. 0d.

**CODE 03 Standard Widow's Pension**

Note: not the widow's allowance which is paid for the first 26 weeks after widowhood.

Widow or widowed mother	£4 10s. 0d.
1st dependent child	£2 2s. 6d.
2nd child	£1 14s. 6d.
3rd and subsequent child	£1 12s. 6d.

Depending on the circumstances of the death of the husband (armed service and so on) widows' pensions may differ in size. Note that family allowances are received in addition to dependent children's allowances.

**Widow's Allowance: Widow £6 7s., children as for widow's pension**

**CODE 04 and 05 Sickness Benefit and Unemployment Benefit**

Sickness benefit is often paid for periods other than a week. Find what was the last payment and for how many days (excluding Sundays). A payment for 6 days, excluding Sunday, makes up a "week's" benefit. Note that an earnings-related supplement may be paid in addition to the flat rate benefits listed below. Moreover, these benefit rates depend on the contribution record.

Single person	£4 10s. 0d.
Married woman	£2 16s. 0d.
1st dependent child	£1 5s. 0d.
Each subsequent child	17s. 0d.

**CODE 06 Supplementary Benefit**

The former "national assistance". Rent is sometimes paid direct to the landlord by the Supplementary Benefits Commission. There is a check later that the amount is known and counted as income.

**CODE 07 Industrial Injury Benefit**

£6 7s. 0d. (with additions for dependants) is payable for the first 26 weeks after injury after which the injured person goes before a Board to have his injury assessed for an individual disablement pension.

**CODES 08 and 09 Industrial and Disablement Pensions**

The 100 per cent rate is £7 12s. 0d. (with additions for dependants). **CODE 09:** Note that these are war pensions, not service pensions included under occupational pensions later in Q. 19.

**CODE 10 Maternity Allowance**

The standard rate of maternity allowance is £4 a week. It is paid to women who have been paying full national insurance contributions. It begins 11 weeks before the expected confinement and ends after the sixth week following it.

**CODE 11 Maternity Grant**

This grant is £22 either for home or hospital confinement.

**CODE 14 Single Grant**

This is officially described as an exceptional needs grant. The Ministry of Social Security has replaced the former National Assistance Board and you may need to explain "a grant from the Assistance". Probe carefully for this for all income units who are not employed, whether or not they receive supplementary benefit. A large number of people obtain single grants, e.g. for spectacles or dentures, even though they are not normally eligible to receive supplementary benefit. Note also that since you are asking about a period of 12 months there will be instances of people now in work who obtained a grant at an earlier point in the year.

*as this is the family allowance which means that they wanted daughter, which means dependent child.*

*P.T.*

*£5. 10 is a mistaken entry - referring to £5. 10s coming of (04) (see p. 15) N.B. They set no claim for their dependant as only dependant off his parents. He said he had had a dispute with his employer, left voluntarily, & was told by the "Brew" that he was ineligible for U. S. The Assistance under 6 weeks rule. He was then treated by Assistance office as ineligible for sub. benefit - altho' I think he was eligible*

*no 3. Has only received one week unemployment.*



INTERVIEWER: CODE 05, 06, etc. IF 5th, 6th MEMBER OF HOUSEHOLD

14. FOR ALL EMPLOYED AND SELF-EMPLOYED  
 (a) Can you tell me how much you earned in a second job or in casual earnings last week? amount before/after tax last wk

(b) How much would you say you earned altogether for a second job or in casual and part-time earnings during the last 12 months - whether or not you had such earnings last week? I mean in addition to earnings you told me about earlier, and including fees and consultancies, and deducting any expenses. nothing WRITE IN ESTIMATED AMOUNT before/after tax

15. FOR ALL Now I'd like to ask about pensions, allowances or benefits from the Government. Do you receive or have you received in the last 12 months a

- 38-01 Family allowance
- 50-02 Retirement (old age) pension
- 62-03 Widows pension or allowance (including war and widowed mother)
- O C08-12 \* 04 Sickness benefit
- O C08-24 05 Unemployment benefit
- F C08-36 \* 06 Supplementary benefit (national assistance)
- I C08-48 07 Industrial injury benefit
- C C08-60 08 Industrial disablement pension
- E C09-12 09 War disability pension
- C C09-24 10 Maternity allowance
- U C09-36 11 Maternity grant
- S C09-48 12 Death grant
- E C09-60 13 Redundancy payment (from Ministry of Labour)
- C10-12 14 A single grant (for clothing or other special needs from the Ministry of Social Security)
- C10-24 15 Other (SPECIFY)
- 16 None of these SKIP TO Q.17

IF ANY CODED INSERT CODE IN COLUMN

AND ASK (a) Did you receive it for last week? yes no  
 (b) How much a week do (did) you receive and for how many weeks have (did) you receive(d) that rate?

WRITE IN ANSWER 116 3 WRITE IN AMT LAST WEEK

rate per week 1204

number of weeks 3

previous rate per 12-14-0 OFFICE: wkly average

number of weeks 2 OFFICE: yrly total

single amt if any 12-10 INSERT CODE

2nd Benefit 3 WRITE IN AMT LAST WEEK

rate per week 37

number of weeks OFFICE: wkly average

previous rate per wk OFFICE: yrly total

number of weeks INSERT CODE

single amt if any

3rd Benefit WRITE IN AMT LAST WEEK

rate per week OFFICE: wkly average

number of weeks OFFICE: yrly total

previous rate per wk INSERT CODE

number of weeks

single amt if any

4th Benefit WRITE IN BENEFIT AND ANY FURTHER AMOUNTS AS NECESSARY OFFICE:

1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th
27-31	27-31	27-31	27-31	27-31	27-31
£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s
0 3	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 3
0 4	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 4
0 5	0 5	0 5	0 5	0 5	0 5
0 6	0 6	0 6	0 6	0 6	0 6
0 7	0 7	0 7	0 7	0 7	0 7
0 8	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 8
0 9	0 9	0 9	0 9	0 9	0 9
1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0
1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2
1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3
1 4	1 4	1 4	1 4	1 4	1 4
1 5	1 5	1 5	1 5	1 5	1 5
1 6	1 6	1 6	1 6	1 6	1 6
04		116			
Y		Y		Y	
£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s
1204		116			
£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s
37					
£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s
£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s

includes £3.75 earnings-related supplement.



26. IF HOUSEHOLDER PAYS RENT Does Not Apply

(a) How much do you pay a week in rent? \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Do you have a rent holiday?  
 yes 1 no of wks rent OFFICE total  
 no 2 paid in year USE rent  
 ONLY last year

(c) Do you pay rates in addition? \_\_\_\_\_ yes  
 IF YES amount general rates last yr \_\_\_\_\_ no  
 amount water rates last yr \_\_\_\_\_ DK

(d) Have you had a rates rebate? \_\_\_\_\_ yes  
 IF YES (i) How much was it? \_\_\_\_\_ SPECIFY PERIOD \_\_\_\_\_ no  
 (ii) Did you get it as a lump sum payment? \_\_\_\_\_ DK  
 or was it deducted from your rates or \_\_\_\_\_ deducted from rent  
 rent? \_\_\_\_\_ deducted from rates  
 lump sum payment

(e) Does your rent include: lighting 1 other service or commodity 5  
 gas 2 electric power 6  
 coal 3 none of these 7  
 meals 4 DK 8

PROMPT AND CODE ANY THAT APPLY

(f) How much have you spent in the last 12 months for alterations, decorations or repairs (including paint or tools for work by yourself)?  
 Total £ NIL total  
 DESCRIBE ITEMS IF NECESSARY AND COSTS OFFICE annual  
 USE housing  
 ONLY cost

27. IF HOUSEHOLDER RENTS PRIVATELY Does Not Apply SKIP TO Q.28

(a) Is this accommodation owned by your employer? Y yes ASK Q.27(a)(i)  
 0 no } SKIP TO Q.27(b)  
 1 DK }

IF YES (i) Do you pay less than it would cost if you rented it in the ordinary way? 2 yes ASK Q.27(a)(ii)  
 3 no } SKIP TO Q.27(b)  
 4 DK }

IF YES (ii) How much extra rent per year would you expect to pay if you were renting it privately? \* extra rent per yr  
 GIVE YOUR ESTIMATE IF INFORMANT UNCERTAIN £ \_\_\_\_\_

(iii) Would you have to leave this house/flat if you stopped working for him or when you retire? yes  
 no  
 DK

(b) Are you on a council housing list?  
 1 yes, entire household } ASK Q.27(b)(i)  
 2 yes, part of household }  
 3 no } SKIP TO Q.30  
 4 DK }

(i) How long? \_\_\_\_\_ number of years

28. IF HOUSEHOLDER RENTS FROM COUNCIL Does Not Apply SKIP TO Q.30

(a) How long were you (the tenant) on the list before getting council accommodation? \_\_\_\_\_ inherited tenancy  
 DK  
 number of years

(b) When was this house/flat built?  
 before war  
 1946-1954 Y  
 1955 or later 0  
 DK 1

(c) How long have you been living in council accommodation? \_\_\_\_\_ years

(d) Why did you get a council house/flat when you did? Was it because you reached the top of the list or were there other reasons? X inherited tenancy  
 Y bad housing  
 0 health of member of family  
 1 overcrowding  
 2 other (SPECIFY)  
 3 solely top of list  
 4 DK

PROMPT CODE  
 ONE ONLY

(e) Do you know if the council operates a differential rents or rent rebate scheme to adjust rents to needs? yes ASK Q.28(e)(i)  
 no } SKIP TO Q.30  
 DK }

(i) Have you had your rent reduced or obtained a rebate, or have you applied but not had a reduction or a rebate? ASK Q.28(e)(ii)  
 rent reduced (ii)  
 not applied } SKIP TO Q.30  
 other (SPECIFY) }  
 DK

(ii) Do you know by how much? \_\_\_\_\_

31-34
f s
0009
024
0
0
0
3
4
6
39-42
0024
43
X
Y
0
1
2
3
4
44-46
5
47
X
Y
0
1
2
3
4
48
49
X
Y
0
50
X
Y
0
1
51-52
53
X
Y
0
1
2
3
4
54
X
Y
0
1
2
3
4
5

9/3d per week

024

House coming down.



ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY  
 23. \*Do you think you could GENUINELY say you are poor now? —

X Does Not Apply SKIP TO Q.24  
 Y all the time } ASK Q.23(a)  
 0 sometimes }  
 1 never } SKIP TO Q.24  
 2 DK }

PROMPT AND CODE ONE ONLY

(a) Do you feel poor at any of these times or in any of these situations?

3 at weekends  
 4 mid-week  
 5 at Christmas  
 6 with some of your friends  
 7 with some of your relatives  
 8 with some of the people round here  
 9 other (SPECIFY)

PROMPT AND CODE ALL THAT APPLY

FOR CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY  
 24. (a) There's been a lot of talk about poverty. Do you think there's such a thing as REAL poverty these days? \*

yes  
 no  
 DK

(b) What would you describe as poverty?

WRITE IN ANSWER

*no income  
no means.*

(c) Would you say that if people are in poverty its mainly

X - their own fault?  
 Y - the Government's fault?  
 0 - the fault of their education?  
 1 - the fault of industry not providing the right jobs?  
 2 - anything else? (SPECIFY)

PROMPT AND CODE ONE ONLY

3 - a combination of (some of) these?  
 4 - none of those?  
 5 DK

ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER AND HOUSEWIFE ABOUT ALL AGED 23 AND OVER  
 25. Do you mind telling me if you voted in the last General Election (I don't mean who you voted for, just whether you voted)? \*

CODE ALL AGED 23 & OVER

yes, voted  
 no  
 DK  
 DNA

ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY  
 26. If there is poverty what do you think can be done about it?

nothing  
 DK

WRITE IN ANSWER

*Work for all.*

Inff	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7	8	9	10
71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

*fb*



INTERVIEWER PLEASE CODE ALL THAT APPLY AFTER INTERVIEW

- (a) Household in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident
- (b) Household consisting of woman and adult dependants
- (c) Household in which there are five or more dependent children
- (d) Household containing an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)
- (e) Household containing an adult under 65 years of age who has been ill or injured for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)
- (f) Household containing a disabled adult under 65
  - (a) disabled
  - (b) borderline disabled
- (g) Household containing a disabled or handicapped child (including child ill or injured for eight weeks or more)
- (h) Household containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for eight weeks or more or who is otherwise severely incapacitated
- (i) Household in which there are
  - (a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more
  - (b) adult male earners (aged 21 to 64) earning less than £14 a week
- (j) Household in which there are persons who are
  - (a) non-white
  - (b) born in Eire

07
<del>4</del>
Y
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
68
X
Y

UK

COMPOSITION OF HOUSEHOLD: CODES (Q. 10, p. 3)

<b>One generation</b>	Man, and widowed or separated daughter ... .. 221
Man alone: aged 60 or over ... .. 101	Woman: and widowed or separated son ... .. 222
Man alone: aged under 60 ... .. 102	Woman: and widowed or separated daughter ... .. 223
Woman alone: aged 60 or over ... .. 103	Otherwise two generations: at least one person not related to any other ... .. 224
Woman alone: aged under 60 ... .. 104	Other (SPECIFY) ... .. 225
Husband and wife: both aged 60 or over ... .. 105	226
Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60 ... .. 106	<b>Three generation</b>
Husband and wife: both under 60 ... .. 107	Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 ... 301
Man and woman: otherwise related ... .. 108	Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15 ... 302
Man and woman: unrelated ... .. 109	Man, daughter & son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 ... 303
Two or more men only: related ... .. 110	Man, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15 ... 304
Two or more men only: unrelated ... .. 111	Woman, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 ... 305
Two or more women only: related ... .. 112	Woman, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15 ... 306
Two or more women only: unrelated ... .. 113	Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 ... 307
Other (SPECIFY) ... .. 114	Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15 ... 308
<b>Two generation</b>	Married couple, married child and child-in-law, grandchildren under 15 ... 309
Man, wife: + 1 child under 15 ... .. 201	Otherwise 3-generations:
Man, wife: + 2 children both under 15 ... .. 202	—all persons related, at least one child under 15 ... 310
Man, wife: + 3 children all under 15 ... .. 203	—at least one child under 15 ... .. 311
Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15 ... .. 204	—all persons related ... .. 312
Man, wife: + children, at least 1 under 15 and at least 1 over 15, none married ... .. 205	—unrelated ... .. 313
Man, wife: + children all aged 15-24, none married ... 206	Other (SPECIFY) ... .. 314
Man, wife: + children all over 15, at least 1 aged 25 or over, none married ... .. 207	<b>Four generation</b> 401
Man and one child under 15 ... .. 208	DESCRIBE COMPOSITION BELOW
Man and two children both under 15 ... .. 209	
Man and three or more children under 15 ... .. 210	
Man and children at least one under and one over 15, none married ... .. 211	
Man and children all aged 15-24, none married ... .. 212	
Man and children all over 15 at least one 25 or over, none married ... .. 213	
Woman: and one child under 15 ... .. 214	
Woman: and two children both under 15 ... .. 215	
Woman: and three or more children under 15 ... .. 216	
Woman: and children, at least one under and one over 15, none married ... .. 217	
Woman: and children, all aged 15-24, none married ... 218	
Woman: and children all over 15, at least one 25 or over, none married ... .. 219	
Man: and widowed or separated son ... .. 220	