

Notes to tables

Table 4/11

Table 4/11 is based largely upon Table 55 in the General Report for 1961 and on Table 66 in the General Report for 1951.

Table 66 (PART) Economically active males by social class (thousands)

Year	I	II	III	IV	V	Total
1931	289	1703	6484	2417	2355	13247
1951*	439	1927	7398	2250	2046	14060
1951	452	2010	7513	2272	1816	14064

* classified according to the 1931 classification scheme.

Source: General Register Office, 1951 Census, Great Britain, General Report, p197

Table 55 (PART) Economically active males by social class (thousands)

Year	I	II	III	IV	V	Total [#]
1951	452	2010	7513	2272	1816	14063
1961*	659	2408	7843	1963	1777	14649
1961	569	2103	7293	2909	1257	14649

* classified according to the 1951 classification scheme.

Source: General Register Office, 1961 Census, Great Britain, General Report, p193

unclassified in 1961, 518 about 3.5%.

1. The percentage of economically active males was calculated for each row in both tables.

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Year	I	II	III	IV	V	Total
1931	2.2	12.9	48.9	18.2	17.8	100.0
1951*	3.1	13.7	52.6	16.0	14.6	100.0
1951	3.2	14.3	53.4	16.2	12.9	100.0
1961†	4.5	16.4	53.5	13.4	12.1	100.0
1961	4.0	16.9	51.6	20.5	8.9	100.0
1966**	4.5	15.7	50.3	20.6	8.8	100.0

* classified on the classif using the scheme of that year unless otherwise stated.

* classified according to the 1931 classification scheme.

† classified according to the 1951 classification scheme.

** classified according to the 1961 classification scheme.

due to classification

2. The sum difference for each class was then calculated. ~~for each~~.

change	I	II	III	IV	V
1931-51	+ 0.1	+ 0.6	+ 0.8	+ 0.2	- 1.7
1951-61	- 0.5	- 1.5	- 1.9	+ 7.1	- 3.2
1931-61	- 0.4	- 0.9	- 1.1	+ 7.3	- 4.9

3. For each social class the change was added to the corresponding year.

Top row in previous table therefore reads:

Year	I	II	III	IV	V
1931	2.2 + (-0.4)	12.9 + (-0.9)	48.9 + (-1.1)	18.2 + 7.3	17.8 + (-4.9)
1951	3.2 + (-0.5)	14.3 + (-1.5)	53.4 + (-1.9)	16.2 + 7.1	12.9 + (-3.2)
1961	4.0	14.9	51.6	20.5	8.7
1966	4.5	15.7	50.3	20.6	8.8

(3)

Table 4/11 . Percentage of economically active males in each social class based on the 1960 classification of occupations

Year	I	II	III	IV	V	Total
1931	1.8	12.0	47.8	25.5	12.9	100.0
1951	2.7	12.8	51.5	23.3	9.7	100.0
1961	4.0	14.9	51.6	20.5	8.9	100.0
1966	4.5	15.7	50.3	20.6	8.8	100.0

Table 13/9.

In table 13/9 the same procedure was adopted except the table was confined to changes which took place between 1951 and 1966. However the calculations had to be done for each age group in each year. The percentage by age groups in the five social classes was first calculated according to classification scheme used in the year of ^{census} ~~of censuses~~. The weighting operation was then performed on each cell. Since the proportions in each age group affected by classification schemes are likely to ^{deviate from simple change} differ the results must be treated as only very approximate.

Table 13/10

Table 13/10 is derived from table 13/9 using different age groups. The same qualifications about method are appropriate.

Table 13/11

As for table 13/10.

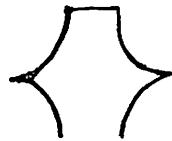


Table 32. gives more detailed information on recent trends among economically active and inactive persons in the population.

Table A/30.

~~Table 3b.~~

Percent of different age according to type of economic activity
or inactivity in Great Britain, 1961 and 1966

MALES	25-34		35-44		44-54		55-64		65+		TOT *	
	1961	1966	1961	1966	1961	1966	1961	1966	1961	1966	1961	1966
Total economically inactive	1.7	2.0	1.2	1.6	1.4	2.3	5.5	7.7	75.0	76.5	13.7	15.9
Retired	-	-	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.5	4.3	3.5	73.3	72.8	9.6	10.0
Students	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9	3.5
Other #	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.7	1.2	4.2	1.5	3.7	1.0	2.3
Total economically active	98.3	98.0	98.8	98.4	98.6	97.7	94.5	92.3	25.0	23.5	86.3	84.0
In employment	96.1	96.0	96.6	96.5	95.9	95.6	89.0	88.1	24.5	22.8	83.7	81.8
Out of employment (sick) sick	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.6	1.4	0.8	3.6	1.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.6
other other	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.9	2.5	0.2	0.4	1.4	1.5
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
 FEMALES												
Total economically inactive	62	59	57.6	48	56.7	45.1	70.9	62.9	94.3	93.3	62.5	57.8
Retired	-	-	-	-	0.2	2.3	4.3	3.3	13.7	9.4	3.1	2.3
Students	1.8	0.3	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	2.8
Other #	61.7	58.7	57.4	47.9	56.5	44.8	66.5	59.5	80.6	83.8	57.1	52.6
Total economically active	38.0	41.0	42.4	52.7	43.3	54.8	29.1	37.1	5.7	6.7	37.5	42.2
In employment	37	39.5	41.6	51.3	42.2	53.4	28.2	36.0	5.5	6.6	36.0	40.9
Out of employment sick sick	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4
other other	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.8
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

* All ages:
Other includes institutional inmates.

Sources: Central Statistical Office, Annual Abstract of Statistics, 1966, p. 17.

Central Statistical Office, Annual Abstract of Statistics, 1970, p. 20.

Table 3b. gives more detailed information on recent trends among economically active and inactive persons in the population.

- ① Complete total numbers & percentages (some decimals missing)
- ② Full description of source
- ③ Need long footnote @ explaining "other" and ④ commenting on what census reports say about figures ringed.

Table 3b.

A 8/42

Percent of different age according to type of economic activity
or inactivity in Great Britain, 1961 and 1966

this looks like some internal re-grouping.

MALES	25-34		35-44		45-54		55-64		65+		TOT *	
	1961	1966	1961	1966	1961	1966	1961	1966	1961	1966	1961	1966
Total economically inactive	1.7	2.0	1.2	1.6	1.4	2.3	5.5	7.7	75.0	76.5	13.7	15.9
Retired	-	-	.08	0.1	0.4	0.5	4.3	3.5	3.3	72.8	9.6	10.0
Students	0.7	0.8	.08	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.9	3.5
Other (Explain who below)	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.6	1.0	1.7	1.2	4.2	1.5	3.7	1.0	2.3
Total economically active	98.3	98.0	98.8	98.4	98.6	97.7	94.5	92.3	25.0	23.5	86.3	84.0
In employment	96.1	96.0	96.6	96.5	95.9	95.6	89.0	88	24.5	22.8	83.7	81.8
Out of employment (sick)	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.6	1.4	0.8	3.6	1.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.6
Other	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.9	2.5	0.2	0.4	1.4	1.5
TOTAL (N)	100	100										
FEMALES												
Total economically inactive	62	59	57.6	48	56.7	45.1	70.9	62.9	94.3	93.3	62.5	57.8
Retired	-	-	-	-	0.2	2.3	4.3	3.3	13.7	9.4	3.1	2.3
Students	1.8	0.3	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	2.8
Other	61.7	58.7	57.4	47.9	56.5	44.8	66.5	59.5	80.6	83.8	57.1	52.6
Total economically active	38.0	41.0	42.4	52.7	43.3	54.8	29.1	37.1	5.7	6.7	37.5	42.2
In employment	37	39.5	41.6	51.3	42.2	53.4	28.2	36.0	5.5	6.6	36.0	40.9
Out of employment (sick)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4
Other	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.8

TOTAL

* All ages:

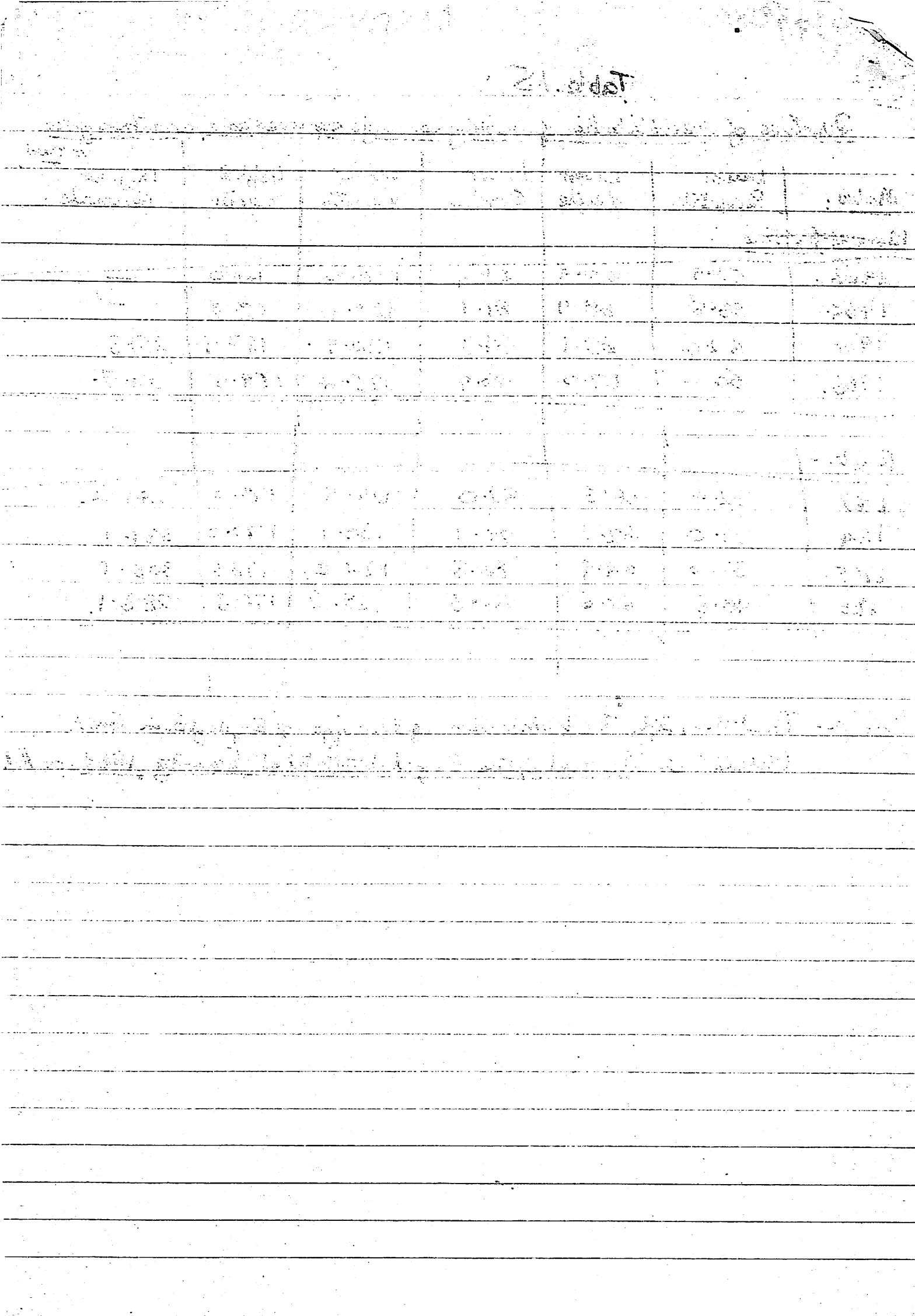
Source: Registrars Ge-

Table. 15.

Quantiles of the distribution of weekly earnings expressed as a percentage of the median

<u>Males:</u>	Lowest Percentile	Lowest decile	Lower Quartile	Upper Quartile	Highest decile	Highest Percentile
<u>Manual fulltime.</u>						
1963.	53.9	68.9	81.4	124.0	161.0	—
1964	53.8	68.9	81.1	129.4	159.7	—
1965	52.4	68.1	81.3	124.9	157.1	251.3
1966.	50.4	67.0	80.9	125.4	159.5	301.7.
<u>Females:</u>						
1967	32.4	66.5	82.0	129.9	179.0	341.2.
1968	32.0	62.2	79.1	130.1	172.0	331.1
1969	39.0	64.9	88.3	127.0	172.5	305.1
1970	40.6	67.6	81.5	128.2	170.8	283.1.

Source. Thatcher, AR, 'The Distribution of Earnings of Employees in Great Britain' in Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, 1968. p. 161.



Chapter 12

The Older Worker

- ① There are 37 men aged 55-64 who are not employed.
It would be good to have illustrations of
 - a) disablement resulting in premature retirement
 - b) premature retirement for other reasons.
- ② Add to changes in Industry & Employment
Geographical effects on older workers of declining industries.
- ③ Remove repetition ~~of~~ in Fringe Benefits section
about cover generally (but leave cover in relation to age)

