QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSEHOLD RESOURCES &

STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE UNITED KINGDOM 1967-68

I Housing and Living Facilities

II Employment

III Occupational Facilities and Fringe Benefits

IV Current Monetary Income

V Assets and Savings

VI Health and Disability

VII Social Services

VIII Private Income in Kind

IX Style of Living

A Survey carried out from the University of Essex and the University of London (L.S.E.)

Queries should be addressed to: Miss Sheila Benson Skepper House

13 Endsleigh Street

London WCI

Form of introduction

"My name is X. I'm from Essex/London University. We're preparing a report (writing a book) about standards of living in Britain today and how families manage. We think it's important for the Government and everyone else to know what the facts really are. We're hoping to talk to about 3,000 families throughout the country and I'd be very grateful if you could help us by answering some questions. All our information is, of course, strictly confidential."

SUMMARY: COMPLETE AFTER INTERVIEW Write Section 1, 2, 3, etc. 10 1. Interview carried out Which sections were answered in whole or in part by which persons on the household? 5. Number of other households at first call at second call X 13 at address -19 at third or later call 0 Informant None 14 6. Household living on 11 Information for household __ 2nd member (2 X ground basement floor complete skip to Q. 3 incomplete—answer 2a 15 1st floor 2nd floor 1 2 3 CODE ALL THAT APPLY AS LISTED IN Q'AIRE (Some Sections may be listed twice) Sections Housing (a) 3rd 0 incomplete Employment Occupational 3rd floor 4th floor 4 5 16 5th or above Income CODE ALL THAT APPLY Specify Assets Health 5 6 7 4th (0) Is there a lift in the building? Yes No Soc. Services Inc. in kind Style of living 17 (a) 67 (3) 5th 12 (b) Reasons if incomplete __ 18 __ ill/disabled X 6th (0) 23 does not know information unwilling to give information Is there an internal or external flight of at least 4 steps or stairs to the dwelling entrance? Y 19 Other (specify) (3) other (specify) 4. Semi or detached house 20 Yes No 8 or bungalow & Y Ter. h'se or bungalow Self-con. flat in block Self-con. flat in house 0 Type of Accomm. Self-con. flat in house to shop/business Room(s): furnished Other (specify) 23

QUESTION 16 Pension

Only include if a pension scheme has been worked out in relation to the business, or is available from an insurance company or another body, because of the nature of the business or self-employment. Note that provision is made in a series of questions on this page for entries to be made in the office (Qs 16a, 16b, 17a, 18c). Much depends, however, on the information you can provide in boxes on the left, leaving us to make necessary calculations.

QUESTION 19 Cheap goods and services

You should normally expect positive answers. A garage-owner may be able to purchase a car and run it well below ordinary retail prices. A grocer will obtain household stores cheaply. An insurance company sometimes reduces certain premiums. A small-holder may receive supplies cheaply in exchange for produce at market costs. There are exchange arrangements between people in different trades. It will, of course, be difficult to explore all these things properly but Q. 19a conveys our object and you should probe carefully whenever possible.

QUESTION 20 Tax savings because of combined home and business

The real incomes of many self-employed persons tend to be underestimated. Their difficulties are not always easy to explain to the tax authorities and in practice low real incomes and insecure incomes are compensated because part of housing and other costs can be offset against tax. Ask the questions openly and straightforwardly.

If informants seem doubtful about answering, say: "We have nothing at all to do with the tax people. We know it is difficult for you to divide costs between the business and yourself. But we also know that even if they have more problems many self-employed persons can live a little more cheaply than people getting a salary. I wonder whether you'd mind guessing how much more cheaply—I mean because of savings of tax."

QUESTION 14 Second job

This will have been established in the earlier section on Employment. Repeat the question because earnings from subsidiary occupations tend to be forgotten. For example, painters and decorators may have done one remunerative weekend job for a few weeks several months earlier in the year. A gardener may have done some intensive paid work for various local people in the evenings and weekends of the summer months. Or a university lecturer may have had a remunerative consultancy or a series of well-paid broadcasts at some point in the year. Remember that extra earnings from a source other than usual employment may not be thought of as a second job. You should probe for all kinds of additional earnings, depending on the nature of the usual employment.

This is laid out as concisely as possible on one page and you are asked to ring 01, 02, 03, etc., as appropriate and then to enter the rates per week and amounts below, carefully writing in the code "01" (i.e. Fairmily Allowances) "02" (i.e. Retiremet Pension) and so on so that we are clearly aware of the allowances to which the amounts

refer.

Amounts will sometimes be joint—e.g. retirement pension for man and wife—or will be for several members of the household—e.g. sickness benefit for man and wife and children. In these instances the amount should be entered (if necessary, after the interview) in one column only, under that member of household receiving the payment. Wherever possible encourage informants (especially when elderly) to show you the allowance or pension book. CODE 01 Family Allowances

				Fi	rst	chi	ild	5	Seco	ond	Th		Court 1bseq	h & uent	
up to April 1968					1	nil			88	S.	10	s.	15	S.	
after April 1968						nil			159		17		17	S.	
counting children	under	15	or	up	to	19	if	still	in	full-tin	ne e	lucation	or c	ollege	or an
apprentice on low	wages.			-											
CODE 02 Poting	mont D														

CODE 02 Retirement Pension
Note that the actual amounts vary widely. Increased pensions are paid if retirement
is deferred. There are now in addition small graduated state pensions (averaging about
3s.) and pensions may be reduced because of earnings or a deficient contribution
record. Note that some of these points also apply to other benefits. Pensions and
supplementary benefits can be combined in a single payment. You will be prompting
for supplementary benefit and wherever possible we should like you to list the amount
search(as well as the fact that it is being received). But whenever the rate given
to you exceeds the standard rate below you should check the reason.

Single person (husband)		£4	10s.	0d.	
Wife's income			16s.		
1st dependent child		£1	5s.		
2nd dependent child			17s.	0d.	
ODE 02 Standard Widowia					

Note: not the widow's allowance which is paid for the first 26 weeks after

downood.						
Widow or widowed	mothe	r		£4	10s.	Od.
1st dependent child				£2	2s.	6d.
2nd child				£1	14s.	6d.
2nd and aubacquent	-1-11-1			CI	10-	0.4

and cmid £1 14s. 6d.
3rd and subsequent child £1 12s. 6d.
Depending on the circumstances of the death of the husband (armed service and so on)
widows' pensions may differ in size. Note that family allowances are received in addition
to dependent children's allowances.
Widow's Allowance: Widow £6 7s., children as for widow's pension
CODE 04 and 05 Sickness Benefit and Unemployment Benefit
Sickness benefit is often paid for periods other than a week. Find what was the lastpayment and for how many days (excluding Sundays). A payment for 6 days, excluding
Sunday, makes up a "week's" benefit. Note that an earnings-related supplement may
be paid in addition to the flat rate benefits listed below. Moreover, these benefit rates
depend on the contribution record.

Single person		£4	10s.	0d
Married woman		£2	16s.	
1st dependent child		£1	5s.	
Each subsequent child			17s.	Od
F OG Supplementers				

CODE 06 Supplementary Benefit
The former "national assistance". Rent is sometimes paid direct to the landlord
by the Supplementary Benefits Commission. There is a check later that the amount is
known and counted as income.
CODE 07 Industrial Injury Benefit
£6 7s. 0d. (with additions for dependants) is payable for the first 26 weeks after
injury after which the injured person goes before a Board to have his injury assessed
for an individual disablement pension.

for an individual disablement pension.

CODES 08 and 09 Indivirial and Disablement Pensions

The 100 per cent rate is £7 12s. 0d. (with additions for dependants). CODE 09:
Note that these are war pensions, not service pensions included under occupational pensions later in Q. 19.

CODE 10 Maternity Allowance

The standard rate of maternity allowance is £4 a week. It is paid to women who have been paying full national insurance contributions, It begins 11 weeks before the expected confinement and ends after the sixth week following it.

expected confinement and ends after the sixth week following it.

CODE 11 Maternity Grant

This grant is £22 either for home or hospital confinement.

CODE 14 Single Grant

This is officially described as an exceptional needs grant. The Ministry of Social Security has replaced the former National Assistance Board and you may need to explain "a grant from the Assistance". Probe carefully for this for all income units who are not employed, whether or not they receive supplementary benefit. A large number of people obtain single grants, e.g. for spectacles or dentures, even though they are not normally eligible to receive supplementary benefit. Note also that since you are asking about a period of 12 months there will be instances of people now in work who obtained a grant at an earlier point in the year.

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that paid 5 yrs

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QUESTION 25(a) Private and business accommodation

Count as "business" accommodation any accommodation which counts for purposes of offsetting tax. This may include a study room for some teachers, for example.

QUESTION 25(e) Rate rebate or reduction

Note that many councils pay rebates twice a year.

QUESTION 25(h) Mortgage

The informant may know the total sum paid in the previous year but not the division of the sum between interest and repayments of principal. Yet it is essential for us to find how much of the peyment represents capital repayments and how much interest payments, because otherwise we cannot work out housing costs which are comparable with costs incurred by households paying rent. In many instances a monthly or annual payment slip will show the two amounts and the informant should be encouraged to look this up. Note that if the informant still cannot give you the answer we have provided certain questions on the right-hand side of the page which will allow us to make a reliable estimate. You should note certain details in the

- (a) source of loan or mortgage; (b) term of repayment; (c) number of years paid; (d) amount of loan.

Please make special note if the repayment of a mortgage is covered by an endowment policy and note the amount and frequency of the premium. As elsewhere put a tick in the small box or make a note if you are fortunate enough to be shown documents.

QUESTION 25(i) Value of house/flat

Ask for an estimate and only show Flashcard No. 3 if the informant hesitates in giving an answer and you judge that it would be appropriate. Always insert the code number as given on the Flashcard, even if you also obtain an avoid retirms. obtain an exact estimate.

QUESTION 25(1) Government's Mortgage Scheme

Note that, broadly, this is advantageous only to a householder with relatively low income who does not expect to pay tax at the standard rate in the foreseeable future.

V SAVINGS AND ASSETS

QUESTION 1 Personal

This excludes a business bank account which is covered by $Q.\ 4$. Avoid double-counting the same bank balance or assets when questioning husband

QUESTION 2 Savings

Note that you should proceed by prompting all items to see how many are appropriate, then try to establish a total and then establish totals for each item only as a check or if necessary. Care should be taken to avoid double-counting. If the informant is hesitant or confused repeat the question to make sure he or she knows what kind of savings you are referring to and THEN show Flashcard No. 4 to get the total. Then try to obtain an absolute total rather than a range. For example, you could ask: "Would you say the figure was at the top end or the lower end of that range — nearer X or nearer Y?"

QUESTION 2(c) Interest

Try to establish the amounts the informant receives in the form he receives it—that is, before tax is deducted or after it has been deducted at source. In difficult instances you need not waste time converting a "before tax" total into "after tax" so long as you make plain what it is. We will do that work in the office.

QUESTION 3 Value of stocks and shares

This question of the value of stocks and shares is crucial and every encouragement should be used to obtain an answer. Some informants simply will not know. Remember that brokers sometimes send an annual valuation. If there is considerable uncertainty, tactfully suggest or imply that it would be very helpful to know and take any opportunity to see the valuation or to leave a note (and s.a.e.) so that a more reliable estimate can be made and either you can pick it up at a second call or ask for it to be sent on. to be sent on.

QUESTION 3(b) Interest

Proceed as in Q. 2c above. Mostly amounts will be received after tax has been deducted.

QUESTION 4

This is to cover any type of business which is owned in part or in whole by the informant. Being a director does not necessarily mean ownership. The answer to this question should not duplicate the answer to the previous question. Shares come under Q. 3. This is to cover such things as shops, professional practices and small businesses of every kind except limited companies. In all cases make sure that money in the business, bank account and stocks are borne in mind when the valuation is made. When the business (e.g. shop or farm) is run from the owner occupier's dwelling, the value of the dwelling will often have been included in the answer to this question (i.e. Q. 25 in Section V). UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES MUST THE DWELLING BE COUNTED TWICE. The valuation should be on the assumption that the informant had to sell but was in no great hurry. A year or even more could be taken to find a purchaser. The valuation should NOT be made on the basis of: "What would you take for your business?"—that is, when the informant has to be persuaded to sell. NOTE that vehicles should be included in the valuation of a business—say of a haulage contractor, a cab owner or even a building contractor or window cleaner.

QUESTION 5 Other property

Remember that some people use two houses. Others have houses which they rent off to others. This last is not uncommon among elderly people who may be very poor themselves. A "boat" may include anything from a luxury yacht to a small rowing boat.

ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C	.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY
23.* Do you think you could GENUINELY say you are poor now? —	
A Does Not Apply	
PROMPT AND CODE Y all the time of sometimes	ASK Q.23(a)
ONE ONLY I never } SKIP	TO Q.24
	weekends
or in any of these situations?	-week
6 with some of your	Christmas friends
CODE ALL THAT 7 with some of your APPLY 8 with some of the	relatives
APPLY 8 with some of the g	ocopie round here
FOR CHIEF WAGE EARNER/H.O.H. CODE C.W	V.E./H.O.H. ONLY
24. (a) There's been a lot of talk about poverty. Do you think there's such a	ot Apply SKIP TO
thing as REAL poverty these days? * yes	Q.25
no DK	
(b) What would you describe as poverty?	
WRITE IN ANSWER	· #
People who can't go to	the
National Assistance, - like	tramps.
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	
(c) Would you say that if people are in poverty its	mainly
X - their own fault? Y - the Government s fault?	
0 - the fault of their education?	
AND CODE 2 - anything else? (SPECIEX)	ng the right jobs?
ONE ONLY	
3 - a combination of (some of) these 4 - none of these?	?
5 DK	
ASK CHIEF WAGE EARNER AND HOUSEWIFE ABOUT ALL AGED	23 AND OVER
25. Do you mind telling me if you voted in the last General Election (I don't mean who you voted for	CODE ALL AGED
just whether you voted)? *	23 & OVER
	yes, voted
	no DK
ACV CUIES HADE STONEOUS	DNA
20. If there is poverty what do you think	C.W.E./H.O.H. ONLY
can be dolle about 115	nothing DK
WRITE IN ANSWER -	310
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	(9)	78 (X)									

FIS

MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD

65-66 65-66 65-66 65-66 65-66 65-66 69

3rd

4th

5th

6th

7th 8th 9th 10th

2nd

Christian name for reference only

Age last birthday

INTERVIEWER PLEASE CODE ALL THAT APPLY AFTER INTERVIEW

67 (a) Household in which there is a child, one of whose parents is not resident (b) Household consisting of woman and adult dependants Y Household in which there are five or more dependent children (d) Household containing an adult who has been unemployed for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months) (e) Household containing an adult under 65 years of age who has been ill or injured for eight weeks (consecutively or in last 12 months) (f) Household containing a disabled adult under 65 (a) disabled 3 (b) borderline disabled (g) Household containing a disabled or handicapped child (including child ill or injured for eight weeks or more) (h) Household containing a person aged 65 or over who has been bedfast or ill for eight weeks or more or who is otherwise severely incapacitated (i) Household in which there are
(a) earners, none earning £12 a week or more
(b) adult male earners (aged 21 to 64) earning less than £14 a week 7 68 $\begin{array}{ll} \hbox{(j)} & \hbox{Household in which there are persons who are} \\ \hbox{(a)} & \hbox{non-white} \end{array}$ (b) born in Eire Y

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COMPOSITION OF
One generation Man alone: aged under 60 Woman alone: aged under 60 Husband and wife: both aged 60 or over Husband and wife: both aged 60 or over Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60 Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60 Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60 Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60 Husband and wife: at least one aged under 60 Man and woman: unrelated Two or more men only: unrelated Two or more women only: unrelated Two or more inlider all under 15 Man, wife: + 4 or more children all under 15 Man, wife: + children all aged 15-24, none married Man and children all aged 15-24, none married Man and children all aged 15-24, none married Man and children all over 15 at least one 25 or over, none married Woman: and children, all least one under and one over 15, none married Woman: and children, all least one under and one over 15, none married Woman: and children, all east one under and one over 15, none married Woman: and children, all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children, all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children, all aged 15-24, none married Woman: and children all over 15, at least one 25 or over, none married