MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD

Christian name for reference only

Age last birthday

		- William							100
Inft.	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
PIRIA	PHY	HANEL							
65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	160			
31	32	08							

425

0639

QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES &

STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE UNITED KINGDOM 1967-68

I	Housing and Living Facilities
II	Employment
III	Occupational Facilities and Fringe Benefits
IV	Current Monetary Income
V	Assets and Savings
VI	Health and Disability
VII	Social Services
VIII	Private Income in Kind
IX	Style of Living
1	

A Survey carried out from the University of Essex and the University of London (L.S.E.)

Queries should be addressed to: Miss Sheila Benson Skepper House 13 Endsleigh Street London WCI



A25/0639
Should not-hame been screened
Out

Indy Do you tink the to.6.0 Tax reporte Should be taken from y gross ways (See whe all side) I don't think it should because it's not clear that it has been added - also he get \$10 take home when he had two days of which suggests a normal ways of over \$14 a week.

9 fold Social Class dans.

hig. No be done - Friday.

Special Special

Name of Interviewer # M SEYNON SERIAL NUMBER 4 5 6 7 8 9

Name of Interview(s) 6 568

Length of interview(s) 34 #RS

Or contacts

Total actual interviewing time.

C.I.C. 6

R. SERIAL 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

NUMBER 4 2 5 0 6 3 9 0 1

Total actual interviewing time.

Total actual interviewing time.

Form of introduction

"My name is X. I'm fromssex/London University. We're preparing a report (writing a book) about standards of living in Britain today and how famies manage. We think it's important for the Government and everyone else to know what the facts really are. We're hopg to talk to about 3,000 families throughout the country and I'd be very grateful if you could help us by answering somquestions. All our information is, of course, strictly confidential."

SUMMARY: COMPLETE AFTER INTERVIEW 21 Which sections were answered in whole or in part by which persons on the household? 1. Interview carried out 5. Number of other households Y 0 at first call 13 at address at second call at third or later call (0) Informant 22 14 6. Household living on 2. Information for household_ 3)-18/14-13 2nd member $\stackrel{\text{X}}{Y}$ ground basement floor — complete skip to Q. 3 incomplete—answer 2a 1st floor 2nd floor 3rd floor 4th floor 1 2 3 CODE ALL THAT APPLY AS LISTED IN Q'AIRE (Some Sections may be listed twice) Housing Sections 3rd incomplete Employment Occupational 4 5 16 5th or above Specify Income CODE ALL THAT APPLY Assets Health Soc. Services Is there a lift in the building? Yes No 4th 17 Inc. in kind Style of living 8 9 5th (b) Reasons if incomplete 12 18 23 _ill/disabled 6th X Is there an internal or external does not know information flight of at least 4 steps or stairs to the dwelling entrance? 19 Y unwilling to give information Oher (specify) 0 other (specify) 20 4 Semi or detached house 8 9 or bungalow or bungatow Ter, h'se or bungatow Self-con. flat in block Self-con. flat in house Self-con. flat attached to shop/business Room(s): furnished Type of Acconm. 2 Other (specify)

SECTION II EMPLOYMENT

General

This section and the next (Occupational Facilities) should normally be asked of each adult earner in the household. If you happen to be interviewing the housewife during the day you should ask these questions as they apply to herself (and also to any children and adult dependants—e.g. elderly widowed mother) and then a separate (shorter) interview with the husband (and any other adult earner who is not available at the time of the first interview) to ask him for answers to this section, to the section on occupational facilities, to the questions on earnings in Section IV and any other questions which cannot be answered by the housewife.

QUESTION 1 Attended paid employment

All persons working for gain. If a housewife, retired person or even a schoolchild works a few hours for pay each week, he or she should be included. Also count man who is not at his main occupation (and even who may be thought of as unemployable) but who has pay from a minor job. We will be able to check in analysis. Our purpose is not to miss casual earnings and supplementary sources of income.

QUESTION 2 Two jobs

If a person does some kind of job for a different employer or on own behalf in his "spare" time this counts as a second job. Even if it is the same kind of job but is separately paid for (e.g. decorator working in spare time for himself) it should be counted as second job.

QUESTION 3 House or flat

Includes house combined with business premises or farm; but the question has been introduced primarily to cater for women home-workers on piece rates. Note that it refers to any second as well as the principal

QUESTION 4 Starting and finishing work times

The question applies to last week. Ignore variations in working hours from week to week. If working times were the same on at least three days of the week regard them as "usual". If there were two shifts (e.g. morning and evening), list according to starting time of the first and finishing time of the second, and note fact on left.

QUESTION 5 Aid in calculating hours of work

The table below assumes a 5-day week and 1 hour for lunch. Note that each digit should be put in each separate part of the box (i.e. one digit under No. 29 and the other under No. 30).

Starting	Finishing time						
time	4.30 p.m.	5.00 p.m.	5.30 p.m.	6.00 p.m.			
7.00 a.m. 7.30 a.m. 8.00 a.m. 8.30 a.m. 9.00 a.m. 9.30 a.m. 10.00 a.m.	$\begin{array}{c} 42\frac{1}{2} \\ 40 \\ 37\frac{1}{2} \\ 35 \\ 32\frac{1}{2} \\ 30 \\ 27\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 45 \\ 42\frac{1}{2} \\ 40 \\ 37\frac{1}{2} \\ 35 \\ 32\frac{1}{2} \\ 30 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 47\frac{1}{2} \\ 45 \\ 42\frac{1}{2} \\ 40 \\ 37\frac{1}{2} \\ 35 \\ 32\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$ 50 47\frac{1}{2} 45 42\frac{1}{2} 40 35\frac{1}{2} 35 $			

QUESTION 6 NOT AT WORK

Note that this question must also be answered for persons working last week for less than 30 hours Unemployed: as distinct from "off sick" or temporarily off work (e.g. on holiday). The replies will be, for example: "I lost my job"; "I'm out of a job"; "There was redundancy at the firm so I'm out of work for the moment". Sometimes a person may say he is both unemployed AND sick or disabled, or it may for other reasons be difficult to specify just one code. Accept the best answer given by the informant even if you observe that someone who says he is unemployed is obviously sick or disabled (and vice-versa). Later questions are designed to establish whether or not he is seeking work and whether or not he is chronically sick or disabled.

Unpaid holiday

Part of our purpose in asking if holidays are unpaid is to ensure that 5 is not coded rather than the underlying reasons coded as 7, 8 or 9. Distinguishing between paid and unpaid holidays introduces complications but may be worthwhile (a) for the opportunity afforded to probe the reasons an unpaid holiday is being taken and (b) later when calculating weeks not at work in previous year.

Spermodially Spermodially Only is the Used's 12 mals

QUESTION 5

Note that the recent Industrial Employment Act gives employers the responsibility of notifying employees about certain terms of service. Many employees will have received some kind of notification.

QUESTION 6 Whether sick pay

Include only when employer pays cash directly to an employee who is sick. Contributions towards medical care costs come under Q. 11. Ideally we would like to have details of sick pay expected and length of time employer is expected to go on paying. (Sometimes a man is paid one proportion of pay for 3 months and then a lower proportion for a further 3 months.) Many informants, however, will not know and you should do your best to get a general idea at least of the starting level for the first month, recording underneath more specific information if known.

Sick pay amount What should be entered here is costs paid by employer. Sickness benefit should not be included even though employers contribute towards it. Earnings means earnings before tax.

QUESTION 7 Pension

Include any type of occupational pension, contributory or non-contributory, funded or unfunded.

QUESTION 7a Employee's contribution

Note that we are not attempting to establish what the employer pays, because many informants will not know. We require amount paid (preferably) or per cent of earnings before tax: many schemes are not of the type that the employer pays a fixed proportion of earnings. In these instances, code "None" or "Does not apply", according to the information you are given. When given a percentage note that it may be calculated on basic wages rather than earnings and you should note this so that we can adjust the figure in the office. Estimate the proportion of normal earnings the previous contribution amounts to — correct to nearest percentage point unless respondent names half a percentage point.

QUESTION 7b Pensionable age

That is, the age at which the pension is first payable.

QUESTION 7c Years towards pension

Do not count any years towards another pension in a previous employment unless those years have been accepted by the present employer as counting towards the pension from his employment.

QUESTION 7d Amount of pension

The question refers to the total occupational pension, though part of the cost may be paid by the informant. If the informant knows more details about his entitlement enter information in box (e.g. two-thirds of salary in last 5 years of service).

QUESTION 8 Meal vouchers

You may have to build up towards the average weekly value by asking "How much is each voucher worth?" "How many do you use in an average week?". Generally vouchers are additional to wage or salary but sometimes the employer will include them on a pay slip as part of earnings received. Watch that you do not count their value both here and later under net earnings.

QUESTION 9 Subsidised meals

Meals include drinks that may accompany them though we think it might cause offence to ask this in a formal question. We are interested to learn of anything from subsidised canteen meals to expense account lunches and dinners

QUESTION 9a Saving on meals

QUESTION 9a Saving on meals

Note that we are seeking an estimate of the difference between the actual cost to the employee and what he would have spent in the ordinary way if there were no subsidised canteen or restaurant available, or if his work did not allow him to charge the cost of outside meals. We are not seeking an estimate of the real value of the meals. Since some employees may not spend more outside on a poorer meal than they spend inside for a subsidised one, some entries may be "O" shillings.

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QUESTION 10 Personal use

Includes transport to and from work.

QUESTION 10a Normal repairs

Excludes repairs caused by negligence of informant or family. Make and type — e.g. Vauxhall Cresta, Saloon or Morris 15 cwt. van. The description should be enough for us to look up its second-hand value as a check on the value.

QUESTION 10d Driver

This is a polite way of ascertaining whether the car is chauffeur-driven. Thus Code X includes self, family, friends and other employees driving for pleasure-and not because they are paid to drive the respondent around.

QUESTION 11 Other benefits

Read the prompts slowly: they are carefully drafted to cover the perks of both senior and junior staff. The goods may vary from free or subsidised coal given to miners to discounts on goods bought or free vegetables, seeds or seedlings. Don't hesitate to pursue it further according to occupations of informants. Transport may be free leisure travel given to railway or bus employees or paid holidays given to senior executives. Note this section is supplementary to the use of a vehicle in Q. 10. Medical expenses may be premiums to insurance agencies for private medical care or the direct payment of doctors' bills. Education can range from free tennis lessons or typing lessons to payment of public school fees. Shares in the company can be given free or below market value.

ENCOURAGE THE INFORMANT to add items under the various headings together and give time for this to be done. We are interested to know what it would cost to buy these things privately even though the employee might not have chosen to do so (e.g. the employee might have used the Health Service if his employer did not pay for him to have private medical care).

"How much a year are these things worth altogether?"

The point here is that some kinds of entries will be money saved, say, on goods and services which the informant would have had to pay for, whereas other entries will involve things he would never have afforded or thought about. Our aim is to discover what equivalent in extra income would be needed if he did the same things but had to bear the full cost himself.

QUESTION 13 Satisfaction with job

The questions are laid out in a form which equally encourage positive or negative answers. You may shorten the question to "Are you satisfied or dissatisfied with ——" providing the informant seems to be genuinely weighing the alternatives.

Facilities at work means facilities as asked under Q. 3 earlier.

life ensurance is included.

CURRENT MONETARY INCOME

This section asks questions in turn of the employed, the self-employed and then everyone, including those who are not employed. Our object is to obtain reliable estimates of income, before and after tax, for each income unit in the household, both for "last week" and "the last 12 months".

Income Unit

This is any person aged 15 or over, or if in full-time education any person aged 19 or over, together with wife or husband (if she or he has one) and children under 15 (or aged 16-18 if in full-time education), if any. According to this definition a man, wife, and children aged under 15 count as one income unit, but a middle-aged widow and a son who is a university student, or an elderly widow and a single daughter of 40, count as two income units. A household consisting of man and wife with three single children who are all over 15 years of age and who are at work counts as four income units.

Allocating Income

Usually amounts of income can be entered in the appropriate column, according to the person receiving it. Do not enter any income twice. Do not, for example, enter a particular amount both for the wife and the husband. Nor need you split up any amount part of which is payable for a dependent wife or child. Thus, do not attempt to divide up the total of family allowances; enter the total in the wife's column. And enter an amount for sickness benefit, say, even if it includes sums for the wife and children, in the husband's column (if indeed it is he who receives it).

Gross and Net

In the first question you carefully ask for the last pay net of deductions and go on in the second question to establish what these deductions are. The answers to both questions effectively give gross and net earnings for the last period for which pay was received and you can build up further information in the questions that follow. You should be conscious of this distinction throughout the section. It will not always be possible to get information both for income after tax and income before tax. Remember that if you cannot get an answer for one you may be able to get it for the other. Make a note whenever you can. We can calculate in the office.

Last 12 months

Though you start by finding what was the last amount of pay received it is very important also to find what was the average pay during the previous 12 months and gradually build up the total income received by the income unit and the household in those months. You have already filled in a work-record and this will help you to answer several of the questions in the section.

QUESTION 1 Last earnings

Remember to check earnings for each member of the household, even those of a wife who had a job for only a few weeks in the year, a young son who works only on Saturdays, and a retired man with a part-time job. Second or subsidiary earnings are dealt with in Q. 14. Note that each digit is ruled off from the next. Insert "O" in any column which does not apply. Please note also that we have allowed wider columns on these income pages so that you have enough room to write in figures. But note that you will have to indicate which member of the household received any income if you are obliged to use a fifth or sixth column.

QUESTION 2 Deductions

Don't forget that a total is better than nothing. If the informant is uncertain say, "I believe it is on your pay slip" and encourage him or her to check. We have asked you to put a tick if in fact you are shown a slip or the informant reads off the amounts. As before, the small boxes on the left are for you to identify the member of the household: "int." "2nd" "3nd", etc.

hold: "In!" "2nd" "3rd", etc.

National Insurance contributions

A male employee ordinarily pays 15s. 8d. and a female employee 13s. 2d. per week, and though note that a married women can elect to pay only 7d. per week to cover industrial injuries benefits. Boys under 18 pay 10s. 1d. and girls 8s. 5d. per week. Persons over 18 who are contracted out of the graduated pension scheme pay a higher flat rate insurance contribution of 18s. 1d. (men), 14s. 8d. (women).

Graduated pension contributions

The employee contributes 4½ per cent of each pound of gross weekly earnings between the ninth and the eighteenth, i.e. approximately 11½d. for each of these pounds, plus † per cent for each pound between the 19th and the 30th, i.e. rather more than 1d. for each of these pounds. In fact a man with gross weekly earnings of £9 poxes on the 13d pays 4s. 0d., one with £10 pays 4s. 0d., and one with £30, 9s. d. About one person in every five, however, is contracted out of the graduated pension scheme, but such persons nonetheless pay ‡ per cent on each pound of gross earnings between the ninth and the 30th, or a maximum of 2s. 1d.

QUESTION 3 Highest and lowest

Check the number of weeks worked by turning up the work record. Some people's earnings will have varied only in one or two weeks of the year and it will not be diffinut for you to establish an average in (b). Remember Q. 3(b) is very important. Other people's earnings may have varied widely, either because of changes of job or variations in overtime. Do not include variations due to holidays or sickness. If it is difficult to arrive at an average write in the box or in the margins, e.g. 10 weeks @ 515 10s., six weeks @ 518 15s. and 23 weeks @ 524 11s. We will work out the rest. Do not include weeks of holiday or sickness, which are explored later.

If a commission or bonus has been included in Q. 3 do not now amend the answer to that question. If the information is given for the first time write the amount in the box and also strike out "Before" or "After" Tax as appropriate.



QUESTION 14 Second job

This will have been established in the earlier section on Employment. Repeat the question because earnings from subsidiary occupations tend to be forgotten. For example, painters and decorators may have done one remunerative weekend job for a few weeks several months earlier in the year. A gardener may have done some intensive paid work for various local people in the evenings and weekends of the summer months. Or a university lecturer may have had a remunerative consultancy or a series of well-paid broadcasts at some point in the year. Remember that extra earnings from a source other than usual employment may not be thought of as a second job. You should probe for all kinds of additional earnings, depending on the nature of the usual employment.

This is laid out as concisely as possible on one page and you are asked to ring 01, 02, 03, etc., as appropriate and then to enter the rates per week and amounts below, carefully writing in the code "01" (i.e. Family Allowances) "02" (i.e. Retirement Pension) and so on so that we are clearly aware of the allowances to which the amounts

Pension) and so on so that we are clearly aware to the absolute refer.

Amounts will sometimes be joint — e.g. retirement pension for man and wife — or will be for several members of the household — e.g. sickness benefit for man and wife and children. In these instances the amount should be entered (if necessary, after the interview) in one column only, under that member of household receiving the payment. Wherever possible encourage informants (especially when elderly) to show you the allowance or pension book.

CODE OF FAIRING AND	wances	First child	Second	Third	Fourth & subsequent
up to April 1968 after April 1968 counting children und apprentice on low wag		nil nil up to 19 if s	8s. 15s. itill in full-tim	10s. 17s. ne educatio	15s. 17s. on or college or an

counting children under 15 or up to 19 if still in full-time education or college or an apprentice on low wages.

CDE 02 Retirement Pension

Note that the actual amounts vary widely. Increased pensions are paid if retirement is deferred. There are now in addition small graduated state pensions (averaging about 3s.) and pensions may be titled because of earnings or a deficient contribution stock that the actual amounts vary widely. Increased pensions (averaging about 3s.) and pensions may be titlese points also apply to other benefits. Pensions and supplementary benefit and wherever possible we should like you to list the amount separately (as well as the fact that it is being received). But whenever the rate given to you exceeds the standard rate below you should check the reason.

Single person (husband)

Wife's income

£4 10s. 0d.

Wife's income

£2 16s. 0d.

2nd dependent child

£1 7s. 0d.

CODE 03 Standard Widow's Pension

Note: not the widow's allowance which is paid for the first 26 weeks after widowhood.

Widow or widowed mother

£4 10s. 0d.

2nd child

£1 12s. 6d.

2nd child

£1 14s. 6d.

2nd child

£1 14s. 6d.

Depending on the circumstances of the death of the husband (armed service and so on) widows' pensions may differ in size. Note that family allowances are received in addition to dependent children's allowances.

Widow's Allowance: Widow £6 7s., children as for widow's pension

CODE 04 and 05 Sickness Benefit and Unemployment Benefit

Sickness benefit is often paid for periods other than a week. Find what was the last payment and for how many days (excluding Sundays). A payment for 6 days, excluding Sundays. A payment for 6 days, excluding Sundays. A payment and for how many days (excluding Sundays). A payment for 6 days, excluding Sundays is dependent child not the first rate benefits listed below. Moreover, these benefit rates depend on the contribution record.

Single person

£2 16s. 0d.

Arrived woman £2 16s. 0d.

Married woman £2 16s. 0d.

Each subsequent child

CODE 06 Supplementary Benefit

pensions later in Q. 19.

CODE 10 Maternity Allowance

The standard rate of maternity allowance is £4 a week. It is paid to women who have been paying full national insurance contributions. It begins 11 weeks before the expected confinement and ends after the sixth week following it.

CODE 11 Maternity Grant

This grant is £22 either for home or hospital confinement.

This grant is £22 either for home or hospital connement.

CODE 14 Single Grant
This is officially described as an exceptional needs grant. The Ministry of Social
Security has replaced the former National Assistance Board and you may need to
explain "a grant from the Assistance". Probe carefully for this for all income
who are not employed, whether or not they receive supplementar even
unmber of people obtain single grants, e.g. for spective supplementar, even though they
are not normally eligible to receive supplementar, because the season of the season of

octually record
subvives the week
lique to interven
prior to be splonger

QUESTION 25(a) Private and business accommodation

6) is freehold from property from property Count as "business" accommodation any accommodation which counts for purposes of offsetting tax. This may include a study room for some teachers, for example.

QUESTION 25(e) Rate rebate or reduction

Note that many councils pay rebates twice a year.

QUESTION 25(h) Mortgage

The informant may know the total sum paid in the previous year but not the division of the sum between interest and repayments of principal. Yet it is essential for us to find how much of the peyment represents capital repayments and how much interest payments, because otherwise we cannot work out housing costs which are comparable with costs incurred by households paying rent. In many instances a monthly or annual payment slip will show the two amounts and the informant should be encouraged to look this that if the informant still cannot give you the answer we have up. Note that if the informant still cannot give you the answer we have provided certain questions on the right-hand side of the page which will allow us to make a reliable estimate. You should note certain details in the

- (a) source of loan or mortgage; (b) term of repayment; (c) number of years paid; (d) amount of loan.

Please make special note if the repayment of a mortgage is covered by an endowment policy and note the amount and frequency of the premium. As elsewhere put a tick in the small box or make a note if you are fortunate enough to be shown documents.

QUESTION 25(i) Value of house/flat

Ask for an estimate and only show Flashcard No. 3 if the informant hesitates in giving an answer and you judge that it would be appropriate. Always insert the code number as given on the Flashcard, even if you also obtain an extractable of the property of the contract o obtain an exact estimate.

QUESTION 25(1) Government's Mortgage Scheme

Note that, broadly, this is advantageous only to a householder with relatively low income who does not expect to pay tax at the standard rate in the foreseeable future.

ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY
23.** Do you think you could GENUINELY say you are poor now? — X Does Not Apply SKIP TO 0.24
V -11 the time
2 DK 3 SKIP 10 Q.24
(a) Do you feel poor at any of these times 3 at weekends or in any of these situations? 4 mid-week
PROMPT AND 5 at Christmas 6 with some of your friends
CODE ALL THAT 7 with some of your relatives
APPLY 8 WITH some of the people round here 9 other (SPECIFY) // 0 -
70-
FOR CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY 24. (a) There's been a lot of talk about
poverty. Do you think there's such a
thing as REAL poverty these days? * yes
(b) What would you describe as poverty?
hack I and tend bod bacterial Feet day tate
Overcrowded boxes. Unemployment
Lack of food . Gamalling
and of raw. Immaing
(c) Would you say that if people are in poverty its mainly
X - their own fault? Y - the Government's fault?
Y - the Government [†] s fault? O - the fault of their education?
PROMPT 0 - the fault of their education? 1 - the fault of industry not providing the right jobs? AND CODE 2 - anything else (SPECIFY)
AND CODE 2 - anything else? (SPECIFY)
3 - a combination of (some of) these? 4 - none of these?
5 DK
ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER AND HOUSEWIFE ABOUT ALL AGED 23 AND OVER 25. Do you mind telling me if you voted in the last CODE
25. Do you mind telling me if you voted in the last General Election (1 don't mean who you voted for, Just whether you voted? * 23. & OVER
yes, voted
no DK
DNA
ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. 26. If there is poverty what do you think can be done about it? nothing
can be done about 1†? nothing DK
Wigher wage standard Better Education.
de la la comaligna
Mars Locial aid for unemployed Mars Housing Projects. Slum
Man Mousing Projects. Slum
Clearance.

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73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73
74 5	X Y O I 2	X Y 0 1 2 3 4 5	X Y 0 1 2 3 4 5	X Y 0 1 2	X Y 0 1 2	X Y O I 2 3 4 5	X Y O I 2 3 4 5	X Y O I 2 3 4 5	73 X Y O I 2
74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74
0 1 75 X	75 4 Y	X Y O I	X Y O I	X Y O	X Y O	X Y O I	XYOI	XYOI	X Y O I 75
75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
X Y	4 × 75 + 77 O + 4	75 X Y	75 X Y	75 X Y	X	X	X	X	X

INTERVIEWER PLEASE CODE ALL THAT APPLY AFTER INTERVIEW

- (a) Household in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident
- (b) Household consisting of woman and adult dependants
- (c) Household in which there are five or more dependent children
- Household containing an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months) (d)
- (e) Household containing an adult under 65 years of age who has been ill or injured for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)
- (f) Household containing a disabled adult under 65 (a) disabled
 - (b) borderline disabled
- (g) Household containing a disabled or handicapped child (including child ill or injured for eight weeks or more)
- (h) Household containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for eight weeks or more or who is otherwise severely incapacitated
- (i) Household in which there are
 (a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more
 (b) adult male earners (aged 21 to 64) earning less than £14 a week
- (j) Household in which there are persons who are (a) non-white
 - (b) born in Eire

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1	5	
	6	
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Г	68	
	X Y	
	**	
	Y	

COMPOSITION OF HOUSEHOLD: CODES (Q. 10, p. 3)

	One generation		
	Man alone: aged 60 or over		101
	Man alone: aged under 60		102
	Woman alone: aged 60 or over		103
	Woman alone: aged under 60		104
			105
	Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60		106
	Husband and wife: both under 60		107
	Man and woman: otherwise related		108
	Man and woman: unrelated		109
	Two or more men only: related		110
	Two or more men only: unrelated		111
	Two or more women only: related		112
	Two or more women only: unrelated		113
	Other (SPECIFY)		114
		-	
	Two generation		-
	Man wife: + 1 child under 15		201
	Man, wife: + 1 child under 15 Man, wife: + 2 children both under 15		2002
	Man, wife: + 3 children all under 15		203
	Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15		203
			204
	Man, wife: + children, at least 1 under 15 and at le	ast	00-
	1 over 15, none married		205
	Man, wife: + children all aged 15-24, none married		206
	Man, wife: + children all over 15, at least 1 aged 25	or	
	over, none married		207
	Man and one child under 15 Man and two children both under 15		208
	Man and two children both under 15		209
	Man and three or more children under 15		210
	Man and children at least one under and one over	15.	
	none married		211
	Man and children all aged 15-24, none married		212
ı	Man and children all over 15 at least one 25 or or		
ı	none married		213
ı	Woman: and one child under 15		214
ı	Woman: and two children both under 15		215
۱	Woman: and three or more children under 15		216
l	Woman: and children, at least one under and one o		210
۱			017
			217
	Woman: and children, all aged 15-24, none married		218
	Woman: and children all over 15, at least one 25		0.00
	over, none married		219
	Man: and widowed or separated son		220
	and widowed of separated son		220

Man: and widowed or separated daughter Woman: and widowed or separated son Woman: and widowed or separated daughter Otherwise two generations: all related Otherwise two generations: at least one person not related to any other Other (SPECIFY)	221 222 223 224 225 226
Three generation	
Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15	301
Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one	
under 15 and one over 15	302
under 15 and one over 15 Man, daughter & son-in-law, grandchildren: all under	
15	303
Man, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least	
one under 15 and one over 15	304
Woman, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15	305
Woman, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one	
under 15, one over 15	306
Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: all	
under 15	307
Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at	
least one under 15, one over 15	308
Married couple, married child and child-in-law, grand-	
children under 15	309
Otherwise 3-generations:	-
—all persons related, at least one child under 15	310
—at least one child under 15	311
—all persons related	312
—unrelated	313
Other (SPECIFY)	314
Four generation	401
DESCRIBE COMPOSITION BELOW	
DESCRIPE COM COLLICIT DEBOT	