Christian name for reference only

Inft.	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
ERIC	MARCHAET		4						
65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66				
47	50					1		-	

Age last birthday

6/34

QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES

STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE UNITED KINGDOM 1967-68

> I Housing and Living Facilities II Employment III Occupational Facilities and Fringe Benefits Current Monetary Income P194 wte 5 Assets and Savings VI Health and Disability VII Social Services VIII Private Income in Kind IX Style of Living A Survey carried out from the University of Essex and the University of London (L.S.E.)

Queries should be addressed to: Miss Sheila Benson Skepper House 13 Endsleigh Street London WCI



or contacts

Name of Interviewer Keith Trawis

SERIAL NUMBER

							_	-
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
6	3	4	2	3	2	3	0	1
				THE PARTY NAMED IN		Will block of		

Date(s) of interview(s) 26 11 68

Length of interview(s)

11			
	LA		
	 w	<b>)</b>	

Total actual interviewing time

#### Form of introduction

"My name is X. I'm from Essex/London University. We're preparing a report (writing a book) about standards of living in Britain today and how families manage. We think it's important for the Government and everyone else to know what the facts really are. We're hoping to talk to about 3,000 families throughout the country and I'd be very grateful if you could help us by answering some questions. All our information is, of course, strictly confidential."

# SUMMARY: COMPLETE AFTER INTERVIEW

				Write Section		
1. Interview carried out	10	3. Which sections	were answered	1, 2, 3, etc.	5. Number of other households	21
at first call at second call	W W	in whole or in persons on the	part by which household?	13	at address —	
at third or later call	0	N. S. Orres (4.15.16	Informant	1-92	None	0
2. Information for household	11			14	6. Household living on	22
_ complete skip to Q. 3	@		2nd member	1-90	ground	8
incomplete—answer 2a	Y			15	basement floor 1st floor	1
(a) Sections Housing incomplete Employment	1 2	CODE ALL THAT	3rd		2nd floor 3rd floor 4th floor	2 3
Occupational Income	3 4	APPLY AS LISTED IN Q'AIRE		16	6a 5th or above	5
ALL THAT ASSETS APPLY Health	5 6	(Some Sections may be listed twice)	4th	(3)	€ Specify	
Soc. Services Inc. in kind	8	listed twice)		17	(a) Is there a lift in the building? Yes	
Style of living	9		5th	3	No No	6 7
(b) Reasons if incomplete _	12			18		
ill/disabled does not know	X		6th	0	7. Is there an internal or external	23
information unwilling to give	Y			19	flight of at least 4 steps or stairs to the dwelling entrance?	
information other (specify)	0	Other (specify)			stand to the avoing entrance.	
	1		detached house	20	Yes	8
		or bun Ter. h'se	or bungalow	<b>®</b>	No	<b>9</b>
		Type of Self-con.	flat in block flat in house	0 1		
		to short	flat attached p/business	2		
		Room(s): Other (s)	furnished pecify)	2 3 4		
						0

## QUESTION 9

Exclude Bank Holidays in counting up holiday entitlement. List number of weeks to nearest week. Do not insert " $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

#### QUESTION 10 Occupation

See instructions above for Q. 7(b). Start by recording member of household in left-hand box (informant, 2nd, 3rd, etc.) and then carefully note occupation and industry or business. The office will code in the right-hand columns on the basis of your information. Avoid all vague terms, e.g. "engineer". If you find the answer too general or difficult to understand always ask "What do you do?" and write in the answer. In many households there will be only one or two persons who have been at work in the past twelve months. If necessary you can use all the space in the box just for one or two persons, providing it is clear to which person(s) the information applies.

#### QUESTION 11 Change of Job

Note that sub-questions (a) - (d) apply only to persons changing their jobs less than five years previously.

11(c). IRU, etc., means Industrial Rehabilitation Unit or any other Government training centre.

## **QUESTION 12 Training Course**

Our object is to check on men taking a re-training or training course, whether or not they changed their job. Some men may have taken a course and gone back to their former job or employers. Others may be unemployed and yet have taken such a course.

## QUESTION 13 Fall in Earnings

You may be asked what you mean by "big" fall. Accept whatever the informant thinks is big. Put the information in the box, including the approximate earnings previously as well as the subsequent earnings and code the extent of the fall in the right-hand columns.

## QUESTION 16 Supplementary Benefit

It is most important that you should not overlook anyone who may be receiving or who has received supplementary benefit. There are two problems. One is, as noted above, that an informant may neglect to tell you that a standard benefit, like retirement pension and sickness benefit, is in fact supplemented. The other is that the official term "supplementary benefit" is fairly new. You may therefore have to prompt "supplementary assistance?", 'national assistance?" or "public assistance?".

#### QUESTION 16(c) Rent paid by Supplementary Benefits Commission

If the rent is in fact paid by the S.B.C. we shall be asking later how much that is.

## QUESTION 17 Single Grant

A single payment may be made to meet an exceptional need — such as bedding, clothing or household equipment. It may also be made to meet charges for glasses, dentures or dental treatment obtained through the National Health Service.

## QUESTION 18 Income in last year at work

Note that you have already asked how many years it is since such a man last worked (in Section II). Now you are asking for the actual year when last at work, and, if it is 1955 or a later year, for the wage and household income. Do not neglect to find the composition of the household at that time (for example, write: man, wife and adult single son, or, man, wife and wife's widowed mother). We realise memories may be faulty but most people remember the last occasion they were at work and we are anxious (for retired and disabled persons, for example) to get a rough estimate of their fall in income upon giving up work. In the office we shall of course allow for average wage increases in the intervening years in interpreting the information you collect.

# QUESTION 19 Employer's pension

The question is in a form which allows for the possibility of an expoliceman, ex-serviceman or ex-civil servant drawing a pension though still holding a subsequent job. Service pensions should be included here but not war pensions, which have been covered in Q. 15. As before: Strike out Before or After Tax as appropriate.

Eni will get his persin soon- By le hadt retire Progl \_ Ul-ledt - his person of rylis were foren- the us vaguetar Re Le un get it, but expect it SEEL-endity it is being sorted out by he Civil Servicer Statt Section - the expects t set a smelliump sun for lis 20 yrs Service + a regular pagur in edditint his suksets berefit. Fulik you havet prove you need your > pesin meg, of you tetini early.

## QUESTION 4 Special schools & centres

This question is asked only of persons who have been ill and off work or confined to bed or the house for eight weeks or more continuously, and those who are coded for any item in Question 3.

## QUESTION 5 Date of onset of sickness or disabling condition

Our object is to establish the year of onset but the question is worded 'first have any condition" so as to allow for the fact that some conditions develop out of others. For persons with a disabling condition you ask, in effect, when all the trouble started.

#### Previous occupation

In the section on Employment you have already asked for the last occupation of everyone not now at work (p. 7). Some people change their occupation because of a disabling condition before finally being obliged to give up work. You should probe for the (previous) occupation which people had before any history of illness or disability started.

#### QUESTION 6 Mobility

You should code people according to their usual mobility, taking no account of a temporary illness or injury. "Usual mobility" may be interpreted as "for at least eight weeks and unlikely to become more mobile in the immediate future" or "for less than eight weeks but unlikely to become more mobile within at least that total period." Someone who spends most of the time in bed and needs help to get out to sit in a chair is defined as bedfast. Someone who can get out of his bed into a chair or wheelchair and who can walk indoors but not even a few yards outdoors without help is defined as housebound. The test is whether someone can walk on his own (without the assistance or company of any other person — though with or without sticks or crutches).

## QUESTION 7 Incapacity

In prompting this series of questions you may find it simplest to ask the question without the variation in brackets, unless it seems appropriate. Remember you are asking whether they have any difficulty in doing X. Sometimes certain questions will not apply to particular people or to particular situations. You will meet people who do not (or say they do not) wash down, negotiate stairs (living in bungalows), go shopping and do housework (especially some men). The question should then be asked in terms of "But would you have any difficulty in doing X if you had to?" The codes 0, 1, 2 are listed in increasing order of difficulty and you should check that you ring one of them for each item.

## QUESTION 7e

It would be insensitive and unnecessary to ask questions about the daily activities of the bedfast. They are therefore excluded from this question and the rest of the series. You may encounter other people (e.g. advanced obesity) of whom it is clear that they cannot do certain activities. You may refrain from putting questions to them. The same is true of any situations in which the questions are likely to cause great distress. BUT AS A GENERAL RULE QUESTIONS 7 (e) to (i) SHOULD BE ASKED FOR ALL OTHER THAN THE BEDFAST AND CHAIRFAST.

## QUESTIONS 8 & 9 Variation in incapacity

These questions explore whether the pattern of answers to Question 7 is permanent. Question 8 seeks any indication of seasonal variations (e.g. bronchitis) and Question 9 day-to-day variations in the effects of disability.

## QUESTION 19 Housekeeping and board

The question refers to ALL INCOME RECIPIENTS including pensioners, as well as earners, who contribute to the housekeeping expenses. Be careful that you probe for everyone in the house, including adolescent earners. Sometimes the actual sum available for housekeeping will be quite different from that suggested by the total income of the household. The husband or teenagers may retain quite large sums not only for their own use but because the pattern of responsibility in one household for expenditure may be different from that in another household which has the same composition. Housekeeping can be a touchy point if both husband and wife are present, and it is perhaps best dealt with by interviewing one of them on their own (the housewife preferably) and, if possible, checking later with the other (the husband). If both husband and wife are present avoid expressing any surprise or criticism if you think the housekeeping is small. Also avoid indicating any opinion on the question of whether wage-earners should pay bills. Try to imply that all arrangements are equally possible. We have listed the common ones, but there will be others. REMEMBER TO CODE EACH INCOME RECIPIENT.

#### QUESTION 19 (b) Money back

This can be daily fares, insurances or clubs paid, dinner money, or simply "spending money". Some teenagers hand over their wages but get clothing bought. Usually this question will apply to teenagers, but some husbands may get money from the housekeeping for their cigarettes and beer mid-week.

## QUESTION 19 (c) Payment of housekeeping bills

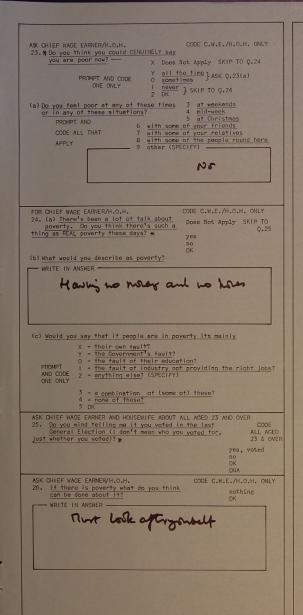
Often the husband will pay some larger bills, but alternatively he may pay housekeeping but expect to "help out" if a heavy bill comes in. We realise that an estimate may be rough but try to get an average contribution. Teenage children may buy food as "treats" for the household from the money they retain. Again try for an average.

## QUESTION 20 Long-term saving

We are not interested in asking here whether the informant has savings (that was asked in Section V). Nor are we interested here in asking for short-term saving. Instead the question explores whether at the present time the informant manages to put aside savings for a long-term objective.

## QUESTION 21 Ten years ago

To give us some idea of fluctuating fortunes we ask what things were like ten years ago. Some persons aged 35 or over will have been at home in their parents' households ten years ago and therefore we have to find what was the composition of the household. In any case, we require an estimate of the total money flowing into the household, and the number of adults and children that were supported at that time. Give the informant time to recollect. And check that income includes pensions, family allowances, etc. Fortunately, the informant will already have some idea of what you are after from the detailed questions asked earlier.



Inft	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7	8	9	10_
71	71	71	. 71	71	71	71	71	71	71
71 X Y Q 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	71 X Y O I I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	X Y O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	X Y O I 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9	71 X Y O I I 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9	71 X Y O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9	71 X Y O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	X Y O I 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9	X Y O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	X Y O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
72	72	72	72	72	70	70	70	70	70
/2 X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X
72 X Y	YOI	Y 0 1	YOI	Y	YOUTH	YOU	^ Y O I	Y 0 1	Y 0 1
73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73
73	X Y 0 I 2	73 X Y 0 1 2	73 X Y 0 1 2	73 X Y 0 I 2	X Y 0 1 2	73 X Y 0 1 2	X Y O I 2	X Y 0 1 2	73 X Y 0 1 2
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74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74
0 1 75 0 X Y	0 1 75 X Y	X Y O I 75 X Y	X Y O I 75 X Y	X Y O I 75 X Y	X Y O I	XYOI	X Y O I	X Y O I	X Y O I 75 X Y
75	75	75	75	75	75 X Y	75 X Y	75 X Y	75 X Y	75 Y
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#### INTERVIEWER PLEASE CODE ALL THAT APPLY AFTER INTERVIEW

- (a) Household in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident Household consisting of woman and adult dependants (c) Household in which there are five or more dependent children
- Household containing an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks (consecutively or in last  $12\ \mathrm{months}$ )
- Household containing an adult under 65 years of age who has been ill or injured for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)
- (f) Household containing a disabled adult under 65
  (a) disabled

(b) borderline disabled

- (g) Household containing a disabled or handicapped child (including child ill or injured for eight weeks or more)
- (h) Household containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for eight weeks or more or who is otherwise severely incapacitated

- Household in which there are
  (a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more
  (b) adult male earners (aged 21 to 64) earning less than £14 a week
- (j) Household in which there are persons who are (a) non-white
  - (b) born in Eire



# COMPOSITION OF HOUSEHOLD: CODES (Q. 10, p. 3) Man: and widowed or separated daughter Woman: and widowed or separated son ... Woman: and widowed or separated daughter ... Otherwise two generations: all related ... Otherwise two generations: at least one person not related to any other Other (SPECIFY) ... One generation Man alone: aged 60 or over Man alone: aged under 60 Woman aloe: aged do or over Woman aloe: aged 60 or over Woman aloe: aged 60 or over Woman alone: aged under 60 Husband and wife: both aged 60 or over Husband and wife: both aged 60 or over Husband and wife: both under 60 Man and woman: otherwise related Man and woman: otherwise related Two or more men only: related Two or more men only: unrelated Two or more women only: unrelated Two or more women only: unrelated Other (SPECIFY) 105 106 107 108 109 Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 ... Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15 ... Man, daughter & son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 302 Man, daughter & son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Man, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15. Woman, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Woman, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15. Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15. Married couple, married child and child-in-law, grandchildren under 15 control of the couple of the children under 15 control of the couple of the couple of the children under 15 control of the couple of the coupl 113 114 303 wo generation Man, wife: + 1 child under 15 Man, wife: + 2 children both under 15 Man, wife: + 2 children all under 15 Man, wife: + 3 children all under 15 Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15 Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15 Man, wife: + children, at least 1 under 15 and at least 1 over 15, none married Man, wife: + children all over 15, at least 1 aged 25 or over, none married Man and one child under 15 Man and three or more children under 15 Man and three or more children under 15 Man and children at least one under and one over 15, none married Man and children all aged 15-24, none married Man and children all over 15 at least one 25 or over, none married Woman: and one child under 15 Woman: and three or more children under 25 Woman: and children, at least one under and one over 15, none married Woman: and children, all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children, all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children all over 15, at least one 25 or over, none married Man: and widowed or separated son 304 305 Two generation 306 307 $\frac{205}{206}$ 309 310 311 312 Four generation 401 213 214 215 216 DESCRIBE COMPOSITION BELOW 217 218