MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD

Christian name for reference only

Age last birthday

		13.74	The second second						10th
INT:	HUSBAND.								
65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	1	1	1	1

2/09

1283

QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES

&

STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE UNITED KINGDOM
1967-68

I	Housing and Living Facilities
II	Employment
III	Occupational Facilities and Fringe Benefits
IV	Current Monetary Income
V	Assets and Savings
VI	Health and Disability
VII	Social Services
VIII	Private Income in Kind
IX	Style of Living

A Survey carried out from the University of Essex and the University of London (L.S.E.)

Queries should be addressed to: Miss Sheila Benson Skepper House 13 Endsleigh Street London WC1



C (1)



| Name of Interviewer | Name of Interviewer | Name of Interview |

Form of introduction

"My name is X. I'm from Essex/London University. We're preparing a report (writing a book) about standards of living in Britain today and how families manage. We think it's important for the Government and everyone else to know what the facts really are, We're hoping to talk to about 3,000 families throughout the country and I'd be very grateful if you could help us by answering some questions. All our information is, of course, strictly confidential."

SUMMARY: COMPLETE AFTER INTERVIEW

	13.00				
Interview carried out at first call at second call at third or later call	10 X Y 0	Which sections were answered in whole or in part by which persons on the household? Informant	Write Section 1, 2, 3, etc.	5. Number of other households at address None	21 ① 22
Information for household complete skip to Q. 3 incomplete—answer 2a	11 (X)	2nd member		6. Household living on ground basement floor 1st floor	(X) Y (1) 2 3
(a) Sections Housing incomplete Employment Occupational Income Assets	1 2 3 4 5	CODE ALL THAT APPLY AS LISTED IN Q AIRE (Some Sections 4th	16	Answer 2nd floor 3rd floor 4th floor 5th or above Specify	2 3 4 5
APPLY Health Soc. Services Inc. in kind Style of living	6 7 8 9	may be listed twice)	17	(a) Is there a lift in the building? Yes	6 7
(b) Reasons if incomplete	12 X	6th	18	7. Is there an internal or external	23
does not know information unwilling to give information	Y 0	Other (specify)	19	flight of at least 4 steps or stairs to the dwelling entrance?	
other (specify)	1	4. Semi or detached house or bungalow Ter, h'se or bungalow Self-con. flat in block Self-con. flat in house Self-con. flat attached to shop/business Room(s): furnished Other (specify)	20 X Y 0 1 2 3 4	Yes No	899
					6

SECTION II EMPLOYMENT

General

This section and the next (Occupational Facilities) should normally be asked of each adult earner in the household. If you happen to be interviewing the housewife during the day you should ask these questions as they apply to herself (and also to any children and adult dependants—e.g. elderly widowed mother) and then a separate (shorter) interview with the husband (and any other adult earner who is not available at the time of the first interview) to ask him for answers to this section, to the section on occupational facilities, to the questions on earnings in Section IV and any other questions which cannot be answered by the housewife.

QUESTION 1 Attended paid employment

All persons working for gain. If a housewife, retired person or even a schoolchild works a few hours for pay each week, he or she should be included. Also count man who is not at his main occupation (and even who may be thought of as unemployable) but who has pay from a minor job. We will be able to check in analysis. Our purpose is not to miss casual earnings and supplementary sources of income.

QUESTION 2 Two jobs

If a person does some kind of job for a different employer or on own behalf in his "spare" time this counts as a second job. Even if it is the same kind of job but is separately paid for (e.g. decorator working in spare time for himself) it should be counted as second job.

QUESTION 3 House or flat

Includes house combined with business premises or farm; but the question has been introduced primarily to cater for women home-workers on piece rates. Note that it refers to any second as well as the principal job.

QUESTION 4 Starting and finishing work times

The question applies to last week. Ignore variations in working hours from week to week. If working times were the same on at least three days of the week regard them as "usual". If there were two shifts (e.g. morning and evening), list according to starting time of the first and finishing time of the second, and note fact on left.

QUESTION 5 Aid in calculating hours of work

The table below assumes a 5-day week and 1 hour for lunch. Note that each digit should be put in each separate part of the box (i.e. one digit under No. 29 and the other under No. 30).

Starting	Finishing time					
time	4.30 p.m.	5.00 p.m.	5.30 p.m.	6.00 p.m.		
7.00 a.m. 7.30 a.m. 8.00 a.m. 8.30 a.m. 9.00 a.m. 9.30 a.m. 10.00 a.m.	00 a.m. .30 a.m. 00 a.m. 33 a.m. 00 a.m. 30 a.m. 30 a.m. 30 a.m. 30 a.m. 30 a.m. 30 a.m. 30 a.m.		$\begin{array}{c} 47\frac{1}{2} \\ 45 \\ 42\frac{1}{2} \\ 40 \\ 37\frac{1}{2} \\ 35 \\ 32\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 47\frac{1}{2} \\ 45 \\ 42\frac{1}{2} \\ 40 \\ 35\frac{1}{2} \\ 35 \end{array} $		

QUESTION 6 NOT AT WORK

Note that this question must also be answered for persons working last week for less than 30 hours Unemployed: as distinct from "off sick" or temporarily off work (e.g. on holiday). The replies will be, for example: "I lost my job"; "I m out of a job"; "There was redundancy at the firm so I'm out of work for the moment". Sometimes a person may say he is both unemployed AND sick or disabled, or it may for other reasons be difficult to specify just one code. Accept the best answer given by the informant even if you observe that someone who says he is unemployed is obviously sick or disabled (and vice-versa). Later questions are designed to establish whether or not he is seeking work and whether or not he is chronically sick or disabled.

Unpaid holiday

to improve same.

Part of our purpose in asking if holidays are unpaid is to ensure that 5 is not coded rather than the underlying reasons coded as 7, 8 or 9. Distinguishing between paid and unpaid holidays introduces complications but may be worthwhile (a) for the opportunity afforded to probe the reasons an unpaid holiday is being taken and (b) later when calculating weeks not at work in previous year.

QUESTION 9

Exclude Bank Holidays in counting up holiday entitlement. List number of weeks to nearest week. Do not insert " $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

QUESTION 10 Occupation

See instructions above for Q. 7(b). Start by recording member of household in left-hand box (informant, 2nd, 3rd, etc.) and then carefully note occupation and industry or business. The office will code in the right-hand columns on the basis of your information. Avoid all vague terms, e.g. "engineer". If you find the answer too general or difficult to understand always ask "What do you do?" and write in the answer. In many households there will be only one or two persons who have been at work in the past twelve months. If necessary you can use all the space in the box just for one or two persons, providing it is clear to which person(s) the information applies.

QUESTION 11 Change of Job

Note that sub-questions (a) - (d) apply only to persons changing their jobs less than five years previously.

NOT SURE IF CHANGING FROM HOUSEWIFE TO SHOP CHAMER OF TOB. OTHERWISE NEVER. HELPED PARENTS BEFORE MARRIAGE.

11(c). IRU, etc., means Industrial Rehabilitation Unit or any other Government training centre.

RRASON FOR RUINNING BUSINESS. SHOP LIEFT TO THEM ON DEATH OF HUSBANDS FATHER. HOPING TO SELL NO TRAINING.

QUESTION 12 Training Course

Our object is to check on men taking a re-training or training course, whether or not they changed their job. Some men may have taken a course and gone back to their former job or employers. Others may be unemployed and yet have taken such a course.

QUESTION 13 Fall in Earnings

You may be asked what you mean by "big" fall. Accept whatever the informant thinks is big. Put the information in the box, including the approximate earnings previously as well as the subsequent earnings and code the extent of the fall in the right-hand columns.

OWN

Informant har Managed, small sweet shop since lost Movembe. This haven's was left to her hushand by his late father. The business Mon in welco. Mame. All flofits have been used to restock and implove the husenow, in formant has not a vied any payment or drawn any sums of morey he own we.

QUESTION 12 Income tax

The informant will often know the approximate amount because profits or income from business fall under Schedule D. But we ask 12b to check that the informant is not including tax which is allowed for in other questions. For example, elsewhere we establish net income from dividends, but if here the informant adds £100, say, to the figure for tax to take account of tax on dividends deducted at source, we risk deducting the £100 twice by deducting it here as well. You should be warned that for this and other reasons the net income of the self-employed tends to be underestimated. Weekly National Insurance contribution

Self-employed men pay 21s. per week. Self-employed women pay 17s. 3d. per week. Boys and girls under 18 pay 11s. 10d. and 10s. 1d. respectively.

QUESTION 13 Fluctuation in Income

The self-employed will often have an income that fluctuates throughout the year—especially those on low incomes. For example, the scrap dealer or stall-holder may not do as well in the winter as he does in the summer. The professional architect and the free-lance photographer may be paid at very irregular intervals. We are particularly interested in fluctuations which may produce hardship for a household which is usually prosperous. But remember that though income may fluctuate (e.g. in winter, for a shop-keeper or free-lance interviewer the same amounts per month may be drawn out of the bank or spent. Living standards are not necessarily affected.

De Edu as NIL mofit As then is no complete recent 12 months for met Statutally the will Come out in the wash. Some now return but had business during Cont 12 months

QUESTION 19 Housekeeping and board

The question refers to ALL INCOME RECIPIENTS including pensioners, as well as earners, who contribute to the housekeeping expenses. Be careful that you probe for everyone in the house, including adolescent earners. Sometimes the actual sum available for housekeeping will be quite different from that suggested by the total income of the household. The husband or teenagers may retain quite large sums not only for their own use but because the pattern of responsibility in one household for expenditure may be different from that in another household which has the same composition. Housekeeping can be a touchy point if both husband and wife are present, and it is perhaps best dealt with by interviewing one of them on their own (the housewife preferably) and, if possible, checking later with the other (the husband). If both husband and wife are present avoid expressing any surprise or criticism if you think the housekeeping is small. Also avoid indicating any opinion on the question of whether wage-earners should pay bills. Try to imply that all arrangements are equally possible. We have listed the common ones, but there will be others. REMEMBER TO CODE EACH INCOME RECIPIENT.

QUESTION 19 (b) Money back

This can be daily fares, insurances or clubs paid, dinner money, or simply "spending money". Some teenagers hand over their wages but get clothing bought. Usually this question will apply to teenagers, but some husbands may get money from the housekeeping for their cigarettes and beer mid-week.

QUESTION 19 (c) Payment of housekeeping bills

Often the husband will pay some larger bills, but alternatively he may pay housekeeping but expect to "help out" if a heavy bill comes in. We realise that an estimate may be rough but try to get an average contribution. Teenage children may buy food as "treats" for the household from the money they retain. Again try for an average.

Home hife pay cool befine Billy 2
QUESTION 20 Long-term saving

We are not interested in asking here whether the informant has savings (that was asked in Section V). Nor are we interested here in asking for short-term saving. Instead the question explores whether at the present time the informant manages to put aside savings for a long-term objective.

QUESTION 21 Ten years ago

To give us some idea of fluctuating fortunes we ask what things were like ten years ago. Some persons aged 35 or over will have been at home in their parents' households ten years ago and therefore we have to find what was the composition of the household. In any case, we require an estimate of the total money flowing into the household, and the number of adults and children that were supported at that time. Give the informant time to recollect. And check that income includes pensions, family allowances, etc. Fortunately, the informant will already have some idea of what you are after from the detailed questions asked earlier.

RATES SHOP & PRAMISAS PAID DUT BUSINRSS

RATES ONLY ON OTHER 260.15. 4. 9. 6 PRE YRAR 6 W. RATIES

ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY
ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY 23. * Do you think you could GENUINELY say
23. * Do you think you could CENUINELY say you are poor now? — X Does Not Apply SKIP TO 0.24
Y all the time?
ONE ONLY 1
(a) Do you feel poor at any of these times 3 at weekends
or in any of these situations? 4 mid-week 5 at Christmas
PROMPT AND 6 with some of your friends
PROMPI AND 6 with some of your friends
APPLY 9 other (SPECIFY)
FOR CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY 24. (a) There's been a lot of talk about
24. (a) There's been a lot of talk about poverty. Do you think there's such a thing as REAL poverty these days? * yes
thing as REAL poverty these days? * yes
no DK
(b) What would you describe as poverty?
WRITE IN ANSWER
Box homeny & not much income
very old speople unable to kelp
4. 1.
Item selve
(c) Would you say that if people are in poverty its mainly
X - their own fault? Y - the Government ^T s fault?
0 - the fault of their education?
0 - the fault of their education? PROMPT the fault of industry not providing the right jobs? AND CODE 2 - anything else? (SPECIFY)
ONE ONLY
3 - a combination of (some of) these? 4 - none of these?
4 - none of these? 5 DK
ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER AND HOUSEWIFE ABOUT ALL AGED 23 AND OVER
25. Do you mind telling me if you voted in the last General Election (I don't mean who you voted for, ALL AGED
General Election (I don't mean who you voted for, just whether you voted)? 23 & OVER
yes, voted
no DK
DNA
ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY
26. If there is poverty what do you think can be done about it?
WRITE IN ANSWER — DK
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people to me the faculities
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the old yearle, (1)
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	× Y	75 2) × 76 0 3 × 3) 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	75 X Y	X	75 X Y	X	X	X	X	X

INTERVIEWER PLEASE CODE ALL THAT APPLY AFTER INTERVIEW

		67
(a)	Household in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident	X
(b)	Household consisting of woman and adult dependants	Y
(c)	Household in which there are five or more dependent children	0
(d)	Household containing an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks (consecutively or in last $12\ \mathrm{months}$)	1
(e)	Household containing an adult under 65 years of age who has been ill or injured for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)	2
(f)	Household containing a disabled adult under 65 (a) disabled	3
	(b) borderline disabled	4
(g)	Household containing a disabled or handicapped child (including child ill or injured for eight weeks or more)	5
(h)	Household containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for eight weeks or more or who is otherwise severely incapacitated	6
(i)	Household in which there are (a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more (b) adult male earners (aged 21 to 64) earning less than £14 a week	© 8
(j)		68
	(a) non-white	X
	(b) born in Eire	Y

Ch.

One generation 10 Man alone: aged 60 or over 10 Man alone: aged dunder 60 10 Woman alone: aged 60 or over 10 Woman alone: aged under 60 10 Husband and wife: both aged 60 or over 10 Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60 10	Woman: and widowed or separated daugnter
Husband and wife: both under 60 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Man, son and d-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15 Man, daughter & son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Man, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15 and one over 15 30
Two generation Man, wife: + 1 child under 15 Man, wife: + 2 children both under 15 Man, wife: + 3 children all under 15 Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15 Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15 Man, wife: + children all east 1 under 15 and at least 1 over 15, none married Man, wife: + children all aged 15-24, none married Man, wife: + children all aged 15-24, none married Man and one child under 15 Man and two children both under 15 Man and two children both under 15 Man and children all aged 15-24, none married Moman; and one child under 15 Woman: and one child under 15 Woman: and one or more children under 15 Woman: and three or more children under 15 Woman: and children all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children all over 15, at least one 25 or over, none married Man: And children all aged 15-24, none married Man: And children all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children all aged 15-24, none married Man: And children all aged 15-24, none married	under 15, one over 15 Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: all under 15 Woman, daughter and son-in-law, grandchildren: at least one under 15, one over 15 Married couple, married child and child-in-law, grandchildren: at least one child and child-in-law, grandchildren: at least one child under 15 —all persons related, at least one child under 15 —all persons related at least one child under 15 —all persons related at least one child under 13 —unrelated 31 —unrelated 31 Four generation 40 DESCRIBE COMPOSITION BELOW