Christian name for reference only

Inft.	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th
ARTHUR	EDITH	SUSAN							
65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66	65-66		244	1	
40	37	08							

Age last birthday

1021443

QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES &

STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE UNITED KINGDOM 1967-68

I	Housing and Living Facilities
II	Employment
III	Occupational Facilities and Fringe Benefits
***	2

IV Current Monetary Income

V Assets and Savings
VI Health and Disability

VI Health and Disability
VII Social Services

VIII Private Income in Kind

IX Style of Living

A Survey carried out from the University of Essex and the University of London (L.S.E.)

Queries should be addressed to: Miss Sheila Benson Skepper House 13 Endsleigh Street London WC1







									-	-
	SERIAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Name of Interviewer R. G. MOORE	NUMBER	1	0	7	1	4	4	3	0	1
Date(s) of interview(s) 27/8/68 or contacts		Length	of inter	view(s)						
		Total act	tual int	erviewir	ng time	13	<u></u>			

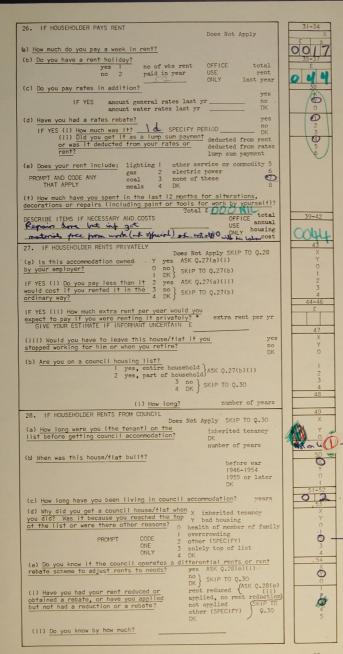
Form of introduction

"My name is X. I'm from Essex/London University. We're preparing a report (writing a book) about standards of living in Britain today and how families manage. We think it's important for the Government and everyone else to know what the facts really are. We're hoping to talk to about 3,000 families throughout the country and I'd be very grateful if you could help us by answering some questions. All our information is, of course, strictly confidential."

SUMMARY: COMPLETE AFTER INTERVIEW

SOMETHIE AT THE INTERVIEW					
Interview carried out at first call at second call at third or later call	10 X	Which sections were answered in whole or in part by which persons on the household? Informant		5. Number of other households at address None	21 (j) 0
2. Information for household complete skip to Q. 3 incomplete—answer 2a (a) Sections Housing incomplete Employment Occupational Income ALL THAT Health Soc. Services Inc. in kind Style of living	11 X Y 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	CODE ALL THAT APPLY AS LISTED IN Q'AIRE (Some Sections may be listed twice)	14 15 15 16 17	6. Household living on ground basement floor 1st floor 2nd floor 3rd floor 4th floor 5th or above Specify (a) Is there a lift in the building? Yes No	22 X Y 1/2 3/4 5
(b) Reasons if incomplete	12 X Y O	6th Other (specify)	18	7. Is there an internal or external flight of at least 4 steps or stairs to the dwelling entrance?	23
other (specify)	1	4. Semi or detached house or bungalow Ter, h'se or bungalow Self-con. flat in block Self-con. flat in house Self-con. flat attached to shop/business Room(s): furnished Other (specify)	20 X Y 0 1 2 3 4	Yes No	899

CIC





Council took over property about 2 years ago from private landlood.

Most of the families have been moved out of the road prior to demolition but INFT has refused tears offers already. They have to move out before long (lefor the place collapses I hope!)

V SAVINGS AND ASSETS

QUESTION 1 Personal

This excludes a business bank account which is covered by Q. 4. Avoid double-counting the same bank balance or assets when questioning husband

QUESTION 2 Savings

Note that you should proceed by prompting all items to see how many are appropriate, then try to establish a total and then establish totals for each item only as a check or if necessary. Care should be taken to avoid double-counting. If the informant is hesitant or confused repeat the question to make sure he or she knows what kind of savings you are referring to and THEN show Flashcard No. 4 to get the total. Then try to obtain an absolute total rather than a range. For example, you could ask: "Would you say the figure was at the top end or the lower end of that range—nearer X or nearer Y?"

QUESTION 2(c) Interest

Try to establish the amounts the informant receives in the form he receives it—that is, before tax is deducted or after it has been deducted at source. In difficult instances you need not waste time converting a "before tax" total into "after tax" so long as you make plain what it is. We will do that work in the office.

Lost savings in Loan chut that folded

QUESTION 3 Value of stocks and shares

This question of the value of stocks and shares is crucial and every encouragement should be used to obtain an answer. Some informants simply will not know. Remember that brokers sometimes send an annual valuation. If there is considerable uncertainty, tactfully suggest or imply that it would be very helpful to know and take any opportunity to see the valuation or to leave a note (and s.a.e.) so that a more reliable estimate can be made and either you can pick it up at a second call or ask for it to be sent on.

QUESTION 3(b) Interest

Proceed as in Q. 2c above. Mostly amounts will be received after tax has been deducted.

QUESTION 4

This is to cover any type of business which is owned in part or in whole by the informant. Being a director does not necessarily mean ownership. The answer to this question should not duplicate the answer to the previous question. Shares come under Q. 3. This is to cover such things as shops, professional practices and small businesses of every kind except limited companies. In all cases make sure that money in the business, bank account and stocks are borne in mind when the valuation is made. When the business (e.g. shop or farm) is run from the owner occupier's dwelling, the value of the dwelling will often have been included in the answer to this question (i.e. Q. 25 in Section V). UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES MUST THE DWELLING BE COUNTED TWICE. The valuation should be on the assumption that the informant had to sell but was in no great hurry. A year or even more could be taken to find a purchaser. The valuation should NOT be made on the basis of: "What would you take for your business?" — that is, when the informant has to be persuaded to sell. NOTE that vehicles should be included in the valuation of a business — say of a haulage contractor, a cab owner or even a building contractor or window cleaner.

QUESTION 5 Other property

Remember that some people use two houses. Others have houses which they rent off to others. This last is not uncommon among elderly people who may be very poor themselves. A "boat" may include anything from a luxury yacht to a small rowing boat.

QUESTION 4 Emergency help

Since this is rather a general question specific acts may be forgotten. Probe as seems appropriate in the light of previous answers. Most people have occasional help from family or friends in the neighbourhood.

All friends have moved away from road. Only allows Norther downtoins

QUESTION 5 Gifts regularly made

This is the counterpart of Q. 2, dealing with gifts or commodities rather than services. Again repeat the question in reference to relatives seen often. Note that a meal that is given is distinct from the service of preparing a meal (prompted in Q. 2). Obtain the best total estimate that you can of the worth of these gifts, however rough.

QUESTION 6 Occasional gifts made

We do not wish to waste time on occasional gifts of a value of less than $\pounds 25$.

QUESTION 7 Gifts (regularly) received

This is the counterpart of Q. 3. Refer to relatives seen frequently and repeat the question. Note that meals consumed should ${\bf also}$ be coded in this question. The service (of preparing them) was included under Q. 3. Probe according to the answers made previously.

QUESTION 8 Occasional gifts received

Do not waste time inquiring about gifts of a value of less than £25.

QUESTION 14 Fuel

Everyone forgets to order coal. Stress "through lack of money".

QUESTION 15 Birthday parties

Again the emphasis is on the expense and the experience of bringing the child's friends into the home, so stress that we don't mean just a family party.

QUESTION 17 (a) Social class

This question requires the views of both chief wage-earner (head of household) and housewife. By "chief wage-earner" we mean the person upon whose earnings the housekeeping income primarily depends. By "Head of Household" we have in mind the alternative person to be questioned if there is no chief wage-earner, e.g. a husband who is a retirement pensioner, or a widowed mother (who may be the tenant) living with her widowed daughter (the housewife) and grandchildren. As far as possible the views on social class should be sought from each person independently. If both are present take the question stage by stage, making, which must be written down. At this stage avoid putting names of classes into people's heads. People often hesitate awkwardly, so try to get the informant to say what class she thinks she belongs to or "is nearest to". Prompt by repeating the question carefully, and say "It's what you think", implying (which is true) that everyone has their own idea and each is equally valid. Do not strain to get an answer if one is not easily forthcoming. Do not assume the informant will pick one class only. Multiple choices of "middle and working" or "professional and working" are allowed.

QUESTION 17 (b) Determinant of class

Code housewife and chief wage-earner only. Next, to give us a clue as to what the informant is using as a reference point and scale we ask, in effect, the informant's idea of what determines "class". Try to get the most important one only

QUESTION 17 (c) Names of classes

Third, the informant is presented with a flash-card (this is why husband and wife should if possible be interviewed separately, since otherwise the second person may be unduly influenced). Code one item only. If informant wants (again) to say "None", say 'Well, I've got to put something down, which would you think was nearest?" This rating is the most important bit of the question. Do not be puzzled if the wife gives a different answer from the husband. This is quite common.

QUESTION 17 (d) Father's main occupation

That is, the occupation held for most of the time (not necessarily the most recent)

QUESTION 18 Well off

Four comparisons are made in this series of questionswith other people (note—of the same age) in locality, with the average in the country and finally in the context of time. Prompt carefully and remember that you might get a different response for one comparison than for another.

ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY 23. ** Do you think you could GENUINELY say you are poor now? — X Does Not Apply SKIP TO Q.24 Y all the time of the control of the PROMPT AND CODE ONE ONLY (a) Do you feel poor at any of these times 3 at weekends or in any of these situations? 4 mid-week

PROMPT AND 5 at Christmas

CODE ALL THAT 7 with some of your friends

APPLY 8 with some of the people round here other (SPECIFY) FOR CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H.
24. (a) There's been a lot of talk about poverty. Do you think there's such a thing as REAL poverty these days? * (b) What would you describe as poverty? - WRITE IN ANSWER -Hob rathing or couldn't get rathing (c) Would you say that if people are in poverty its mainly X - their own fault?
Y - the Government's fault?
O - the fault of their education?
I - the fault of industry not providing the right jobs?
- anything else? (SPECIFY) 3 - a combination of (some of) these? 4 - none of these? 5 DK ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER AND HOUSEWIFE ABOUT ALL AGED 23 AND OVER 25. Do you mind telling me if you voted in the last General Election (I don't mean who you voted for, just whether you voted? * 2 ALL AGED 23 & OVER yes, voted no DK DNA ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY
26. If there is poverty what do you think can be done about it?

DK

OODE C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY nothing DK WRITE IN ANSWER allow them in when country on

Inft	2nd	3rd	144		T	1 -			
			4th	5th	6th	7	8	9	10_
71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71
×	×	X	×	×	×	X	×	×	×
X Y O 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	X Y 0 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Y 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9	Y 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Y					X Y O I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
O	3	1	0	Y 0 1 2	0	Y 0 1 2	Y 0 1 2	Y 0 1 2	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2			2
3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	3	3	3	3	3
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6 7	6 7
8 9	8 9	8 9	8 9	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Y 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	8
						1		1	'
72	72	72	72	70	70	-	-		7.
72 X	12 X	/Z X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X	72 X
Ó									
0	Y 0	Y 0 1	Y 0 1	Y 0	Y 0 11	Y 0 1	Y 0	Y 0	Y 0 1
					11			1	1
77									
73	73 Y	73 v	73 v	73	73	73	73	73	73
9	X Y 0 I 2	X Y O I 2	X Y O I 2	X Y 0 I 2	X Y 0 1 2	X Y 0 I 2	X Y O I 2	X Y 0 1 2	X Y O I 2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3 4 5	3 4 5	3 4 5	3 4 5	3 4 5	3 4 5	3 4 5	3 4 5	3 4 5	3 4 5
74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74
8	Š	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
00-	0	X Y O	X Y O I	X Y O I	X Y O	X Y O I	X Y O I	X Y	X Y O I
	75				1			- 1	1
75 1 X Y	75 X Y	75 X Y	75 X Y	75 X Y	75 x	75 x	75 x	75 ×	75 Y
Ÿ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	X	X	X	X	X
76									
(9)									
77									
77									
77									
78 (5)	78	78							

50

INTERVIEWER PLEASE CODE ALL THAT APPLY AFTER INTERVIEW

		67
(a)	Household in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident	X
(b)	Household consisting of woman and adult dependants	Y
(c)	Household in which there are five or more dependent children	0
(d)	Household containing an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)	1
(e)	Household containing an adult under 65 years of age who has been ill or injured for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months)	2
(f)	Household containing a disabled adult under 65 (a) disabled	3
	(b) borderline disabled	4
(g)	Household containing a disabled or handicapped child (including child ill or injured for eight weeks or more)	5
(h)	Household containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for eight weeks or more or who is otherwise severely incapacitated	6
(i)	Household in which there are (a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more (b) adult male earners (aged £21 to 64) earning less than £14 a week	7 8
(j)	Household in which there are persons who are	68
(3)	(a) non-white	X
	(b) born in Eire	Y

	UIR.
COMPOSITION OF I	HOUSEHOLD: CODES (Q. 10, p. 3)
One generation Man alone: aged 60 or over Man alone: aged under 60 Woman alone: aged under 60 Woman alone: aged under 60 Husband and wife: both aged 60 or over Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60. Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60. Husband and wife: a tleast one aged under 60. Husband and wife: both under 60 Man and woman: otherwise related Two or more men only: related Two or more men only: related Two or more men only: unrelated Two or more women only: unrelated Two generation Man, wife: + 1 child under 15 Man, wife: + 2 children both under 15. Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15 and at least 1 over 15, none married Man, wife: + children all aged 15-24, none married Man, wife: + children both under 15 Man and two children both under 15 Man and two children both under 15 Man and children all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children, at least to under and one over 15, none married Woman: and children all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children, at least one under and one over 15, none married Woman: and children, at least one under and one over 15, none married. Woman: and children to the under 15 Woman: and children all aged 15-24, none married. Woman: and children all seast one under and one over 15, none married. Woman: and children all seast one under and one over 15, none married. Woman: and children all seast one under and one over 15, none married.	Man. and widowed or separated daughter