MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD

Christian name for reference only

Age last birthday

		4							
Inft.	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
1				911					
Olive								1	
		4.3.7	1000			133			
						1300			1
65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66				1
53								100	

QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES

&

STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE UNITED KINGDOM 1967-68

I	Housing and Living Facilities
II	Employment
III	Occupational Facilities and Fringe Benefits
IV	Current Monetary Income
V	Assets and Savings
VI	Health and Disability
VII	Social Services
VIII	Private Income in Kind
IX	Style of Living

A Survey carried out from the University of Essex and the University of London (L.S.E.)

Queries should be addressed to: Miss Sheila Benson Skepper House 13 Endsleigh Street London WC1



FOR OFFICE USE	2 Tviii	query 7 viii	
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INTRODUCTION (a) IF INFORMANT WILLING TO GIVE INTERVIEW proceed to Q. 1 at the beginning of the Housing Section and when the interview is finished complete the Summary at the beginning of the (b) IF A FIRM REFUSAL (and no other adult member of the household is likely to give an interview now or at a later date) encourage the informant at least to answer the questions on your Summary sheets. Information on these sheets giving: (i) the reference number of the household Ausbaud 20 yis (ii) the date of call(s) (iii) the reasons why no interview was obtainable (in addition to the notes on your record sheet) must be provided in all instances. 0 - 16ch -1878 Finally, leave a copy of our introductory letter and send us the Summary sheets as soon as possible. (c) IF PUT OFF AT FIRST CONTACT (because of illness, domestic emergency, etc.) then having made sure that no other adult member of the household is free to give an interview (unless of course circumstances clearly dictate that this enquiry should not be made), leave the introductory letter and go immediately for fear of jeopardising a later interview, asking only when a second call might be convenient. Use your record sheet to note the date and result of this first contact. IF PUT OFF AGAIN AT SECOND CONTACT then try at least to obtain the answers to the questions in the Summary sheets, preferably taking replies from someone in the household but, failing that, from an external source. At this point we rely on your discretion to decide whether (a) the household's response should be regarded as a disguised refusal (in which case return Summary sheets and complete your record sheet accordingly); or an interview is probably obtainable at a third call, in which case retain the Summary sheets for the time being (they can be destroyed if you obtain an interview at the third visit or returned to us if you are put If you are in any doubt then consult the London Office or Regional Supervisor about the advisability of a third call.

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Name of Interviewer GRACE BENTOH

SERIAL 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 NUMBER 2 / 0 3 2 5 2 0 1

Date(s) of interview(s) 24.6.68.

or contacts 3.7.68.

Length of interview(s)

bail in dop. " make appt /2hi-INTERNEN IN//HOH. 4 hrs.

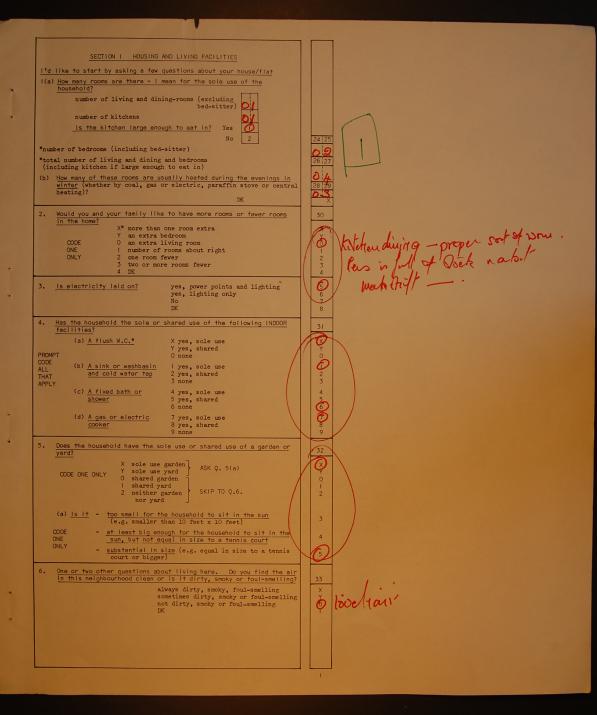
Total actual interviewing time 4 2 Horuc -

Form of introduction

"My name is X. I'm from Essex/London University. We're preparing a report (writing a book) about standards of living in Britain today and how families manage. We think it's important for the Government and everyone else to know what the facts really are. We're hoping to talk to about 3,000 families throughout the country and I'd be very grateful if you could help us by answering some questions. All our information is, of course, strictly confidential."

SUMMARY: COMPLETE AFTER INTERVIEW

Interview carried out at first call at second call at third or later call	10 X 0	Which sections were answered in whole or in part by which persons on the household? Informant	Write Section 1, 2, 3, etc.	5. Number of other households at address None	21
Information for household complete skip to Q. 3 incomplete—answer 2a	11 ×	2nd member	15	6. Household living on ground basement floor 1st floor	(X)
(a) Sections Housing incomplete Employment Occupational Income	1 2 3 4	CODE 3rd ALL THAT APPLY AS LISTED IN Q'AIRE	16	Answer 2nd floor 3rd floor 4th floor 5th or above Specify	2 3 4 5
ALL THAT APPLY APPLY Soc. Services Inc. in kind Style of living	5 6 7 8 9	(Some Sections 4th may be listed twice)	(6) 17 (3)	(a) Is there a lift in the building? Yes	6 7
(b) Reasons if incomplete_	12		18		
_ ill/disabled does not know information unwilling to give information other (specify)	X Y O	6th Other (specify)	(b) 19 (7)	7. Is there an internal or external flight of at least 4 steps or stairs to the dwelling entrance?	23
onici (specify)	1	4. Semi or detached house or bungalow Ter. h'se or bungalow Self-con. flat in block Self-con. flat in house Self-con. flat atched to shop/business Room(s): furnished Other (specify)	20 Y 0 1 1 2 3 4	Yes No	9



QUESTION 10

At this point put any christian name of informant in first box on back flap, then christian names of all other adults and children in household. In complex households always list children immediately after their parent(s) or guardian(s). Otherwise, in the case, say, of a married couple and adolescent children you may find it easiest to list according to age: first the wife who is, say 54, husband 55, children 26, 24, 20, 17 and 14. When you write in information throughout the questionnaire please keep risporously to the particular column for each named person in the household. Specifically "household" information is recorded in the first column. The informants answers 40, 10 may have to be later modified according to who is temporarily residing in the household or who is temporarily away. This should be checked carefully. Boarders of more than four weeks residence should be recorded as members of the household; lodgers and sub-tenants will require separate questionnaires.

** HOUSEHOLD TYPE

On the back of the questionnaire you will find a code list of household composi-tions. When you are checking the questionnaire put the appropriate code for this household in the box allocated under the double asterisk

Definition of a Household

A private household comprises one person living alone or a group of persons living together, having some or all meals together and benefiting from a common housekeeping. Persons who have resided in the household for at least four weeks and are not expected to leave shortly, and persons who have resided in the household for less than four weeks but are not expected to leave again after that period, should be listed as members. Persons who are felt to be members of the household but are away (e.g. students or men at work) should only be included if they have been away for less than 13 weeks and are expected back within the total period of 13 weeks (code under 10(41)).

10(4) /.		
QUESTION 1	10(e)	QUESTION 10(d)
Age-group: co	de as below	Code reasons as below
0 - 1	01	Hospital/nursing Home/convalescent Home
2 - 4	02	Staying with relative or friend
5 - 9	03	Otherwise away on holiday
10 - 14	04	In armed services/merchant navy
15 - 19	05	Otherwise working away from home
20 - 29	06	Prison, approved school, Borstal, detention, etc.
30 - 39	07	Children's Home or foster home
40 - 49	08	Boarding school, college, university
50 - 59	09	Other (specify)
60 - 64	10	
65 - 69	11	
70 - 79	12	
80 and over	13	
DK	X	
NA	Y	

QUESTION 10(f) - Court order

A maintenance order secured through the courts. If no action has been taken to confirm the separation then code 1; in this situation at least the spouse in the household accepts that man and wife are not living together and there is no immediate prospect of them so doing.

If answer yes, complete other parts of question and amend Q. 10 if someone included in answers to that question who proves in fact to be a temporary visitor or guest (i.e. who has stayed less than 4 weeks and not expected to stay for total period longer than 4 weeks).

If there is more than one visitor enter information for all in box or on this left hand page.

QUESTION 11(f) Code as follows:

Relative staying without payment Friend staying without payment Relative staying with payment Friend staying with payment Other person staying with payment Other (e.g. nurse/student—specify

If any person is felt to belong to the household and is expected to return to it after a total absence of less than thirteen weeks (e.g. at University, in hospital, at work, staying with relatives), then the interviewer should include such a person in the replies to Q. 10. But the information should also be recorded here in Q.12.

QUESTION 12(h) Prompt and code as follows:
Hospital/nursing/convalescent/residential Home
Staying with relative or friend
Otherwise away on holiday
In armed services/merchant navy
At boarding school, college or university
Otherwise working away from home
Approved school/Borstal/detention centre, etc.
Children's Home/foster home
Prison Prison Other (specify)

QUESTION 9

Exclude Bank Holidays in counting up holiday entitlement. List number of weeks to nearest week. Do not insert " $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

QUESTION 10 Occupation

See instructions above for Q. 7(b). Start by recording member of household in left-hand box (informant, 2nd, 3rd, etc.) and then carefully note occupation and industry or business. The office will code in the right-hand columns on the basis of your information. Avoid all vague terms, e.g. "engineer". If you find the answer too general or difficult to understand always ask "What do you do?" and write in the answer. In many house-holds there will be only one or two persons who have been at work in the past twelve months. If necessary you can use all the space in the box just for one or two persons, providing it is clear to which person(s) the information applies.

QUESTION 11 Change of Job

Note that sub-questions (a) - (d) apply only to persons changing their jobs less than five years previously.

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11(c). IRU, etc., means Industrial Rehabilitation Unit or any other Government training centre.

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QUESTION 12 Training Course

Our object is to check on men taking a re-training or training course, whether or not they changed their job. Some men may have taken a course and gone back to their former job or employers. Others may be unemployed and yet have taken such a course.

QUESTION 13 Fall in Earnings

You may be asked what you mean by "big" fall. Accept whatever the informant thinks is big. Put the information in the box, including the approximate earnings previously as well as the subsequent earnings and code the extent of the fall in the right-hand columns.

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QUESTION 14 Best job

If you are asked "What do you mean by 'best'?" you should say "It is up to you to decide" (adding, but only if necessary, "whether it's best because of the money, the people, the job in itself or anything else"). of course there will be people who give a mixture of reasons. Code the one they treat as most important. If they are undecided code DK.

QUESTION 15

A few persons — e.g. students — may have worked for part of the last year, or may work every Saturday and still be in full-time education. We will be asking about them later. Code them as still in full-time education.

QUESTION 15(a) Years of full-time education

The question is worded so that if someone has missed a year's schooling because of illness, say, between the ages of 5 and 14, he can adjust his answer accordingly. You can check (or aid other informants trying to reach an answer) by deducting five years from the leaving age and then asking if the result allows for any absence because of hospitalisation, war evacuation, military service, or any other reason. Note that full-time education can be provided in hospital. Only deduct a year if ALL of it was spent out of school. When writing in leaving age and number of years education remember again to insert each digit.

QUESTION 16 Manual Workers

If you are in doubt from what you have been told about a man's job whether it is manual ask, "How do you do your work? Is it mostly heavy work, or operating a machine or mostly with your hands?" If he indicates any of these ask Q. 16. If still in doubt ask the question and write a note.

QUESTION 17(a) Husband's occupation

Follow same procedure as above under Question 10. It will be even more necessary to probe for the exact type of job. Encourage the woman to tell you what her husband did, since the answer is most important for us in classifying occupational status.

to tell you what her husband did, since the answer is most important for us in classifying occupational status.

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nt/folly worse off, but very soon which better offBe peut & pork at once: in a rate her garage.

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B 1911. HOTE d \$250 p. wuk. or Duck loft teas partiers (14,000 a real Ime pistur of Inst says that the Turnover for proposly Elhood line Tous lord years The informant will often know the approximate amount because profits or income from business fall under Schedule D. But we ask 12b to check that the informant is not including tax which is allowed for in other questions. For example, elsewhere we establish net income from dividends, but if here the informant adds £100, say, to the figure for tax to take account of tax on dividends deducted at source, we risk deducting the £100 twice by deducting it here as well. You should be warned that for this and other reasons the net income of the self-employed tends to be underestimated.

Weekly National Insurance contribution

Self-employed men pay 21s, per week. Self-exception. orly Heall butsonie are leve. Self-employed men pay 21s. per week. Self-employed women pay 17s. 3d. per week. Boys and girls under 18 pay 11s. 10d. and 10s. 1d. respectively. Ste norwall takes Ebpt in cast -The self-employed will often have an income that fluctuates throughout the year — especially those on low incomes. For example, the scrap dealer or stall-holder may not do as well in the winter as he does in the summer. The professional architect and the free-lance photographer may be paid at very irregular intervals. We are particularly interested in fluctuations which may produce hardship for a household which is usually prosperous. But remember that though income may fluctuate (e.g. in winter, for a shop-keeper or free-lance interviewer the same amounts per month may be drawn out of the bank or spent. Living standards are not necessarily affected. QUESTION 13 Fluctuation in Income food recessary to trep terrel and the has they dependent on her. living will owle pays Tol as this hadrone 8 morning power this Deusion. is due or retirement and Henre gvery Pagethi. of 19 a. of accord bodons pursion Seemy Rotein so does not med to pay Isl MH17a Blackink ep.

QUESTION 20 Miscellaneous allowances and cash income

The various kinds of income have been laid out as compactly as possible but remember that two or more may need to be coded and you should prompt carefully. Underneath describe the type of allowance (so that we know to which code a particular amount refers) and the amount per week or per month. Ring either "1" or "2" depending on whether the allowance did in fact cover last week and strike out "Before" or "After" tax as appropriate. Make sure that in the case of allowances of husbands temporarily away from home that you have not already written in his earnings earlier as a member of the household. If you have do not write in any amount he pays. All we want here is any income which is not covered by earlier entries.

QUESTION 20(b) Allowances for separated and divorced wives

Some wives receive money direct from their husbands (or via the court). Others have court orders but these are signed over to the Supplementary Benefits Commission, which collects the money and pays the mother a standard weekly allowance. We therefore want to avoid counting the amount in Q. 20 if that amount is already included in the figure for supplementary benefit listed under Q. 15. We also want to be able to sort out irregular payments of both money from court orders and supplementary benefit. Check carefully in all these instances and write a note if anything needs clarification. Fatherless families form a small proportion of the total sample of households. Where money from court orders is paid irregularly and the mother claims weekly from the Supplementary Benefits Office she might not always claim the full amount, or may delay her claim in which case she loses benefit. Check to see if such loss is occurring.

QUESTION 21 Allowances and sums paid to others

This question complements some of the sub-questions in Q. 20. Here we are concerned to find out about all cash payments or allowances amounting to at least 10s. a week or £25 a year. Note that married children frequently pay rent or bills for elderly parents and old people sometimes make considerable cash gifts to their children. Examples are payments for grand-children's clothing or holidays, payment of T.V. rentals and licence, cash gift

QUESTION 22 Tax relief

Our object is to gain further evidence about reciprocal aid but also to help us in interpreting the figures for earnings and deductions given earlier. Note that you are not expected to probe for amounts.

QUESTION 23

Property income is considerable for a small percentage of informants and tends to be of two types: income from only one or two houses and income from a range of properties. With a few people considerable time may need to be spent on getting a reliable answer to this question. Net income after tax may not be known so we deliberately seek gross income before tax, then expenses, and only finally income after tax. You may not be able to get the third but make sure you get a figure for the first. It may also be difficult to secure a figure for expenses of rates and repairs but remember that property-owners will often know the total sums entered on their income tax returns. It may even be helpful to remind informants of this: "I mean the total like that in your income tax return—gross income less expenses."

Note that many owner-occupiers and tenants rent rooms and flats to others in their accommodation. Do not count the rent from a boarder living in the household.

V SAVINGS AND ASSETS

QUESTION 1 Personal

This excludes a business bank account which is covered by Q. 4. Avoid double-counting the same bank balance or assets when questioning husband

QUESTION 2 Savings

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Note that you should proceed by prompting all items to see how many are appropriate, then try to establish a total and then establish totals for each item only as a check or if necessary. Care should be taken to avoid double-counting. If the informant is hesitant or confused repeat the question to make sure he or she knows what kind of savings you are referring to and THEN show Flashcard No. 4 to get the total. Then try to obtain an absolute total rather than a range. For example, you could ask: "Would you say the figure was at the top end or the lower end of that range—nearer X or nearer Y?"

QUESTION 2(c) Interest

Try to establish the amounts the informant receives in the form he receives it—that is, before tax is deducted or after it has been deducted at source. In difficult instances you need not waste time converting a "before tax" total into "after tax" so long as you make plain what it is. We will do that work in the office.

QUESTION 3 Value of stocks and shares

This question of the value of stocks and shares is crucial and every encouragement should be used to obtain an answer. Some informants simply will not know. Remember that brokers sometimes send an annual valuation. If there is considerable uncertainty, tactfully suggest or imply that it would be very helpful to know and take any opportunity to see the valuation or to leave a note (and s.a.e.) so that a more reliable estimate can be made and either you can pick it up at a second call or ask for it to be sent on.

QUESTION 3(b) Interest

Proceed as in Q. 2c above. Mostly amounts will be received after tax has been deducted.

QUESTION 4

This is to cover any type of business which is owned in part or in whole by the informant. Being a director does not necessarily mean ownership. The answer to this question should not duplicate the answer to the previous question. Shares come under Q. 3. This is to cover such things as shops, professional practices and small businesses of every kind except limited companies. In all cases make sure that money in the business, bank account and stocks are borne in mind when the valuation is made. When the business (e.g. shop or farm) is run from the owner occupier's dwelling, the value of the dwelling will often have been included in the answer to this question (i.e. Q. 25 in Section V). UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES MUST THE DWELLING BE COUNTED TWICE. The valuation should be on the assumption that the informant had to sell but was in no great hurry. A year or even more could be taken to find a purchaser. The valuation should NOT be made on the basis of: "What would you take for your business?"—that "is, when the informant has to be persuaded to sell. NOTE that vehicles should be included in the valuation of a business—say of a haulage contractor, a cab owner or even a building contractor or window cleaner.

QUESTION 5 Other property

Remember that some people use two houses. Others have houses which they rent off to others. This last is not uncommon among elderly people who may be very poor themselves. A "boat" may include anything from a luxury yacht to a small rowing boat.

94 Could not

Chap House

QUESTION 4 Special schools & centres

This question is asked only of persons who have been ill and off work or confined to bed or the house for eight weeks or more continuously, and those who are coded for any item in Question 3.

QUESTION 5 Date of onset of sickness or disabling condition

Our object is to establish the year of onset but the question is worded 'first have any condition' so as to allow for the fact that some conditions develop out of others. For persons with a disabling condition you ask, in effect, when all the trouble started.

Previous occupation

In the section on Employment you have already asked for the last occupation of everyone not now at work (p. 7). Some people change their occupation because of a disabling condition before finally being obliged to give up work. You should probe for the (previous) occupation which people had before any history of illness or disability started.

QUESTION 6 Mobility

You should code people according to their usual mobility, taking no account of a temporary illness or injury. "Usual mobility" may be interpreted as "for at least eight weeks and unlikely to become more mobile in the immediate future" or "for less than eight weeks but unlikely to become more mobile within at least that total period." Someone who spends most of the time in bed and needs help to get out to sit in a chair is defined as bedfast. Someone who can get out of his bed into a chair or wheelchair and who can walk indoors but not even a few yards outdoors without help is defined as housebound. The test is whether someone can walk on his own (without the assistance or company of any other person — though with or without sticks or crutches). without sticks or crutches).

QUESTION 7 Incapacity

In prompting this series of questions you may find it simplest to ask the question without the variation in brackets, unless it seems appropriate. Remember you are asking whether they have any difficulty in doing X. Sometimes certain questions will not apply to particular people or to particular situations. You will meet people who do not (or say they do not) wash down, negotiate stairs (living in bungalows), go shopping and do housework (especially some men). The question should then be asked in terms of "But would you have any difficulty in doing X if you had to?" The codes 0, 1, 2 are listed in increasing order of difficulty and you should check that you ring one of them for each item.

QUESTION 7e

It would be insensitive and unnecessary to ask questions about the daily activities of the bedfast. They are therefore excluded from this question and the rest of the series. You may encounter other people (e.g. advanced obesity) of whom it is clear that they cannot do certain activities. You may refrain from putting questions to them. The same is true of any situations in which the questions are likely to cause great distress. BUT AS A GENERAL RULE QUESTIONS 7 (e) to (i) SHOULD BE ASKED FOR ALL OTHER THAN THE BEDFAST AND CHAIRFAST.

QUESTIONS 8 & 9 Variation in incapacity

These questions explore whether the pattern of answers to Question 7 is permanent. Question 8 seeks any indication of seasonal variations (e.g. bronchitis) and Question 9 day-to-day variations in the effects of disability.

VIII INCOME IN KIND

General

This section aims to discover the major exchanges of services and gifts between the household and relatives or friends living elsewhere. One major problem is that people ordinarily take for granted the exchanges between themselves and their closest relatives. When being asked questions about "help" and "gifts" a housewife may not think of her mother, or her husband's mother, who lives nearby. A grandfather may not think of his daily activity of seeing a grandchild home from school. The first question is designed to help overcome this problem. You should remember that most households in the UK have frequent contact with a relative (either of a wife or a husband or of both) living elsewhere in the locality. Remember that independently of his wife a husband may see someone in his family (eg; his mother or a brother at work) every day. It will be very unusual if you make no entry in the box alonside Q. 1, so probe for likely relatives (eg; parents in the case of young and middle-aged people, brothers and sisters in the case of unmarried people, sons and daughters in the case of the elderly). In the remaining questions the contacts with such relatives are a likely indication of a flow of services or small gifts, Note that earning members of the housewife. the housewife

QUESTION 1 Relatives seen frequently

The question is designed to establish the existence of the relatives who have the most frequent contact with members of the household. Note that you ask "any of your family or a relative". The alternative wording will help to avoid information about really close relatives —eg: parents and children — who are thought of as "family" or even as members of a common household rather than as "relatives". By "most" days in the week is meant at least four of the seven days.

QUESTION 2 Help given

The unspoken assumption in the question is that these must be unpaid services. Prompt the items in the list carefully, emphasising those which are appropriate to the age or social situation of different members of the household. Make direct reference to the relatives listed in Q. 1. For example: "You say you see your mother every day. Do you do any of these things for her? And what about your sister?" Note that you prompt also for help given to friends and neighbours.

If two or three different services are undertaken, add together the informant's estimates of the time taken. Since the services are unpaid you should not expect informants to be able to give more than an approximate estimate of the time taken (that is, the time spent in the performance of the job, not interruptions for tea and conversations, etc).

QUESTION 3 Help received

The question reverses Q. 2 and proceed as in that question. Check in whatever way seems appropriate to establish the unpaid services being performed for members of the household. Again the question should be repeated for relatives seen frequently. "You've told me you see your mother every day. Does she do any of these things for you?" Two separate people might do the cleaning, for example. Add the hours together.

QUESTION 9 Staying overnight

The question concentrates on holidays and stays which are directly or indirectly paid for or subsidised by relatives and friends. It may be difficult to obtain an estimate of saving. We have in mind not only the instance of holiday but also an elderly person or a child staying with a member of the family for a lengthy period of the year during a time of loneliness or financial difficulty. Note that space allows only 8 columns on this page. In the unlikely event of interviewing in a household with 9 or 10 persons write in the details for the 9th and 10th persons lower on the page.

QUESTION 9 (b) Saving

Note that there are two alternatives in the question. The saving from saying in a relative's or a friend's home should be estimated in terms of the comparable cost of living at home. The saving from being taken on holiday should be estimated in terms of the cost of going on holiday on one's own.

QUESTION 10 Visitors

This question reverses Q. 9 but estimates of cost should be written into the column allocated for the housewife.

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QUESTION 7 Food

Actual nutritional levels cannot be established by an interview of this kind, but it is hoped that these questions will show very roughly (i) whether a family member goes short of food occasionally, (ii) whether the family is able to buy relatively expensive foods frequently, (iii) whether any member of the family goes short of food occasionally, and (iv) to what extent patterns of food consumption vary with income.

Cooked breakfast

Many women do not eat breakfast, Bacon and eggs is only an example. Others would be boiled or fried egg, haddock, kipper, etc. But not porridge, toast, fried bread or potatoes (the distinction is between carbohydrates and

(b) No cooked meal
Stress the whole day. A heavy breakfast but nothing later, or a heavy
meal at supper-time will not count as going without a cooked meal during

(c) Fresh meat

This will be difficult for households where children have school dinners, or members of the household eat canteen meals. It would be reasonable to code such persons "Yes" in the absence of any better information. It is highly possible that some housewives may have very little fresh meat (defined to include chicken, chops, frozen meat of any kind but not corned beef, tinner meat, boiled ham or sausages). Care is needed as meat-eating is probably over-stated, and when there is meat the men in the household and not the women may have it.

QUESTION 8 (a) Joint

Accept what the informant understands by a joint.

QUESTION 8 (b) and (c) Milk

Do not include school milk (a correction for this will be made in the office). Check for extra milk at weekends. Include sterilised milk ("stera") as fresh. Some houses buy milk in powder or liquid in tins for babies too, but do not attempt to assess the quantities of this. Just make a note that it is bourch!

QUESTION 9 (b) Clothing

Clothing cheques are "Provident" cheques and the like where a cheque for £1, for example, entitles a person to shop at certain shops and repayment is made at 1s. in the £1 for 21 weeks. Clubs include any kind of arrangement through a catalogue, shop, or door-to-door salesman.

QUESTION 9 (c) and (d) Spending on clothing clubs

Some clubs include coal and furniture as well as clothes; try to get an estimate of the proportion of money spent on clothes. Informants often give a maximum figure, when in fact they miss or only pay something on account.

QUESTION 11 Adequate footwear

Includes state of repair as well as fit. Plimsolls and sandals in winter are not adequate, nor are boots alone adequate for summer. Plastic sandals are coded not adequate, unless there are other shoes.

QUESTION 12 Smoking, pools and betting

Smoking is often underestimated in surveys. By asking quantities we hope to be able to work out roughly the expenditure. Note if cigars and not cigarettes. Take care to make betting seem a very common activity (which it is, of course), since information may not readily be forthcoming in the context of all these questions on shortages.

QUESTION 13 Christmas

Make sure that the sum you have is the extra expense on top of normal housekeeping for the household unit.

ASK HOUSEWIFE AND INCOM	ME RECIPIENT of houseke	eping (and board-money)?
Here are some of t	he ways we've come acro	ss. Ca	n you tell me how
you arrange things? Do		INCOME	RECIPIENTS
PROMPT X - give a f	ixed amount for houseke amount which varies dep	eping (or board)?
FOR ALL Y - give an INCOME O - give ent	amount which varies dep	ending	on earnings?
RECIPIENTS fares,	ire wage (earnings), re pocket money, etc?	COTVING	Dack money for
AND - give ent	ire wage (earnings) aft	er first	t taking out
ONE 2 - pay earn	pocket money, etc?	+ bank	account?
	<pre>ings (wage) into a join fixed arrangement?</pre>	I Dallk 6	account:
4 - any othe	r arrangement (SPECIFY)	_	
5 DK 6 Does Not A	SKIP TO 0.18 9	0	
01 - 1	2 PA notalue		
(a) And how much for ho	usekeeping (board) woul average per week?	d you	WRITE IN AMOUNT
say he/she gives on	average per week?		(IN DONOR'S
			COLUMN)
(b) May I just check? he/she receive back housekeeping (for meals payment of clubs, insur	About how much on avera	ge does	nothing
he/she receive back	through the week out o	f the	HDITE IN CO.
navment of clubs, insur	ances, etc.)?*	OI.	WRITE IN EST.
popular or cracy misur			DONOR'S COLUMN)
(a) And named to have non-			
vou sav he/she pavs	from the money he/she	keens	nothing
for household bills (1	from the money he/she mean for electricity, ga	S	WRITE IN EST.
coal, rent, rates, H.P.	, TV, curtains, bedline	n)?*	AMOUNT (IN
			DONOR'S COLUMN)
ASK HOUSEWIFE			OME RECIPIENT
20. Do you (and your h	usband) manage to save,	not jus	t yes
20. Do you (and your h	usband) manage to save, ristmas or for buying t	not jus	yes no
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QUESTION 23 Poor now

Stress genuinely and try to avoid facetiousness at this point. Question 23 (a) explores what the informant understands by feeling "poor". If the word "poor" seems inappropriate use the alternative "very hard up".

QUESTION 24 Poverty

Stress the word "poverty". Do not explain what you think it means if you are asked. Seek from the informant his definition and write it in the box as clearly as you can.

QUESTION 25 Voting

Ask for those old enough to have voted in the last election (March 1965). We are not concerned who they voted for (although they will probably say) but would like to know if they are sufficiently involved to vote at all. Be careful to reassure people that this is confidential and as far as you are concerned non-voting is blameless—many people consider that voting is legally compulsory or morally obligatory and so voting figures are over-estimated. Try to get a clear recollection by fixing the incident (time of day, who they went with) if necessary. Stress National, not local elections.

QUESTION 26 Action on poverty

We are interested in what the informant thinks can be done. Give as full an answer as possible.

Please write in any additional notes.

Inff.in H.D.H.

Reducation is wrong - where powered are not 100% state should help be training their stately wars - schooling chald include training for simple troused, wandquing - become hat what work wakes a difference at low income levels - become people lusing in por conditions became they are triffless fater how

His Honetold presented a ver interting Variation on

METHOD OF CHECKING MINORITY GROUPS MEMBERSHIP OF WHICH TO BE CODED ON INSIDE BACK COVER

(a) Households in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident. Page 4. Question 13 (b) code 4 or 5.

(b) Households consisting of a woman and adult dependent

(b) Households consisting of a woman and adult dependent
This is a difficult group to define—the main thing to remember is that
we are looking for a household where a woman either with her earnings or
income from government benefits or from stocks, shares, etc., is partly or
wholly supporting an adult male or female (usually related to her), who
has a smaller income than she has. There will be no males in full-time
employment in this household. Consider household composition (page 3,
Question 10 (b)) and also employment (page 6, dependents are coded Y for
Question 1 and the woman is coded X for Question 1). If the woman is not
employed (i.e. coded Y in Q. 1, page 6) then you should check income from
employer's pension (page 19, Question 19, coded X or Y), annuity, trust,
allowance, etc. (page 20, Question 20, coded X Y 0 1 2 4 5 6 7 or 8), property
(page 20, Question 32, coded X), lodgers or boarders (page 23, Question 30,
coded X or Y), and stocks and shares (page 24, Question 3 (b)). If the
dependent adult receives government allowances or pensions (page 18,
Question 15), then the amount received should be less than any allowance
or benefit together with any earnings the woman receives.

(c) Households in which there are five or more dependent children

The best check is whether any informant receives 48s. or more in family allowances (up to April 1968) or any informant receives 66s. or more in family allowances (after April 1968). See page 18, Question 15.

(d) Households in which there is an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks or more (consecutively or in last 12 months)

See page 8, Question 8 and Question 8 (a) and page 7, Question 7 (c) should be coded X or Question 7 (d) should be coded 2.

(e) Households in which there is an adult under 65 who has been ill or injured for eight weeks or more (consecutively or in the last 12 months)

See page 8, Question 8 and Question 8 (a) and page 6, Question 6, code 3. Note that page 27, Question 2 (a) or Question 2 (b) shows eight weeks off work or school or confined to bed or house.)

Households in which there is a disabled adult under 65

(1) Households in which there is a disabled adult under 65
See page 28, Question 7. Any household containing an adult for whom
enough codes 1 and 2 ringed to add to a total of 5 or more or an adult for
whom at least one item in Question 7 is coded 1 or 2 and who is coded
"Yes" to any of Questions 3 (a), (b), (c), (e) or (f) or "No" to Question
3 (d). Do not include a person coded positively for one or more of the
prompts in Question 3 (i.e. chest, lungs, back, joints, etc.) unless he or she
is also coded "Yes" in one of the questions 3 (a), (b), (c), (e), (f) or
"No" for Question 3 (d). Borderline disabled. See page 28, Question 7, if
coded 1, 2, 3 or 4 for at least one item or page 27, Question 3, if any of the
questions (a) - (f) is coded "Yes" or page 28, Question 8, the answer given
as "much more difficult".

(g) Households containing a disabled child or handicapped child (including children ill or injured for eight weeks or more)

A family with a child 15 years or under for whom the following answers were given: page 27, Question 2 (a), code 6 and 8 weeks or more away from school or page 27, Question 2 (b) code X and 8 weeks or more confined to bed or home, or page 27 Question 3, suffering from "nerves" and coded X or 0 for Question 3 (c) (ii), or page 28, Question 4, coded X, Y, 0, 1 or 2.

(h) Households containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for 8 weeks or more or who is otherwise severely handicapped.

A family with an old person aged 65 or over for whom the following answers apply: page 27, Question 2 (b) code X and 8 weeks or more confined to bed or house, or page 28, Question 6, code X, or page 28, Question 7, enough codes I or 2 ringed to add to a total of 9 or more.

(i) Households in which there are: (a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more; (b) adult male earners (aged 21 to 64) earning less than £14 a

(a) See page 15, Question 3 (b), no adult earning more than £12 a week (b) See page 15, Question 3 (b) not earning more than £14 a week.

Immigrant families

Households containing one or more adults born in Eire or non-white (whether born overseas or in this country). Eire, see page 5, Question 18 code X for any adult and Question 18 (a), code 1. Non-white, see page 5, Question 18 (b), code 3, or code 4 and Question 18, code X, plus Question 18 (a), codes 2, 3, 4, 5 (and 7, if appropriate).

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Inff.in M.D.H.

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PROMPT	AND		5 <u>at Christmas</u> f your friends
CODE A	LL THAT	7 with some o	f your relatives f the people round here
APPLY		8 with some o 9 other (SPEC	f the people round here
FOR CHIEF WAG	E EARNER/H.O.H.	C	ODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY
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INTERVIEWER PLEASE CODE ALL THAT APPLY AFTER INTERVIEW

- (a) Household in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident
- Household consisting of woman and adult dependants
- Household in which there are five or more dependent children
- Household containing an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks (consecutively or in last $12\ \mathrm{months}$)
- Household containing an adult under 65 years of age who has been ill or injured for eight weeks (consecutively or in last $12\ months$)
- Household containing a disabled adult under 65 (a) disabled

 - (b) borderline disabled
- (g) Household containing a disabled or handicapped child (including child ill or injured for eight weeks or more) $\,$
- Household containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for eight weeks or more or who is otherwise severely incapacitated
- Household in which there are
 (a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more
 (b) adult male earners (aged 21 to 64) earning less than £14 a week
- (j) Household in which there are persons who are (a) non-white

 - (b) born in Eire





COMPOSITION OF I	HOUSEI	HOLD: CODES (Q. 10, p. 3)	
One generation Man alone: aged 60 or over Man alone: aged under 60 Woman alone: aged 60 or over Woman alone: aged under 60 Husband and wife: both aged 60 or over Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60 Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60 Man and woman: otherwise related Man and woman: otherwise related	101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110	Man: and widowed or separated daughter Woman: and widowed or separated son Woman: and widowed or separated daughter Otherwise two generations: all related Otherwise two generations: all related Othered to any other Other (SPECIFY) Three generation Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one	221 222 223 224 225 226
Two or more men only: related Two or more men only: unrelated Two or more women only: related Two or more women only: unrelated Other (SPECIFY) Two generation	110 111 112 113 114	under 15 and one over 15 Man, daughter & son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Man, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15 Woman son and din-law, grandchildren: all under 15	302 303 304 305
Man, wife: + 1 child under 15 Man, wife: + 2 children both under 15 Man, wife: + 3 children all under 15 Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15 Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15 Man, wife: + children, at least 1 under 15 and at least 1 over 15, none married Man, wife: + children all aged 15-24, none married Man, wife: + children all over 15, at least 1 aged 25 or over, none married Man and the children both under 15 Man and two children both under 15 Man and three or more children under 15 Man and thildren at least one under and one over 15, Man and children at least one under and one over 15,	201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210	Woman, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15 Woman der 15, one over 15 Woman der 15 Woman daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: all least one under 15, one over 15 Married couple, married child and child-in-law, grandchildren under 15 Otherwise 3-generations: —all persons related, at least one child under 15 —at least one child under 15 —at least one child under 15 —at least one child under 15 —all persons related —unrelated —unrelated Other (SPECIFY)	306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314
none married Man and children all aged 15-24, none married Man and children all over 15 at least one 25 or over, none married Woman: and one child under 15 Woman: and two children both under 15 Woman: and three or more children under 15 Woman: and children, at least one under and one over 15, none married Woman: and children, all lased 15-24, none married Woman: and children all over 15, at least one 25 or over, none married Man: and widowed or separated son	211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220	Four generation DESCRIBE COMPOSITION BELOW	401