MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD

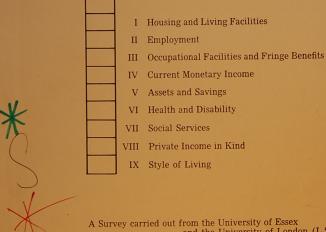
Christian name for reference only

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	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66			-	
	61						133			

Age last birthday

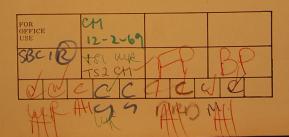
# QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES

STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE UNITED KINGDOM 1967-68



A Survey carried out from the University of Essex and the University of London (L.S.E.)

Queries should be addressed to: Miss Sheila Benson Skepper House 13 Endsleigh Street London WC!





Name of Interviewer	C.I.C.							
Name of Interviewer. Kuth Irans Number 6 3 4 2 5 9 4 0  Date(s) of interview(s) 16/1/69.  Length of interview(s) 2 Ls  or contacts	5 6 7 8 9	3 4	2	1	CEDIAL			
or contacts	( O A	4 2	3	6	NUMBER	Kerth Trans	Name of Interviewer Kerth Trans	
		rview(s)	of inter	Length			or contacts	
Total actual interviewing time	e	erviewing tim	tual inte	Total ac				

### Form of introduction

"My name is X. I'm from Essex/London University. We're preparing a report (writing a book) about standards of living in Britain today and how families manage. We think it's important for the Government and everyone else to know what the facts really are. We're hoping to talk to about 3,000 families throughout the country and I'd be very grateful if you could help us by answering some questions. All our information is, of course, strictly confidential."

# SUMMARY : COMPLETE AFTER INTERVIEW Write Section

1. Interview carried out at first call at second call at third or later call  2. Information for household — — complete skip to Q. 3 — incomplete—answer 2a  (a) Sections Housing incomplete Employment Occupational Income ALL THAT APPLY Health Soc. Services Inc. in kind Style of living  (b) Reasons if incomplete — — ill/disabled does not know information unwilling to give information	10 X Y 0 11 (X) Y 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 12 X Y	3. Which sections were answered in whole or in part by which persons on the household?  Informant  2nd member  CODE ALL THAT APPLY AS LISTED IN Q'AIRE (Some Sections may be listed twice)  5th  Other (specify)	Write Section 1, 2, 3, etc.  13  14  (1)  15  (1)  16  (2)  17  (3)  18  (8)  19	5. Number of other households at address  None  6. Household living on  ground basement floor 1st floor 2nd floor 3rd floor 4th floor 5th or above Specify  (a) Is there a lift in the building? Yes No  7. Is there an internal or external flight of at least 4 steps or stairs to the dwelling entrance?	21 22 22 23 4 5	
information unwilling to give		Other (specify)  4. Semi or detached house or bungalow Ter. h'se or bungalow Self-con. flat in block Self-con. flat in block Self-con. flat in house Self-con. flat in thouse Self-con. flat in thouse Nome of the self-con. flat in thouse Self-con. flat in thouse Self-con. flat in block Other (specify)	20 (X) Y 0 1 1 2 3 4	flight of at least 4 steps or	<b>®</b>	

### QUESTION 8 Work record

Our aim is to trace persons whose work record is not full and to establish both numbers of weeks off work and numbers of weeks in which fewer than 30 hours were worked.

Weeks off work in year

The procedure is first to ask the general question about numbers of weeks off work. Some informants will be uncertain of the right answer. They can be encouraged by prompts about the last spell off work for unemployment, then sickness and so on down the list. Whenever it is clear they are going back more than 12 months you should move on to the next eventuality on the list. In the appropriate column note the number of weeks for all spells of unemployment, sickness, etc. You must record "O " in all open boxes when the person has had no spell off work for that reason. You may ignore the codes "X" and "Y" under each open box. They are for office use. For easy reference you can record each spell off work alongside the months listed below. (You may in rare instances interview persons, say, who had five or six spells off work through sickness and may need to show some rough working to arrive at the right total. (Please leave any rough working in case of queries.)

# List member of household (informant, 2nd, 3rd) and weeks off

HOLE MILE TOMOGE									
January	July								
February	August								
March	September								
April	October								
May	November								
Tune	December								

Some informants may have a quick answer for the first general question (usually because they have a very full or almost empty record of work in the year). You should nonetheless use the same procedure of asking about each type of eventuality and each spell off work as a check. If an informant says he hasn't been off work except for "just odd days because of colds and so on" ASK How much would it amount to over the past twelve months—one week, two weeks? AND CODE ACCORDINGLY. For informants (e.g. housewives or students) who have only worked for a few weeks in the year, you may find it quicker to establish first how long they were at work.

As with so many other questions about "the last twelve months" in this questionnaire, informants will often find it helpful if you encourage them to think forwards from a date exactly a year ago.

## QUESTION 14 Best job

If you are asked "What do you mean by 'best'?" you should say "It is up to you to decide" (adding, but only if necessary, "whether it's best because of the money, the people, the job in itself or anything else"). of course there will be people who give a mixture of reasons. Code the one they treat as most important. If they are undecided code DK.



#### **QUESTION 15**

A few persons — e.g. students — may have worked for part of the last year, or may work every Saturday and still be in full-time education. We will be asking about them later. Code them as still in full-time education.

## QUESTION 15(a) Years of full-time education

The question is worded so that if someone has missed a year's schooling because of illness, say, between the ages of 5 and 14, he can adjust his answer accordingly. You can check (or aid other informants trying to reach an answer) by deducting five years from the leaving age and then asking if the result allows for any absence because of hospitalisation, war evacuation, military service, or any other reason. Note that full-time education can be provided in hospital. Only deduct a year if ALL of it was spent out of school. When writing in leaving age and number of years education remember again to insert each digit.

## QUESTION 16 Manual Workers

If you are in doubt from what you have been told about a man's job whether it is manual ask, "How do you do your work? Is it mostly heavy work, or operating a machine or mostly with your hands?" If he indicates any of these ask Q. 16. If still in doubt ask the question and write a note.

## QUESTION 17(a) Husband's occupation

Follow same procedure as above under Question 10. It will be even more necessary to probe for the exact type of job. Encourage the woman to tell you what her husband did, since the answer is most important for us in classifying occupational status.

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#### CURRENT MONETARY INCOME

This section asks questions in turn of the employed, the self-employed and then everyone, including those who are not employed. Our object is to obtain reliable estimates of income, before and after tax, for each income unit in the household, both for "last week" and "the last 12 months".

#### Income Unit

This is any person aged 15 or over, or if in full-time education any person aged 19 or over, together with wife or husband (if she or he has one) and children under 15 (or aged 16-18 if in full-time education), if any. According to this definition a man, wife, and children aged under 15 count as one income unit, but a middle-aged widow and a son who is a university student, or an elderly widow and a single daughter of 40, count as two income units. A household consisting of man and wife with three single children who are all over 15 years of age and who are at work counts as four income units.

### Allocating Income

Usually amounts of income can be entered in the appropriate column, according to the person receiving it. Do not enter any income twice. Do not, for example, enter a particular amount both for the wife and the husband. Nor need you split up any amount part of which is payable for a dependent wife or child. Thus, do not attempt divide up the total of ramily allowances; enter the total in the wife's call and enter an amount for sickness bound neither an amount for sickness bound (finded ut is he who receives it).

#### Gross and Net

Gross and Net

In the first question you carefully ask for the last pay net of deductions and go
on in the second question to establish what these deductions are. The answers to both
questions effectively give gross and net earnings for the last period for which pay was
received and you can build up further information in the questions that follow. You
should be conscious of this distinction throughout the section. It will not always be
possible to get information both for income after tax and income before tax. Remember
that if you cannot get an answer for one you may be able to get it for the other. Make
a note whenever you can. We can calculate in the office.

#### Last 12 months

Though you start by finding what was the last amount of pay received it is very important also to find what was the average pay during the previous 12 months and gradually build up the total income received by the income unit and the household in those months. You have already filled in a work-record and this will help you to answer several of the questions in the section.

#### QUESTION 1 Last earnings

Remember to check earnings for each member of the household, even those of a wife who had a job for only a few weeks in the year, a young son who works only on Saturdays, and a retired man with a part-time job. Second or subsidiary earnings are dealt with in Q. 14. Note that each digit is ruled off from the next. Insert "O" in any column which does not apply. Please note also that we have allowed wider columns on these income pages so that you have enough room to write in figures. But note that you will have to indicate which member of the household received any income if you are obliged to use a fifth or sixth column.

### QUESTION 2 Deductions

Don't forget that a total is better than nothing. If the informant is uncertain say, "I believe it is on your pay slip" and encourage him or her to check. We have asked you to put a tick if in fact you are shown a slip or the informant reads off the amounts. As before, the small boxes on the left are for you to identify the member of the household: "Inf." "2nd" "3rd", etc.

National Insurance contributions

A male employee ordinarily nays 158 8d and a famale employee 138 2d par week

National Insurance contributions

A male employee ordinarily pays 15s. 8d. and a female employee 13s. 2d. per week, although note that a married women can elect to pay only 7d, per week to cover industrial injuries benefits. Boys under 18 pay 10s. 1d. and 2irls 8s. 5d. per week. Persons over 18 who are contracted out of the graduated pension scheme pay a higher flat rate insurance contribution of 18s. 1d. (men), 14s. 8d. (women).

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Graduated pension contributions

The employee contributes 4½ per cent of each pound of gross weekly earnings between the ninth and the eighteenth, i.e. approximately 11½d. for each of these pounds, plus ½ per cent for each pound between the 19th and the 80th, i.e. rather more than 1d. for each of these pounds. In fact a man with gross weekly earnings of £9 pays nothing, one with £13 pays 4s. 0d., one with £13 pays 4s. 0d., one with £13 pays 4s. 0d., one with £15 pays 9s. 0d., and one with £30, 9s. 9d. About one person in every five, however, is contracted out of the graduated pension scheme, but such persons nonetheless pay ½ per cent on each pound of gross earnings between the ninth and the 30th, or a maximum of 2s. 1d.

#### QUESTION 3 Highest and lowest

Check the number of weeks worked by turning up the work record. Some people's earnings will have varied only in one or two weeks of the year and it will not be difficult for you to establish an average in (b). Remember Q. 3(b) is very important. Other people's earnings may have varied widely, either because of changes of job or variations in overtime. Do not include variations due to holidays or sickness. If it is difficult to arrive at an average write in the box or in the margins, e.g. 10 weeks @ £15 10s., six weeks @ £18 15s. and 23 weeks @ £24 1ts. We will work out the rest. Do not include weeks of holiday or sickness, which are explored later.

#### QUESTION 4 Bonuses

If a commission or bonus has been included in Q. 3 do not now amend the answer to that question. If the information is given for the first time write the amount in the box and also strike out "Before" or "After" Tax as appropriate.

#### QUESTION 14 Second job

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This will have been established in the earlier section on Employment. Repeat the question because earnings from subsidiary occupations tend to be forgotten. For example, painters and decorators may have done one remunerative weekend job for a few weeks several months earlier in the year. A gardener may have done some intensive paid work for various local people in the evenings and weekends of the summer months. Or a university lecturer may have had a remunerative consultancy or a series of well-paid broadcasts at some point in the year. Remember that extra earnings from a source other than usual employment may not be thought of as a second job. You should probe for all kinds of additional earnings, depending on the nature of the usual employment.

#### QUESTION 15

QUESTION 15

This is laid out as concisely as possible on one page and you are asked to ring 01, 02, 03, etc., as appropriate and then to enter the rates per week and amounts below, carefully writing in the code "01" (i.e. Family Allowances) "02" (i.e. Retirement Pension) and so on so that we are clearly aware of the allowances to which the amounts refer.

Amounts will sometimes be joint—e.g. retirement pension for man and wife—or will be for several members of the household—e.g. sickness benefit for man and wife and children. In these instances the amount should be entered (if necessary, after the interview) in one column only, under that member of household receiving the payment. Wherever possible encourage informants (especially when elderly) to show you the allowance or pension book.

CODE 01 Family Allowances

				Fi	rst		ld	5	second	7	Chird		rth & equent		
up to April 1968					n	il			8s.		10s.	1	15s.		
after April 1968					n	il			15s.		17s.	1	L7s.		
counting children	under	15	or	up	to	19	if	still	in full	l-time	educat	ion or	college	or a	an
apprentice on low	wages.														
GODT 00 T !!															

CODE 02 Retirement Pension
Note that the actual amounts vary widely, Increased pensions are paid if retirement
is deferred. There are now in addition small graduated state pensions (averaging about
3s.) and pensions may be reduced because of earnings or a deficient contribution
record. Note that some of these points also apply to other benefits. Pensions and
supplementary benefits can be combined in a single payment. You will be prompting
for supplementary benefit and wherever possible we should like you to list the amount
separately (as well as the fact that it is being received). But whenever the rate given
to you exceeded the standard rate below you should check the reason.

Single person (husband)			10s.	
Wife's income		£2	16s.	
1st dependent child		£1	5s.	
2nd dependent child	 		17s.	0d

CODE 03 Standard Widow's Pension
Note: not the widow's allowance which is paid for the first 26 weeks after

Widow or widowed	mothe	r		10s.	
1st dependent child				2s.	
2nd child	·			14s.	

pend on the contribution r	ecoru.				
Single person				10s.	
Married woman			£2	16s.	
1st dependent child			£1	5s.	0d.
Fach subsequent child				17e	D0

Each subsequent child

CODE 06 Supplementary Benefit
The former "national assistance". Rent is sometimes paid direct to the landlord
by the Supplementary Benefits Commission. There is a check later that the amount is
known and counted as income.

CODE 07 Industrial Injury Benefit
£6 7s. 0d. (with additions for dependants) is payable for the first 26 weeks after
injury after which the injured person goes before a Board to have his injury assessed
for an individual disablement pension.

CODES 08 and 09 Industrial and Disablement Pensions
The 100 per cent rate is £7 12s. 0d. (with additions for dependants). CODE 09:
Note that these are war pensions, not service pensions included under occupational
pensions later in Q. 19.

CODE 10 Maternity Allowance

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The standard rate of maternity allowance is £4 a week. It is paid to women who have been paying full national insurance contributions. It begins 11 weeks before the expected confinement and ends after the sixth week following it.

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CODE 11 Maternity Grant

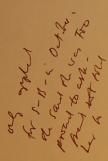
This grant is £22 either for home or hospital confinement.

CODE 14 Single Grant

This is officially described as an exceptional needs grant. The Ministry of Social

Security has replaced the former National Assistance Board and you may need to

explain "a grant from the Assistance". Probe carefully for this for all income units
who are not employed, whether or not they receive supplementary benefit. A large
number of people obtain single grants, e.g. for spectacles or dentures, even though they
are not normally eligible to receive supplementary benefit. Note also that since you
are asking about a period of 12 months there will be instances of people now in work
who obtained a grant at an earlier point in the year.



## QUESTION 9 Staying overnight

The question concentrates on holidays and stays which are directly or indirectly paid for or subsidised by relatives and friends. It may be difficult to obtain an estimate of saving. We have in mind not only the instance of holiday but also an elderly person or a child staying with a member of the family for a lengthy period of the year during a time of loneliness or financial difficulty. Note that space allows only 8 columns on this page. In the unlikely event of interviewing in a household with 9 or 10 persons write in the details for the 9th and 10th persons lower on the page.

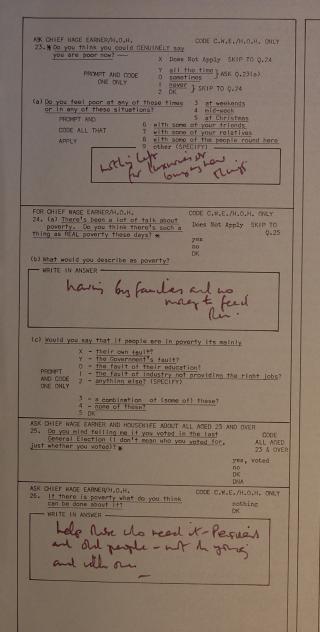
## QUESTION 9 (b) Saving

Note that there are two alternatives in the question. The saving from staying in a relative's or a friend's home should be estimated in terms of the comparable cost of living at home. The saving from being taken on holiday should be estimated in terms of the cost of going on holiday on one's own.

### QUESTION 10 Visitors

This question reverses Q. 9 but estimates of cost should be written into the column allocated for the housewife.

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## INTERVIEWER PLEASE CODE ALL THAT APPLY AFTER INTERVIEW

			67
(	(a)	Household in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident	X
(	b)	Household consisting of woman and adult dependants	Y
(	c)	Household in which there are five or more dependent children	0
(	d)	Household containing an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks (consecutively or in last $12 \text{ months}$ )	1
(	e)	Household containing an adult under 65 years of age who has been ill or injured for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)	2
(	f)	Household containing a disabled adult under 65 (a) disabled	3
		(b) borderline disabled	4
(	g)	Household containing a disabled or handicapped child (including child ill or injured for eight weeks or more) $$	5
(	h)	Household containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for eight weeks or more or who is otherwise severely incapacitated	6
(	i)	Household in which there are (a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more (b) adult male earners (aged 21 to 64) earning less than £14 a week	7 8
(	j)	Household in which there are persons who are	68
		(a) non-white	X
		(b) born in Eire	Y

68 X Y

COMPOSITION OF HOUSE	HOLD: CODES (Q. 10, p. 3)
Man alone: aged 60 or over   101	Man: and widowed or separated daughter
Man and woman: unrelated         109           Two or more men only: related         110           Two or more men only: unrelated         111           Two or more women only: related         112           Two or more women only: unrelated         113           Other (SPECIFY)         114	Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 301 Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15 302 Man, daughter & son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 303 Man, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15 304
Two generation   Man, wife: + 1 child under 15	one under 15 and one over 15 304 Woman, son and di-ni-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Woman, and di-ni-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15 306 Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15 307 Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15 Married couple, married child and child-ni-law, grandchildren under 15 Otherwise 3-generations: 309 Otherwise 3-generations: 310 —at least one child under 15 311 —all persons related, at least one child under 15 312 —unrelated 312 —unrelated 313 Other (SPECIFY) 314  Four generation 314
Man: and widowed or separated son 219	